

Newberg Graphic

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1916

Guess we might tap our sugar trees pretty soon if this weather keeps up.

Tax paying time will soon be here, but it is just as well to whistle and be cheerful.

Ranchers have had a long resting spell, and they are now beginning to chafe at the bits in hopeful anticipation of an opening for early spring work.

Attention is called to the announcement made elsewhere by Shiloh Post, G. A. R. and W. R. C., of the program prepared for observance of Lincoln's birthday on Saturday afternoon in the Odd Fellows hall. This program has been prepared, not merely for the members of the post, but for the public at large, and general attendance is invited and desired. Rev. Charles O. Whitely will deliver the address.

Dr. E. A. Romig, who spent considerable time in the Philippines during the Spanish-American war as army surgeon, says he has no sympathy with the movement being made in congress for turning the islands over to the natives, for what he saw of them while there convinces him that they are poorly fitted for self-government, and he thinks it will cause trouble for the United States later on.

George B. Hardy, executive secretary of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, invites all who go to the city to attend the Laymen's Missionary Conference, to be held February 13-16, to register at the club headquarters and make the building their headquarters during the conference. Many men of international prominence will be in attendance to take part in the program, and a convention of great interest is anticipated.

Prohibition is "a menace to society and good government," said Congressman Cary, of Wisconsin, on Tuesday, when he introduced a resolution for the transfer of the capital of the United States to Milwaukee. Pending legislation that may make the District of Columbia dry is said to have caused the distinguished gentleman's alarm. Such news coming from Washington is really encouraging. Let the scare be increased to a stampede.

Owing to the fact that Saturday, the day set for the adjourned meeting of the Co-Operative Growers' Association is a legal holiday, cards have been sent out to the members announcing a change of date to Monday afternoon of next week. Shall this be a get-together-meeting for the success of the cannery and the benefit of the community, or shall there be a split-up and another failure? It is up to the membership to make the decision.

As will be seen elsewhere in this issue, there were a number of strong talks made at Wood-Mar Hall on last Friday night favoring the support of a lyceum course next season. The sentiment seems to prevail that the course this year, was the best ever given in Newberg, and it is desired that the standard set may be maintained in the future. Lyceum talent is measured in cost much the same as any other commodity. A strong course costs more money than a weaker one, and Newberg wants the

best. This speaks well for the community, and the demand should be met so far as the patronage will justify. Pledges are being taken for season tickets, and any who are interested and who have not signed up, will lend encouragement to the movement by adding their names to the 1916-17 list of lyceum patrons.

People are not all built alike. At a public entertainment we see some who settle themselves down in a seat in one position, apparently with a fixed determination to never let so much as a smile cross their faces, nor show appreciation by movement of a muscle, no difference how much effort the person or persons furnishing the program may make in order to please. And then there are others whom, it is easy to see, go expecting to be pleased and entertained if those giving the program are any good at all, and they are ready to laugh and cheer at every good hit made. They go to relax their nerves and have a good time, and while they are having it they give inspiration to the entertainers to put their best efforts into their work. In this way they get more for their money, for any speaker or entertainer will do their best work before a responsive audience. One of the added attractions at Wood-Mar Hall on last Friday night was an occasional "laugh" from a certain section of the hall that was "spontaneous" and could not be restrained, and it all helped.

SPRINGBROOK

F. E. Hobson made a trip to Tillamook last week and returned Sunday.

Mrs. M. E. Markell left Wednesday morning for a week's vacation at Newport.

Ralph Dean is visiting at home for a short time after being absent several weeks.

George Hohl returned to Valley View farm Monday after a week's visit in Portland.

Mrs. Paul Mills of Salem, is spending a fortnight in Springbrook visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva R. Heater are being congratulated upon the arrival of a baby boy, born Feb. 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis K. Clark returned Tuesday from a several days' visit in Portland, bringing with them Miss Irene Daley as a guest for the week.

Ray Newby and John Rees are in McMinnville this week serving on the jury in the Booth murder trial. Fred Kincaid was also subpoenaed but was not chosen to serve.

Rev. J. L. Glascock is expected to open revival services here on Tuesday morning. He has been engaged in Spokane for several weeks, and may be delayed in coming here, but Mrs. Palmer is looking for him to begin in Springbrook Feb. 15th.

RIBBON RIDGE

Miss Alethia Shaw has returned home from Portland.

Mr. and Mrs. Monte Sleeper spent Sunday with their home folks.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Rich were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sallee.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carter received the news that their daughter, Mrs. Nels Nelson, had a light attack of diphtheria.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Carter's Sunday guests were Mrs. Clarissa Carter, Miss Hazel Randall, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Wanless and family.

Carpet Weaving

Rag carpet and rug weaving by Joseph Stephens. On Dayton road, opposite the David Martin place.

