PRESIDENT IS BOSS.

New Senate Measure Gives Power to Start Tariff War, Washington, May 4 .- The senate

Newsy Items Gathered from All tariff bill, in the section which deals with the maximum and minimum proposition, has, in the judgment of tariff

cession can secure for any country any

MORE EXECUTIONS COMING.

Example to Be Set by Public Hang

ings in Constantinople.

Daily Telegraph from Constantinople

cre of all Turks suspected of Liberal

ism had been projected in Constan-

tinople and was prevented only by Gen-

eral Schefket hastening the occupation

Enver Bey said he now had no fear

that Abdul Hamid would become the

center of new revolts. He believed as

a result of the court martial there would be an additional 100 executions

and as many persons more would be sentenced to imprisonment at hard la-

The executions would be public, in

SEARCH ON FOR ABDUL'S CASH

Reported to Have Kept Much Money

Hidden in Palace.

which he constructed pavilions for him

Constantinople, May 4 .- The treas

of the capital.

London, May 4 .- A dispatch to the

reduction in the tariff law.

experts, one very important feature. It practically vests in the president the PREPARED FOR THE BUSY READER power to declare a tariff war sgainst

It is given to him to decide whether Less Important but Not Less Interany nation is discriminating against esting Happenings from Points the products of the United States in its system of duties. This permits the government, through the S ate depart-Outside the State. ment and the other agencies provided by law, to make agreements with other

Speaker Cannon has just celebrated his 73d birthday. Wheat and corn have had another ad-

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Parts of the World.

vance in California.

Admiral Evans is emphatic in his ideas against disarmament.

Jerome may be the Tammany candidate for mayor of New York.

Business is at a standstill at Buenos Ayres on account of the strike. There is much rioting.

A rumor is current in New York that Gould has lost control of the Western Pacific to Mackay.

The lake steamer Shores sunk while kind. The proposition makes it impos-on the way to Duluth. The passengers sible to have any rate established lower and crew numbered 21.

A statue of Longfellow has just been unveiled at Washington. A grand-daughter of the poet pulled the silken cord. H. E. Huntington is ransacking the

globe for rare plants for his home near Los Angeles. He has had a force of 40 gardeners at work two years.

Indictments have been returned against six employes of the American Sugar Refining company for alleged frauds in connection with weighing sugar for determining duty.

Rapid progress is now being made in the Calhoun trial.

Roosevelt declares the country has a right to pick immigrants.

An industrial exposition will be held in Chicago during August.

More cold weather is being experienced through Kansas and Nebraska.

The death list in the Adana, Asiatic Turkey, massacre, is estimated at 23,-

Ex-Senator Stuart, of Nevada, died owing \$25,000, with an estate worth only \$1,500.

The fourth Dry Farming congress will be held at Billings, Mont., October 26, 27 and 28. The government has just sent \$50,-000,000 in coin from the San Francisco

mint to Denver.

Captain Franklin, United States army, is to be court martialed for stealing several hundred thousand dol-Inrs.

Commercial and civil bodies of San Francisco gave abrilliant dinner to Admiral ljichi, commander of the Japanese warships in that port.

Harriman is planning a motor car service in Eastern Oregon and Washington in competition with electric lines and a rate war is looked for.

The shah of Persia has granted a and luxury, services of silver and gold, constitution. French and Oriental carpets, Greek

Taft has declared himself in opposition to an income tariff tax except as a last resort.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS IN BRIEF

of the tree.

Jealous of Use of His Face.

Pardon Asked for Meldrum.

Deficit is Still Growing.

031,600 and from internal revenue \$18,-

935,896. This is a falling off of about

Washington, May 7 .- The statement

Friday, May 7.

Washington, May 7.-The senate Piles contended that a tariff sufficient voted today to fix the duty on lead con- to save the American manufacturer tained in lead ore at 1 1/4 cents a pound, which is the rate of the Dingley bill any nation or to refrain from any such and of the pending bill as it was passed by the house.

