

NEWBERG GRAPHIC

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NEWBERG.....OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Newsy Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

Teamsters of New York are on strike.

Italy has sent a cruiser to Turkey to protect her interests.

A Philadelphia man left \$2,500,000 to establish a home for fatherless girls.

Dynamite has been used to break the ice jam in the Niagara river near the falls.

The Santa Fe road has a device which it is believed will prevent many train wrecks.

Taft wants to visit the Pacific coast and Alaska and will ask congress to provide the funds.

G. M. McCain, of Philadelphia, has been arrested in Turkey as a spy because he was taking photographs.

A New York man has been arrested for attempting to bribe a naval officer to get a recommendation for a patent.

Judge Hunt, of Montana, is coming to Portland to dispose of the remaining land fraud cases. He is expected about May 1.

Philadelphia has not yet decided definitely to let the Liberty bell come to the coast, but it is probable there will be no opposition.

Castro has been ordered arrested by Venezuelan courts for murder.

A pioneer miner of Sheridan, Mont., has been killed for his savings.

Famine in Macedonia and Serbia are adding to the revolutionary troubles.

Taft is having much trouble in finding suitable persons for foreign posts.

President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, is preparing to move against Honduras.

The Cudahy Packing company has been indicted for wholesale oleomargarine frauds.

The University of Nevada has just received two gifts, one of \$250,000 and one of \$100,000.

The Waters-Pierce Oil company, recently ousted from Texas, will pay the state \$2,000,000 fines and costs.

Mrs. Castro hints at revolution in Venezuela and advises present officials to "make hay while the sun shines."

It is reported on good authority that H. W. Scott, of Portland, will be offered the ambassadorship to Mexico.

A raid was made on a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul diner while it was passing through Iowa and a quantity of liquor seized.

A Chicago man has married his step-mother.

A dispatch from Naples says Mount Etna is in eruption.

German East Africa has had 60 deaths from the plague.

Flour has advanced in price in all sections of the United States.

Two dynamite bombs were found under a Santa Fe bridge near Stockton, Cal.

Several members of the Japanese diet have been arrested for having taken bribes.

Wilbur Wright, whose successful aeroplane flights pleased France, is now giving exhibitions in Italy.

The first act of the new chief of police of Los Angeles was to throw the "king of Chinatown" bodily out of the station.

Poland is preparing to honor Modjeska's memory when her body is taken there for burial. A statue may be erected.

The Brazilian government has concluded arbitration treaties during the past week with the United States, France, Portugal, Spain and Mexico.

The Massachusetts assembly has turned down a direct election bill.

A large part of Elyria, Ohio, has been destroyed by fire.

Mme. Nordica, the singer, will marry a New York banker.

Roosevelt declined a public reception at Mombasa. Good hunting is in prospect.

A new cabinet has been installed in Turkey and the Young Turkey party defeated.

Japan attributes rumors of British discontent with the alliance to German policy.

News vendors at Los Angeles have been fined for selling papers having racing charts.

Night riders have made their appearance in Indiana and are attempting to fix house rent rates.

American soldiers will conduct tests of dirigible balloons during the annual maneuvers at Fort Des Moines.

A religious riot in Mexico ended in 15 deaths.

Germany is to establish an aeronautic school.

Taft has rented a house at Beverly, Mass., for a summer home.

BREAD PRICES UP.

Bakers of Chicago Will Add Two Cents to Price of Loaves.

Chicago, April 20.—Following in the wake of the action of Jewish bakers of Chicago in increasing the price of bread and biscuits, definite announcement came today from President Matthias Schmidinger of the Master Bakers' association that 1 cent and possibly 2 cents will be tacked onto the price of bread before May 1.

After a thorough canvass of the situation, Mr. Schmidinger declared that bakers throughout the city face the alternative of charging more for their product or going into bankruptcy. The Master Bakers' association, which represents nearly all of the bread bakers throughout the city, will meet next Saturday, and it is said to be certain that at that time a decision will be reached to give bread prices a substantial boost.

The high cost of flour is not the only problem confronting the bakers of Chicago. Their employees, including the bakery wagon drivers, are demanding more wages.

