

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure
Made from Cream of Tartar
NO ALUM—NO PHOSPHATE

A HISTORICAL OLD TREE.

One Planted on Long Island by Senator Rufus L. King.

Perhaps the most historic tree in the vicinity of Jamaica is that on the grounds of King manor. In front of the east entrance, planted over a hundred years ago, it is believed, by Senator Rufus L. King himself. That the distinguished contemporary of Washington and Jefferson and Hamilton and brilliant defender of federal principles planted this tree with his own hands was testified to by the late Hon. John A. King, grandson of Rufus L. King, in a conversation he had on the grounds of the manor on the occasion of the transfer of the historic property to the village of Jamaica.

John A. King, in talking with Judge Fleming at that time, pointed to this old sycamore or buttonwood tree and remarked that his eminent grandfather had planted it. He said, "I think I'll have a plate put on the tree to perpetuate the fact." Whether he ever did so or not, there is no plate there at the present time.

There are several big holes in the trunk, which have been filled in with cement to preserve it. At one time it sheltered a doghouse which stood in the hole at the bottom of the trunk. It is related that in the days of Rufus King and his son, Governor King, there was a bell on the tree, which was rung when people appeared at the gate to give notice that they stood waiting to be admitted. The tree belongs to the plant family. It is doubtless one of the finest specimens of this family to be found in this country.—Long Island Life.

SHOWED HIM THE DOOR.

And Dickens Went and Stood Not Upon the Order of His Going.

Colonel B. was the proprietor of a widely known old house in the south which three-quarters of a century ago had earned its reputation as a well conducted tavern.

When Charles Dickens came to America he stopped at this southern house. He was hardly settled in his room before Colonel B. was at the door. He assured him that his horses, his wines, all the lavish hospitality of a state fanned for its generosity, stood at the convenience of the distinguished visitor.

Dickens received the proffer coldly. In London one did not accept a tavern keeper as a social equal. So it was that he returned the courteous offer by saying that when he wished the services of the innkeeper he would send for him.

For sixty seconds Colonel B. stood silent, his great face growing redder all the while. Finally he stretched out a long arm toward Dickens.

"You go, sir," he stammered. "And do not stand upon the order of your going."

The novelist went. And it is to be trusted he had learned that the American hotel keeper of that day and age was not to be confused with his brother in far-off Europe.—Edward Hungerford in Saturday Evening Post.

Social Structure.

What is a social structure? It may be an ant hill or a democracy. It is usually composed of a mass of individuals banded together for mutual disagreement. It is centripetal and centrifugal. Each individual would like to get out of it, but he doesn't know how. Small masses of individuals, also banded together, would like to get out of it, but they don't know how. Larger masses of individuals banded together would like to get rid of some of the smaller masses, but they don't know how. Nobody wants everybody else to stay. Everybody doesn't want anybody to stay. The result is that nobody can get rid of anybody.

Hence the social structure.—Life.

Origin of Geometry.

There is little doubt that the science of geometry had its origin in Egypt. The annual overflow of the Nile wiped out all landmarks and boundaries, and some reliable means of measuring the earth was an absolute necessity; hence the rise of geometry, which means earth measurement. From all accounts the philosopher Thales took the science from Egypt to Greece, where it was greatly improved and carried very near the perfection it finally reached through the discoveries of the celebrated Descartes of the seventeenth century.

AERIAL NAVIGATION.

Rousseau Thought It Might Come, but the Problem Stumped Him.

A curious little book is an old, old treatise on aeronautics by Jean Jacques Rousseau, called "Le Nouveau Deale."

Like Leonardo da Vinci and Cyrano de Bergerac, Rousseau was haunted by the dream of aerial navigation. We read in his treatise: "Men walk on the earth, they sail on the water and swim in it. Is not the air an element, like the others? What business have the birds to shut us out of their premises while we are made welcome in those of the fishes?"

Rousseau took no stock in any theories propounded by the Darius Greens of his day. He sifted the matter for himself and thought it involved two problems. First, to find a body lighter than air, so that it would rise. He imagined that sooner or later such a body might present itself. There was no telling.

But what stumped him was his second problem—how to make that obliging body stop rising and how to create to make it come down. This was too tough a problem for Jean Jacques, and he wound up his book by admitting it.

For a long time "Le Nouveau Deale" remained unpublished, appearing only in 1801.

BE FAIR WITH THE DOG.

Give It a Square Deal and It Will Repay You For Your Care.

