

NEWBERG GRAPHIC

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NEWBERG.....OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Newsy Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

China has decided to establish military training schools for officers.

Wreckage from the steamer Shores has been seen on Lake Michigan.

A boom has been started in New York to run Roosevelt for mayor.

Many vessels have been lost by a hurricane off the coast of Yucatan.

The Illinois legislature has been called on to cut appropriations \$10,000,000.

A new postage stamp commemorative of the A.-Y.P. fair will be issued June 1.

A systematic smuggling of Chinese from El Paso to Chicago has been discovered.

A man has been cleared of a murder charge at Chicago by a comparison of finger prints.

The French government and employes are gathering their forces together for a gigantic struggle.

The premature explosion of a small bomb at Mazatlan, Mexico, started a fire in which 50 houses were burned.

At the Portland primary election Joseph Simon was nominated by the Republicans for mayor and M. G. Munly by the Democrats.

Speaker Cannon has just celebrated his 73d birthday.

Wheat and corn have had another advance in California.

Admiral Evans is emphatic in his ideas against disarmament.

Jerome may be the Tammany candidate for mayor of New York.

Business is at a standstill at Buenos Ayres on account of the strike. There is much rioting.

A rumor is current in New York that Gould has lost control of the Western Pacific to Mackay.

The lake steamer Shores sunk while on the way to Duluth. The passengers and crew numbered 21.

A statue of Longfellow has just been unveiled at Washington. A granddaughter of the poet pulled the silken cord.

H. E. Huntington is ransacking the globe for rare plants for his home near Los Angeles. He has had a force of 40 gardeners at work two years.

Indictments have been returned against six employes of the American Sugar Refining company for alleged frauds in connection with weighing sugar for determining duty.

Rapid progress is now being made in the Calhoun trial.

Roosevelt declares the country has a right to pick immigrants.

An industrial exposition will be held in Chicago during August.

More cold weather is being experienced through Kansas and Nebraska.

The death list in the Adana, Asiatic Turkey, massacre, is estimated at 23,000.

Ex-Senator Stuart, of Nevada, died owing \$25,000, with an estate worth only \$1,500.

The fourth Dry Farming congress will be held at Billings, Mont., October 26, 27 and 28.

The government has just sent \$50,000,000 in coin from the San Francisco mint to Denver.

Captain Franklin, United States army, is to be court martialed for stealing several hundred thousand dollars.

Commercial and civil bodies of San Francisco gave brilliant dinner to Admiral Ijichi, commander of the Japanese warships in that port.

The shah of Persia has granted a constitution.

Taft has declared himself in opposition to an income tariff tax except as a last resort.

Harriman is planning a motor car service in Eastern Oregon and Washington in competition with electric lines and a rate war is looked for.

The Missouri house has passed a bill for a commission to regulate all public utilities corporations.

The Canadian government is sending cowboys to Montana to round up a herd of 300 buffalo, recently purchased.

Three Wisconsin assemblymen are accused of receiving bribes in connection with the election of United States senator.

Seven of the Pittsburgh grafters have been sentenced to fines of \$1,000 and six months in jail to two years in jail and \$500 fine.

A French merchant who has just died left all his money to churches for masses for the repose of the souls of the victims of automobiles.

Los Angeles householders are complaining about the carelessness of seronants, who dump out sand promiscuously and ruin laundry on the line.

FIND INSURANCE JOKER.

Fraternal Societies of Illinois Sound Warning Against Measure.

Chicago, May 11.—Leaders of fraternal insurance societies have discovered a joker in house bill No. 552, now ready for a third reading in the Illinois legislature, which, if passed, will develop a billion-dollar insurance combine with power to force smaller concerns and fraternal orders out of the insurance business.

The bill in question contains a clause which provides that any insurance company doing business in Illinois may issue policies with special rates of premium less than the usual rates to members of labor unions, lodges and other organizations who, through an officer, may take out insurance of not less than 100 members.

In this proviso fraternal men see possibilities of a great insurance corporation, which, by cutting rates, would utterly annihilate competition of smaller and fraternal concerns. It was only by accident that the attention of fraternal men was drawn to the joker. A strong lobby will be sent to Springfield to fight it.