More than 50 bakers in this city have been driven out of business within a comparatively short time, on account of the high price of materials and the enforcement of the ordinance pertaining to sanitation.

MARS MAY BE HAILED.

Professor Pickering Says it Would Cost Only \$10,000,000.

Boston, Mass., April 20.—"If mankind cares enough about it to put up about \$10,000,000, there is no very good reason why the human race should not be able to talk with Mars, and that as soon as next July."

This is according to Professor William Henry Pickering, Harvard university's celebrated astronomer.

Communication with Mars will be made possible, Professor Pickering declares, by adopting his method of flashing messages when Mars approaches the earth to within 35,000,000 miles, or about 5,000,000 miles nearer than ever before. Ten millions of dollars is a large amount, he admits, but he predicts that once this means of celestial communication is established, messages will be easily recognized and undoubtedly answered, if there is intelligent life on Mars; and that in such case, hitherto hidden mysteries concerning Mars will become an open book to the people of the earth.

Hobson Easiest to Spare.

San Francisco, April 20.—In the course of a lecture today on the Spanish-American war, or such portions of it as came directly under his notice as commander of the battleship Iowa, Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, retired, mentioned the sinking of the Merrimac in Santiago harbor, saying he never knew just why Admiral Sampson had selected Lieutenant Hobson to command that expedition, "unless it was the admiral thought he could spare him better than any other officer of the fleet."

Alaska Miners Are Starving.

Nome, Alaska, April 20.—News from the Kusokovim, derived from late arrivals at Kaltag and the Russian mission, is that there is much suffering in that country from lack of provisions. Beans and flour now constitute the bulk of all available supplies of food, and these are held at high prices. Relief expeditions are being formed and food supplies will be sent with all possible haste to relieve the prospectors.

Funds Saved to Salonika.

Salonica, April 20.—The director general of the Ottoman bank, having ordered the Salonika branch to send all its cash to the capital, a measure designed to embarrass the organization of the forces there, the commandant of the Third army corps placed an embargo on \$300,000 which constituted the funds of the three vilayets.

Flour Advances in France.

Paris, April 20.—France is beginning to feel the effects of the prevailing high price of wheat in the United States. The price of flour has increased three francs per 100 kilos in the last fortnight and the bakers' association is considering the raising of the price of bread.

Hailstones Are Heavy.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 20.—A terrific hail and wind storm struck Des Moines and Central Iowa today. Plate glass windows in downtown stores were blown in and cellars were flooded. At Stuart, hailstones weighing half a pound fell, doing much damage to peach buds.

Massacre of 2,000 Reported.

St. Petersburg, April 20.—Advices to the Russ from Teheran report a massacre of 2,000 persons, including women and children, by Turcoman tribesmen at Astrabad. The Russian government is sending troops thither.

Sultan's Brother Succeeds.

Paris, April 20.—A special dispatch from Constantinople says that it is reported that Rehad Effendi, brother of the sultan, and heir apparent to the throne, has left to join the Young Turks.

Sultan Planning Abdication.

Vienna, April 20.—The Neues Tagblatt's Monastir correspondents say it is reported that the sultan is negotiating with the committee of union and progress with regard to his abdication.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

PIONEERS WILL CELEBRATE.

Provisional Government Day to Be Observed at Champoug May 1.

F. X. Matthieu Cabin No. 12, Native Sons of Oregon, of Butteville, has issued the program and invitations for the annual celebration at Champoug, for Saturday, May 1, in commemoration of the first provisional government meeting, held at Champoug, May 2, 1843. This will be the 66th anniversary of that event, and the ninth anniversary of the dedication of the monument erected to its memory. Joseph Buchtel, of Portland, will act as chairman, and Hon. P. H. D'Arcy, of Salem, will deliver the annual address. Parrott's band will furnish good music for the day. All who attend are requested to bring their lunch baskets well filled for the day.

