HAPPENINGS OF TWO CONTINENTS

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Hayti is threatened with anti-Syrian

The kaisers visit to Morocco irritates France and raises British hopes.

A newly arrived Russian at New

York has been found to have leprosy. Japanese statesmen propose a triple

alliance of Japan, United States and

a farm of 50 acres. Japan will insist on an indemnity large enough to pay the cost of the war and cession of territory.

Baron Science hall, with a number of valuable instruments at Denison university, Granville, Ohio, burned. Loss, \$100,000.

A homeseekers' train on the Canadian Pacific, carrying 600 passengers, was wrecked near Dryden. Several passengers were slightly injured.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says both as mediator, but peace negotiations are the war party.

The president of the National Packing company has been indicted for tampering with witnesses before the Federal grand jury sitting in Chicago, and others are threatened.

Russians have kidnaped the Chinese governor of Manchuria.

Secretary Morton and a congressional party are visiting in Havana.

Mrs. Maybrick says failure to receive money due her caused her conviction.

President Roosevelt has accepted a plan for receivers of Dominican reve-

China is arming 500,000 men for the defense of the country against foreign malions.

The United States will help President Morales, of Santo Domingo, maintain the present government.

Castro denies that there is cause for attack on Venezuela, as he is paying off the national debt as fast as possible.

Admiral Evans has taken command of the North Atlantic fleet, succeeding Admiral Barker, who retires from active service.

A report that he would investigate the general land office is denied by Hitchcock, who says affairs in that department are all right.

An entire absence of news from its Stanford.

Renewed disturbances in Russia cause great alarm.

President Castro is threatened with revolution and foreign war.

The Japanese fleet has sailed from Borneo to meet the Baltic squadron.

Mrs. Chadwick has been sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. She has appealed.

An American warship will carry home the body of the late Senor. Aspiroz, Mexican ambassador to the United States.

Russian officials believe now that the lieved, the Japanese will next be heard from in front of Vladivostok.

A report from Japanese sources says that a large part of Harbin bas been burned. Great quantitie of reserve supplies intended for the Russian army are also reported to have been burned.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul has completed surveys to the Pacific coast, touching all the principal cities. Construction will commence at once of expenditures to put the line in working order.

President Roosevelt and President Diaz, of Mexico, may meet on the international boundary when the former makes his Southern trip early in April.

Hostil'ties in Manchuria are suspended while the armies reorganize.

Thousands of locked-out workmen in St. Petersburg threaten an outbreak. Santo Domingo may ask the United States to act as receiver for that coun-

Castro's attitude continues menacing. France and the United States may combine to discipline him.

Contracts for rock for the jetty at the mouth of the Columbia have been

month. The two big ocean liners Parisian and Albano collided while entering the Halifax, N. S., harbor, and both were badly injured.

A man has confessed to pulling the spikes and rails loose from the Rock happen when a train passed.

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SINK AT DOCKS.

Damage to Ocean Liners in Collision Worse Than Thought.

Halifax, N. S., March 28 .- The two ocean steamers, the Parisian and the Grand Jury Learn of Methods of Albano, whose 1,800 passengers were saved from possible death at sea after the collission between the two vessels off the harbor's mouth yesterday by a thrilling 15-mile race for shallow water, showed plainly today how serious was the accident, the Parisian resting on the bottom at her dock and the Albano's fore peak being full of water.

The Parisan, which came up the harbor at 6 o'clock last night with a gaping hole in her starboard side from the Albano's sharp prow, filled gradually during the night, and at dawn her engine room had been flooded, her fires extinguished, her lower deck was awash and her keel resting in the mud. A large part of her cargo is damaged by water, but the bulk of the mail, consisting of 400 sacks, was recovered in good condition.

The statements of the two commanders of the vessels as to the probable cause of the collision are conflicting, and the courts will be invoked to place the responsibility. Proceedings have The Salvation Army has established been begun in the Admiralty court against the Hamburg-American coma fresh air home for Chicago waifs on pany, owners of the Albano, and today that steamer was libelled for \$150,000 damages in behalf of J. & A. Allan, owners of the Parisian. Later it was announced that a counter suit would be brought by the German company.

MEXICO ON GOLD BASIS.

President Diaz Issues Decree Authorized by Congress.

Mexico City, March 28. - President Diag has issued a decree for the reform of the monetary system authorized by nations have chosen Roosevelt to act congress in December last. The decree establishes the 2-peso, or silver dollar, at a standstill, owing to the action of at a value of 50 cents gold, and the theoretical unit of the Mexican currency is defined to be the dollar or peso of 75 centigrams of gold.