POT OF GOLD SOUGHT FOR.

Excavation for Kentucky Church is Closely Watched.

Cincinnati, May 11.—The excavation for the building of St. Francis' church in Dayton, Ky., a suburb, is being watched by many who believe that a pot of gold was buried under that site after the raid by General John Hunt Morgan and his band of Confederates near the close of the Civil war.

The property belonged to the late Mathew McArthur, a noted Southern sympathizer. There was a subterranean passage leading from the house, and it is here, the passage having long since been filled up, that the treasure is supposed to be.

The money was left, it was said, by a Confederate named Caldwell, who had been North to pay the troops of General Morgan, then located in this vicinity. He stopped at the McArthur residence, and, his presence being disclosed, secreted the gold, said to amount to several thousand dollars, and escaped, intending to join General Morgan.

The latter was killed in Tennessee about the same time.

Black Hand Again Busy.

Chicago, May 11.—Another Black Hand outrage was perpetrated today when three bombs were exploded in quick succession in the home of Dominick Pecore. This followed closely upon the death of Mariano Zagone yesterday as the result of an alleged Black Hand shooting. No one was injured by the explosions. For three months Pecore, who is reputed to be wealthy, has received letters from the Black Hand threatening him with death unless he complied with the demands for money.

Mulai Threatens Spain.

Madrid, May 11.—It is reported that Mulai Hafid, the sultan of Morocco, has broken off negotiations with Senor Merry del Val, the Spanish minister to Morocco, who went to Fez recently to discuss Moroccan affairs with him. It is stated further that the sultan has written direct to King Alfonso, demanding Spanish evacuation of the Rif country, and intimating that he would consider refusal to withdraw a declaration of war.

Wu Ting Fang to Teach.

Chicago, May 11.—Wu Ting Fang, Chinese minister to the United States, has accepted the presidency of the Chinese school of Chicago. The school is one of a series started under the auspices of the imperial Chinese government. Courses in Chinese literature, domestic science, Chinese and international law and in the customs and habits of Chinese in their own country will be given.

Hawaiian Japs Strike.

Honolulu, May 11.—Fifteen hundred Japanese laborers employed on the Honolulu Sugar plantation went on strike for higher wages today, and it is expected the movement will spread to the other plantation where Japanese are employed. The field laborers demand they be paid \$1 a day, while those employed in the sugar mills and elsewhere want a proportionate increase.

Egyptian Cotton Success.

San Bernardino, Cal., May 11.—Government experts have turned their attention to the Yuma valley experiment farm, where 160 acres of Egyptian cotton is being planted on the Indian reservation. Professor Howard L. Preston, who arrived today, said the experiments had been remarkably successful thus far on the desert lands.

Restitution by Regent.

Pekin, May 11.—The regent, Prince Chun, who since the dismissal of Yuan Shi Kai has been collecting lists of officials dismissed previous to his taking office, issued an edict today rehabilitating the reputations and rewarding the families of five officials of the late dowager empress, who were beheaded for opposing the Boxers.

Postal Employes Scared.

Paris, May 11.—Conditions were favorable for the government in its controversy with the postal employes, it was said today, and it is not likely a strike would be declared for the present. The government's firmness has made a deep impression upon the rank and file.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

BIG SHEEP MOVEMENT.

Great Activity Reported Around Pendleton by Secretary Smythe.

Pendleton—Secretary Dan P. Smythe, of the State Wool Growers' association, reports great activity in the movement of sheep in this section and several large sheep sales during the past few days. One of the largest of these sales is reported from the vicinity of Arlington, where between 20,000 and 25,000 head of yearlings have been shipped to outside markets. The sale price received for the mixed yearling weathers ranged from \$3 to \$4 per head, as compared with the prices of from \$2.75 to \$3.25 received for the same grades last year. The buyers are Wright of North Yakima and R. F. Bicknell and Scott Anderson, who will ship to Idaho.

