

Or West Society

# THE BEND BULLETIN.

VOL. I.

BEND, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1903.

NO. 36.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

### GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

Democrats will oppose any canal treaty negotiated with Panama.

The diplomatic agent of Panama has been received by President Roosevelt.

The powers have notified Turkey that she must accept the Macedonian reform plan at once.

Senator Foster will win his fight for a place on the committee of commerce over Mitchell.

Senator Mitchell will give a banquet to all of the Western senators and at that time explain fully the 1905 exposition.

The department of the interior has withdrawn 2,142,000 acres of land in the Great Falls, Mont., land district. The withdrawal is for the purpose of investigating in connection with a proposed irrigation scheme.

Vancouver, B. C., Chinese are working a new scheme to evade the laws. Corporations with large capital on paper are being formed and Celestials without a penny are now classed as merchants. This entitles them to go to China and return as they please.

Colombia has sent general Reyes to try to make peace with Panama.

Rear Admiral Beardslee died of apoplexy while visiting in Georgia.

The tie-up of Colorado mines by the strike is more general than expected.

The San Dominican republic has fallen into the hands of the revolutionists.

Germany will not listen to scheme of Colombia that it establish a protectorate.

The powers have given Turkey to understand that her objections to the Macedonian reform plan are trivial.

Both houses of Panama did little business the second day save to receive the president's message.

A freight train at Easton, Pa., ran down a street car, killing two persons and hurting a number of others, five seriously.

Ten thousand people, mostly women, crowded the streets of New York to see Miss May Goelet on her way to church to become the Duchess of Roxburgh, and the disorder was unparalleled.

King Edward, of England, has celebrated his sixty-second birthday.

President Roosevelt has formally asked Senator Hanna to manage his campaign.

A bill asking statehood for New Mexico is No. 1 on the calendar in the house.

The Italian minister of finance committed suicide because he was accused of corruption.

Pope Pius X has held his first consistory and named two cardinals, but neither of them are from America.

Emperor William, of Germany, underwent a successful operation for the removal of a tumor from his throat.

A diplomatic agent of the new Panama republic has written Senator Morgan enlisting his support for the Panama canal.

John Mitchell, president of the Mineworkers' union, is said to be slated for a cabinet position. He denies the report.

The United States battleship Maine has been sent to Colon.

Russo-Japanese conflict is growing more and more remote.

St. Louis jury in the bribery case of State Senator Farris, is unable to agree.

Democrats have selected John S. Williams, of Mississippi, as their leader.

The republican house caucus has unanimously selected Joseph G. Cannon as speaker.

Great Britain was surprised at the quick recognition given the Colombian revolutionists by the United States.

Colombian troops will march on Cocha and Panama despite the recognition of the new republic by the United States.

Howard Haynie, convicted of highway robbery by a Seattle court, has been sentenced to six years in the Walla Walla penitentiary.

## STRIKERS IN RIOT.

### Chicago Carmen Attack Nonunion Crews and Drive Them From Streets.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—Constant scenes of disorder, over a district approximately 50 square miles in extent, resulted today from the inauguration of a strike by the employes of one of the two principal surface street railway companies in Chicago. All along the lines, wherever cars were started, strike sympathizers made desperate onslaughts on the crews, beginning at dawn of day, and continuing as long as the cars remained on the tracks.

The tie-up was made complete. A number of cars were wrecked, and that no person was killed is no fault of the rioters. One man's back was broken, and the first shot of the strike was fired at Wentworth avenue and West Sixty-ninth street, where a mob of several hundred persons tried to hold up a train.

Derogatory remarks regarding the union by an armed nonunion employe of the company caused a riot at Thirty-sixth and State streets tonight. The man was chased into an engine house near by, and before the police could reach the spot a mob of 2,000 persons surrounded the place, howling for the life of the refugee. A squad of policemen, after a great deal of difficulty, finally quelled the disturbance and removed the man to a place of safety.

Many persons, chiefly nonunion street car men, were injured by flying splintered glass. Two women were among those hurt.

Excepting a few dozen passengers, who had to flee from the cars, the 300,000 patrons of the company were forced to all other sorts of methods to get down town and back.

## RANT AT AMERICA.

### Colombians are Wild Over the Loss of Panama.

Colon, Nov. 14.—The Royal Mail steamer Orinoco arrived this morning, bringing news of General Torres and the Colombian troops he took from here after the proclamation of the republic of Panama. The soldiers behaved well on the voyage.

On the arrival of General Torres and his troops at Cartagena the news of the events on the isthmus quickly spread and caused excitement. General Torres and his officers were threatened with arrest as traitors, but the threat was not put into effect. The populace, greatly excited, soon crowded the streets crying, "Down with the Americans."

United States Consul Ingersoll, fearing violence, remained shut up in the consulate.

The Barranquilla authorities had intended sending 300 Colombian troops by the Orinoco to Cartagena, but learned that the vessel had debarked General Torres and his men, and decided to keep the men at Barranquilla. The excitement at Barranquilla increased with the spreading of the news of the secession of the isthmus, which was supplemented by exaggerated accounts of the alleged part played by the United States therein.

