

# The Bend Bulletin

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY  
 MAX LUEDDEMANN  
 DON P. REA Editor

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**  
 Per year ..... \$1.00  
 Six months ..... .50  
 Three months ..... .25  
 (variably in advance.)

Advertisers who wish to change their ads should have copy in our office Tuesday noon preceding the issue in which change is desired.

FRIDAY - APRIL 17, 1903

## IRRIGATION IN OREGON.

Under plans recently laid out after numerous conferences with Representative Moody, the geological survey will divert a large part of its field force to the Eastern Oregon field during the coming summer, and examinations of various character tending to the development and upbuilding of that section will be pursued in several localities. The first work of importance is the examination, already commenced, on Butter Creek, with a view of outlining a project for the reclamation of about 200,000 acres of fertile but semi-arid land included within the limits of the recent departmental withdrawal. It is not known what part of the withdrawn lands is susceptible of reclamation on a paying basis. It is not known how much land the available water of Umatilla river will irrigate. It is just what system of reservoirs and canals will get the water on the land to the best advantage. All of these things are to be studied and planned by the experts now in the field, and by those who will soon join them.

Work was inaugurated on Butter Creek because that proposition, from the little known of it, presented more attractive features than any other project in the state that is open to the Government. The subsequent failure of the Oregon irrigation committee to recommend to the survey any one project in the state as superior to all others on its face made it necessary for the department to defer to the judgment of someone willing to shoulder the responsibility, and familiar with the Eastern Oregon situation. Therefore the deference paid to the recommendation of Representative Moody.

During his two terms in congress Representative Moody has been ever mindful of the interests of Eastern Oregon. Before his time that part of the state received little recognition. The geological survey looked upon it as a dead area, and gave it no serious consideration in allotting funds for field work. Now that has all changed, and Eastern Oregon has become a very important factor, and is accorded a great deal of recognition. When, in after years, the results of the examinations and surveys of the present day become apparent, and there is something more than mere reports to show for the work, the people will begin to appreciate that their interests have been well cared for at Washington. Now that there has been a start; now that Eastern Oregon has been seriously reckoned with, its needs made known, and steps have been taken to provide for them, it will be easier to keep the work going. Never until Hydrographer Newell, of the geological survey, and Forester Pinchot, of the agricultural department, made personal tours of Eastern Oregon with Representative Moody, did they have any conception of the true conditions of that vast part of the state. Since they have been shown, they have demonstrated their appreciation of the conditions, and have wielded an influence with others in higher authority, to the benefit of Eastern Oregon.—Oregonian.

The foregoing from the Oregon-

ian of the 8th inst. is of interest to the inhabitants of the dry country, as an evidence of what the government, thanks to Mr. Moody, intends to do. It also shows the good work that was not accomplished by the Oregon Irrigation Convention, which was mostly occupied in factional fights and petty personalities and left not the least evidence of benefit or good for Oregon behind it.

## FORTY BILLION FEET OF LUMBER.

For the benefit of many people who are inquiring from day to day regarding the resources and development of southern Crook county, more particularly the Deschutes valley and the country immediately contiguous to Bend; and for others who may desire some knowledge of this practically undiscovered country, we will endeavor to present a few facts concerning the country and give a conservative estimate of conditions a few years hence.

Bend, or Farewell Bend, as it has been known since the time of the earliest immigrants, is situated on the Deschutes river about 160 miles from the mouth. It is just on the dividing line between the immense sage and juniper flats of Crook county and the great belt of yellow pine timber which extends for several hundred miles south.

The Deschutes river has an average fall from Bend south for about 12 miles of approximately 50 feet to the mile, and at Benham falls, some 13 miles south of Bend, the river falls about 300 feet in a half-mile, making an ideal spot for the utilization of the grandest water power on the Pacific coast.

The government reports estimated that in the yellow and sugar pine territory contiguous to Bend there are some forty billions of feet of timber awaiting transportation to the Eastern market, where it will replace the white pine of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, which is about all used up; and it is conservatively estimated that there will be expended about \$4.00 per thousand feet to prepare this timber for market, which means that about \$160,000,000 will be distributed among the people during the next twenty or twenty-five years in this country for labor alone. The only thing which causes delay in sawing up this timber now is the lack of adequate railroad transportation; but with the assurance now of the Columbia Southern, this time next year will see the logs moving toward the mills at Bend, and thousands of men will be working in the mills and in the woods.

Bend is the natural distributing point for these men, as the mills and mill owners will be here, and it will bring business in large quantities to the merchants, doctors, lawyers, policemen, etc., who are coming to make Bend their home.

It would be an easy matter to fill these pages with descriptions of the possibilities and actualities of this great country; but we will let the timber interests suffice for this issue, and from time to time we shall print articles relating to our agricultural development both prospective and actual. We shall also describe the climate, natural curiosities, and wonderful resources of this section, in the hope that it may reach those who are ignorant of or in doubt about our country; and do some good towards the development and upbuilding of Central Oregon.

