MOB ATTACKS JEWS

Soldiers Come to the Rescue and **Prevent Second Massacre.**

SOLDIERS MUTINY, KILL OFFICERS

Troops Again Control at Bialystok and Government Will Prevent Further Rioting.

St. Petersburg, June 21. - Another outbreak at Bialystok Wednesday afternoon was only quelled when troops charged the mob and dispersed it. During the trouble one Jewish woman was killed and another wounded, while several persons were struck with stones and more or less hurt. A further dem-onstration is feared, and the government has been asked to send additional Cossacks there to cope with the situaticn.

The anti-Jewish rioting at Bialyrtok is now ended. The troops are in full control, and, in view of the outcry raised, it is certain that the authorities will not permit a renewal of the horrors recently witnessed at Bialystok The most imperative orders to prevent further outbreaks have been issued to the governors and governor generals from St. Petersburg

When the correspondent arrived at Bialystok Sunday morning, the worst PREDICTS MUTINY OF SAILORS. revolting evidence of savage bestiality on the part of the blood-drunken mobe. which sacked and burned the Jewish houses, shops and stores. Over 72 hours, with a slight abatement during a the daytime, the mad orgy of blood and pillage went on unchecked. The inhumanity displayed would have done credit to the Mongol hordes of Genghis Khan, in his conquests of China and Central Asia early in the 13th century.

APPEAL TO CIVILIZED WORLD.

Jews of Russia Cable to Compatriots in All Countries.

New York, June 21. - Jacob H. Schiff has received cable messages from Russia, Dr. Paul Nathan cabled on June 17 from Berlin that Bialystok is and financial circles. Another cablegram reads:

'The occurrence at Bialystok is evidently the beginning of a terrible scheme. Energetic intervention alone

can prevent its being carried out." On June 18 the Alliance Universelle cabled Mr. Schiff from Paris as follows: "We have received the following

from Finland signed by a member of the doums, St. Petersburg: "The swful occurrences at Bialystok signify a new scheme leading to most difficult complications. Intervention on your part alone would prevent disaster."

On June 18 Sir Samuel Montague

AFTER STANDARD OIL.

President Decides to Have Criminal Action Begun at Once.

Washington, June 22 .- Plans to begin immediate criminal prosecutions against officials of the Standard Oil company for violations of the Sherman anti-trust law and prosecution against Standard Oil officals and high officials of railroads for violation of the Elkins rebate law have been completed by the administration, according to informa-

tion from a high authority tonight. These plans, it is understood, were onsidered at a mysterious meeting of five cabinet officers at the White House last night which aroused much speculation in all circles today. It is said to have been the intention to keep the matter secret for a few days until the department of Justice was ready to strike the initial blow.

Wall street, however, which seems to get information from every conceivable source, oven when the secret is supposed to be confined to the president and his confidential advisers, got a "tip" today that Standard Oil and the railroads were in for new trouble, and on the strength of this stock tumbled. Reports from New York tonight say that Washington had already heard of the "leak" and that steps had been taken to locate it.

A person of high authority declares that the department of Justice, as a result of investigations conducted prior to and since the Garfield report, has enough evidence on hand to secure the conviction of high Standard Oil and railroad officials under both laws under which prosecutions are to be made.

Narodny Says Army and Navy Officers and Nobles are Rebels.

New York, June 22 .- Ivan Narodny, Russian who came here in the interests of the Revolutionists, said yester-

in the Baltic fleet at Cronstadt, with vastly more success than the already historic mutiny of the Black Sea fleet. The captains commanding are in sympathy with the revelutionary movement and will declare at the appointed

time for reforms.

noble class are on sympathetic terms tisan classes. The common people and abroad asking aid from this country to the nobles in Russia are not separated prevent a general Jewish outbreak in by the gulf that stood between these neither class, and is hated by both classes.

"It is the system which causes found guilty of acts which every one riots like that at Bialystok. The reason why the bareaucracy stirs up this resentment against the Jews is that they are seen to be an element strong for revolution-radicals."

TEST CASE ON INSURANCE.

Lawsuit About Earthquake Clause Losers Unite for Defense.

San Francisco, June 22. - Two test



CHANGE ORIMINAL LAWS.

Attorney General Crawford Would Bountiful Yields From Grand Ronde Remedy Many Defects.

Salem-Attorney General Crawford has started a movement for the revision of the criminal laws of the state by removing defects and enacting new laws, so that the guilty shall not escape upon technicalities. He has addressed a letter to each of the prosecuting attorneys pears, peaches, plums and cherries, 20 of the state, asking them to submit to him such recommendations upon the able, as there was but little variance in need of criminal legislation as they may think best, and he will lay the whole matter before the judiciary committee of the next legislature.