Mr. Buchtel, who will preside, desires to form an organization to handle future celebrations, as the expense is burdensome on Matthieu cabin. He will propose at the conclusion of the program at the celebration that a society be formed, with a president and secretary and executive committee. An effort will be made to change the place for holding future celebrations from Champoug to Wilsonville, because of the greater conveniences at the latter place. Mr. Buchtel has looked up a ten-acre tract at Wilsonville, on the river and electric car line, which he proposes should be purchased and made a permanent state park in memory of the first meeting of the provisional government, May 2, 1843, which he says is the right place. He would not remove the monument already erected at Champoug, but erect another on the Wilsonville state park, and there hold all future celebrations. The organization which he will undertake to form at the celebration will be authorized to adopt plans to finance the movement.

NO NEED TO COMPROMISE.

Oregon Already Owns Sand Island, Says Governor Benson.

Salem—Governor M. E. Hay, of Washington, has written Governor Benson, of this state, in regard to the boundary question long pending between the two states. It is understood the Washington authorities favor an arbitration commission to consider the entire question.

Governor Benson has acknowledged the receipt of the communication from the governor of Washington and has taken the matter under advisement. While he will say nothing as to the merits of the matter, it is gathered from other sources that the Oregon authorities may not be anxious to hand the matter over to a commission, since the Supreme court of the United States has already rendered a decision in favor of Oregon's contention in the matter. The principal ground for litigation is Sand island at the mouth of the Columbia. The Washington people are now making an effort to have the case reopened by the United States Supreme court.

Plan Strawberry Day.

Milton.—Plans which were started for the celebration of Milton's annual strawberry day, at a meeting of the Progressive association held in Alliance hall, are progressing, and it is thought by the next meeting all of the preliminary work will have been completed. It is proposed this year to celebrate on a more extensive scale than ever before. Besides an excellent literary and musical program, a big horse show will form a part of the festivities. This was last year an important part of the program, but arrangements are being made to make it much better than on last season, horses being entered from all the towns in Umatilla county and many across the line in Washington.

Goat Business Growing.

McMinnville.—In view of the probability of there being a home market for Oregon mohair with the erection of the contemplated mohair mills in a suburb of Portland, there is an awakened interest in the angora goat business in this county. E. S. Talbott, who has raised stock and bought stock here for a number of years, makes an estimate of the number of goats already owned in the county, and places them at about 18,000, or more than one-seventh of the entire number in Oregon. Mr. Talbott reports the fleece very fine this year, and the outlook quite promising for the men engaged in the goat business.

New Depot for Baker.

Baker City.—The O. R. & N. company has just purchased additional grounds for the erection of a depot. The consideration was \$16,000. The new depot will cost approximately \$30,000. The present depot will be remodeled and used for a freight depot and warehouse. Baker is the second city in Oregon in volume of freight business. The building of the new passenger depot and freight warehouses calls for a rearrangement of sidetracks.

Ready to Bore for Oil.

Astoria.—A scow load of machinery has been taken to the Hess ranch on the south shore of Youngs bay, where Harrison, Brenner & Palmberg, of this city, will bore for gas and oil. Boring will be commenced as soon as the machinery can be set up. The firm has secured leases on a large tract of land in this vicinity and arrangements have been made to sink several wells at various places in case the first one does not prove successful.

FOWLS ARE STRICKEN.

Epidemic of Tuberculosis Reported in Oregon Poultry.

Portland.—According to reports received by Dr. R. C. Yenney, secretary of the state board of health, there threatens to be a serious spread of tuberculosis among poultry flocks of the state.

Dr. S. W. McClure, chief of the state bureau of animal industry, advises Dr. Yenney that a flock of 59 chickens bought at Eugene and taken to Forest Grove was found to be afflicted with the disease and that 16 died at last report. He estimates that 80 per cent of the flock was affected. Dr. McClure reported in addition that a large flock of chickens at Pendleton was found to be affected with tuberculosis, but no connection had been established between the two districts affected. At Pendleton it was found that the disease had attacked turkeys in an adjoining field and also pigs had been seized with the disease after eating dead chickens and turkeys.

Dr. Yenney said that the fact of the disease being communicable to human beings from affected fowls had not been fully established, but the pigs taking the disease from having eaten the affected fowls was significant.