An important feature of the decree is a provision for a reserve exchange fund, which, at first, will consist of \$18,000,000 or \$15,000,000, and may be increased. The original plan did not provide for the immediate estabdishment of this fund, but it is now deemed wise to start with one simultaneously with the beginning of the new monetary system.

The mint will be closed April 16 to the free coinage of silver and the new monetary system, will go into effect May 1. The publication of the decree gives general satisfaction in business and financial circles. It assures business men against losses in importing.

STANFORD CASE IS DROPPED.

Every Clew Known to San Francisco Police is Run to Earth.

San Francisco, March 28 .- It was announced at police headquarters today that every known clew in the Stanford case had been run to earth, and that the complexion of the matter had not changed in the least. Barring a confession or something "turning up," the police admit that they will never solve the mystery of how, January 14, in this city, strychnine poison was placed in the Poland water used by the late Mrs.

army cuases Russian officials at St. That portion of the mystery connect-Petersburg to fear communications have ed with her tragic death at Honolulu, been cut and possibly the army itself the police say, has been solved on the cut off.

the New York City railway company the New York City railway company the copper ore and they own wonderful deposits of call for an outlay of \$165,000,000. Ausoda was placed there by some druggist expenditure of \$65,000,000. and intended as a tonic.

The police detectives working on the case have all turned their attention to other matters, and while nominally men are detailed on the case, in reality the department has entirely dropped it.

CORTELYOU TO SUCCEED SHAW

Will Become Secretary of Treasury in Another Year.

Washington, March 28 .- Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, has pressure on Linievitch has has been re- signified his intention of retiring from public office on February 1, 1906, at the end of a four-year term. It is re-ported in official circles in Washington that Postmaster General George B. Cortelyou will succeed him. No authorized statement has been made on this point, but the assumption is generally accepted as correct.

Aliens by the Thousand.

for the last week of 26,000 aliens and against the same company, now in the progress since the first of the month. an i \$60,000,000 is placed as the amount with the prospects of at least 23,000 supreme court, has been decided. Mr. All but three of the gigantic 110-foot more to come in on the steamships arriving this week, it is probable that all evidence in its favor during the hearfore the spring is ended. From all parts | would make no promises. of Europe ailens are booked to arrive and the resources of the station at Ellis island will be taxed to the utmost. At the next session of congress Mr. Sargent will ask for an appropriation for the establishment of a display of the various states' resources.

In Very Strong Position.

guard to a very strong position, where 5,000,000 roubles each. they will be able to withstand any attack of the Japanese. The dispatch states that the spirits of the men is of let and deliveries will begin next the best and that they are becoming Mrs. Elizabeth Cass Goddard, one of more and more confident. It is further the most prominent women of Colostated that General Kuropatkin is distinguishing himself.

Hit by a Bomb.

spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spikes and rails loose from the Rock Nolsen, chief of police of warsaw, at a spike was reported and the rock of th that the Baron was severely wounded. | deputy sheriff.

GETS AT THE FACTS

Beef Trust.

VIOLATIONS OF LAW ARE SOUGHT

Price Are Kept Uniform-Big Profits for Packers, Small Ones for Retail Merchants.

Chicago, March 25. - The Federal grand jury which is investigating the pusiness methods of the packers acduring the cay. Thomas G. Ruddy, of Ruddy Bros., an independent packing firm of Kansas City, and Michael R. Murphy, general manager for the contributed the bulk of the information, Mr. Ruddy occupying the chair all afternoon.

Both of the witnesses, after leaving the grand jury room, expressed the besettled policy in asking questions which bore directly on the charges of violation of the interstate commerce law and the Sherman anti-trust law. They did not construe the questions asked of them to be framed for the purpose of gathering general information con-

cerning the packing industry. Testimony showing the profits of retail meat dealers and prices of unfailing uniformity for meats at the "big five" oackers' branch houses was given. In detailed statement the cost and sale Preliminary Pourparlers Being Held in prices of beef handled by retailers in Kansas City was explained by Robert Hall, a dealer from that city, and the high prices blamed on the packers. were making 100 per cent profit on beef s incorrect, and, while on some cuts the profit is almost that amount, it is equalized by the fact that an equal per profit.

