

NEWS FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

McKINLEY MURDER COSTLY.

Government Makes Public Expenditures in Effort to Save Life.

Washington, March 12.—After carefully guarding for more than seven years the facts as to the government's expenditures incident to the last illness and burial of President McKinley, the treasury officials made a statement today covering the expenditure under the appropriation of \$45,000 for this purpose, made by congress on July 1, 1902. The physicians were paid as follows:

Dr. M. D. Mann, \$10,000; Dr. H. Mynto, \$6,000; Dr. C. McBurney, \$5,000; Dr. Roswell Parks, \$5,000; Dr. C. G. Stockton, \$1,500; Dr. F. G. Janeway, \$1,500; Dr. H. G. Marzinger, \$750; Drs. W. W. Johnson, E. W. Lee and H. R. Gaylord, \$500 each; Dr. N. W. Wilson, \$250; Dr. G. McR. Hall and Dr. E. C. Mann, \$200 each.

Three firms of undertakers divided \$4,491.30 among them. Two nurses were paid \$500 each; a third was paid \$400 and another \$200.

PLAN NEW RIFLE MATCHES.

Two New Events to Be Added to Annual American Contest.

Washington, March 11.—Arrangements were perfected today with the Ohio authorities for holding the annual matches of the National Rifle association of America on the Camp Perry range, immediately following the national matches about August 27. The new matches were added to the program, one for annual members and one for individual rapid fire. The executive committee at its meeting also accepted the offer of Colonel John Jacob Astor of a trophy for the interscholastic indoor championship match, the trophy to be kept in competition 20 years and then given to the school winning it the most times.

Fifteen universities and colleges have entered in the interscholastic indoor athletic match to be held March 15 to 27 and about 20 school teams have entered in the interscholastic indoor championship match in April.

Sees Way for Conservation.

Washington, March 10.—Former Governor Pardee reiterates his assertion that the failure of congress to supply funds for the operation of the national conservation commission will not hinder its work. Pardee declared today on what he termed good authority, that the sundry civil appropriations bill would not be construed as applying to the commission. The sundry civil bill was passed with an amendment prohibiting the payment of any money to various commissions created by President Roosevelt, under executive orders. After a conference with President Taft, Pardee announced that the work of the commission would be continued.

Boundary Case Reopened.

Washington, March 10.—The case of the state of Washington against the state of Oregon, involving jurisdiction over Sand Island, near the mouth of the Columbia river, which was decided by the Supreme court of the United States in favor of the state of Oregon, was today reopened to the extent of granting permission to the state of Washington to file a petition for a rehearing. The Washington attorneys in the petition contend that the court erred in locating the various channels in the river. Forty days were given for the preparation of briefs.

Will Build Up Army.

Washington, March 11.—General Jacob M. Dickinson, secretary of war, today announced that the principal object towards which he would bend his energies during his administration would be the enlargement of the army of the United States. The war secretary said he had as yet no plan to announce for this purpose but he considered as one of the most important steps the increased efficiency and size of the states' national guard.

Truitt for Alaska Judge.

Washington, March 12.—Senator Heyburn today urged the president to appoint ex-Judge Warren Truitt, of Moscow, Idaho, to the new Federal judgeship created in Alaska. Under the law this appointment cannot be made before July 1. Senator Borah is favorable to Mr. Truitt's appointment. Mr. Truitt was Federal judge in Alaska for many years.

Loeb Stayed to Pack Up.

Washington, March 9.—William Loeb, Jr., who was named by President Taft as collector of the Port of New York, will leave Washington today and take charge of the customs house. Mr. Loeb has been detained here supplanting the removal of some of Mr. Roosevelt's personal effects and their shipment to Oyster bay.

Nicaragua Must Be Good.

Washington, March 12.—The cruisers Colorado and South Dakota have arrived at Corinto, Nicaragua. Their presence is a tacit warning by the United States that the peace of Central America must not be disturbed.

Present New Attorney General.

Washington, March 10.—Attorney General Wickersham was today formally presented to the Supreme court of the United States by Solicitor General Hoyt. The ceremony was simple and brief.

ASK UNCLE SAM TO TEST.

Harney County Would Have Reclamation Service Seek Water.

Washington, March 9.—The secretary of the interior has received from the Burns Commercial club, of Oregon, a request that the reclamation service immediately take steps to demonstrate the existence of an artesian flow in Harney county by sinking wells at central points so individual homesteaders may have a reasonably sure knowledge of the depth necessary to go for such water and of the amount to be found when reached. It is stated that an artesian supply is the only possible source of water for reclamation purposes upon which the settlers in Harney county can base hope of permanent success.

