

Newberg Graphic

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1918.

Possibly the Salem Journal inadvertently overlooked the kaiser when it put down Colonel Roosevelt as "the world's greatest egoist."

Had J. Henry Albers, the multi-millionaire miller of Portland, stuck to Bull Run water he doubtless would have refrained from making the strong pro-German statements that got him into trouble.

O. C. Leiter, who was at one time city editor of the Oregonian, has been made assistant managing editor of the New York Tribune. A number of Oregon boys have drifted to the big city and made good and we predict that Mr. Leiter will hit the same pace.

Germany is going to be short of men when the war is over and we can easily spare a number of fellows who came from that country in their youth, and, although they have amassed great fortunes here, have proven themselves ungrateful for all the blessings of an indulgent government and opportunities afforded, by showing disloyalty to Uncle Sam. Passage for the Kaiserland should be provided for men of this class as soon as peace is declared.

We are glad to be able to say that so far not in a single instance have we heard a complaint of the slight increase in our advertising rates or the \$2.00 a year subscription rate which became effective the first of this month. When potatoes, bacon or calico costs the merchant more, he sells them for more and the people realize that the same principle must be applied to the newspaper business if the newspaper is to survive.

We still have the names of a few subscribers on our books who have failed to renew, and consequently their names will be dropped after this issue, in accordance with our new paid-in-advance rule. We will allow a few days longer for these to pay up before putting the accounts into the hands of a collection agency but promptness must be observed. We are sorry to be compelled to drop the names of any of our old friends but the authorities say the credit system must go and there must be a starting point. We feel that we have earned the price of every subscription yet unpaid and we hope all will respond promptly and settle their accounts.

Week after week the newspapers have been rediting the fact that while they are being urged and demanded to curtail the use of paper the government departments have been allowed to continue, seemingly, an unbridled use of all classes of paper, and finally after all these months it appears that the fact of the inconsistency has soaked through the boneheads. At least, this statement is made by "Printer's Ink." The reply of the officials of the pulp and paper section to inquiries of this character is that moves have already been made

to carry the paper conservation campaign to every department, bureau and independent institution under the government and that a campaign with this objective will be launched in earnest within the next fortnight. The explanation of any tardiness of action lies in the difficulty of finding the right man for the job. Two or three men have been picked in succession, but after duly considering the proposal have declined. It is a dollar-a-year position and one of pyramided responsibilities, but a specialist who is accounted ideal for the place has promised to report in Washington within two weeks.

While in England a well known physician is said to have expressed his belief that the excessive use of cigarettes in the trenches, which is not only permitted but encouraged, is quite as largely responsible for the growth of insanity as the shock of war. One out of every ten who returns unfit for further service goes insane, he said. He also declared that almost invariably the boys who were unable to bear the nerve strain of the war were excessive cigarette smokers.

At the close of the lyceum season last spring the matter of giving a course for this season was undecided, owing to the uncertainty of conditions, and not until recently has the matter been given serious consideration. Disappointment has been expressed by patrons of the lyceum for some time over the prospective lack of this class of entertainment for the winter and it has been decided to meet the demand. Consequently talent was booked a few days ago and further announcement will be made next week.

Our boys will no doubt learn many things from the French people and in the interval they may be able to show the natives of that fair land a few things. A soldier writing home says he saw five Frenchmen try to shoe a horse and fail, when a Yank who was a blacksmith came along and put a twitch in the horse's nose and shod him alone. The writer says the way they shoe a horse over there is this: One man holds the horse, another holds his leg, while another nails the shoe on.

Fruit growers and grain farmers have had ideal weather almost continuously since fall began and since the rains put the ground in good condition for plowing, much seeding has been done. Horses and tractors have been kept busy and those who depend on hiring others to do their plowing and seeding have had difficulty in getting their work done. Owing to the exceedingly dry season spring-sown grain was almost a failure in the Willamette Valley this year and this has stirred farmers up to the realization of the advantage of fall sowing. This, with the assurance of good prices for wheat next year, is inducing farmers to put in as much fall grain as possible.

ABUNDANT LEGISLATION BUT NO MILK

A number of western states are suffering a milk famine. From laws making milk selling a monopoly to requiring official inspection and tests of the family cow, dairy legislation covers a wide range.

Multiplying regulation laws has discouraged milk production until only the most expert scientific dairymen can follow it.

Some states have hundreds of pages of milk legislation, with state and city inspectors and officials and sanitary milk regulations.

But they have less and less milk

at higher and higher prices as a result of too much interference and laws that hamper industry.

Too much legislation and regulation will kill any industry. The people need less laws and more milk.—Washington Co. News.

TOBACCO COMPANIES' TRICK

A subscriber requests the publication of the following clipping from "Good Health":

It is fair that the public should know that there is a strenuous effort being made to promote the use of tobacco at the present time which is not prompted by sympathy for the soldier or any altruistic motive. It is a great campaign undertaken and financed by the great tobacco companies for the purpose of disposing of a half billion pounds surplus tobacco left on their hands through the collapse of the export tobacco trade which occurred when the United States declared war against Germany.

Every gift to the tobacco fund is a contribution to the treasury of the great tobacco trust and a nail in the coffin of American manhood.

The American Tobacco Company is eager that every man, woman and child in America shall use tobacco, and use as much of it as they can stand. This will make business lively and boost the price of stock.

Every gift to the "Tobacco Fund" is a boost to the devil's business of making tobacco addicts.

