# **NEWS OF THE WEEK**

### In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

#### HAPPENINGS OF TWO CONTINENTS

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

It is believed the czar will dissolve

Suppression of newspapers caused a riot in St. Petersburg.

Peace has been signed among the Central American republics.

The last of the ladrone chiefs in the Philippines has surrendered.

Germany proposes to exclude American canned meat of every description.

A revolution in Mexico is threatened, inspired by hostility to Ame i CADS.

The National Livestock exchange denounces the reports recently made on the meat packing industry. John D. Rockefeller will be arrested

immediately on his arrival in the United States. He has sailed for this The whole city of Syzran, Russia, has been destroyed by fire. The con-

flagration has rendered 35,000 persons homeless, who are also without food. Meager reports have been received of a fierce fire in Yokohama, Japan. More than a thousand houses were destroyed

and some life is known to have been The capital of Alaska has been moved

from Sitka to Juneau. Scotland will try to induce parliament to grant home rule.

Santo Domingo will borrow \$20,000,-000 and pay all outstanding claims.

Germany and Austria will help the czar if another revolution breaks out.

A forest fire in Calaveras county threatne destruction to California's big

The bishop of Zululand accuses the British troops of wantonly killing many natives.

which he believes an improvement over anything yet built.

The mayor of Socorro, Tex., says reports of the recent earthquake were greatly overdrawn.

The English parliament will appropriate \$1,000,000 for the relief of the

unemployed this winter, The National Pure Food convention

endorsed the stand taken by President Roosevelt on the pure food law. General Stoessel, commander of Port Arthur, during the Russo-Japanese war, has been sentenced to death by a military commission for surrendering

to the Japanese. Missouri is after the ice trust.

Evidence is being secured against the tobacco trust.

remained in the air eight hours.

many Oregon and Washington streams.

Kansas packing houses have been given five days to clean up or close up. appropriation bill hinged on the senste

The Virginia 2-cent-a-mile railroad rate law has been declared unconstitu-

new battleship Rhode Island, springing claimed that meat, once put up in air sacks sold for 63% to 63% cents and to-

her armour plates badly. The executors of the estate of the late Marshall Field estimate the value

of the property left at \$25,000,000. Canada has received an address from

King Edward in which he says it will be impossible for him to make the much desired visit. The Cleveland, Ohio, grand jury ad-

journed without indicting any Standard not. Oil men. Prosecutions of the company is to be resumed in other cities.

All express companies operating on the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads have consolidated and hereafter will be known as the Northern The deal also in-Express compan". cludes the Adams Express company on the Burlington.

A strike of Portland street car men seems imminent.

Siam has started a movement for the abolishment of gambling.

Plans are being prepared for a new lightship off the Columbia bar.

Major Dreyfus has been assigned to

command of the crack French regiment. Alfred Beit, who controlled the gold

and diamond output of Africa, is dead. A peace conference between Central American republics may be held on a families had been rendered homeless. United States warship.

CLEARING AWAY DEBRIS.

Hundreds of Carloads Dumped Daily From San Francisco.

Ban Francisco, July 17 .- Certain viaitors to San Francisco have given loud GOVERNMENT WILL Prove Gullt of voice to their disappointment at seeing the city debris strewn three months after the disaster. "It is an impossible task that San Francisco has undertaken," they write home, and their ia- RAILROAD MEN AS WITNESSES mentations come back by wire to this

It is true that almost three months have elapsed, and it is also true that acres and acres of debris lie in the heart of the city. Moreover, it is highly possible that much of the debris will remain for several months.

What these visitors have neglected to observe is that the debris is being carted away at the rate of 240 carloads a day. The dirt is carried in wagons to the bunkers on First street, and from there trains convey it to the Protero swamps, where it is doing reclamation

Throughout the old business section of the city dangerous walls still stand, but the board of works has taken steps to have them torn down. This board has also called upon property owners to clear away the sidewalks on which government's policy in connection with their buildings front. When this is done many of the streets still blocked will be opened. Such important streets as Stockton and Pine are not passable their entire length. The city is not waiting idly for the disappearance of the debris, but reconstruction and cleaning are going on simultaneously.

MINING FRAUDS IN BRAZIL.

Country is Full of Schemes to Obtain Money of Gullible.