Fifty-three senators including all the Republicans present and Hughes and McEnery of Louisiana, Democrats, voted for the duty and 19 Democrats voted against it. The vote was not significant.

During the day Clapp, of Minnesota, spoke at length in favor of lowering nations as to trade and tariff concesthe tariff duties, and Owen, of Oklasions which can be made effective by a homa, upheld the constitutionality of proclamation of the president, without an income tax. the necessity of anything in the way

Thursday, May 6.

of legislation or treaty agreement. The bill authorizes the president to Washington, May 6 .- Little progress employ at his discretion any persons to was made in the consideration of the procure information or assist him in tariff bill by the senate today, the lead the discharge of these duties, which would mean that he can appoint com-missioners representing the United States to go shroad and make agreeschedule being under discussion. Bris-tow made a strong fight against increases over the duties provided in the house, on the ground that such increasof the case.

At the same time, attention is paid to the wishes of those who are not in favor of reciprocal agreements of any kind. The receiption of the same time attention is paid cost of paint, which the farmers used extensively.

Cummins addressed the serate in favor of the lower duties, especially in the iron and steel schedules. He de than the rate in the tariff law. Any clared that the people would take matchange in the case of any nation must be a change in the way of higher duters into their own hands if the law did not check monopolies. Bristow renewed his attack on the ties. No amount of bargaining or con-

lead schedule and Beveridge protested against haste when a vote was called Bristow then remarked:

was largely responsible for his undoing. The petitions will be filed with Presi-dent Taft by the Oregon senators. "For the third time a vote has been called for on this paragraph while I have been attempting to get recogni-tion of the chair. I am a new member here, and perhaps it is considered that of the government receipts and expen-I have no right to be heard, but I am here, just as are others who have been ditures for April shows unsatisfctory members of the senate for 30 years, and I have the same constitutional says that in an interview, Enver Bey, one of the leaders of the Young Turks, declared they had proofs that a massaresults both as to receipts from customs and internal revenue. The recipts from customs for the month were \$28,right to be heard as they have."

Bristow continued to discuss the lead schedule and a vote was not ordered. Aldrich tried unsuccessfully fater to reach a vote, but the discus-sion lasted until adjournment.

Wednesday, May 5.

Washington, May 5 .- The reading of the tariff bill and the adoption of amendments passed over when the measure was first read in the senate was resumed today, having been dis-placed since April 23 by speeches of senators who have discussed the meas-

various parts of the city, beginning probably tomorrow, as it was necessary to show a salutary example. The for-mer sultan, Enver Bey asserted, al-which paint in Amendments on the schedules for lead ore and for lead products from mer sultan, Enver Bey asserted, al-ready had been puniahed and would not be put on trial. which paint is manufactured called forth a storm of criticism. Bristow moved that the house provision of 2% cents per pound instead of 33 cents per pound on orange mineral, as pro- tax.

posed by the committee, be retained, this being the first of the committee series of increases relating to lead that was reached.

The regluar order being called for on demand by Bristow for an aye and nay ures of the palace of Yildiz are being inventoried by a parliamentary com-mission. Abdul Hamid took the open chair ruled that it was too late to inhilly pastures 30 years ago, gradually terrupt the call. A murmur of protest transformed them into gardens, among was heard in various parts of the self, his wives, his children and the palace favorites He gathered there an immenas variety of objects of art chamber, Heyburn angrily announcing: "If we start in that spirit there will trict.

be trouble." The vote on orange mineral was re-garded as a test, and the rate proposed by the committee of $3\beta_{i}$ cents per public entry under the first form of public entry under the first form of Georgia were received today. garded as a test, and the rate proposed

WORK OF NATURE.

Scenic Beauty of A .- Y .- P. Ground Not Work of Man.

