

NEW POSTAGE STAMPS

Large Red Stickers Will Be Required on Parcels.

Art and bulk intermingle in the newest of Uncle Sam's postage stamps which are now being run from the presses of the government printing office, so as to be ready on January 1 when the new parcels post act becomes operative. There are two color schemes, red stamps for the general use of the public and green, to be known as "due" stamps, designed merely to witness collection of postage on short paid matter of the fourth class.

The stamps with which the parcel mailers among the general public will struggle will be red for all denominations, and will measure one by one and one-half inches. The stamps in use now for ordinary mailing purposes are only seven-eighths by three quarters of an inch.

In a curved panel across the top of the new stamps, supported by a perpendicular column at either end will be engraved the words "U. S. Parcel Post." The upper corners will be occupied by triangular ornaments. Large numerals in the lower corners will indicate the stamp denominations. The only difference in the "due" stamps will be in the color.

The art work on the stamps will vary according to the price paid for them. The illustrative subjects will be as follows: One cent stamp, post-office clerk; two cent, city mail carrier; three cent, railway postal clerk; four cent, rural carrier; five cent, mail train; ten cent, steamship and mail tender; fifteen cent, automobile service; twenty cent, aeroplane carrying mail; twenty-five cent, manufacturing; fifty cent, dairying; seventy-five cent, harvesting; dollar, fruit growing.

Ordinary postage stamps will not be accepted as postage on fourth class mail matter after January 1. Neither will parcels post stamps be valid for payment of postage of the first, second and third classes.

Equal to the Emergency.

Being equal to an emergency helps one out of plights into which the best of us sometimes fall. A certain actor came so belated to the theater one evening when he was to play Othello in the tragedy of that name that he forgot to blacken his hands and rushed on the stage with them white and his face sooty. Of course the audience giggled, and poor Othello, when he realized the cause of the mirth, was almost unable to proceed with his part and so deeply mortified that when he made his exit after his first scene he declared that he could not finish the performance, but a happy thought struck him. He procured a pair of flesh colored gloves, blackened his hands, put the gloves on and walked quietly on again. There was quite a

little tittering as the Moor went on with his lines, but it entirely subsided as during a speech of one of the other characters the dusky lover carefully drew off his gloves, disclosing hands to match his face. Then those whose risibles had been affected felt small and awkward.

The End of His Rope.

"Charles," she said, "that's the worst cigar I ever smoked in my life. Throw it away. I'm stifling!"

And she uttered a little stiffling. "It cost 10 cents," he replied, caressing the band. "The man said it took four Cubans three days to make it, and I'd hate to throw it away. It cost 10 cents."

"Nevertheless," she said between stifflings, "if you don't throw it away it will kill me. It's terrible. You know I'm no chronic-kicker, but just look at me!"

And indeed he had never seen any one stifle so fast or so hard. Yet he went right on smoking, muttering, "It cost me 10 cents."

The bill for the funeral (an elaborate one, for he felt quite upset) amounted to \$146.80, and as he wrote a check for it he reflected, with a twinge of conscience, "It cost 10 cents, but I suppose it would have been cheaper to throw it away."—Pittsburgh Press.

They Recover Quickly.

The marriage or rather the remarriage statistics in the marriages of Paris make sad reading for the sentimentalists. Of 2,270 disconsolate widowers 148 remarry within a year. The deflections increase with terrible rapidity in the second year, which sees 628 re-marriages from the ranks of mourners. At the end of the third year only thirty-seven widowers remain. With the widows it is even worse. None remarry within the first year of their husband's decease, but it is feared that this is due not to fidelity, but to the strict legal veto which obtains in France. Once the law's delay is at an end they go off with vertiginous rapidity. Of 1,507 weeping widows in eighteen months only four had not exchanged their weeds for wedding garments.—Paris Cor. London Telegraph.

Norway's Sick Insurance Law.