Washington, July 17,-Consul General George E. Anderson, in a report to determined effort will be made to comthe bureau of manufacturers from Rio Janeiro, charges that while some bona 5de Brazilian diamond mines may result profitably, that country is full of is alleged, rebating arrangements were schemes which are either out-and-out made with the Lake Shore and other frauds or are based on claims and facts rs I oads. With these names in their so slight as to make them little less than frauds.

The report says the United States and Great Britain, especially New York, Chicago and London, are the chief financial base of operations for a number of promoters, who have never done any mining, and that there are a Santos Domont has a new airship even certain where the land they claim as property lies.

The report states that experienced men in Brazilian mining fields say that outlined the purposes of the gathering. not a single mining company operating. It developed, however, that there not a single mining company operating in the gold and diamond fields of Brazil has paid a dividend. The consul general adds that it is a lamentable fact there are now men of the United States with enterprises which represent nothing more than the money they can get from the American public.

#### TEST OF CANNED MEATS.

Congress Will Know What Is the Effect of Age.

Washington, July 17. - The bureau of chemistry, Agricultural department, A French dirigible balloon recently is to carry on a series of tests this sum mer to ascertain definitely whether The government is preparing to gauge canned meats deteriorate. One of the bitter contentions over the meat inspection amendment to the agricultural requirement that packers should place

The packers, however, insisted that A tramp steamer bumped into the this was unwarranted, because they declared that canned meat was as good in ten years as it was in ten days, and a thorough investigation and find out shortage. whether the packers were correct or

Officers Preach Revolution.

St. Petersburg, July 17 .- At a meetof the Guard regiments, an efficer addressed the men on the subject of the inet has resigned. The hesitation at

soldiers' union, which is being organized. He pointed out that the league was democratic and was being organized for the purpose of guarding the constitution and establishing constitutional institutions and to prepare the army to come over to the people when they parliamentary union in London. were ready and armed for resistance The speech was received with applause.

Thousands Without Homes.

Nizhni, Novgorod, July 17 .- A fire which broke out here today raged for six hours before it was checked. When the enemy after the battle of the sea of it was finally extinguished 275 houses had been destroyed and more than 3,000 list of the navy and assigned to a prom-The loss is placed at \$400,000.

## **CONVICT STANDARD**

Heads of Monopoly.

Testimony To Be Used for Indictment of Standard Oil Officers Who Extort Rebates.

Cleveland, July 17 .- The Plain-Dealer this morning says:

Basing his opinion upon the testimony already submitted to the Federal grand jury in this district, Attorney General Moody believes that the government has at last secured the evidence which will bring the Standard Oil company to its knees. The return of District Attorney Sullivan this morning from an atl day conference with the attorney general at New York yesterday will make a complete change of the the fight to stamp out trade discriminations in favor of giant corporations.

The change of plans includes a complete reversal regarding C. J. Grammar, vice president of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway. Grammar will not be indicted in this or any other Federal district. Instead, be will be asked to assist the government in forging a chain of evidence about the necks of some of the biggest Standard Oil officials in the country.

It is known that the government officials are eager to obtain one more link in the evidence already secured against the Standard Oil company. A most plete the chain through Grammar and Clark. What the government officials particularly want is the names of the Standard Oil officials through whom, it possession the government attorneys will be ready to etrike.

MANY MEN OF MANY MINDS.

Railroad Men Cannot Agree As To Meaning of Rate"Law.

Chicago, July 17 .- Executive officials number of so-called mining companies and general counsel of every railroad now soliciting stock subscriptions in west of Chicago had a conference today the United States whose officers are not with a view to determining the meaning of all of the provisions of the new rate law. J. C. Stubbs, traffic director of the Harriman lines, presided and

were almost as many views regarding the interpretation of the statute as there were lawyers and traffic men that a large proportion of the Brazilian present. It was decided, therefore, to mining enterprises are frauds and that appoint two committees, one of traffic men and one of legal men. The traffic men are to meet and arrange their plans for carrying the law into effect, and whenever they encounter a provision that they are unable to solve they are to call on the legal committee for opinions. In the meantime the committee of lawyers is to hold meetings and determine what it considers the statute requires.

GRAIN BAGS RISING.

Shortage is Accentuated by Recent Fire in San Francisco.