The amphitheater of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition has been ac- Commodities Clause Upheid, but complished partly by human efforts, was the substance of Piles' speech. but for the most part the work has been done by nature. On the high pre-cipitous shores of Lake Washington, to save the American manufacturer the United States market for his low looking across a succession of bays, and snow topped peaks of the Cascades are brought clearly into view and this grade lumber and shingles will make it possible for him to utilize every part forms the back ground of the amphi-theater stage. Three sides rise from the floor and these have a stately up-Washington, May 8 .- Forester Gif-

ward slope; only in the development of these natural seating places has it ford Pinchont has appealed to the Department of Justice to investigate sevnecessary for work to be exbeen eral nursery companies in California which have been circulating literature pended About the tiered sides of the amphibearing his name and picture. Pinchot theater chairs rise one above the other and in the vast forest theater 30,000

made the request when Associate Forester Price returned to Washington and reported that the literature was being circulated in California by comsightly positions. Surrounded at the back and sides to towering trees of panies promoting eucalyptus growing. Although no actual statement is made Douglas fir and massive cedar, the place seems to have been created by in the literature to the effect that the giants of old for spectacular events; government is behind the eucalyptus projects, Pinchot said he believed it it is so fashioned and designed that open air acoustics produce results which could be generally looked for only within the walls of structures built with this property always in was intended to create this impression and he wanted to learn the legal status mind.

It was in this spot that the first Washington, May 4.—Henry Mel-drum, former surveyor general of Ore-gon, will be pardoned if the efforts now shovel of earth was removed in the building of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition. Without any work of pre-paration, 25,000 people were easily acbeing made by his Oregon friends prove successful. Petitions are now coming mmodated within its borders. Durto the president reporting that Meldrum the course of the exposition the has served much of his sentence, that his friends believe he had no criminal amphitheater will be the scene of many interesting events and with its arrangeintent when in office, that he drifted ment as now perfected will afford the grandest out of doors theiter in existinto wrong doing and that strong drink ence.

WAR VERY COSTLY.

Next Session of Peace Conference Will Hear Interesting Report.

Chicago, May 3 .- Amazing statistics will be presented to the National Peace society, which convenes here today, by Benjamin F. Trueblood, secretary of the American Peace society. In a report compiled for distirbution among the delegates it is asserted that 15,-000,000 persons have sacrificed themselves in wars since the beginning of

authentic history. "This vast number of victims," says Mr. Trueblood, "is about equal to all the people who inhabited the globe for the last 600 years, allowing three generations to the century and 650,000,000 as the average population per genera-

"The usual estimate of the number of men lost in the wars in the Nineteenth century, including those who course in case of a deficieny under the died of wounds and diseases, places it new tariff act should first be had to an at 14,000,000. Of this number the Napoleonic campaigns are responsible for about six million.

"Losses in the American Civil war have been variously estimated at from 800,000 to 1,000,000 men. The brief war between Prussia, Austria and Italy in 1866 entailed a loss of 45,000 men.

STORM REACHES ATLANTIC.

Seaboard Cities Suffer Severely as Hurricane Passes Out to Sea. Atlanta, Ga., May 3 .- The storn

which for three days has swept eastward across the Southern states, passed

WIN BARRENVICTORY

With Limitations.

RAILROADS MAY CONTROL STOCK

May Not Haul Goods They Produce Directly, but May Control the Producing Company.

Washington, May 4 .- It has been many a day since a decision of the United States Supreme court has been received with as much interest as was manifested yesterday in the reversal of the Circuit court's "commodities clause" decision, affecting the anthra-cite coal carrying railroads. These cases had been decided by the Circuit court favorably to the railroads, in that the clause of the Hepburn rate law which prohibits interstate railroads from carrying commodities man-ufactured, mined or produced directly

or indirectly by the road was declared unconstitutional. The general impres-sion had been that the decision would be affirmed by the Supreme court. When, therefore, there was a reversal instead of an affirmation the interest was much magnified. When again it was found that the reversal was based on technical grounds, and that the effect was really favorable to the railroad companies, sentiment took another turn.