Sheep shearing in Umatilla county will last for perhaps two weeks yet, though some of the earlier shearers have already finished their season's clipping. Results from the shearing plants prove that the earlier prophecy of good clips for this year is proving as predicted. The fleeces are found to be unbroken and the staple good, due largely to the early grass and the better than common condition of the sheep because of the close winter.

The lambing season for Umatilla county will last but a few days longer, though it will not close quite so soon up in the foothills of the county. The increase this year in the county will be above 95 per cent, with the total nearer the lower figure. The increase in Umatilla county will approach the maximum this year because of the exceptionally good weather conditions. The winter left the sheep fatter than usual, due to the regularity of the snow conditions and the plentifulness of hay. Then the grass came early in the spring keeping the fat of the sheep up and adding more. The lambing season proper has found the weather conditions especially good again. Those who chanced winter lambing report an especially good increase.

WOOL CLIP GOOD.

Mitchell Growers Say Quality is Better Than Usual.

Mitchell—Woolgrowers in this locality report that the season which is just closing has been the most favorable for lambing for many years. The weather has not only been ideal but the range grass was more abundant than usual, which fact enables the ewes to start the sucking period with plenty of nourishment. All the sheeps report that the crop of 1909 lambs will go beyond the 100 per cent mark. Shearing will start here about May 10, although those who have yearlings and mutton sheep contracted for early driving are just commencing to shear them. The wool this year is of a better quality than usual, and the prices are likewise. Farmers of this section are beginning to complain of drouth and cold north winds. Fall sown grain is not doing so well as it should and the spring sown crops will need moisture to insure a good stand. A larger acreage has been sown to grain this year than in former years and all concerned regret that the weather should remain so unfavorable.

While the weather has such a backward effect on the crops, it is pleasing to know that the range is abundantly supplied with the finest crop of grass that the stockmen could desire. All classes of stock are in fine condition, and prospects point to a favorable grazing season. No cattle or horses are moving on the market at present, but G. L. Frizzell, of Girds creek, will drive 300 head from this county to Toppensish, Wash., via Arlington, about the middle of the month.

Heppner's Clip is Sold.

Heppner—Wool has been transferred in Heppner this week to the extent of over 1,000,000 pounds. W. W. Smead has purchased nearly 800,000 pounds of this for William Ellery and the balance has been secured by Frank Lea for F. Frankenstein. The lowest price paid was 18 cents and the highest 20 1/2 cents. Smead is now offering 21 cents and it is likely he will secure several more clips before the rush is over. Sheep are all sold and the wool will be practically all off the market by the middle of next week.

Shaniko Wool Clean.

Shaniko—Wool generally in this territory is of a much cleaner and finer quality than last season, the past winter or having been exceptionally favorable for sheep. The output from present indications, will be considerably larger than last year. It is estimated that there will be marketed at Shaniko approximately 4,000,000 pounds during the three scheduled sales, June 1, 15 and 20. The growers' opinions vary as to the probable price to be paid.

Cruising Benson Timber.

Mist—Between 20 and 30 timber cruisers are working on the large Benson timber holdings, located on the headwaters of the Clatskanie river and along Oak Ranch creek to the Nehalem river. It is rumored among timbermen that this tract will change hands by the end of the month. A prominent Michigan syndicate is said to be in the deal.

Prune Orchard Brings \$15,000.

Salem—A. F. Hofer, W. P. Babcock and other local business men have closed a deal for the Jory prune ranch of 128 acres south of Salem. The price was \$15,250. The farm, which is one of the best in this section, will be subdivided.

FARM LANDS SOLD.

Large Tract in Yamhill and Polk to Be Subdivided.

Portland—More heavy buying of Oregon farm lands has just come to light. Three deals involving the transfer of over 7,000 acres in which the total money consideration was about \$275,000 were reported.

Broadmead, better known as the Ladd & Reed farm located in Yamhill and Polk counties, was sold to a Portland syndicate, composed of J. R. Patterson, D. E. Keasy, L. R. Menefee and George Akers, for \$150,000. The Keasy-Menefee syndicate secured an option on this property some weeks ago from Martin Winch, representing the Reed estate, and from the Ladd interest which was closed up by the formal transfer of the title. At the same time the property was turned over to the Columbia Trust company and by this concern will be subdivided into five, ten and 20-acre tracts and put on the market.

