

NEWBERG GRAPHIC

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NEWBERG, OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Newsy Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

Bryan is lecturing in Pennsylvania. A red-hot senatorial fight is expected in Indiana.

The house committee is almost unanimous for free lumber. The new Democratic governor of Nebraska opposes radical measures.

The president has vetoed the measure changing the Colorado boundary. Hill has secured an outlet to the gulf by the purchase of the Colorado & Southern.

Taft denies that any cabinet appointment beside that of Knox has been decided. The gunboat Hist, which grounded in the Delaware river, has been floated undamaged.

The Standard Oil company denies the government's right of appeal in the big fine case. Robbers raided the State Bank of Ceres, 18 miles from Lincoln, Neb., and secured \$3,000.

All immigrants to the United States from Japan are to be inspected jointly by officials of the two countries. The British house of lords has passed a measure reducing the work day from 10 hours to nine hours for miners. The time is counted from the time they leave the surface till they return, which makes practically an eight-hour day.

Taft says he will visit the Panama canal annually. A death resulted in Philadelphia from a prizefight. Holland is angry with Germany for the welcome accorded Castro.

The American consul stopped a mutiny at Puerto Cortez, Honduras. A slight earthquake shock was felt in France, but not much damage was done.

British papers censure Roosevelt's outburst of vituperation and alienists say he is mad. Attorney-General Bonaparte thinks the government should have the right to appeal in anti-trust cases.

A Montana man has been found guilty of blackmail. The evidence was secured through his bad spelling. The Canadian government seized a fishing vessel from Tacoma for violating the laws. A fine of \$1,000 was imposed.

A schoolhouse at Altoona, Pa., burned, causing a damage of \$100,000. At the time there were 600 children in the building, but all escaped. Count Boni's family is reduced to poverty.

Castro refuses to believe that his people have rebelled. Officers of the battleship fleet were banqueted by the governor of Ceylon. Los Angeles business men have organized to eradicate racetrack gambling in California.

Turkey has passed into the family of free nations, the sultan opening parliament amid popular enthusiasm. Blizzards are raging along the Atlantic coast. Heavy snowfalls are reported and the temperature has dropped.

The principal of a Washington girls' seminary accuses Roosevelt of being ungentle, but the president denies the charge. Representatives of leading copper interests of this country and Europe will meet in New York to organize a world copper trust.

A North Carolina negro about to be hanged refused the attention of a minister, saying he wanted to go to hell for a special purpose. In the Pullman investigation at Chicago a number of women testified to the inconvenience of upper berths and inability to receive attention from the porter unless he was tipped.

Holland has seized another Venezuelan vessel. The Western Maryland railroad is to be reorganized. Government experts declare that paper can be made from cornstalks.

Steel magnates declare the cost of their product has greatly increased. Baron Rosen, Russian ambassador to the United States, has started for his post, after an absence of several months. A retired soldier at San Francisco has saved \$13,900 from his pay and will hereafter draw \$67.50 per month for retired pay.

Relations between Brazil and Argentina are strained. The trouble started over the merits of the respective navies of the two countries. Reports show that the French nation last year consumed \$100,000,000 worth of tobacco, upon which the government made a profit of \$75,000,000.

By the explosion of powder at Newbury, Pa., eight persons were injured, three houses burned and four others damaged to prevent further spread of the flames. Japan is to stop all immigration to the United States.

Seizure of Venezuelan ships by Holland has caused a riot at Caracas.

SIMON TAKES OATH.

Assumes Office of President of the Haytian Republic.

Port Au Prince, Dec. 22.—General Antoine Simon, the newly elected president of Hayti, took the oath of office at 10 o'clock this morning at the palace in the presence of foreign diplomats, the officers of the American and Italian warships and the Haytian officials of state. Senator Paulin, who presided at the session of congress which elected General Simon, president, officiated and demanded that the president respect the constitution and other laws of the republic.

General Hippolite, minister of the interior, who responded in behalf of General Simon, promised that every effort should be made to forward the agricultural and commercial interests of the country and to take measures to insure economy in carrying on the government.

Later, at the reception which was held, M. Carteron, the French minister, addressed the president on behalf of the diplomatic corps and officially presented the respects of the foreign ministers. M. Claud, minister of foreign affairs, gave assurances of the government's intention to maintain most cordial relations with all governments.

President Simon then attended a session at the cathedral, where the "Te Deum" was sung, afterward proceeding on horseback, followed by a brilliant escort, through the principal streets of the city, where he was acclaimed by all.

NAME DECEIVES MOTHERS.

Straus Declares Commercial Pasteurized Milk is Big Fraud.

New York, Dec. 22.—Nathan Straus, the New York philanthropist, best known, perhaps, for his free milk booths and Pasteurization crusade, is urging the passage by the next legislature of more stringent legislation in this state prohibiting the importation of cattle affected with tuberculosis. Also he hopes to prevent the use of the word "Pasteurization" unless it speaks for the scientific and not commercial method.