The decision was announced by Jus-tice White, who declined to give out more than a summary, showing the net result of the court's finding. Because of the court's delay in announcing its conclusion it was generally supposed that the court would be found to be much divided. Only one dissenting opinion was announced-Justice Harlan's statement that he did not follow the conclusion on the point that the law did not prohibit the railroad ownership of stock in commodities-produc-

ing companies. Analyzed, Justice White's decision is that congress did not transcend its constitutional authority in enacting the commodities provision, but it was held that the government's construction of the provision had been entirely too comprehensive. As construed by the estimated population of the world at the opening of the Nineteenth century to prevent carriers being associated in interest with the commodities trans-ported at the time of transportation. Summed up, the act only compels companies to disassociate themselves from the products they carry and the government contention that the law applies to the ownership of stock and prohibits the transportation of commodities simply because they have been produced

by a railroad company is untenable. * The effect of the decision is favorable to the railroads and the government lost on practically all points except in the sustaining of the principle involved.

The decision sustained the provision of the law exempting timber from the operations of the commodities clause. This exemption was used as a basis of attack by the railroads.

WELCHERS CANNOT DODGE.

Insurance Companies Liable for Loss in San Francisco Fire. San Francisco, May 4 .- In an opinion handed down by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals today, the effort of certain insurance compato bring losses sustained by fires dur-ing the conflagration of 1906 under the earthquake clauses of the policies, because the shock broke water mains and thus prevented the extinguishing of the fires, was rejected and charac terized as being as trivial as it would have been to seek the same action on

the month is about \$3,000,000. Session May Be Continued. Washington, May 7 .- President Taft has come to the conclusion, as a result of a talk with senators and members of the house of representatives during the past two days, that there is little chance for adjournment of congress be- tion. fore June 15 or July 1. The president has also declared that he favors an income tax only as a last resort, that re-

Washington, May 7 .-- Secretary of the Interior Ballinger announced today the withdrawal from entry for use in the Malheur project of 148,000 acres vote, the rollcall was begun. Heyburn of land in the Burns district, 22,000 attempted to take the floor and the acres for use in the John Day project in The Dalles district, 10,000 acres for use in the Harney project in the Burna district, and 62,000 acres for the Deschutes project in the Lake View dis-

\$600,000 in the receipts from customs, as compared with March, and a de-crease of \$1,000,000 in the receipts from internal revenue. The deficit for

inheritance, and next to a corporation

Large Tract is Withdrawn,

The Missouri house has passed a bill wealthy subjects. Search is being made for the hoards for a commission to regulate all public utilities corporations.

The Canadian government is sending cowboys to Montana to round up a herd of 300 buffalo, recently purchased.

Three Wisconsin assemblymen are accused of receiving bribes in connection with the election of United States senator.

Seven of the Pittsburg grafters have been sentenced to fines of \$1,000 and

A French merchant who has just died left all his money to churches for masses for the repose of the souls of the victims of automobiles.

Los Angeles householders are com plaining about the carelesaness of aeronauts, who dump out sand promiscuous ly and ruin laundry on the line.

W. M. Abbott, attorney for the United Railroads, testified to drawing money from the mint alleged to have been used for bribes by Calhoun.

Japan's average death rate is between 17 and 18 per 1,000.

Dr. Henry Waldo Coe, of Portland, may be offered the Mexican ambassadorship.

Conductors and brakemen on the Southern Pacific are to work three days

sculptures taken from the sovereigns of Europe and gifts from cents, was agreed to, 41 to 35,

of cash which Abdul Hamid is reported always to have had on hand. He has of the senate today, Dolliver, of Iowa, also great sums invested abroad. None, however, has been found as yet, although the ex-sultan must have had at least a few hundred thousand pounds

in the domestic exchequer.

Griminal is Identified.

Paris, May 4.-M. Bertillon, director been sentenced to fines of \$1,000 and six months in jail to two years in jail and \$500 fine. of the Anthropometric department of held by the San Francisco police as Arthur Bernard, a dangerous criminal Rernard was arrested recently in San Francisco and gave the name of Sam-uel. The California authorities forwarded to M. Bertillon measurements

and photographs of the prisoner and the identification followed, M. Bertillon says Bernard has been tried twice and convicted, the first time for theft and the second time for murder.

Roosevelt to See Pope.