PRUNE COMES INTO ITS OWN

Has Won Official Recognition as Confection Worthy of Being Served to Fighting Men.

In the piping times of peace the prune was the butt of cheap wits and the bane of the boarder. Now when the acid test of utility and palatability is applied the despised prune steps into the preferred class—at least on the American army bill of fare. It has won its way solely on its own merit. The counts in its favor are food value, tonic value and value as a confection. It nourishes, stimulates, and delights.

The surgeon general of the army himself testifies to the loyal and helpful support of the once belittled fruit. He has added his recommendation to the approving report of the subsistence division. This report tells us that out of the 1917 crop 20,000,000 pounds of prunes have been consumed by our fighting men. Based on size fifty-five, which is the trade designation of the average prune, the total number consumed would be 1,100,000,000. Placed side by side it is quite possible that this total of prunes wouldn't reach from the American trenches to Berlin, but each prune, no doubt, is doing its best to help the Yankee fighters cover the distance.

There would be a sort of poetical justice in the circumstance if the cheerful idiot and the other boarders whose table wit lingered longest about the patient prune could meet it over there in Flanders and in Picardy and find it honored and extolled as the food of fighting men.

WAGE WAR ON GRASSHOPPERS

California Authorities Devising Ways and Means to Protect Agricultural Lands From Pest.

County horticultural commissioners throughout California have been asked to forward information on the grasshopper pest reported prevalent in a number of districts, particularly in northern California, to George H. Hecke, state horticultural commissioner.

Fragmentary reports received at Hecke's office have indicated that large swarms of grasshoppers have infested agricultural districts in Sutter, Modoc, Lassen, Butte and other counties and have caused considerable damage to crops.

One of the best methods of extermination, an official said, is the spreading of poisoned bran mash, which the hoppers devour quickly. Burning of the grass also is an effective means, but the fire menace at this season necessitates the exercise of greatest caution.

Harrowing, by which means the eggs of the hoppers are brought to the surface to be eaten by ants or other insects and flooding the ground also are advocated to prevent hatching.

The enforcement of laws for the curbing of pests is vested in the county horticultural commissioners, but in cases where the menace to crops is extensive the state commission co-operates in a concerted campaign of extermination, as was done this spring when the state-wide rodent drive was conducted.

Diedain Western Finery.

In reply to an inquiry from an American firm as to the demand here for lace goods and embroideries, it can be stated, reports the American consul at Yokohama, that as the Japanese women cling very tenaciously to their style of dress and as no use is made of lace or embroideries either in their dress or home furnishings, it is improbable that any considerable market can be developed in Japan for American-made lace goods or embroideries. The demand would be limited to the foreign residents here, who now number about 6,000, exclusive of Chinese, and to such goods as are not being manufactured in Japan.

UTZ & DUNN SHOES

Our Shoe Department has just been replenished by a large shipment of Utz & Dunn shoes. They are the newest styles for women. The largest showing in these shoes are in 8 inch tops with either medium or reasonably high heels and pointed plain toes, in black and tan kid leather principally. A goodly number in narrow widths. Give us a trial before going to Portland for a high grade stylish shoe.

OUR BEST SHOES ARE ONLY \$9.00 WHILE
YOU WILL HAVE TO PAY FROM \$10.00 TO
\$12.00 IN PORTLAND FOR THE SAME
QUALITY OF SHOE THAT WE WILL SELL
YOU FOR \$9.00.

Dr. Edison Cushion Shoes

This shoe is also made by Utz & Dunn. Thousands of women have sacrificed foot comfort for style, when ease and good looks might happily have been obtained had they worn this remarkably delightful shoe.

We have put our whole reputation squarely back of the Dr. Edison Cushion Shoe, easy from the time you step your tender, aching feet into it.

The live wool innersole gives quick relief. The jar and jolt disappear, dampness and cold are excluded.

Dr. Edison's Cushion Shoe is a neat, dressy shoe, made of the finest kid leather. It is a shoe that combines style and comfort.

Miller Mercantile Co.

BAIRD'S

COATS

You can get the best quality of all wool Coats for Ladies and Misses at prices far below their value. We still have a good line to show although we have sold a great many. Do not delay but come early and get your coat while you have a good line to select from.

LINENS

We have a nice line of All Pure Linen Table Linens. This linen will make nice Christmas presents. Buy it early. Pure Linen table Damask is very scarce and we consider ourselves lucky in having it to offer you at this time.

HOSE

You can get the nicest line of Silk or Lisle Hose in black or all colors at BAIRD'S.

RIBBONS

A great big line of fancy Ribbons for Christmas fancy work or hair bows.

Fine Crepe DeChine UNDERWEAR

Nothing nicer than this Underwear for Christmas presents. Make your selections while you have a full line to pick from.

Men's, Women's and Children's SHOES

We carry only the quality of Shoes that wear and give satisfaction. If you want to get the most for your money buy your Shoes at BAIRD'S.

Go to Baird's for your GROCERIES

The most popular place in town to buy your groceries is at BAIRD'S. You will always find a good, clean, fresh line of Vegetables and Groceries at popular prices. Prompt delivery. Try trading at BAIRD'S.

USED CARS FOR SALE OR TRADE

Overland 6, 1917 Model	Buick 6, 1917 Model
Four Fords	Studebaker
Hupmobile	Reo
1 Overland 90	2 Model 59 Overlands

These cars range in price from \$175.00 to \$1100.00

Your Liberty Bonds or War Savings Stamps
are as good as cash

TURNER & CHRISTENSEN

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