Only muzzle a dog if it is absolutely necessary. The wearing of a muzzle tends to make dogs cross and snappish. It does not prove that a dog has rabies or is mad because it froths at the mouth. It may have a sore throat or a flt.

Clipping the ears is a cruel and barbarous practice, wholly unnecessary, depriving the animal of its natural comfort and beauty and injuring its hearing.

If you must tie up the dog have the end of the chain secured to a ring on a long wire so that it can have the run of at least twenty or thirty feet.

Don't blame the dog for showing no ambition if it is overfed on meats and sweets. Its health and spirits will be of the best if it is given simple but substantial food and allowed the freedom of outdoor life.

Train the dog with firmness and fairness. The animal is eager to learn what is wanted of it and when once it understands will follow instructions with almost human intelligence.—Our Dumb Animals.

"A Right and Lawful Road."

An example of the old rough-and-ready methods of arriving at a measurement is the Elizabethan way of getting the "feet." Falentin Leigh, who wrote on surveying, records that after service on Sunday sixteen men were stopped at the church door, just as they happened to come out, and drawn up in line, left foot to left foot. The length thus obtained was taken as "a right and lawful road to measure and survey the land with," and a sixteenth part of it as "a right and lawful foot." Although big and little men were thus roughly averaged against each other, the results naturally varied to some extent. Hence it is, as Shaw Sparrow notes in treating of this "road" as the architectural "bay" which gives us the "bay window," that a bay is sometimes found to be rather less than sixteen feet of twelve inches.—London Chronicle.

Epictetus.

The "Discourses of Epictetus" were written not by the philosopher himself, but by his faithful pupil Arrian, afterward the historian of Alexander the Great. Arrian tells us that he took down the sayings of his master at the time they were delivered, and thus we may rely upon the substantial correctness of the discourses. Epictetus wrote nothing, and but for the thoughtfulness of his affectionate disciple we would have known nothing of his wonderful teachings—teachings which have inspired many of the greatest men who have lived during the past 2,000 years.

Satisfied With Little.

The Australian bushmen wish only a shelter from the rain, and if they can find a cave or overhanging rock that will shelter them they will build no house. If there is no such natural shelter they select a place where small trees or bushes grow together and weave the branches together and cover them with grass. This forms a roof to keep off the rain.—Pittsburgh Press.

Idle Talk.

"Gosh ding!"
"What happened?"
"I talked two hours trying to persuade that girl to give me a kiss."
"Well?"
"Just as she agreed her father came in and began to talk politics."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Hard to Whip.

"When you're whipped," said Mr. Dolan, "you ought to say you've had enough."

"If I have enough strength left to say I've had enough," replied Mr. Rafferty, "then I'm not whipped yet."—Washington Star.

His Share.

Kris—What did you get out of your aunt's estate? Kross—After settling things up the lawyer blew me to a good dinner and loaned me \$5.—Brooklyn Life.

If you invite people's opinion you're so right to sneer at them because they don't say what you wanted.—David Graham Phillips.

YELLOWSTONE PARK.

Early Stories of Its Amazing Sights Were Not Believed.

The first recorded visit to Yellowstone park was made by John Colter in 1810. He was a trapper and adventurer who took refuge there from hostile Indians. His story of its wonders was discredited. The next recorded visit was by a trapper named Joseph Meek in 1829, who described it as "a country smoking with vapor from boiling springs and burning with gases issuing from small craters." From some of these craters, he said, "issued blue flame and molten brimstone," which, of course, was not true, though doubtless Meek fully believed it to be the truth.

Between 1830 and 1840 Warren Angus Ferris, a clerk in the American Fur company, wrote the first description of the Firehole Geyser basin, but it was not until 1852 that the geyser district was actually defined and the geysers precisely located. This was done by Father de Smet, the famous Jesuit missionary.

It remained for a government expedition, sent out in 1859 under command of Captain W. F. Reynolds, to first really explore and chart the region. Several private explorers followed, but so great was public incredulity as to the marvels they described that they did not dare tell their experiences before any general audiences.

The large exploring expedition under Governor Henry D. Washburn, surveyor general of Montana, in 1870 finally established the facts to the public belief and led to the creation of the Yellowstone National park.

LANTERNS IN CHINA.

Of All Sizes, Shapes and Prices, They Are in Common Use.

Particularly gay and attractive are the shops of the lantern vendors in the Chinese cities.

All varieties of lanterns are to be seen—the large silken ones three and four feet high, gorgeously painted with variegated colors, embroidered in gold and silver or decorated with deep fringe of the same material, costing from \$100 to \$200 and used by the wealthy mandarins and others, and common small horn and paper lanterns, used by the coolies, which cost one-sixteenth of a dollar.