Mr. Hall's testimony also showed that the packer who pays \$4.75 per 100 \$8 per 100 pounds to the

There were 30 witnesses in the jury oom annex at the opening of the session. Extra precautions were taken to prevent witnesses from coming in contact with outsiders. The doors were locked and Deputy Marshal Middleton not aware of steps toward peace. sat inside, while Captain Porter stood outside the door.

PLANS FOR MORE SUBWAYS

New York Opens Bids for Structures Costing \$230,000,000.

New York, March 25 .- Plans for subways to cost \$230,000,000, submitted by the New York City railway company capital. There are strong indications town at the bottom can be reached and by the Interborough company were made public today by the board of rapid the negotiations will be conducted at vertical cliffs. These strange folk tan transit commissioners. The plans of Stockholm, if the preliminaries prove buckskin and make beautiful baskets; natural causes and that the powdered gust Belmont's plans for additions to point was raised against past or future strychnine found in the bicarbonate of the Interborough system provide for the conferences there that there is a large

call for a four-track extension of the resent subway from Grand Central station to 149th street, the Bronx, on the East side; an extension on the

Brooklyn. bridge.

Standard Asks for Mercy.

Topeka, Kan., March 25. - E. D. Eddy, of Chicago, general counsel of the Standard Oil company, conferred New York, March 28 .- With a total Gas company until the onster case The work of demolition had been in Eddy said the Standard would show immigration figures will be broken be- ing of the ouster case. Governor Hoch had been taken down. While workmen

Trade in Desperate Straits.

Moscow, March 25. - One of the strongest factors toward peace is the critical financial stituation here and in all of the towns of South Russia. Deeffect that there existed strong possihility of an internal loan being nego-St. Petersburg, March 28. - A dis- tiated, it can be stated upon authority territory from Fairbanks to Cape Nome, patch received from Sypingai states that the people have no money to loan that the Russian commander has suc- and trade is in a desperate state. Two advertising the exposition as he goes. ceeded in withdrawing all of his rear of the largest firms have failed for J. H. Ridgeway, government taxiderm-

> First Female Deputy Sheriff. Colorado Springs, Colo., March 25 .-

rado, was today appointed a deputy Warsaw, March 28 .- A bomb was rado, While she has received the apthrown into the carriage of Baron von pointment in order to facilitate her

TWO GREAT PROJECTS.

Reclamation of Tract in Idaho and Another in Montana.

Washington, March 27 .- The secretary of the interior today set apart \$1,-300,000 from the reclamation fund for the purpose of beginning operations in connection with the Payette-Boise irrigation project in Idaho, and \$1,000,-000 for the same purpose in connection with the Milk River project in Montana. It is calculated that 370,000 acres will be reclaimed in Idaho and 325,000 in Montana, and the ultimate cost of the two enterprises is fixed at \$11,000,000 and \$10,000,000 respectively.

An international question is involved in the Milk river case, as a portion of that river, from which it is proposed to quired a lot of information today from divert water, lies in Canada, and to two of the four witnesses examined the matter Secretary Hitchcock has been giving personal attention. After conferring with the president, he has instruc ed Director Walcott, of the Geological survey, to take immediate steps to carry into effect the plans of Cudshy Packing company in South the reclamation service for storing Omaha, Sioux City and Kansas City, floods in St. Mary's lake, diverting the water of St. Mary's river over into the head of Milk river and ultimately across the headwaters of Milk river in to the Mariae and again out of the Marias back into Milk river in Monlief that the grand jury was pursuing a tana, thus creating a great artificially regulated system of water supply south of the international boundary.

It is expected that construction will

be begun this season on the diversion of St. Mary's river into the headwaters of Milk river, allowing the water to flow for a time through Canada back into the United States.

PEACE IS NEAR.

Northern Capital.

Paris, March 27 .- Inquiry late last night tends to strongly confirm the The gist of the evidence was that the statement in last evening's dispatch charge made by packers that retailers that approaches toward peace between Russia and Japan have already begun at a private conference in a Northern European capital. In view of the centage is sold at a loss or at least no statement from St. Petersburg that pourparlers were going on in Paris, the Associated Press last night called at pounds for beef on the hoof sells it at the Russian embassy and at the Japre- anese legation. Ambassador Nelidoff tailer, who averages a trifle less than stated specifically that he knew noth-\$10.43 in gross receipts for the same ing about such negotiations being in progress here, and Minister Montono, while declining to discuss the general question of peace, authorized the statement that no pourparlers were occurring in Paris. At the foreign office it was also stated that officials there were