Water Board Gets Pointers.

Salem.—That the state of Oregon will be enabled to save thousands of dollars on surveys and other reclamation work by taking advantage of the experience of others is the opinion of State Engineer John H. Lewis, who, with F. M. Saxton, of Baker City, has just returned from a tour of Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado and Utah. The Oregon men made a special study of the administration of the water laws and the methods of keeping the office records pertaining to this work. Mr. Lewis states that Wyoming has the best irrigation system in the country.

Copper Mine Near Rogue.

Roseburg.—A valuable mineral find in Southern Oregon has just been reported by G. W. Morris, an old time prospector from California. It consists of a ledge of rich copper ore, carrying \$17.48 in gold to the ton. The mineral crops out of the ground for a distance of 600 feet, and the ledge is from 500 to 600 feet in length. A piece of the ore about a foot square yielded over three ounces of copper. The ledge is situated at the top of a mountain about eight miles south of Roseburg.

Medford Schools at A-Y-P.

Medford.—A. B. Robinson, superintendent of Multnomah county schools, who has been touring the state in an effort to arrange a school exhibit for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, met with the faculties of the different Medford schools and as a result the local schools will prepare an exhibit for the fair. Superintendent Robinson reports that he is meeting with the best of success in his efforts throughout the state.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Bluestem milling, \$1.25@1.30; bluestem shipping, \$1.17@1.18; club, \$1.14@1.16; Turkey red, \$1.15; Russian red, \$1.08@1.09; valley, \$1.10@1.12.
Oats—No. 1 white, \$40@41 per ton. Barley—Feed, \$32.50@33.
Hay—Timothy, Willamette valley, \$14@16 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$17@19; clover, \$11@12; alfalfa, \$14@14.50; grain hay, \$13@14; cheat, \$14@14.50; vetch, \$13.50@14.
Apples—65c@72.50 per box.
Potatoes—\$1.25@1.40 per hundred; sweet potatoes, 2 1/2@3c per pound.
Vegetables—Turnips, \$1.25 per sack; carrots, \$1.25; parsnips, \$1.50; beets, \$1.75; horseradish, 10c per pound; artichokes, 65c@85c per dozen; asparagus, Oregon, 75c@85c per dozen; cabbage, 2 1/2@4 1/2c per pound; lettuce, head, 85c per dozen; onions, 40@50c per dozen; parsley, 35c per dozen; rhubarb, 3@4c per pound; spinach, 4c.
Butter—City creamery, extras, 27 1/2@29c; fancy outside creamery, 25@29c per pound; store, 18@20c. Butter fat prices average 1 1/2c per pound under regular butter prices.
Eggs—Oregon ranch, 21 1/2@22c per dozen.
Poultry—Hens, 10 1/2@17 1/2c per pound; broilers, 25c; fryers, 18@22 1/2c; roosters, old, 10@11c; young, 14@15c; ducks, 20@22 1/2c; geese, 10@11c; turkeys, 20c; aquaba, \$2.50@3 per dozen.
Onions—Oregon, \$1.75@1.85 per hundred.
Veal—Extras, 10@10 1/2c per pound; ordinary, 8 1/2@9c; heavy, 7@8c.
Pork—Fancy, 9 1/2@10c per pound; large, 8@9c.
Hops—1909 contracts, 9c per pound; 1908 crop, 6 1/2@7c; 1907 crop, 3@4 1/2c; 1906 crop, 1 1/2@2c.
Wool—Eastern Oregon, 16@18c per pound; valley, medium, 18 1/2@19c; coarse, 17@17 1/2c per pound; Portland; mohair, choice, 23@23 1/2c per pound.
Cattle—Top steers, \$5.25@5.50; fair to good, \$4.75@5; common to medium, \$3.25@4.50; cows, top, \$4.25; fair to good, \$3.50@4; common to medium, \$2.50@3.50; calves, top, \$5@5.50; heavy, \$3.50@4; bulls and stags, fat, \$23@25; common, \$20@22.
Hogs—Best, \$7.25@7.50; fair to good, \$6.75@7; stockers, \$5.50@6.50; China fats, \$6.75.
Sheep—Top wethers, \$5@5.75; fair to good, \$4.50@4.75; ewes, 1/2c less on all grades; yearlings, top, \$6.50@7; fair to good, \$6@6.25; spring lambs, \$7.