A large amount of Prineville capital has gone into the "Dixie Meadow" property near Prairie City, which property is being promoted by Dr. Belknap. From all accounts of the property it is a fine one, and the investors will doubtless realize nicely on their investments, but Crook county people have promising property inside the

boundaries of their own county which is only needing a little capital to make it as valuable as that of any other section of the state. It is only another illustration of the oft-referred to fact that when it comes to mining ventures, people prefer spending their money on some property away from home. So far very little Prineville money has found its way in to this camp, although it offers one of the most promising fields in the Northwest for profitable mining investments.—Ashwood Prospector.

## THE ANVIL CHORUS AGAIN.

A party of three gentlemen passed through Antelope Wednesday morning, en route to the Bend country, in search of farming lands and timber. These gentlemen came from Chicago, and they stated that in the East all eyes are turned towards the Pacific coast. They predicted a tremendous immigration to the far West from that section of the country within the next few years.—Herald.

These gentlemen arrived in Bend a few days ago, after a thorough examination of the Columbia Southern Irrigation Co.'s proposition, and expressed themselves as very well pleased with the outlook over there, and at the determination of the owners to complete their contract this year. They said that a great many people in the country who hated to see any sort of development were "knocking" the irrigation companies, especially some people at Shaniko, who had a large tale of woe to give the people about what they thought would not be done; but as these dispensers of hot air had never been in the Tumello or Bend countries, they took their harangues "cum grano salis" and were prepared to locate immediately. They said that a large party of Chicago people were awaiting their decision in regard to the land and would start for this place immediately.

The aforementioned crowd of members of the anvil chorus belong to that gang of prehistoric lunkheads of whom mention was made in a previous issue. They will employ any means, fair or foul, to prevent the Columbia Southern from extending. Their heels meet the

**MONOPOLE**

Ask Your Grocer For

**THE BEST**

In Teas, Coffees, Spices,  
and Baking Powders.

They are the cheapest  
High Grade Goods

**IN THE WORLD**

Take None But Monopole.  
No Store is Complete Without

**MONOPOLE**

people who are coming out here to investigate conditions and opportunities, and try to poison their minds in regard to this country, because they know that every new settler south of Shaniko is an additional weight on the side of the C. S. Ry. Co.'s argument for extension to Bend.

We do not advise people to not listen to the lies and misrepresentations poured forth by these people, because if they come over the C. S. Ry. through Shaniko they are bound to hear them; but we do advise them to come to the Bend country and see for themselves and then go back by way of Shaniko with good words for us and a deaf ear to the protestations of a bunch of people who became rich at the gaming table, and are sore because they are not able to steal it all.

Binger Hermatii secured the Republican nomination for representative in congress from the first Oregon district, after a hard fight with several other candidates, who held enough votes to defeat him but could not effect a combination. This nomination is equivalent to an election, and it is sincerely hoped that Mr. Hermann will reform his

ways and continue the good work so rudely broken into by the death of Hon. Thos. H. Tongue. Mr. Hermann and his colleague, Mr. Williamson, should emulate the example set by Mr. Malcolm A. Moody.

**Columbia Southern**  
RAILWAY.

PASSENGER TRAIN TIME CARD.  
Effective February 15, 1903.

North-bound	STATIONS.	North-bound
NO. 2 DAILY PASS.		NO. 1 DAILY PASS.
LEAVE P. M.		ARRIVE A. M.
1:30	BIGGS	11:25
1:55	Antelope	11:00
2:14	Sinks	10:52
2:24	Wasco	10:45
2:27	Kinsley	10:30
2:33	Summit	10:25
2:45	Hay Canyon Junction	10:15
2:48	Prineville	10:12
2:58	DeMoss	10:00
3:06	Moro	9:50
3:15	Brinkville	9:42
3:24	Grass Valley	9:35
3:31	Bonbon	9:30
3:38	Leah	9:25
3:45	Willow	9:20
3:50	SHANIKO	9:00
ARRIVE		LEAVE

Daily stage connections at Shaniko for Antelope, Prineville, Bend, Burns, Silver Lake, Lakeview, Mitchell, Dayville, Astoria, Ashwood, Cannon City, John Day City, and Fossil.

C. E. LITTLE, G. F. and P. A. Shaniko, Or.      E. D. WOODSHERY, Superintendent, Shaniko, Or.

# THE BEND BULLETIN

Devoted to the Interests of Eastern Oregon and Crook County in General and the Bend Country in Particular.

WE WANT

## 1000 SUBSCRIBERS 1000

Only  
**\$1.00 per  
Year.**

Bend is the Coming City of Central Oregon. In five years it will have a teeming population of five thousand. If you don't believe this, ask the best posted men in the State on lumber and agricultural matters, and abide by their decision. The Bulletin is here to STAY and keep its readers posted on the improvements made from time to time. Don't you want it? It may give you a tip that will make you rich.

Politically  
**REPUBLICAN.**

MAX LUEDDEMANN,  
Publisher.