Millmen Have Protest.

Oregon City—Complaint has been made at Salem by 17 lumber manufacturers of Clackamas county against the Southern Pacific company, with the object of compelling the corporation to provide adequate facilities for loading cars at Oregon City. It is stated that the complainants are unable to increase their business and market their products because of the failure of the Southern Pacific company to afford facilities for loading lumber in car loads. The lumbermen ask for an investigation by the State Railroad commission and it is probable that a time will be set for a hearing at Oregon City in the near future.

Gilliam Farmers Join Union.

Condon—Dr. W. R. Campbell, of Pendleton, state organizer of the Eastern Oregon branch of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative union of America, has affected an organization of farmers in this vicinity. It will be the aim to secure equitable freight rates, lower warehouse charges and to investigate the different methods of handling grain. The organization will work in conjunction with the different granges of the county and state.

Hopyards Looking Very Poor.

Portland—Hopyards of the Willamette valley are looking poorer than ever before. In some sections not more than 5 per cent of the vines have sprouted and in no instance is the showing better than 15 per cent. Generally speaking, fully 33 1/3 per cent of the hops which appeared last year are missing thus far this season and while some may appear and produce hops, it is unlikely that the average will be changed materially.

Santiam Bridged at Detroit.

Albany—A suspension bridge has been erected across the North Santiam river at Detroit, eastern terminus of the Corvallis & Eastern railroad. The bridge was erected by John Outerson, a Detroit merchant, and is the first bridge to connect the Linn and Marion county sides of the river directly above Detroit. There is an old wooden bridge a short distance above the town.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Bluestem milling, \$1.30@1.35; club, \$1.20@1.25; Turkey red, \$1.26; valley, \$1.17; forty-fold, \$1.26; red Russian, \$1.17 1/2@1.20.
Corn—Whole, \$35 per ton; cracked, \$36.
Barley—Feed, \$34@35 per ton.
Oats—No. 1 white, \$40@41.
Hay—Timothy, Willamette valley, \$14@18 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$17.50@19.50; clover, \$11@12; alfalfa, \$13@14; grain hay, \$13@14; cheat, 14@14.50; vetch, \$14@14.50.
Apples—5c@5.25 per box.
Potatoes—\$1.85@2 per hundred.
Vegetables—Turnips, \$1.25 per sack; carrots, \$1.25; parsnips, \$1.50; beets, \$1.75; horseradish, 10c per pound; artichokes, 60@75c per dozen; asparagus, Oregon, 12 1/2@15c per pound; lettuce, head, 20@50c per dozen; onions, 12 1/2@15c; parsley, 35c; radishes, 15@20c; rhubarb, 2 1/2@3 1/2c per pound; spinach, 90c@1.
Butter—City creamery, extras, 24c; fancy outside creamery, 22@24c per pound; store, 18@20c. Butter fat prices average 1 1/2c per pound under regular butter prices.
Eggs—Oregon ranch, 24@25c per dozen.

Poultry—Hens, 15@15 1/2c per pound; broilers, 25@28c; fryers, 18@22 1/2c; roosters, old, 10@11c; young, 14@15c; ducks, 20@22 1/2c; geese, 10@11c; turkeys, 20c; squabs, \$2.50@3 per dozen.
Veal—Extras, 9 1/2@10c per pound; ordinary, 8 1/2@9c; heavy, 7@8c.
Hops—1909 contract, 9c per pound; 1908 crop, 6@7c; 1907 crop, 3c; 1906 crop, 1 1/2c.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, 15@20c per pound; valley, fine, 22c; medium, 21c; coarse, 20c; mohair, choice, 24@25c.
Cattle—Top steers, 5c@5.25; fair to good, \$5@5.25; common to medium, \$4.50@4.75; cows, top, \$4.25@4.50; fair to good, \$3.75@4.25; common to medium, \$2.50@3.50; calves, top, \$5@5.50; heavy, \$3.50@4; bull and stags, fat, \$3@3.50; common, \$2@2.75.
Hogs—Best, \$7.50@7.75; fair to good, \$7.25@7.50; stockers, \$6@6.50; China fats, \$6.75@7.