The mode of making horn lanterns is very ingenious; the horns are cut into remarkably thin slices which, by means of heat and pressure, are joined together and formed into various shapes; round, square, hexagon, octagon, and some shaped to resemble an hourglass.

It is usual for servants, after supper, to carry before their masters lanterns made either of horn or highly varnished paper, with the same type and dignities painted in large letters thereon.

At the feast of lanterns, which takes place in the early part of the Chinese New Year, these lantern shops and proprietors reap a rich harvest, as it is customary for parents to make presents of lanterns to their children, brother to sister, friend to friend, inferior to superior, and vice versa.

The wise man is cured of ambition by ambition.—La Bruyere.

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains.

Trains for Portland	Trains from Portland
6:37 A. M.	9:03 A. M.
9:10 A. M.	11:02 A. M.
1:17 P. M.	5:23 P. M.
4:05 P. M.	6:58 P. M.
2:25 P. M.	2:05 P. M.
*1:00 A. M.	*12:55 A. M.
*6:51 P. M.	

*Saturday night only.

/Loop Special Saturday & Sunday

Newberg Lodge No. 104 A. P. & A. M. Regular meeting Second and Fourth Thursday evenings of each month.

Visiting brothers always welcome. By order George Larkin, W. M., R. H. C. Bennett, Secretary.

SHILOH RELIEF CORPS NO. 28.—Meetings held the 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month at 2:30 P. M. in the I. O. O. F. Hall.

Minnie B. Byers, Pres. Emma L. Snow, Sec.

WANTED AND FOR SALE

Cummins pays cash for poultry and eggs. 28tf

Have that plow sharpened at McCoy Bros.' garage for 25c.

Get your berry crates and hallocks of Spaulding Logging Co. 32tf

Screens for doors and windows at Spaulding Logging Co. 28tf

Wanted—Fruit or hop stove. C. H. Nichols, phone Black 207. It

The highest market price paid for dried prunes by H. S. Gile & Co. tf

Carriage rubber tires applied at McCoy Bros.' garage. 28tf

Good carpet loom for sale at reasonable price. Joseph Stephens. 35-37

Wanted—Berry pickers by Wade Williams, Springbrook. Phone 24a61. It pd

For Rent—Furnished house. Enquire Mrs. A. Bartholomew, 800 Franklin street. 37 tf

Wanted—Cherry and raspberry pickers by Mills Bros., Springbrook. Phone 26a5. 37-8 pd

Wanted—Cherry pickers at my place in Springbrook. Good picking—C. T. Whittlesey. It

For Exchange—2 lots in Railroad Addition to Astoria for livestock. Mrs. Henry Schutte, Route 3. tf

Good young cow for sale. Just fresh. Calf thrown in. Will give terms. Oregon Hardware & Implement Co. It

Money furnished promptly always on real estate at 7 and 8 per cent. Atty. B. A. Khiks, McMinnville.

For Bargains in new and second hand goods call at Nash's Second Hand Store, 304 First St. 31tf

For Rent—12 acres under cultivation 1 1/4 miles from Newberg. Write or see me. Joseph Stephens. 35-37

Pasture For Rent—3 1/2 miles north of Newberg, good water and grass. Inquire of I. E. Holt, phone Black 145. 35-38 pd

Lone Fir Dairy—Forsweet and sour milk, buttermilk, skim milk and cream. Delivery made of mornings. tf

C. J. Clemenson, Newberg tinner and sheet metal worker, upstairs in E. L. Evans' plumbing shop. 501 First St. 29tf

For Sale or Rent—Six-room house and lot 100x110 feet at about half price. Small barn. J. M. Rittenhouse, Dayton, Avenue. tf

When you need crude carbolic acid, sheep dips, carbolineum creosote and other dope in this line, call on us. Oregon Hdwe. & Imp. Co. 24 tf

Wanted—Blackcap pickers. Phone 10-515. John T. Hawthorth. 36-7 pd

Lost—Ladies' brooch, wishbone pattern. Finder please leave at Graphic office.