In reply to the petition of the Burns Commercial club, former Secretary Garfield recalls the fact that on March 3, 1903, it was decided that the reclamation fund could not be used for the purpose of drilling artesian wells for exploration. Such wells may be paid for from reclamation funds only in cases where there is sufficient knowledge in advance to make it probable that water will be obtained therefrom in such quantities as could be used for irrigation of lands, with the probability that the cost of work will be returned to the reclamation funds.

TAFT NEEDS CASH.

May Not Make Trip to Coast Unless Congress Provides.

Washington, March 13.—According to a member of the cabinet, the president's decision to make the trip to the Pacific coast next summer after the adjournment of congress, will depend largely on whether congress makes him an appropriation for traveling expenses. He said:

"It was intended to make the president's salary \$100,000, but congress put it at \$75,000 and cut off his traveling expenses."

"Congress will not be in regular session again until next December," remarked the interviewer.

"That's so," was the reply, "but congress could take up the question of allowing him money for traveling at a special session. Unless it does allow for traveling expenses, I do not think the president will go to the coast. It is the president's desire to travel a great deal and see as much of the United States as he can. I think, however, that the country ought to foot the bills for all the traveling that he does in his official capacity."

Resigns From Land Office.

Washington, March 13.—Representative Ellis has placed in the hands of Secretary Ballinger the resignation of A. A. Roberts, receiver of the La Grande land office, and it was immediately accepted. Mr. Roberts' resignation was voluntary. The investigation that had been under way for three months disclosed that the books of the office were in bad shape, but there was no evidence of wrongdoing on the part of Mr. Roberts, though his administrative methods had been lax. It is expected that his successor will be appointed soon after congress convenes.

Promises No Delay.

Washington, March 11.—Secretary Ballinger said today there would be no undue delay in passing upon the application of the Harriman railroad for a right of way through the Deschutes canyon. He has called upon the land office and reclamation service to prepare for him a full report of all facts and when the statements are ready he will give them thorough and prompt consideration and act as he believes the facts justify. Engineer Schleck, who is now at Deschutes making an investigation, will be expected to report at the earliest practicable moment.

Roosevelt Steward Is Out.

Washington, March 9.—Mrs. W. H. Taft has abolished the position of White House steward and will conduct her domestic arrangements through a woman housekeeper. While the season of prescribed official dinners is over the new tenant of the White House, will give a series of informal social functions during the special session of congress which will bring renewed animation and social life to the sequestered and sombre structure during the Taft regime.

Consul in Tangle.

Washington, March 10.—Three hundred thousand erstwhile Ottoman subjects now living in the United States have petitioned Kasim Bey, Turkish ambassador to the United States, to urge that Munji Bey, Turkish consul in New York city, be deposed for conduct which is termed by them grafting, in that they alleged that Munji Bey has taken advantage by overcharging them for his official signature and the Turkish stamp to passports.

No Change in Wool Duties.

Washington, March 11.—It is currently reported that the ways and means committee has decided to make no change in the present duty on wool, though a material reduction will be made in the duty on woolen manufacturers. It is also reported that the present duty on shingles, 30 cents per thousand, will stand unchanged.

Saves Southern Yards.

Washington, March 10.—The order of the secretary of the navy, given at the direction of President Roosevelt, abolishing the navy yards at Pensacola, Fla., and New Orleans, was revoked by Secretary Meyer today.

SMALL HOPE IN TENNESSEE.

Remaining Standard Cases Desperate—Rebate Law About Dead.

Washington, March 12.—The officials of the department of justice today again declined to discuss what further action would be taken by the government with respect to the several other criminal cases against the Standard Oil company for accepting rebates now pending in the courts for the Northern District of Illinois. It is understood, however, that Messrs. Wickersham and Sims, the government attorneys, will come to Washington within the next few days for a conference with Attorney General Wickersham, when it is presumed a course of action will be decided on.

The decision of the court in the \$29,240,000 fine case leaves still pending in the Chicago District court three double cases, in which two separate grand juries have found indictments. These three double cases are understood to be similar, if not identical, with the case decided yesterday.

Consideration already has been given by government counsel to the case of the United States against the Standard Oil company, which shortly is to come to trial at Jackson, Tenn.

The indictment in that case contains 1,500 counts, the specific charges being that the Standard shipped from Whiting, Ind., to various points in the South 1,500 or more carloads of oil on which concessions in rates were made by the railroads.

The decision of the Circuit court at Chicago is not binding as a matter of law on the Tennessee judge, who may try the case, as he is not in the same circuit, but it is considered likely that he may follow the Chicago court so far as the two cases have similarity. The Tennessee case probably will be heard by Judge John E. McCall, of the western district of Tennessee.

WIRELESS TELLS OF WOE.