ABDICATION OF SULTAN.

Tottering Throne of Turkey Seems About to Fall.

Constantinople, April 19.—The most serious crisis in the history of the Turkish empire is thought to be at hand. It is persistently rumored that Abdul Hamid, forced by the uprising against the tyranny of the party in power, will abdicate the throne.

The committee of union and progress, representing the party of the Young Turks, with whom are allied the revolting Salonika soldiers, are endeavoring to regain the power obtained by the revolution of last July, which has been gradually undermined by the cleverness of the sultan in getting rid of or winning over by bribes the leaders.

The Salonika soldiers are at the gates of the city and threaten to enter. The military in the capital is in a state of fear and no resistance is looked for. To complicate the situation, an uprising is in progress in Asia Minor in which more than 1,000 people have been slain, among them two missionaries, and untold property damage has been done.

Foreigners and many Christians have taken refuge in the consulates. The local troops and the governor are doing their best to protect the town, but there is great fear that it cannot hold out much longer against the invasion of the Moslems, who are sweeping down in large numbers. The American vice consul at Mersina, John Debas, has been unable to proceed to Adana, owing to the interruption of communication.

A British warship is proceeding to Alexandretta, which is threatened by the Moslems. Several American farms in that neighborhood have been destroyed.

Alarm is felt at Kharput because of serious depredations by the Kurds in the surrounding villages, although the town itself has not been the scene of any particular disorders.

The tension in Turkey over the situation is very great. The people of the capital are more concerned with the advance of the Salonika troops than they are with the massacres reported from various quarters.

MUSIC FOR THE FAIR.

Management Has Provided Well Along This Line.

Music will be a big feature of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, and during the exposition season the finest musical organizations of the United States will be heard. Liberati's, Innes' and Ellery's bands will divide the season and these will be heard daily.

The temple of music is centrally located, and in this beautiful building, continuous concerts will be given free from the first day of June until the closing day on the sixteenth of October. A number of handsome band stands have been erected at various points, and these are so dispersed that music will be heard in every part of the grounds.

Shorter concert seasons have been arranged for orchestras and bands from foreign countries, and among these will be heard the Philippine Constabulary band and the national band of Mexico. Vocal and solo instrument concerts will as a rule be heard in the auditorium, and this new permanent building represents one of the very finest halls for such purposes that is to be found in the United States. Of great importance and assistance to concerts held in the auditorium will be the new organ which has been installed for the exposition. This instrument is one of the largest pipe organs yet built, and in tone and possibilities is not surpassed.

Interesting novelties in music will be heard, and among these will be noted a native Philippine band whose instruments are entirely composed of bamboo. The range and class of music produced by these rudely constructed instruments is remarkable, and the extremely crude appearance presented is in strong contrast to the equipment of other organizations.

Cuban Police Arrested.

Havana, April 19.—Ricardo Arnuto, the secret police agent of the palace, and his brother, Jose, substitute inspector of the detective squad, were found tonight hiding in the house of a friend, and were taken to the city prison. They are charged with the abstraction of correspondence from the baggage of Jose Cisneros, who attempted to kill ex-Governor Nunez a short time ago. Both men deny the charge. The criminal branch of the Audencia, before which the prisoners will soon come for trial, refused bail.

Disturbance is Subsiding.

London, April 19.—The Foreign office has received a telegram from Major Daughy-Wylie, the British vice consul at Mersina, who went to Adana at the outbreak of the trouble. In substance the vice consul says that the situation is improving. He mentions incidentally that his arm was broken while he was attempting to check the disorders. The Foreign office has asked the admiralty to send warships to the disturbed area.

Many Cities Are Burned.