In his letter Mr. Crawford says that probably every district attorney has in his experience found some laws which are so defective in their terms that men class quality. who are guilty cannot be convicted. and have found some offenses for which no statute whatever is provided. He says that the time to remedy the defects in the criminal laws is during a session of the legislature, and, in order this valley and of this number 146,000 that this may be done property, the laws should be drafted before the legisature meets.

The prosecuting attorneys, he thinks, are in the best position to learn of the defects in the laws, and he wants them to suggest the changes that should be made. With recommendations before him from all the prosecuting attorneys, the attorney general will be able to lay before the legislature information that will enable that body to place the criminal laws in a much better condition than they have ever been before.

A very striking illustration of the defective condition of the criminal laws was found when the state land fraud prosecutions were begun in Marion county something over a year ago. "There will be soon a great mutiny There was no law under which men could be convicted after they had sworn falsely in making applications for the purchase of school lands.

There was no statute making it a orime to sign a fictitious name to an application for the purchase of school land. There was no law to be found "The army officers drawn from the for the punishment of a notary public who affixed his seal to an instrument with the men from the peasant and ar- which he had drawn, and to which he had signed a ficticious name.

At nearly every term of court men who are placed on trial escape punishclasses under the ancient regime in ment, although proven guilty, because France. The nobles throughout Rus- the statute does not quite cover the but the beginning of systematic massa-cres similar to those of October, and anta' closest friends, on the most cor-kind that Attorney General Crawford urging Mr. Schiff to exercise pressure dial and friendly footing. The nobles wishes to remove. He is not seeking through the United States government are the backbone of the revolution in to make crimes of small offenses which Russia. The bureaucracy is drawn from are of no importance, but merely so to correct the laws that is will be possible secure conviction when men are phone, express and other corporations

recognizes as criminal in character.

Settlement Named After Wagon.

Arlington -Some 30 years ago a few men settled on a flat about 12 miles south of Arlington. In the crew was only one wagon-an old Schutler. In ome way they began calling this neighborhood Schutler, from the old wagon. A few years later it was, as it is now known as Schutler Fist. When the Condon branch railroad of the O. R. & N. Co. was built, a station was established near this place, and is named Schutler. This is one of the finest farming sections in Gilliam county, and thus from an old wagon a name is found for a fine wheat belt.

San Francisco, June 20 .- "Dishonest WILL SHIP 400 CARS.

Orchards is Assured.

La Grande-It is estimated by the principal fruit growers of Grand Ronde valley that the output for this section this year will be 400 carloads. The estimate on apples, which are the largest crop, is S14 cars; prunes, 65 cars; cars. These figures are considered relithe different estimates given and the estimates on prunes all agreed. This forecast is made on the expectation of a continuation of the present favorable conditions, which could hardly be improved upon; the fruit is set on the trees as full as it can be to give first-

In securing the foregoing report was also possible to obtain some interesting figures relative to the enormous increase in the apple orchard acreage. There are now 200,000 apple trees in are in bearing. That is to say, this is the number of trees of five years old and upwards. Five years hence, when the whole number of trees are in bearing, the yield of an average crop year will be a million boxes, or about 1,666 car loads. It is not too much to say that within a short time the apple crop income of this valley will be a million dollars a year.

Even at the cider factory price of \$5 per ton, ten year-old trees will on average years yield at the rate of \$142.63 per acre.

While the apple is in the ascendancy the cherry plays quite a part. Cannery representatives are here now mak ing contracts for cherries at 4 to 4% cents per pound. The La Grande fruit but this includes only the sweet varie-Anns and Centennials.

Old cherry trees in some orchards in the valley have yielded as high as 800 pounds to the tree. The price paid is Eagle, German of Peoria, Germania, \$80 per ton and at this rate old trees Globe and Rutgers, Girard, New York will yield \$3,200 and upwards per acre. of New York, Northwestern Fire & Ma-All these figures and estimates are based on as reliable facts as are obtain- of New York, Spring Garden, Security able. It is not necessary to exaggerate of Baltimore, Traders, Union of Phila the fruit industry of Grand Ronde. delphia, Westchester, Western Under-The truth is good enough.

May Test New Law.