San Francisco, July 17. - It is estimated that 6,000,000 grain bags were destroyed by the recent fire and in consequence the market is paralyzed. New orders cannot be filled and brokers on the date of manufacture on each can of 'Change are in a quandary as to the future. The price for bage has jumped nearly 50 per cent and at that the commodity is not to be had. Formerly

tight cans, would last forever. They day the price of 101/4 cents prevails. The prospective supply reaches in round figures to 40,750,000 macks, and they brought to bear testimony of an against this must be chalked the needs official of the department to corroborate of California, computed at 23.500,000 congress had their doubts about this, sacks, leaving a deficit of 9,750,000, however, so it has been decided to make with no possible output to cover the

Czar May Keep Goremykin.

tion. The murder of General Koelov ing held today at Gatchina, 30 miles is reported to have made an exceedingfrom St. Petersburg, attended by three ly bad impression on the emperor and the Novoe Vremya denies that the cab-Peterhof has raised hopes in the minds of some of Premier Goremykin's colleagues that he can hold on, even in the face of the adverse vote in the upper house of parliament on Saturday. Russia will be represented at the Inter-

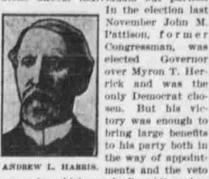
Put Rojestvensky to Work.

St. Petersburg, July 17 .- It is understood that Admiral Rojestvensky, who was acquitted by court martial of the charge of cowardice in surrendering to Japan, will be restored to the active inent position on the technical committee of the navy.

THE OHIO GOVERNORSHIP.

Death Brings About a Far-Reaching

Death has brought about a change in the Governorship of Ohio, which not alone affects individuals but parties,



power by which purely Republican leg-Islation could be thwarted. The strenuous campaign, however, was too much for Mr. Pattison. He broke down and when the time for his inauguration came he had to review the parade in a glass cage specially provided. He gradually recovered and was filling his office when a relapse came.

The Republican Lieutenant Governor, Andrew Lintner Harris, has now become acting Governor and will serve until 1909, enjoying all the emoluments of the office, but being deprived of the full title, Governor. He took the place upon the ticket last year in response to the united call of both Republican factions. He is a civil war veteran and was Lieutenant Governor under Governor McKinley.

Governor Pattison was born on a farm in Claremont County, Ohio, in 1847, where his home was until recently. At the age of 16 years he enlisted and served during the last days of the civil war. He taught school for funds with which to attend the Ohio Wesleyan University and be continued teaching while a student to pay his college expenses. After he was graduated, in 1800, he went west to write insurance for the same company of which he was later elected President. While



JOHN M. PATTISON

writing insurance he studied law and was admitted to the Ohio bar in 1872 At the end of ten years' practice he was invited to enter his old insurance company-the Union Mutual Life-as Vice President and General Manager. He was elected President in 1891, and held the office at the time of his death.

As a young lawyer he was put on the Hamilton County (Ohio) ticket for the State Legislature and he won, alhough that was a bad year Democratic party. In 1890 Judge Ashburn, representing the Clermont-Brown district in the State Senate, died, and Mr. Pattison was elected to fill the vacancy. His work in the Senate sent him to Congress when Cleveland was President. By the time his term was out a Republican Legislature had redistricted Ohio and his new district had a normal Republican plurality of several thousand. He then took up his work in the insurance business

For many years he lived at Milford, Ohio, a few miles from Cincinnati. He married a Miss Williams, a daughter of Prof. Williams, who held the chair of Greek in the Ohio Wesleyan University for many years. Governor Pattison leaves a wife, a son, who has just their statements. Some members of racks, and for the north 27,000,000 been graduated from college, and two daughters.

Altered in Repairing.

A man in Chicago, says a writer in Judge, found himself in the chair of a St. Petersburg, July 17 .- There are strange barber, to whom his features, no developments in the cabinet situa- although unfamiliar, seemed to carry some reminiscent suggestion.

"Have you been here before?" asked

the halr-cutter. "Once," said the man.

"Strange I do not recognize your ties. It is not so high as the medal of face." "It titles the holder to \$2 a month extra "Not at all," said the man,

changed a good deal as it bealed." A Great Bargain.

"Gwendolyn Porkpacker certainly got and the Indian wars, under similar regber title cheap. She made that Italian ulations. These medals are not for count take only one hundred thousand dollars for marrying her."

"Angelina Oilgusher did better even than that. She got an Austrian prince to mark down his coronet to ninety-nine thousand dollars and ninety-eight cents."-Baltimore American.