WHERE DRUGGISTS FLOURISH

How the Business is Run in the South American Republics.

Latin Americans are great believers in medicines and, due to the scarcity of physicians, are obliged to "doctor" themselves. Pharmacy is consequently profitable. With the exception of modern Europe, Canada and the United States pharmacy is practiced in other lands of the world much as it was in the United States seventy-five or a hundred years ago, and this is particularly true of the republics to the south of us.

The individual druggist makes his own pills, extracts, tinctures, infusions and pulverizes his own crude drugs. Soda water fountains are few. The usual rubber goods, toilet articles, soaps, perfumes, instruments and sundries are carried.

Each druggist makes a line of his own specialties which he pushes. In addition to the standard drugs and medicines, he also carries remedies and medicaments known only in his immediate vicinity. They are mostly of Indian origin, compounded from roots, herbs or other ingredients, produced only in the country where he lives. These find a ready sale among all classes.

Superstitious ideas are prevalent, and these are frequently taken advantage of by the unscrupulous. One pharmacist made a fortune selling Indian, half-castes, and whites, for that matter, too, "pink love powder" and "white love powder." The white love powder was pulverized sugar, while the pink love powder was made of the same material colored. Indians would walk hundreds of miles to buy this precious powder.—Leslie's Weekly.

THE GARDEN OF EDEN.

It is Said to Have the Most Trying Climate in the World.

The chief peculiarity about Kurna is that the natives believe the place where they live is the exact site of the garden of Eden.

The climate of Kurna is acknowledged to be the most trying in all the world. The heat is terrific in the summer time. It is claimed that the British government has a record of 120 degrees in the shade upon the bridge of a boat anchored in the river at Busreh, a little to the south.

The missionaries at Busreh tell of nights when the thermometer registers not less than 125 degrees. British sailors bound for the Persian gulf in the summer time usually desert if they can. Perhaps in Arizona the thermometer rises nearly as high, but there is the dry air, while in the Persian gulf it is exceedingly moist.

The Europeans at Busreh must pass the days in underground chambers, or serdabs, while a native boy pulls a huge fan, or pankah, suspended from the ceiling to keep the air in circulation. The nights are spent on the roof, for it is impossible to sleep below.

In the winter time the air seems exceedingly cold. For the marshes are filled with salt, and as the wind sweeps over the plain the moist air is peculiarly penetrating. Frequently the Arab, benumbed by the cold, falls from his horse.—Christian Herald.

Where Plato Taught.

The famous academy of Plato was in a suburb of Athens, about a mile north of the Dnyllum gate. It is said to have belonged to the hero Academus; hence the name. It was surrounded with a wall and adorned with walks, groves and fountains. Plato possessed a small estate in the neighborhood and for some fifty years taught his "divine philosophy" to young and old assembled in the academy to listen to his wise words. After Plato's death in 348 B. C. the academy lost much of its fame, but the beauty remained for centuries after the great teacher was no more.—New York American.

The Margin of Leisure.

A broad margin of leisure is as beautiful in a man's life as in a book. Haste makes waste no less in life than in housekeeping. Keep the time, observe the hours of the universe, not of the cars. What are threescore years and ten hurriedly and coarsely lived to moments of divine leisure in which your life is coincident with the life of the universe? We live too fast and coarsely, just as we eat too fast and do not know the true savor of our food. We consult our will and understanding and the expectation of men, not our genius.—Thoreau.

Inducements to Matrimony.

There prevails in some parts of Britain a curious marriage custom. On certain fete days the marriageable girls appear in red petticoats, with white or yellow borders around them. The number of borders denotes the portion the father is willing to give his daughter. Each white band denotes 100 francs per annum; each yellow band represents 1,000 francs a year.

Volcano Made by Man.

At Brule, France, is the most remarkable volcano made by man. Originally it was a mass of coal, millions of tons. One day about a century ago the coal caught fire, and it has never ceased burning. The summit of the smoldering mass has a genuine crater.

Paradoxical.

"There was a funny thing about that counterfeit note charge."
"What was it?"
"The grand jury found a true bill in the case."—Baltimore American.

The grandest of all human sentiments—what is that? It is that man should forget his anger before he lies down to sleep.

SPECIALS AT BAIRD'S

BUY YOUR COATS NOW

Ladies and Children's Coats
all are now Greatly Reduced

All our Ladies and children's coats reduced from 25 to 50 per cent. Now is the time to buy your coat and save money while they are reduced.

25 to 50 Per Cent Off

Our Big Line of Sweaters is Greatly Reduced in Prices

Our entire line of sweaters are greatly reduced. Buy your sweater now.

All Fur Collars and Muffs Greatly Reduced

All Fur Collars and Muffs are reduced 20 to 30 per cent. These are bargains.