Paris, April 19.—Dispatches received from Constantinople say the situation in Adana has become very much worse; that a number of cities have been burned, and that Tarsus has been almost blotted out. The dispatches further state that a French factory had been sacked, and that the peasants were coming down from the mountains and massacring the Armenians.

ROOKERY IS BURNED

Dozen People Perish in Flimsy Lodging House.

VICTIMS ARE ALL LABORING MEN

Refugee Home Erected Immediately After San Francisco Quake is Scene of Holocaust.

San Francisco, April 17.—Fire in the St. George hotel, a flimsy structure erected shortly after the earthquake, and since used as a lodging house, snuffed out a dozen lives between 3 and 4 o'clock this morning. The building, located at Eighth and Howard streets, burned like tinder, and almost before the sleeping occupants of the structure could be aroused the fate of many of them was sealed.

The great rookery had 600 rooms, and was mostly occupied by laboring men and their families. Five bodies have already been taken from the ruins, and it is believed that 80 still remain buried in the smoking and smouldering wreckage.

The St. George hotel was of the most flimsy construction, and its proprietor, J. W. Shanan, has been in trouble with the board of public works since the building was erected. On December 13, 1906, he was arrested for violating the building law, but was dismissed on promising to make alterations which would increase the safety of the building. According to John T. Horgan, of the board of public works, many complaints have been made against Shanan on the ground that the St. George was a veritable firetrap.

Insurance agents estimated that the fire resulted in a loss of \$82,500.

SULTAN PREPARES TO FLY.

Civil War in Turkey is Cause of Panic in Government Circles.

Constantinople, April 17.—Panic reigns in government circles, and the sultan is reported to be in readiness for flight. The chief officers are mutinous, the Constantinople garrison is rushing preparations to assist the troops said to be advancing upon the city from the Northwest, and the new ministers are resigning as fast as possible. It is doubtful if the soldiers here can cope with the forces which, it is rumored, are rallying to the standard of the Young Turks.

Business is again at a standstill and private citizens are taking all possible precautions to defend their property in the event that the opposing armies shall clash in Constantinople. It is realized here that alarming reports from Salonika may rouse the Young Turks, who are eager to terrorize the city.

PREPARING FOR WAR.

Japan Greatly Increasing Navy and Loubing Army.

Victoria, B. C., April 17.—That Japan fears another war with Russia and is making the same careful and systematic preparation for it as preceded the recent war is the news given by passengers from Yokohama. Two large battleships of the Dreadnaught class are being built, one at Kure to be named the Setu, and the other at Yokohama to be named the Kawachi, both stronger and with larger guns than the big Aki and Satsuma.

In conversation regarding the fear entertained of the return of war with Russia, an arrival by the Tosa Maru said great additions had been made to the fleet of Japan. In military affairs preparations have been continuous, but the greatest secrecy has been maintained. The army is being increased to over 20 divisions, so that a force of 1,000,000 may be mobilized when necessary. Prior to the last war 500,000 men represented the total number that could be put in the field, including all branches, and that number proved inadequate.

Bread Follows Flour Up.

Los Angeles, April 17.—Another advance of 2 cents a barrel in the price of family and bakers' flour, effective immediately, was announced today by the leading millers of this state. With this increasing price, family flour is advanced to \$7 a barrel, which is the highest mark ever attained in this state. While many of the bakers had previously reduced the weight of the loaves of bread, those who had not done this said they would prepare to do so in order to prevent loss. Some will make the loaves in three sizes.

Flour Raises at Portland.

Portland, April 17.—Grocers all over the city advanced the price of flour 10 cents a sack yesterday, as a result of the rise of 40 cents a barrel announced by the jobbers and millers. Flour is now being retailed at from \$1.55 to \$1.75 in the stores. People who do their baking at home will hardly notice the increased price, unless they compare it with what flour cost them a year ago, when they will find a difference of 35 cents.

Flour is at \$7 per Barrel.

St. Paul, April 17.—As a result of the corner in wheat, flour has advanced in the last two weeks 50 cents a hundred in St. Paul, and further substantial advances in prices may be expected. Yesterday there was an advance of ten cents a hundred, so that the ruling quotation today was \$7.