Rome, May 4 .- While on the Red ses, April 17, en route to Mombass, Theodore Roosevelt wrote a letter to Cardinal Satolli in which he said : look forward to renewing out acquaint-ance a year hence, when I shall present my respects to the holy father, to whom I beg of you to give my personal it was just, but, in view of the divided general land office. regards."

Constantinople, presents of most of the pound, instead of the house rate of 27

Tuesday, May 4.

Washington, May 4 .- At the session attacked the methods under which pro from the order of withdrawal. tective tariff bills are formed, and had a lively tilt with Aldrich. Democratic senators remained silent. At times the Republican debate threatened to become acrimonious, but the Iowa senator was every ready with a humorous reply which called forth laughter when angry words seemed unavoidable.

Borah concluded his speech on the income tax, delivering an extended le gal argument to show that there was ample reason for believing that the Su- to a cablegram received by the Navy preme court might reverse itself if the department.

constitutionality of that tax should again be presented to it.

A strong plea for the extension of the protective tariff system to jute was the future.

Monday, May 3.

Washington, May 3.-An extended defense of the duty on lumber provided in the Dingley bill was met in the sen-

opinion in the Supreme court of the United States, insisted that it was the

proximately 23,040 acres of land in connection with the Crooked river project in The Dalles land distirct. Any tracts, title to which have passed out

Squadron Nears Gibraltar,

Washington, May 4 .- The American armored cruiser squadron, composed of the North Carolina and Montana, which left Guantamo, Cuba, April 23, under orders from the Navy department to hurry to Alexandretta, Turkey, to pro-

tect Americans there, was 1,150 miles west of Gibralter last night, according a minute.

Teach Fruitgrowers to Pack.

Washington, May 8.-Pomologist George H. Powell, of the Department of Agriculture, will visit the Yakima, and packing fruit for shipment.

Richie Made Timber Cruiser.

At Savannah the storm tore throgugh the old town, unroofed many houses and destroyed much property.

Towns in North Carolina and Florida tracts, title to which have passed out of the United States, were exempted from the order of withdrawal Property worth probably several million dollars was destroyed.

The southwestern section of Savannah was struck at 11:30 o'clock Saturday by a severe storm which uprooted trees, unroofed houses, tore down fences

and injured several people. The McKane hospital for negroes was badly damaged. A factory was unroofed and one man badly injured. The storm lasted not more than half

Cold Wave Throughout East.

Washington, May 3.- A great storm, sweeping from the Upper Lake region over the Middle and Southern Atlantic made by Bradley, of Kentucky, who declared that with the protective pol-icy covering products of his state, Ken-tucky would be safely Republican in

all the way from the eastern end of prisoners in the palace must have been cruiser in the general land office serv-Bruce C. Kester, assistant clerk Lake Superior southward to New

1.000 Chinese En Route.

Vicvoria, B. C., May 3 .- There are Hawley Goes to Denver. Washington, May 4.—Representa-tive Hawley left for Denver last night An investigation of alleged bad con-duct of two Federal judges of Missouri has been asked. Oscar S. Straus has been appointed ambassador to Turkey and W. W. Rockhill goes to Russia.

appeal because the men and horses of the fire department had been injured by the earthquake. The companies in-volved were the Commercial Union Assurance company, the Alliance Insurance company and the Norwich Union Fire Insurance company and the Pacific Union club was the policyholder in each case.

Exodus of Sultan's Harem.

Constantinople, May 4.-Since the deposition of Abdul Hamid there has been an exodus daily of the women of the imperial harem from the Yildiz May-day anowstorm prevailed in the Kioak. Forty-five carriages, each con-vicinity of the Upper Lake and Upper taining two or three women, left the Mississippi Valley states, the tempera-ture dropping rapidly in the Central proceeding to Stamboul today. It is states; and there was freezing weather evident that the total number of fair prodigious. Palaces have been set apart for their accommodation, but in the present condition of the country their fate is pathetic.

Snowbound in Rockies.

Washington, May 7 .--- C. W. Richie, of Roseland, has been appointed timber