20 to 30 Per Cent Off

CASH PAID
FOR EGGS

E. C. BAIRD

Cotton Blankets at 95c to \$1.50 Per Pair

We have a complete line of cotton blankets, full size, now reduced to

A New Shipment of Percales

Just received a new shipment of 36 inch Percale, new and neat patterns at 10c and 12½c per yard

Shoes that Will Wear Well

If you want shoes that will wear buy them of Baird. You always get satisfaction out of our shoes. We have them to fit the entire family.

Groceries, Clean and Fresh

We invite your trade in this line. It is our constant aim to try and please you, to give you nothing but the best of clean fresh groceries at the lowest prices. Try buying your groceries of Baird and see if you are not satisfied.

ANCIENT FLOATING PALACE.

The Wonderful Ship Built for Hiero, King of Syracuse.

The antiquity of ships may not be gauged, for in Genesis it is recorded that ships were even old on the Mediterranean in the days of Jacob. Fully 1800 years before Christ, Ammon, built long and tall ships with sails on the Red sea. Ninety years later the ship Argo was built. "The first Greek vessel which ventured to pass through the sea without sight of land, being guided only by the stars."

The wonderful vessel built for Hiero, King of Syracuse, excited curiosity and wonder. The craft was constructed under the direction of the celebrated mathematician, Archimedes, by a shipbuilder at Corinth, from wood cut on Mount Etna. Her decks were paved with small and odd tiles, on which were depicted with wonderful art scenes from Homer's "Iliad."

On the upper deck was a gymnasium containing gardens planted with many kinds of shrubs, with walks between them overshadowed by vines and ivy, the roots of which were nourished in moistened earth. Near this apartment was a dining room dedicated to Venus, paved with agates and precious stones. The walls and ceiling were of cypress, and the doors of ivory.—Argonaut.

No Law's Delay Here.
In Perak, in the Malay peninsula, lawyers find no business, for a mod-

est form of trial by ordeal decides all disputes. In place of the legal practitioner the pleader is a native boy who is assigned to one or the other of the sides and is given a bamboo tube, in which is sealed the pleading of the person or party whom he represents. When all is ready two stakes are driven into the bed of a stream, and by aid of a bamboo pole the heads of the two boys are submerged at the same time. By grasping the stakes they are enabled to remain under water for quite awhile after their natural inclination would bring them to the surface, but at last one of them gives in and, releasing his hold of the stake, comes to the air. He is immediately seized, and the tube he holds is cast aside. The other lad is led ashore, his tube opened, and the document contained therein stands as the decision in the case.

So the mother swan takes them for a little ferry ride. She puts them on her back and starts out across the pond. The baby swans, frightened at first, soon get used to seeing water all around them.

One day the mother swan turns her long neck and gives her babies a gentle push into the water. Such a scramble and splash! The babies flounder around and try their best to get back on their mother's dry feathers. Finally they learn that their feet are webbed paddles, given to them for swimming purposes, and they are able to glide over the water as gracefully and as easily as their parents.—Philadelphia North American.

SWANS TAUGHT TO SWIM.

The Black Necked Variety Are Afraid of Water When Young.

You're acquainted with the proverbial phrase, "Like a duck takes to the water." That may apply all right to ducks, but there are some water birds which have to be taught to swim, just as we do. They hate the water at first just as much as a boy hates the bathtub. One of these birds, which takes swimming lessons from its parents, is the black necked swan.

The swan babies are called cygnets. They are hatched in an elaborate nest which the parent swan builds along

the edge of a pool. The little cygnets are able to walk and run as soon as they are out of their shells, but they can't swim.

Postmen in Faroff Days.
Postmen have a very respectable antiquity. They were known, the Sunday at Home points out, in the faroff days of King Hezekiah's reign, some 700 years before Christ. In the thirteenth chapter of the second book of Chronicles we read that "the posts went with the letters throughout all Israel and Judah," and, further, that "the posts passed from city to city through the country of Ephraim and Manasseh." The postman of old was a swift runner, who received the letter from the sender's hand and carried it direct to the person to whom it was addressed.

Watch for
Saturday
Specials

Women Know

Good
Service

a good thing when they see it, and that's why we are anxious to have them look over our stock of goods. Our 5c, 10c and 15c counters are loaded with wonderful values for the household. We are at your service, ladies, and if we don't have just what you want we'll rush your orders through to headquarters for anything made in our line. Quality merchandise at popular prices combined with the very best service experienced hardware men can render makes it possible for you to shop to an advantage and at a minimum cost at "The Big Hardware Store."

Saturday Special

Our dishpans went like hot cakes last Saturday. Next Saturday, February 12, we offer you Little Granite Pans, the kind that every woman needs in her kitchen, the kind that you can't get too many of. 10 and 15c values next Saturday for only

(No phone orders taken and no reserves made on Saturday Specials)

7c

Larkin-Prince Hardware Co.

POPULAR
PRICES