The foregoing statements by Count Nelidoff and Dr. Montono, while indicating that negotiations are not proceeding here, do not alter the main esting. For instance, there are the statement that peace preliminaries are Havasupt, who live deeper down in atually progressing elsewhere. The the bowels of the earth than any other real explanation is probably to be known human beings. Their dwelling found in the Paris dispatch of last place is Cataract Canyon, an offshoot evening that a preliminary conference of Grand Canyon, which is called the had already been held at a northern Place of the Ladders, because the that this capital is Stockholm, and that only by such means, descending the and influential Britsh element at that The Interborough company's plans capital, whose sympathics might be hostile to Russia.

Sweeping Increase in Wages.

Pittsburg, March 27 .- Officials of the West side from Times square to the United States Steel corporation are re-Battery; two additional tracks to the ported to have completed all plans pre-Second avenue elevated, and extensions paratory to making the announcement dians—the word "pueblo" meaning a and loops on Manhattna island and in of a sweeping wage increase to go into effect Saturday, April 1. The amount The plans of the New York City rail- of the increase is not known at present, way company provide for three com- but it is stated that, with the exception plete new lines paralleling the present of tonnage men in the steel mills, all subway, with a cross-town line at employes will receive the full amount Thirty-fourth street and the Brooklyn of the former reduction. The total increase, they say, will approximate \$9,-000,000. The advance will affect 90, 000 workmen in this district.

Washington Building Falls. St. Louis, March 27 .- While workwith Governor Hoch today regarding oil men were rating the tall building legislation in this state. Mr. Eddy erected by the state of Washington at asked that no receivership proceedings the World's fair, the building suddenly be started against the Prairie Oil and collapsed and three men were injured. timber prope that peculiarly characterized the construction of the building were taking down another the building

Collecting Alaska Exhibit. Washington, March 27 .- The Interior department recently sent Godfrey Chealander on a tour of Northern Alasspite the rosy stories sent abroad to the ka to collect exhibits for the Lewis and of which is the famous "snake dance." Clark exposition, in addition to those collecting specimens on the way and ist, is now at Sitka preparing the Alaska fur exhibit for Portland.

Lena Remains Until War Ends. San Francisco, March 27 .- First Assistant Secretary of State F. B. Loomis, when asked today whether he had resheriff of El Paso county by Sheriff solved on any action with regard to the Grimes. She is the only woman occu- Russian cruiser Lena, which is now pying this office in the state of Colo- held at Mare Island, said: "I paid a visit to the Lena yesterday, but she will not be released until the war is Nolken, chief of police of Warsaw, at 8 work in the protection of mistreated ended, for that would be a breach of

WHERE FOUR TRAINS MEET.



THE TIPTON (IND.) STATION, ON THE LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. B. Tipton, Ind., enjoys the distinction of being the daily meeting place of twelve passenger trains under very unusual circumstances. Four trains on the Lake Erie and Western Railroad arrive from, and depart for, the four

principal points of the compass, three times each day passing at this point. Three times a day during six days of the week the four steel chargers are seen drawn up at the station crossing, as shown in the accompanying illustration, which is reproduced from the Four-Track News. They exchange passengers, baggage, mail and express from the north, south, east and west, then pass each other and follow the rails in their several directions. Twice during daylight they stand there and snort at each other, and once in the dark they come together, each trying to outdazzle the other with its hig. bright eye.

PICTURESQUE ANTIQUITY.

Ruius of a Civilization Existing Before Columbus Landed.

With the entrance of New Mexico and Oklahoma (Indian Territory being included in the latter) as States, there will be admitted many copper-colored voters. The Pueblo Indians of New Mexico and Arizona are full-fledged citizens even now, under the terms of the treaty by which the country they occupy was acquired from Mexico. In Oklahoma are a number of tribes which, having recently accepted allotments of land in severalty, are endowed with the privilege of the franchise; and, though the so-called "five civilized tribes" of the Indian Territory are as yet a nation separate and



TYPICAL NEW MEXICAN TOWN.

distinct from our own, they will like wise possess the right of ballot when, in 1906, the region they inhabit is opened to settlement.