There is at least one thing to be said to the credit of the men: They do not of oak and a branch of laurel. visit their kin much.

REVIVAL OF THE ANCIENT TOURNEY IN ENGLAND.



The military tournament held in England this year has for its most picturesque feature a representation of a Tudor tourney. The pageant begins with a procession of men, mounted and dismounted, in armor of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, splendid costumes of the period, or ornate uniforms. The chargers of the mounted are richly equipped and wear full armor. A prominent figure is the lord of the tournament, suitably attended and followed by the knight herald, the chief marshal, squires and pages, trumpeters and standard-bearers. Then come the challengers, four knights in armor, followed by men-at-arms, pursulvants and pages. The jousting concludes the pageant, the breaking of a lance being the signal for a fanfare.

MEDALS FOR ARMY MEN.

Veterans of Three Recent Wars to Wear New Badge.

To gratify the pride and stimulate he ambition of the soldiers of the regniar army the general staff has issued in order requiring veterans of the spanish war, the Philippine insurrection and the Peking relief expedition to wear bronze medals as a part of their uniform on dress parade and occasions of ceremony. This will give the boys something to be proud of. The general staff also provided a special badge to be worn by soldiers of the regular army who have been awarded what is known as the certificate of merit. This certificate is bestowed upon enlisted men who

REGULAR ARMY MEDALS.

have distinguished themselves for good

conduct, gallantry and soldierly quali-

honor, but is very much prized and en-

Secretary Taft has ordered similar

The following is a description of the

Civil War-Obverse: Head of Lin-

coln in circle composed of inscription:

"With malice toward none, with char-

ity for all." Reverse: The words,

'The Civil War," and the dates, "1861-

1865," in a circle composed of a branch

medals for veterans of the Civil War

volunteers, but for regulars only.

pay.

several designs:

in war bonnet brandishing a spear and mounted on a pony in a circle composed of the words, "Indian Wars," and conventionalized arrow heads arranged like a laurel wreath either side of a buffalo skull. Reverse: A milltary trophy with the name of an Indian campaign, in a circle of the words, 'United States Army," and thirteen stars. Merit-Obverse: Eagle in a circle

omposed of the words, "Virtutis et Audacise, Monumentum et Praemlum." Reverse: The words, 'For Merit," surrounded by a laurel wreath in a circle composed of the words, "United States Army," and thirteen stars. Spanish War-Obverse: A conventionalized "Morro" in a circle composed

of the words, "War With Spain," and a conventionalized branch of the tobacco plant and stalks of sugar cane on either side, with the date, "1898." Reverse: A military trophy above the word "Cuba" or "Porto Rico," or "Philippines" in a circle composed of the words, 'United States Army," and thirteen stars.

Philippine Insurrection - Obverse: Conventionalized cocoanut palm tree, with the Scales of Jutice on the right and the Lamp of Enlightenment on the left, in a circle composed of the words, "Philippine Insurrection," and the dates, "1889-1904." Reverse: A millitary trophy above the word "Luzon," "Mindanao" or other designation of a campaign in the islands in a circle composed of the words, "United States Army," and thirteen stars.

China Relief Expedition-Obverse: The imperial Chinese five-toed dragon in a circle composed of the words. "China Relief Expedition," and the dates, "1900-1901." Reverse: A military trophy above the words, "Peking-Tientsin" or other designation of the campaign, in a circle composed of the words, "United States Army," and thirteen stars.

The military trophy adopted for the reverse consists of an eagle perched on a cannon, with five standards significant of the five great campaigns in which the United States army has been engaged; an Indian spear, shield and quiver, a Filipino bolo and a Malay kriss. The morro selected for the design on the Spanish war medal is intended to be characteristic of Cuba rather than Spain.

The eagle on the merit medal is taken from the famous marble Roman engle in the possession of Lord Wemyss, formerly Lord Eicho, well known for his great interest in the

British volunteers. Could Not Be in Two Places. "Ps," said little Tommy, "my Sunday school teacher says if I'm good

I'll go to heaven." Well?" asked his pa. "Well, you said if I was good I'd go to the circus. Now, I want to know who's lyin', you or her."-Catholic

Standard. Next to moving the county seat, the surest way to get up a row in a coun-Indian Wars-Obverse: An Indian try town is to move the postoffice.