Wanted—30 black cap and loganberry pickers by M. W. Gumm. Phone 12a4. tf

Wanted by the Springbrook Canning Co. all the black cap raspberries that are to be had. tf

We give our usual 10 per cent discount on all makes of automobile tires, tubes and supplies. Oregon Hardware & Implement Company. 26tf

Wanted—10 head of calves or yearlings to pasture during the season; 50 cents for calves and 75 cents for yearlings per month. G. W. Ramey. 32tf

For Sale—10 acres, 1 1/2 miles from Newberg, with crops, stock and implements. A bargain if taken at once. G. C. in care of Graphic. 36-39 pd

Wanted—Second-hand counters, shelving, show cases, 2 G doors 3 ft. 6 in., and two window fronts 7x7 ft., for small store. Full particulars first letter; cash. C. C. Loucks, Sherwood, Oregon, route 2. 36-7

Thoroughbred Jersey bull, service \$2.00 in advance. Thoroughbred Poland China boar, service \$1.00. FOR SALE—thoroughbred Lincoln bucks.—G. W. Dayton, 1/2 mile east of Spaulding's mill. Phone Red 145. 42pd

Big Sacrifice Sale

on the following lines:

Entire stock Men's and Young Men's Summer Suits Men's and Ladies Low Shoes and the entire stock of our Ladies' and Misses Summer Coats and Suits Notwithstanding the fact of the steady advance in prices and scarcity of goods, the backward season compels us to sacrifice our Spring stock and the **PRICES MUST DO THE WORK**

MEN AND YOUNG MEN! HERE'S YOUR CHANCE

Summer Suits to be closed out at from 20 to 33 1-3 per cent discount

\$15.00 Summer suits	\$12.00
\$20.00 Summer suits	\$16.00
\$25.00 Summer suits	\$20.00
\$20.00 Suits	\$13.33
\$25.00 Suits	\$16.67
\$15.00 and \$16.50 Suits	\$10.00

Entire stock of Black and Tan Low Shoes to be Discounted from **15 to 20 Per Cent**

All Ladies and Misses Summer Coats and Suits to be Sacrificed Suits to be closed out at from 25 to 33 1-3 per cent discount, and Summer Coats at from 10 per cent to 25 per cent discount

\$15.00 suits	\$11.25
\$20.00 suits	\$14.90
\$25.00 suits	\$18.75
\$30.00 suits	\$22.50

AT 1-3 DISCOUNT—SOME SUITS

\$15.00 suits	now \$10.00
\$18.50 suits	now \$12.33
\$22.50 suits	now \$15.00
\$25.00 suits	now \$16.66

Alterations FREE as Usual

Call early while stock is at its best

SALE NOW GOING ON

Come in and get your share of the bargains

Remember "THE WEST SIDE FARMER WEEK"

JUNE 21-22-23-24

You are cordially invited to make our store your headquarters. Come in and renew acquaintance. If you are a stranger come in and get acquainted.

D. M. NAYBERGER, McMinnville, Oregon

Notice to Cut Grass and Weeds Vermont Loan & Trust Co.

Notice is hereby given that the council of the City of Newberg declares a nuisance and have, this day, ordered all dog-fennel, weeds, thistles and grass to be cut along side-walks.

You are further notified that unless said nuisance is abated by July 1st, 1916, the City of Newberg will cause said work to be done and will assess the cost thereof against the premises and collect the same as provided by the charter of said City of Newberg.

Dated this, the 20th day of June, 1916. Ida M. Woods, Recorder of the City of Newberg.

Licensing Dogs.

Notice is hereby given that dog licenses are now due and payable at the office of the city recorder.

Any dog running at large, without a license, after July 15, 1916, will be impounded by the peace officer.

Dated June 15, 1916. Ida M. Woods, Recorder of the City of Newberg. 36-37

Pension Business.

Ezra Hayes will give special attention to Pension business, 24 years of successful practice.

Indian war claims a feature. File your claims now. Office next door east of Electric light office on First Street, Newberg.

Royal Anne Cherries Wanted.

We are in the market and ready to contract for your Royal Anne cherries. Springbrook Canning Co. tf

Wool And Mohair Wanted.

The Chehalem Valley Mills is in the market for wool and mohair. It will pay you to call and get prices. tf

Notice to Contractors

Notice is hereby given that the County Clerk of Yamhill County, Oregon, will receive sealed bids at the office of the County Clerk of said County until Saturday, July 8th, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., for grading and constructing a wagon road known as the East Hill Road and situated about three miles northwest of Newberg, Oregon. Contractors to furnish all labor, implements, and material and construct said road according to plans and specifications now on file in the office of the County Clerk. Bidders will be required to furnish the usual contractor's bond. Certified check equal to 5 per cent of amount of bid must accompany each bid. The Court reserves the right to reject any or all bids. J. B. Dodson, County Judge. W. S. Gunning, Commissioner. W. S. Gunning, Commissioner. 37-39