Norway has a sick insurance law which embraces all wage earners and public servants over fifteen years of age whose yearly earnings do not exceed \$322 if in the rural districts or \$375 in the cities. The law also provides that the employer shall pay a certain percentage (one-sixth) of the premium, while he is held responsible for the whole, but may deduct from the wages of the insured at the end of the term for which the premium is paid the amount thus advanced. Theoretically it is self insurance on the contributive plan, while actually it amounts to an extra tax upon the employer, as most employees stipulate when engaging their services that the insurance premium shall be paid in

addition to the wages.

Old Time Punishment.

In "Pike's History of Crimes," volume 1, page 226, is found the following copy of the sentence of an old time traitor "It is the order of the court that for your treason you be drawn and hanged and beheaded and that your heart, bowels and entrails, from whence come your traitorous thoughts, be torn out and burned to ashes and that the ashes be scattered to the four winds and that your body be afterward cut into four quarters."

Sugar.

A West India paper says that in 1752 an "Essay on Sugar" was written in which it is recorded that the Duke of Beaufort, who died in 1702 at the advanced age of eighty years, used to eat a pound of sugar every day, and it was found that he was never troubled with coughs and his teeth were firm, so that his house-keeper gave this reason:

That which preserves apples and plums Will also preserve life and lungs.

He Remembered.

Mrs. Jones—Do you remember that night in June, Henry, when you first asked me to marry you? Mr. Jones—If you refer to that first, last, single, solitary and only occasion upon which I ever asked you to marry me, I do, and you never gave me another chance, either.

His Ancestors.

Jones—So you have succeeded in tracing back my ancestors? What is your fee? Genealogist—One thousand pounds—for keeping quiet about them.—London Tit Bits.

Not Going to Pieces.

Geraldine—May I see you apart? Geraldine—Well, I should say not! Do I look as if I were coming to pieces?—New York Press.

Some people will never learn any thing for this reason—because they understand everything too soon.—Pope.

Wanted to Be in Style.

A customer in a butcher's shop stood gazing at some small alligators in an aquarium. Having turned the matter over in his mind, the customer approached the butcher and exclaimed, "I suppose a body might as well be dead as out of style. Gimme a couple of pounds of alligator."

A Little Misunderstanding.

"Sir, your son's performance on the French horn is execrable. It will drive everybody from my house. You told me he was a teacher."

"I did not. I said he was a tooter."

Ralph Waldo Emerson said: "Speak as you think; be what you are; pay your debts of all kinds."

One-third
Off

Do Your Christmas Buying at

SMITH'S

One-third
Off

For a Nice Christmas Gift there is nothing that equals an OVERCOAT.

1-3 Off

on Every Overcoat
in Our Store for the
Entire Holiday Season

YOU WILL ALSO FIND HERE MANY OTHER GIFT GOODS SUCH AS

NECKTIES
HANDKERCHIEFS
SHOES
SHIRTS
HATS

SUITCASES
COLLARS
OVERSHOES
UNDERWEAR
SUITS OF CLOTHES

In fact everything we carry is nice for a holiday present.
Wishing you a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

One-third
Off

R. M. SMITH CLOTHING CO.

EVERYTHING TO WEAR FOR
MEN WHO CARE.

One-third
Off

The Redmond poultry show will be held January 15, 17 and 18. 39-44

NOTICE OF CONTEST.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, December 18, 1912.

To Lewis Greenleaf, of Centrila, Wash., Contestee.

You are hereby notified that Ernest C. Taylor, who gives Care C. S. Benson, Bend, Oregon, as his post-office address, did on Nov. 18, 1912, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead, Entry No. Serial No. 06931, made June 3, 1910, for W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 28, Township 13, S., Range 11, E., Willamette Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said entryman never established or maintained residence upon said tract; that he never has cultivated or improved said tract in any degree whatever and has wholly abandoned said tract for more than one year last past.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken by this office as having been confessed by you, and your said entry will be canceled thereunder without your further right to be heard therein, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest or if you fail within that time to file in this office due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail. If this service is made by the delivery of a copy of your answer to the contestant in person, proof of such service must be either the said contestant's written acknowledgment of his receipt of the copy, showing the date of its receipt, or the affidavit of the person by whom delivered; if made by registered mail, proof of such service must consist of the affidavit of the person by whom the copy was mailed stating when and the postoffice to which it was mailed, and this affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter.