Fears are entertained for the safety of Americans in Colombia, and of the possibility of the anger of the populace being vented against foreigners generally. The authorities at Savannah have mounted two obsolete guns covering the wharf.

## PRICE FIXED ON FRIAR LANDS.

### Taft Appears to Have Solved Vexatious Philippine Problem.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Advisers reaching the war department from Manila indicate that before he sails for the United States on December 22, Governor Taft will have succeeded in settling one of the most vexatious problems connected with the acquisition of the Philippines, namely, the adjustment of the claims of the friars for their extensive property holdings in the islands. The price to be paid approximates \$7,000,000.

Negotiations to this end have been in progress at Manila between Governor Taft and Mgr. Guido, the papal delegate, ever since the governor's return to the island from Rome. The main obstacle to a settlement appears to have been an issue between the papal delegate and the religious orders as to the proportion of the purchase money to be paid by the insular government that was to be turned over to Rome. This, it is understood, has been agreed upon.

## America Wants Port Opened.

London, Nov. 14.—The Daily Mail's Tokio correspondent says the United States minister at Seoul, Corea, has presented a note urging that Corea speedily open the port of Yonampho.

## TO STOP FRAUDS

### LAND BILL IS INTRODUCED IN SENATE BY HANSBROUGH.

Nation to Hold Title to Land Forever and Sell the Timber to the Highest Bidder Urges Appeal of Two Acts—Aims at Those Applying to Tracts Containing Timber and Stone.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Senator Hansbrough introduced a bill in the senate, which by implication, repeals the timber and stone act, under which land is now acquired at \$3.50 an acre, regardless of its real value. The measure is intended to cure defects in existing laws, stop speculation in public timber lands and put an end to the frauds which recently have grown into a national scandal. It was referred to the committee on public lands, of which the author is chairman.

If Senator Hansbrough's measure becomes a law, all the timber land on the public domain will be withdrawn from entry, and the government will enter upon the policy of disposing of its timber at its market value. One provision in the bill prohibits the entry of these lands under the homestead or old land laws. It is argued by Senator Hansbrough that in leaving the fee to the land in the government, reformation will take place and the sale of timber will be a source of large revenue.

The second section of the bill amends the lieu land section so as to provide when a settler whose entry falls within a forest reserve, selects another piece of land in lieu of his original entry it must be more valuable for agricultural purposes than for timber or stone. Under the existing laws, many of the entrymen who find themselves within a forest reserve cut and dispose of the timber on the land, and later go outside of the reserve and file a homestead on other timber land.

The third section of the bill amends the act of March 11, 1901, and requires all proofs of commuted homestead and desert land entries to be made before registers and receivers in local land offices. This proposed amendment to existing law is recommended by the commissioner of the general land office, who, in his last report, says: "The privileges gained by the act have been greatly abused, particularly by United States commissioners, who have often been parties to wholesale frauds in connection with proofs made before them."

## AID TO 1905 FAIR.

### Mitchell Introduces Bill Asking for \$2,125,000 Appropriation.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Senator Mitchell today introduced his Lewis & Clark bill, appropriating \$2,125,000 for the benefit of the 1905 exposition. As soon as he receives data for which he has written, he will make a full explanation of the purposes of the bill in the open senate.

The government is asked to appropriate \$2,125,000 to aid in the celebration of the exploration of the Oregon country by Captains Meriwether Lewis and William Clark. The Lewis and Clark exposition will be held in Portland, Or., commencing May 1, 1905, and ending November 1, 1905, or beginning a month later and closing a month earlier. If these dates should be designated by the legislative assembly of Oregon.

Senator Mitchell said, in reference to the bill, that the exposition would receive the support of the state of Oregon through an appropriation of \$500,000, and a contribution by the citizens of Oregon of \$450,000. The author of the bill gave notice of his intention to make a few remarks in connection with the measure before it was referred to the committee on industrial exhibitions.

Included in the amount which the government is asked to appropriate is \$200,000 for the building of a memorial building to be used for literature, arts and science, and for the history of the Oregon country. The president is given authority to appoint seven commissioners to be designated as the international Lewis and Clark commission, two members of which will act in conjunction with a like number appointed by the Lewis and Clark Centennial and American Pacific Exposition and Oriental Fair, as a board of arbitration to adjust all matters of difference between the national commission and the company.

## Cuban Treaty Foes Give Up.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Speaker Cannon was assured today by one of the most prominent leaders of the opposition to Cuban reciprocity in the last congress that there would be little or no opposition among republicans to the bill carrying into effect the Cuban reciprocity treaty.

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## SCHEDULE

SOUTHBOUND		NORTHBOUND	
Leave Shaniko .....	6 p. m.	Leave Bend .....	6:30 a. m.
Arrive Prineville .....	6 a. m.	Arrive Prineville .....	12:00 m.
Leave Prineville .....	1 p. m.	Leave Prineville .....	1 p. m.
Arrive Bend .....	6:30 p. m.	Arrive Shaniko .....	1 a. m.

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