Sheep—Top wethers, \$4@4.50; fair to good, \$3.50@4; ewes, 3c@3.50; all grades; yearlings, best, \$4.50@4.75; fair to good, \$4@4.25; spring lambs, \$6.

FAIR IS COMPLETE.

Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition Will Start on Time.

Seattle's two expositions are just about ready for the bell tap. The Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition is ninety-nine per cent, complete, which means that everything is done save sweeping the floors, and the other exposition, which consists of the most magnificent scenery and the longest list of interesting tours boasted by any American city, is always ready.

Railroad experts the country over declare that the success of the A. Y. P. is already assured, but for this fact they do not give the whole credit to either the management or the publicity campaign. On the contrary, they declare that the imminent influx into the Northwest is due more largely to Northwestern resources and home possibilities and to Northwestern and Alaskan scenery and romance, more than to any other power of attraction.

Nightly now the exposition grounds are lighted for the enjoyment of the pre-exposition crowds which daily go to the grounds. For weeks the attendance has averaged close upon 5,000. If special free days were counted it would be a larger figure than this. A cold spring somewhat delayed the first flush of the floral effects, which are on a huge scale, but warm May days have brought out the blooms.

Practically all of the exhibits are installed in the Manufactures building and in the Oriental and European buildings. The installation in the Palace of Agriculture is somewhat slower but will not be behind at the right moment. The government exhibits are well along with the exception of the Hawaiian and Philippines exhibits, which arrived late. However, they will be complete to the last detail by June 1.

Most of the foreign exhibits are in place and those that are not are receiving the finishing touches.

And while work is being pushed rapidly ahead on the exposition proper, arrangements are going forward just as fast that the visitor may take advantage of the "second exposition." New steamships are arriving daily for excursion trips to various points around the sound and along the coast. The numerous resorts in the Cascade mountains are close at hand either by the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, Burlington or Milwaukee railroads and the Canadian Pacific takes one quickly to Banff, the wonder spot in the Canadian Rockies.

STATES MAY LOSE.

Appropriations for Rivers and Harbors May Revert to Government.

Washington, May 10.—Unless congress takes specific action at the special session now in progress, nearly \$1,000,000 appropriated for river and harbor improvements in various sections of the United States will be turned back into the national treasury, much to the chagrin of many congressmen and senators.

This situation arises over the "covering back" section of the sundry civil bill, approved March 4. This section provides that all unexpended balances of appropriations that remained on the treasury books June 1, 1904, except permanent specified appropriations, judgments and findings of courts and trust funds and appropriations for fulfilling treaty obligations with the Indians be carried to the surplus fund and covered back into the treasury, "provided that the money is not needed to pay existing treaties."

To meet the situation, Senator Burton has introduced a resolution providing that the section of the sundry civil bill in question shall not be construed as applying to the unexpended balances in river and harbor appropriations which may be essential in the judgment of the secretary of war, for the maintenance and prosecution of the work for which it was appropriated.

Among the appropriations that will revert are:

Mouth of Columbia river, Oregon, \$24,000; entrance to Coos bay, Oregon, \$23,000; restraining barriers Sacramento and Feather rivers, California, \$14,000; and harbor at Tacoma, Washington, \$11,000.

Daily Shocks Continue.

Rome, May 10.—Since the great earthquake of December scarcely a day has passed without shocks, more or less strong, being felt at Messina, Reggio and surrounding districts. The observatory in the Calabrian earthquake zone has registered from December 28 last, up to today, 213 shocks. Since the former date there have been no shocks strong enough to destroy buildings. Tottering walls have been overthrown, but there has been practically no loss of life since the day of the great disaster.

Suggests Gambling Antidote.

Butte, Mont., May 10.—"Go after the fellows who own the buildings where gambling is conducted," said District Judge Donlan this morning to Assistant County Attorney Baldwin. "They're the people to prosecute. I want to see you get some of them. And I want to say right now that gamblers will get no more continuances in this court. These fellows have been petted around as if they were useful citizens, but it doesn't go any more."