Salem-Just what additional revenue will come to the state treasury as the the attorney general of the state. result of the passage of the laws taxing the gross earnings of telegraph, tele-

is not known for a certainty. The Western Union Telegraph company will have to pay about \$3,800. The Pacific pay more probably. None of the corthe law in the courts, so it is said. Some have estimated the revenue at from \$50,000 to \$100,000 a year.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

DISHONEST MORTAR THE CAUSE INJUSTICE TO WEST Japanese Tells How to Make Earth-

quake-Proof Buildings.

mortar-a corrupt conglomeration of sea sand and 1 me- was responsible for nearly all of the earthquake damage in San Francisco," sali Dr. T. Nakamura, professor of architecture of the Imperial university of Tokio and a member of the committee dispatched to this city by the Japanese government to inventigate the effects of the tremblare

and fire. Dr. Nakamura will sail on the Korea today, to report to his government.

"I find," said Dr. Nakamura yesterday, "that much of the damage to San Francisco from the earthquake was due to poor mortar and faulty construction, and the greater portion of the damage to the class 'A' buildings by fire was the result of misguided use of hollow tiling and so-called fire blocks instead of concrete.

"There has developed as a result of the earthquake in San Francisco, great prejudice against brick buildings. However, they are largely employed in Japan, where earthquakes of greater severity than the one experienced in this city are not uncommon. The secret of their success, however, lies in the fact that good mortar is used. The mortar should either be composed of one part cement to two parts of sand, or of one part cement, three of lime and five of sand. The bricks should be thoroughly wet before being laid, and when the mortar has set under these one stone.

COMPANIES WOLF MAY SUE.

Names Those Which Disobey Law and May Forfeit Licenses.

San Francisco, June 20 .- The following insurance companies, by reason of as the commercial fruit of this valley, their failing to comply with Insurance Commissioner Wolf's demand that they either sign stipulations extending the time for filing proofs of loss to August 18 or furnish the commissioner with growers will have about 20 tons to offer, their lists of policy holders, have rendered themselves liable to forfeiture of ties suitable for canning, such as Royal their right to do business in the state of California :

Agricultural, American of Boston, American of Philadelphia, Dutchess, rine, National Union, North German writers.

Commissioner Wolf intends to proadded

"Furthermore it will be my business to see that these companies are compelled to meet their just obligations. If any retire without paying, I shall States Telephone company will have to ask that action be taken against them by the insurance commissioners of the porations will pay until it has tested state under whose laws they are incorporsted."

SHAW WILL MAKE BIG DEPOSIT

San Francisco Assured of \$12,000,-000 of Government Funds. Washington, Jane 20 .- A tacit agreement was reached today by the presi Oate-No. 1 white feed, \$31.50@32; dont. Secretary Shaw and the delegation of representative citizens of San Francisco by which substantial aid will be given San Francisco by the govern ment. It is proposed that the United States treasury deposit with the San Francisco banks \$12,000,000 of government money, with bonds of the city as Fruits-Apples, \$2 50(\$3.50 per box; security, the money to remain in the for it. Under the law the secretary of the treasury has authority to deposit government funds in this way, but cannot bind his successor. It is housed in California to organize a corporation with a radishes, 10@20c per dozen; rhubarb, capital of several millions of dollars, to issue bonds to guarantee the government against loss through the banks. Other plans have been suggested for the raising of money to enable the people of California to rebuild their homes and business houses, but thus far noth ing has been proposed that will meet the ideas of congress.

apricots, \$1.25@\$2 per crate; cherries, banks until the government shall call

Bills Now Pending for North Dakota, Virginia, North Carolina, Florida and Other States. Washington, June 23 .- Early in the present session of congress Senator Hansbrough, of North Dakots, intro-

duced a bill authorizing the expenditure of \$1,000,000 out of the national reclamation fund for draining swamps in his state. When the bill went hefore the committee on irrigation it was found that every acre to be benefitted was in private ownership, and the bill, if enacted, would not open to entry a single acre of public land. Notwithstanding these disclosures, the senate committee ordered a favorable report. out of courtesy because Hansbrough is a member of the committee. It was conditions, a wall becomes practically then stated that a majority of the com-

mittee believed the bill a bad one, and it was stimed by several senators that it would never be permitted to pass the senate. Nevertheless the bill uid pass and is now before the house, where its chances of passing seem equally good.