Some of these peoples, voters and non-voters, comprised within the area mentioned, are very curious and interthe manufacture of paints, which are eagerly sought by the Moki for coloring their weird masks and other paraphernalla for ceremonial dances. The Moki are such marvelous runners that frequently they make a trip on foot to the canyon, a distance of 100 miles, in

a single day. The Moki of Arizona and the Zuni of New Mexico are called Pueblo Intown. They are builders of towns of a most peculiar pattern, which are



OLDEST HOUSE IN AMERICA.

constructed much after the manner of beehives, an entire city being practically under one roof, with a multiplicity of rooms arranged in suites Entrance to the apartments is accomplished by ladders. These aborigines are sun-worshipers, and the orb of day is their great god. Next in importance in their cosmogony is the anake god, who controls the rain supply. In honor of various divinities are held elaborate dances, the most remarkable in which some of the participants actshown at St. Louis. He will cover the ually carry five live rattlesnakes in their mouths. Another odd custom of theirs obliges the young girls to wear their hair done up at the sides of their heads in such a way as to imitate of this micro-organism the disease cansquash flowers, while the treases of the old women are braided to represent the withered stalks of the squash

From an antiquarian standpoint this southwestern region is the most won derfully interesting on the continent. Here where snakes hiss and rattle and the coyote howls was a civilization long before Columbus touched these shores and relics of it are still blistered by the sun in their derest loneliness. Hundreds of ruins are to be found of a race of men who, scientists tell us, were 7 and 8 feet tall sisters.

and who lived in houses cut in the solid rock. Here the cliff dwellers had their seat of power and here are the links which bind the old Spanish invaders with the civilization of to-day. As one walks about Santa Fe, or any of the other cities, scenes of the conturies past greet his eye. Santa Fe is the site of an ancient pueblo, or town, ruine of which are still visible, and which present a singular contrast to the street cars, electric lights and other features of modern city life to be found in this second oldest city of the United States. One of the interesting spots is an old house of crumbling stone and mortar which is reputed to be the oldest house in the United States. Not far from Santa Fe are villages which present all the aspects of the aborigines practically as they appeared to Cortes and Coronado. Of the adobe towns, or pueblos, the most noted in Taos, which lies in a beautiful valley, watered by branches of the Rio Grande. It has two great adobe buildings five stories high, surrounded by prosperous ranches.

The pueblos of New Mexico are nineteen in number and are very similar in appearance. Each accommodates from 100 to 300 persons, the pueblo Indians being communistic in their manner of living. The houses are built one upon another, in a succession of terraces, sometimes five in number, the upper stories being reached by means of ladders. The walls are very thick and the interior is gained, not through doors, but by entrance ways cut in the roof. The Pueblo Indians have been pronounced by ethnologists to be the oldest race on the

COLD CAUSED BY MICROBE.

Popular Notion that It Is Caused by

Exposure a Failure. The common theory that all colds are the result of exposure of some sort is a great mistake. Exposure is not the direct cause of the disease. Scientists say that colds are caused by a hostile microbe, which gains a foothold when vitality is lowered by exposure, and one is inured to exposures b has an effective remedy against the microbe of cold as well as many others. There are many evidences to prove this theory. There are many places where it is impossible to catch cold, because there is no cold to catch.

Nansen and his men, during the three years they spent in the arctic regions. were immune from cold, though they were constantly enduring exposure of every kind. They passed day after day in clothes so saturated with perspiration that by day they froze into a solld mass, so that they cut into the flesh. And at night, in their sleeping bags, the first hour was spent in thawing out. They returned to civilization none the worse in health, but soon contracted severe colds upon reaching there.

Then there is the remarkable instance of St. Kilds, that lonely, rocky island which was visited by Dr. Johnson when he and Boswell were making their famous tour of the Hebrides. There are about 100 inhabitants on the island. The coasts are so precipitous that for eight months of the year it is practically inaccessible. Several vessels from the mainland call there during the summer. And, strange to say, whenever a ship reaches the iniand from the mainland every inhabitant, even to the infants, is seized with a cold. This fact has been known for more than 200 years and was of great interest to Dr. Johnson, who was skep-

tical concerning it. The question of this St. Kilds cold long puzzled men, who never dreamed that it was an infectious disease and that without the possibility of infection it is impossible to catch it, no matter what the exposure may be. That is to say, it is due to a microorganism, and without the presence

not be contracted. What It Signifies.

"When a man writes poetry to a girl it's a pretty good sign that he truly loves her, isn't it?" "Not necessarily," answered Miles

Cayenne. "It may be that be merely happened to think of a lot of words that rhyme with her name."-Washington Star.

Those women who look "as if a wind could blow them away," can usually sweep and dust all around their heavier