You should state in your answer the name of the postoffice to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

C. W. MOORE, Register.
Date of first publication, Dec. 25, 1912.
Date of second publication, Jan. 1, 1913.
Date of third publication, Jan. 8, 1913.
Date of fourth publication, Jan. 15, 1913.

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FOREST.

Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 142.10 acres, within the Deschutes & Fremont National Forests, Oregon, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States and the act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat., 233), at the United States land office at Lakeview, Oregon, on March 4, 1913. Any settler who was actually and in good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the applications of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to March 4, 1913, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry of any qualified person. The lands are as follows: The E $\frac{1}{2}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$, the N $\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 34, T. 21 S., R. 10 E., the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of W $\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 3, T. 22 S., R. 10 E., W. M., 163.64 acres, application of Lewis W. Davis, of Redmond, Oregon; List 6-706. Approved December 9, 1912. S. V. Proudft, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office. 42-45

cribed as follows: Beginning at a point 20 chains north and 20 chains west of the center of Sec. 3, T. 22 S., R. 10 E., extending thence 15 feet on each side of a line running W. 10 chains to the place where the end of the strip closes on the boundary of the tract listed, the net area being 54.60 acres. Said tract was listed upon the application of John Franklin Hogue, of Lapine, Oregon; List 6-762. The SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$, the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 18, T. 22 S., R. 10 E., 12.50 acres, application of John Anton Kernbach, of Lapine, Oregon; List 6-767. The SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 11, T. 21 S., R. 10 E., 15 acres, application of C. H. Clow, of Lapine, Oregon; List 6-769. The E $\frac{1}{2}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 3, T. 21 S., R. 10 E., 50 acres, application of Daisy Davis, of Harlem, Idaho; List 6-771. Approved December 9, 1912. S. V. Proudft, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office. 42-45

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FORESTS.

Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 390 acres within the Deschutes National Forest, Oregon, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States and the act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat., 233), at the United States land office at The Dalles, Oregon, on March 4, 1913. Any settler who was actually and in good faith claiming any of the said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the application of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to March 4, 1913, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry by any qualified person. The lands are as follows: The E $\frac{1}{2}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$, the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 34, T. 20 S., R. 10 E., the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 3, T. 21 S., R. 10 E., W. M., 70 acres, application of Margaret Mulligan, care Mrs. R. L. DeCourcy, Bend, Oregon; List 6-713. The E $\frac{1}{2}$ of E $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 24, T. 19 S., R. 13 E., 160 acres, application of Loren B. Robb, of Redmond, Oregon; List 6-720. The NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$, the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$, the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, the SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$, the W $\frac{1}{2}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$, the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 35, T. 20 S., R. 15 E., 160 acres, application of John Kotsman, of Bend, Oregon; List 6-725. Approved December 9, 1912. S. V. Proudft, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office. 42-45

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FOREST.

Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 142.10 acres, within the Deschutes & Fremont National Forests, Oregon, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States and the act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat., 233), at the United States land office at Lakeview, Oregon, on March 4, 1913. Any settler who was actually and in good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the applications of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to March 4, 1913, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry of any qualified person. The lands are as follows: The E $\frac{1}{2}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$, the N $\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 34, T. 21 S., R. 10 E., the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of W $\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 3, T. 22 S., R. 10 E., W. M., 163.64 acres, application of Lewis W. Davis, of Redmond, Oregon; List 6-706. Approved December 9, 1912. S. V. Proudft, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office. 42-45

Electric Gifts

FOR CHRISTMAS

—Something both useful and ornamental. Here are a few suggestions:

- READING LAMPS
- DESK LAMPS
- ELECTRIC IRONS
- ELECTRIC TOASTERS
- ELECTRIC GRILLS
- ELECTROLIERS
- FANCY SHADES



See Our Display at office on Wall Street.

Bend Water Light & Power Company

BEND FUEL CO.

All kinds of fuel delivered promptly at lowest market prices. PHONE YOUR ORDERS.