A bill is now pending to divert \$1,-000,000 from the reclamation fund to drain the Dismal swamp in Virginia and North Carolina; another is pending to drain the Everglades of Florida; only a few days ago a bill was intro duced to take another \$3,000,000, and expend it in draining the big swamps of Arkansas and Missouri, and, in addition, there are two bills pending for the drainage of swamps in Minnesota, and three general bills providing for

the government drainage of swamps in all parts of the United States. If the Hansbrough bill passes, it will open the way for these other measures

of similar character, and it will be only a short time before the greater portion of the reclamation fund, instead of heing used for irrigating the desert lands of the West, as originally intended, will be expended to reclaiming swamps

ceed against these companies without in states that have contributed not a delay unless advised to the contrary by cent to the reclamation fund and never He will contribute. This legislation is a made this statement yesterday and rank injustice to the West, which is counting on using its cwn public land receipts for the reclamation of its deserts, and unless somebody calls a halt. the work of government irrigation will

soon be brought to a standstill. It must be remembered that, once this precedent is established, it will be easy for delegates from the East and South to countine and force through bills for the drainage of the swamps in the non-a.id states, and if the East and South ever no combine for this purpose, the West will never have shough votes

to check the onslaught.



cabled Mr. Schiff from London: "We cases, brought by two women, who are are seeking intervention of our government. Try yours."

STATE WILL SUPPORT CLAIMS.

Attorney General to Defend Rights of Losers by Disaster.

San Francisco, June 21 .- Deputy Attorney General George A. Sturtevant came to San Francisco today to commence the state's fight against the fire insurance concerns that have not lived up to the law. For some hours he was in consultation with Insurance Commissioner Myron Wolf.

"From now on it will be made the especial business of the attorney general's office," said Mr. Sturievant, "to prosecute every action by which the state can conserve the rights of the insured who lost property in the great fire. We want the smaller losers, the mechanics and retailers who have become confused in their efforts to receive just treatment from the insurance companies, to feel that they have an office which is fighting their side of the CRP0.

Will Not Be Pinned Down,

San Francisco, June 21 .- Of the 120 insurance companies to which tglemajority of the companies operating here content themselves with the general statement that they will deal fairly tests would be useless. with policy holders; that the claims against them will be settled equitably and that the insured can be confident of honorable and just treatment.

Wrecked by Big Wind.

Chicago, June 21 .-- One man was fatally injured, four were slightly hurt at South Chicago was damaged to the violent rain, wind and hail storm.

refagees from San Francisco, against the Palatine Insurance company, of London, England, to recover \$600 insurance money, were tried in Justice of

the Peace Quinn's court in Oakland yesterday and decided in favor of the plaintiffs. Notice of appeal was given

in each case, and the matter will be thrashed out eventually in the superior ouurts.

its intent to rest its defense on the legality of the "earthquake clause" in the policies.

caused by the earthquake.

companies in which they hold policies.

Britain Will Not Intercede.

London, June 22 .- In the house of

Hail Destroys Corn and Fruit.

Dallas, Tex., June 22 .- A severe

out to repair the damage.

Grain Sack Problem Serious.

Pendleton-The grain sack problem promises to be serious for the farmers The defendant company announced of Umatilla county, who will use 2,-000,000 this year. At the present prices, 10 cents each, this means \$200,-000 in this county. Other Eastern

The judge said no evidence had been Oregon counties, it is estimated, will produced showing that the loss was use at least 2,000,000 more, making a total of \$4,000,000 for this section.

The several commercial bodies of San This entails the expenditure of nearly Francisco will meet Monday, June 25, half a million dollars for grain sacks, to organize a policy holders' protective which, together with the expense of association for the purpose of securing harvesting the crop, represents an prompt and fair settlements for their enormous expenditure of money before members from the various insurance anything is realized from the crop.

Historic Sites To Be Marked.

Eugene-Acting upon a suggestion made by Professor F. G. Young, of the ommone today Walter Runciman, par- State university, the Native Daughters liamentary secretary to the local gov- of Martha Mulligan cabin No. 3 have ernment board, in behalf of Foreign taken up the matter of marking some Secretary Gray, again declined to in. of the early historic places of interest form the government of Russia of the in or about Eugene. Miss Ann Whitegrams were sent by Mayor Schmitz and views of the British people concerning aker has appointed committees of fi-Governor Pardee calling upon them for the anti-Jewish outbreaks. He said nance, location and program. It was sume outline of their policies relative the impression made and the sympathy decided to mark with basaltic columns. to the payment of insurance losses in aroused not only in this country but taken from Skinner's butte, the locathis city, 40 have given answer. The everywhere by the disturbance and loss tion of the Skinner cabin, the first built of life in Russia were known to the in Eagene, the first schoolhouse and | 8 1/ @ 9c; ducks, old, 11 @ 12c; young, the staff that the reason why the gov. provinces of Georgia and destroyed, Russian government, and further pro- the place where the first court was held. 12%@13c.

Bend Ships Horses.