Atlantic Stations Pick Up Fragments of Appeal for Help From Sea.

Boston, March 12.—Another sea tragedy has been revealed to naval operators at the government wireless stations at Charleston navy yard and Newport by fragmentary messages received through the ether. Whether the breaks in the message are caused by the distress on board the vessel sending them or not is not known. Not enough has been received at either station to locate or identify the craft in trouble.

"In distress, notify life-saving stations—west—south—east," is the way the message was read at Newport.

Another wireless station picked up fragments of a message about the same time which were in effect that a vessel was drifting in distress off the New Jersey coast. The word "Trainer" was among other unconnected words received and this led to the supposition that the message might have referred to the schooner "Ann B. Trainer," which was reported early in the week as drifting without masts off the Virginia coast.

BRITAIN GAINS TERRITORY.

Siam Cedes 15,000 Square Miles Under Industrial Treaty.

London, March 12.—Fifteen thousand square miles of territory has been added to the British empire by the treaty signed yesterday at Bangkok, Siam, under the terms of which Siam cedes to Great Britain the states of Kalantan, Tringan and Kedah, which hereafter will be administered with the Malay Federated states.

Under the treaty British capital to the extent of \$20,000,000, will be furnished for the construction of railroads south from Bangkok. These lines are to be controlled by a new department quite distinct from the present railroad administration of Siam, which is administered by Germans. There will be also a gradual abolition of British extra territorial rights in Siam.

Death Harvest in Georgia.

Atlanta, Ga., March 12.—Ten persons were killed in the tornado that swept across Alabama and Georgia last night. The storm plowed two miles of timber and farms near Cumming, Ga., and destroyed much property. Cuthbert, Ga., reported the damage at \$500,000. Nearly half the main business block was damaged. Homeless persons wandered through the town searching for household goods which the wind had scattered.

Life Saves by Wireless.

Eureka, Cal., March 12.—The oil steamer Asuncion, Captain George E. Bridgett, en route from San Francisco to Portland, dove to 100 miles north of here this afternoon and notified the Fort Humboldt wireless station that a sailor had fallen from the rigging to the deck. The message stated that his injuries had resulted in severe internal hemorrhages, and medical advice was asked for and was promptly given.

Again on Visiting Terms.

Victoria, B. C., March 12.—News was brought by the steamer Suveric, which reached port today, that Japan was preparing to receive the first Russian warships to reach Japan since the war. They are the Korietz and Glyak, new vessels named after two of the same name sunk during the war, and had come from Russia, to be followed shortly by the new cruiser Pavel III, Dabuti and another battleship.

Death List Now 35.

Brinkley, Ark., March 12.—Thirty-five persons were killed by the tornado here and more than 200 injured, according to a statement issued tonight by Mayor Jackson. An appeal for outside aid for the homeless was made by the mayor.

FOR COUGHS KING OF CURES FOR COLDS

THE WONDER WORKER

FOR THROAT

DR. KING'S

AND LUNGS

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I had the most debilitating cough a mortal was ever afflicted with, and my friends expected that when I left my bed it would surely be for my grave. Our doctor pronounced my case incurable, but thanks be to God, four bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me so completely that I am all sound and well.—MRS. EVA UNCAPHER, Grovertown, Ind.

Price 50c and \$1.00 ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED! Trial Bottle Free

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

C. F. MOORE

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

WILL CURE

Your Cold. Try It

The uniform success that has attended the use of this remedy in the cure of bad colds has made it one of the most popular medicines in use. It can always be depended upon to effect a quick cure and is pleasant to take.

It contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult. Price 25 cents. Large size 50 cents.

WHEN YOU CATCH COLD

Do not take chances on it wearing away or experiment with some unknown preparation which may leave the bronchial tubes and lungs weakened and susceptible to attack from the germs of Pneumonia or Consumption.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

not only stops the cough but heals and strengthens the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Contains no opiates.

It saved His Life After the Doctor said He Had Consumption.

W. R. Davis, Visalia, California, writes: "There is no doubt but what Foley's Honey and Tar saved my life. I had an awful cough on my lungs and the doctor told me I had consumption. I commenced taking Foley's Honey and Tar and found relief from the first and three bottles cured me completely."

A Policeman's Testimony.

J. N. Patterson, night policeman, of Nashua, Iowa, writes: "Last winter I had a bad cold on my lungs and tried at least a half-dozen advertised cough medicines and had treatment from two physicians without getting any benefit. A friend recommended Foley's Honey and Tar and I took two-thirds of a bottle cured me. I consider it the greatest cough and lung medicine in the world."

Three sizes—25c, 50c and \$1.00. The 50-cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small size and the \$1.00 bottle almost six times as much. Refuse substitutes.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

C. F. MOORE