1,000 Cabdrivers Strike.

Chicago, May 10.—One thousand cab drivers went on strike tonight, following a conference between the liverymen's association and the union. The drivers demanded \$14 a week, and refused to compromise for \$13. Tomorrow 100 funerals are scheduled to take place. The police refuse to give funeral processions right of way.

SCHOOL IS BURNED

All American Property at Kessab Has Been Destroyed.

HORRIBLE CONDITIONS PREVAIL.

People Return to Homes Only to Find Them Looted, and Wander About Absolutely Destitute.

Beirut, Asiatic Turkey, May 8.—An investigator who has just returned here from a trip to Kessab reports that all the American property at that place has been completely destroyed by the Moslem raiders. The American property there consisted of a girls' high school under the direction of Miss Effie N. Chambers. Three-quarters of the native houses also have been destroyed, but the Armenian church and the new Protestant school building are standing. Almost all of the people who fled from Kessab have returned to find their houses looted. They are absolutely destitute. Some food and clothing are being distributed, but there is no system in the work and the supplies are inadequate.

One band of Turkish reserves has returned to the town, but as they took part in the rioting and killing there, the people cannot trust them. The protection afforded is in no sense sufficient. The situation at Deirytul, on the coast north of Kessab, is still critical.

STRIKE SEEMS SURE.

French Government Will Dismiss Employes Who Take Part.

Paris, May 8.—Warned in advance that to strike means dismissal from the service, the members of the Post, Telegraph & Telephone Employes association in various cities have already voted in principle for a general strike, and the congress of railroad men has ordered a referendum on the question of ordering a strike and has appointed a strike committee.

That a strike will result is a foregone conclusion. The cities where it has been decided upon include several of the largest industrial centers, such as Lyons and Havre. The time to strike alone appears to be undecided, having been left by the local unions to the general strike committee of each organization.

The determination of the government to fight to a finish the question of the right of state employes to strike is shown by the declaration of M. Barthelemy, the minister of public works, that the government, in the event of an attempt being made to strike, will instantly discharge from the service any postman who ceases work.

New Line to Butte.

Helena, Mont., May 8.—Montana is to have a new railroad. Because of its proposed Western connection, it is supposed to be a Harriman property. The company has an authorized capital stock of \$16,000,000, of which a filing fee of \$1,800 was paid by J. L. Wines, of Butte. The road will run from Lapwai Junction, where it connects with the O. R. & N. company's lines, along the Clearwater, crossing into Montana by way of Lolo pass; thence through Missoula, Granite, Powell and Deer Lodge counties to Butte, 350 miles.

City in Grip of Strike.

Buenos Ayres, May 8.—Buenos Ayres is still in the grip of the strike begun early this week as a protest against the action of the authorities in firing upon a crowd of demonstrators on May Day. The customs receipts show a great falling off as the result of the stoppage of commerce and various navigation companies are holding their ships in port, as it is impossible to load or discharge cargoes under present conditions.

Rivers Found Navigable.

Los Angeles, May 8.—Lieutenant L. C. Easton, assistant to Captain Frier, government engineer here, returned today from an exploration of the Grand and Green rivers in Utah and Arizona, and stated that as a result of the trip a report will be sent to Washington declaring those two rivers navigable for many miles above their junction where they meet and form the Colorado.

Vast Fortune All Gone.

New York, May 8.—C. W. Morse, the ex-banker, who is now in the Tombs prison under sentence for violation of the national banking laws, has not a share of stock, a bond or a piece of real estate left of his fortune of an estimated value of \$30,000,000, according to evidence which he gave in supplementary proceedings made public today.

Houses for Homeless.

Messina, Sicily, May 8.—Lieutenant Commander R. R. Belknap, the American naval attaché at Rome, has turned over to the prefect 400 American wooden houses to be used to shelter sufferers from the earthquake of last December. The attaché expects that 2,300 houses will be completed by June 7.

Abdul's Money in New York.

Constantinople, May 8.—The parliamentary commission has learned that Abdul Hamid recently deposited considerable sums of money in New York banks, and it appears that he has in the neighborhood of \$10,000,000 in German banks.