Band-Many horses are being shipped from Bend and vicinity to Portland fine, 24(#25c; mohair, choice, 28(#30c wind, rain and bail storm caused much and other points in the valley. Many damage throughout the Brazos river riders are out on the ranges rounding section tonight and has practically de- up all available horses. It is feared stroyed all the growing com and fruit. that considerable horse thieving has Travel on the Fexas Pacific railroad be- been going on in this section, as a numand the Illinois Steel company's plant tween Fallas and Fort Worth has been ber of valuable borses are missing, and suspended because of washouts, and all as some suspicious characters have been extent of \$150,000 as the result of a of the section crews have been called seen on the ranges of late it is feared pelt on Sc. that the animals have been run off.

Wheat - Club, 72@73c; bluestem, 74@75c; red, 70@71c; valley, 72c. gray, \$31.50 per ton.

Barley - Feed, \$24@24.50 per ton; brewing, nominal; rolled, \$25@26. Hay---Valley timothy, No. 1, \$12.50

@13 per ton; clover, 47.50@8; chest, \$6@7; grain hay, \$7@8; alfalfa, \$13. 75c@\$1 per b'x; etrawberriee, 5@7c per pound; gooseberries, 5@7c per

pound; Logan berries, \$1.75 per crate. Vegetables- Beans, 6@8c; cabbage, he per pound; lettuce, head, 180225c; onions, S@10c per dozen; peas, 4@5c; 3c per pound; spinach, 2 @ 3c per pound; paraley, 25c; turnips, \$1@1.25 per sack; carrots, 65@75c per sack; beets, 85c@\$1 per sack.

Onions-New, 1): @2c per pound. Potatoes - Fancy graded Burbanks, 50 m 60c per hundred; ordinary, nominal; new California, 2@21/1c per pound.

Futter-Fancy creamery, 175@20c per pound.

Eggs - Oregon ranch, 21@22c per dozen.

1836 per pound; mixed chickens, 12@ street dis urbances. The identity of 12 yc; broilers, 15@16 %c; roosters, these garrisons is being concealed, but 916 @11c; dressed chickens, 13@14c; all the facts have been telegraphed to dressed, choice, 20@22c; gease, live,

Hops-Oregon, 1905, 9% @12c.

Wool- Eastern Oregon average best, 18@23 lac: valley, coarse, 22 5 @23c: per pound.

Veal-Dressed, 4.97c per pound.

Beef - Dressed bulls, 3c per pound ows, 434 @554c; country steers, 5@6c. Mutton - Dressed, fancy, 7@8c per pound; ordinary, 5@6c; lambs, with

Pork-Dressed, 7@9c per round.

Troops in Mutiny,

Odema, June 20 .- General Kaulbars has received word from 11 of the best garrisons in Russia to the effect that the troops there are mutinous and have Poultry - Average old hens, 13@ refused to act as police in quelling

of civil war,

Militia Fund is Doubled.

Washington, June 20 .- The militia bill, which finally passed congress yesterday, will double the annual allotment to various states for their National Gnard. Under the new apportionment Oregon will receive \$15,958 began July 1, 1906.

REGISTER FOR CROW LANDS.

Crowds of Easterners Are Arriving at Billings, Montana,

Botte, June 23 - A Miner special from Billings states that Easterners are flocking to that place by the hundreds to register for the Crow lands. Today they numbered approximately 850, which is 200 greater than it was yesterday. The crowds which arrived today

were larger than any since the registration began, which was a week ago.

The delegation of 200 came in this morning on the Barlington train from the East. Most of those on board came from Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska points. But one hailed from Connecticut, while another gave his address as South Carolina,

The Northern Pacific brought in numbers from Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota. Many of the prospective settlers have secured tents and have gone to the reservation, where they will establish camps and make a thorough inspection of the lands. At the present rate the registration in this city will not exceed 10,000.

Appeals to English Women.

London, June 23. - The newspapers this morning print an appeal from the women of Georgia, Russia, to the women of England, complaining that by turkeys, live, 17 @ 17 %c; turkeys, the minister of war. It can be stated order of the Russian government Coson the anthority of a general officer of sacks invaded the central and western ernment has not carried out its plan to burned and looted four towns and 200 mobolize 700,000 Cossacks is the fear villages, treating the population with the utmost brutality, not even chlidren escaping murder. The names of the signers are withheld at their own request, but they include a princess and the wives of many high officials.

> Root Considers Action on Massacre. Washington, June 23. - Secretary Root is giving consideration to the Jes-Washington, \$19,947, and Idaho \$11,- ish massacres in Russia, baving already 984. This annual appropriation will discussed them with the president. So far he has taken no action.