"Commercial Pasteurization," says Mr. Straus, "is a humbug and fraud. The germs are not killed, but the milk has been treated by a process which merely preserves it, and prevents it from souring. It actually does more harm than good, for it enables dishonest dealers to keep milk and market it when it is old and stale. It deceives mothers, who know that Pasteurized milk is good for their babies, and do not understand that commercial Pasteurized milk is only preserved milk."

"Unfortunately, most of the so-called Pasteurized milk sold in the city has been only commercially treated, and the use of the term 'Pasteurization' in connection with it should be forbidden by law."

TOYED WITH A FORTUNE.

Laborer's Child Amuses Herself With \$40,000 Diamond.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 21.—William Ahearn, a laborer, walked into the jewelry store of Louis A. Borsheim, having in his hand a rough diamond, half as large as a hen's egg, which he had picked up in a gravel pit near Denver.

For three months Ahearn carried the diamond around in his pocket without suspecting the true nature of the stone. Borsheim says the diamond is worth at least \$40,000, and probably more. Ahearn worked in a gravel pit, and one day saw a stone so different from the others that he picked it up and carried it around as a pocket piece. Later he gave the stone to his little daughter to play with, and the child, in an effort to make it round so it would roll, struck it with a hammer and broke off a splinter. Ahearn, noting the clearness of the crystal, took the pieces to the jeweler, where the stone was pronounced a real diamond.

Orders Whiskey Destroyed.

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 22.—The first case of seizure of whiskey under the pure food act which was put on trial here last fall, was today finally disposed of in the United States district court, when it was decreed that the whisky seized, 50 barrels, be destroyed and that the makers, the Louisiana Distillery Company, of New Orleans, be required to give bond that they will not continue the sale of the liquor under "bourbon" whisky brands. During the test the government declared that the whisky was the product of molasses, and not bourbon whisky.

Profit Shiring Started.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 22.—On January 1, Edward Morris, president of Morris & Co., packers, will give \$25,000 as the first installment toward a fund of \$500,000 which will put into operation a plan of profitshiring and old age pensions among 10,000 employees of the company. The plan worked out by Mr. Morris will call for an initial disbursement the first year of not less than \$100,000, it is expected, and this will be rapidly increased.

Transport Shortage a Danger.

Washington, Dec. 18.—Lack of necessary vessels for the purpose of transporting troops and supplies in case of war is one of the most serious problems facing the country, according to the report of General Ayleshire, quartermaster general of the army, made public today. The report proposes some form of subsidy to encourage the building of ships, as a solution.

Herrick for the Treasury.

Augusta, Ga., Dec. 21.—That former Governor Myron T. Herrick, of Ohio, is slated to become secretary of the treasury in the new administration is the latest report from the Taft camp today.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

EXPERIMENT STATIONS BENEFIT

By Their Aid Farmers Are Able to Follow Better Methods.

Agricultural methods and practices are rapidly changing as a result of the great amount of hard, earnest work that is being done at the experiment stations of the country. A little discovery is sometimes worth millions of dollars, and the prosperous farmer is the first to put in practice new and better methods.

Alfalfa has added millions of dollars to the agricultural wealth of the country in the past few years, and this has been brought about largely by agricultural college men who investigated and proclaimed its possibilities.

A discovery of an agricultural college man made it possible to discover the robber cow and to put dairying on a profitable basis.

Improvement in seeds by selection or breeding has added immensely to the value of the field crops of the United States. A day at the winter course will show how it is done.

Today we would be without fruit in this country but for the discoveries that have been made as a result of long and expensive work at the agricultural colleges and experiment stations. Instead of being helpless against the ravages of insect pests, the farmer is master of the situation, and we continue to eat fruit.

But for our better knowledge of animal diseases and their prevention we would be unable to produce animal products at a profit.

The improvements that have been made in methods of soil treatment and animal breeding and feeding with a view to increased crop and animal production, have been revolutionary.

About a hundred million dollars have been added to the wealth of the nation annually through work at the experiment stations in developing the sugar beet industry.

And all this is just a beginning. The work of improvement must go on, for the perpetuity of the nation depends largely upon the ability of our farmers to increase the productiveness of the farms.

ECHO TO BE WOOL POINT.

J. T. Hoskins Estimates Annual Shipment of 5,000,000 Pounds.

Echo.—Those who claim to know say that, whereas something like 1,000,000 pounds of wool have in the past been shipped from Echo, the scouring mill, which is now thought to be assured, will be the means of attracting fully 5,000,000 pounds of wool to this place for shipment. J. T. Hoskins, one of the largest wool-growers, is confident that is a conservative estimate, and says further that the establishing of a wool-scouring mill at Echo will call for many other improvements, among which will be a shearing plant and feeding yards.

Business of all kinds in Echo is on the upward trend. The new council proposes many public improvements.

Ruling Set Aside.

Eugene.—The old ruling of the department of the interior, that a person who has filed upon a piece of land under the timber and stone act must see the land before he can prove up on it, has been set aside by a decision in the case of Mrs. Mary S. Ness, wife of S. P. Ness, of this city. Mrs. Ness brought suit to secure a writ of mandamus in the court of District of Columbia to compel Secretary Garfield, of the department of the interior, to allow her to prove up on her timber claim in Lane county, without personally visiting the land. The court granted the mandamus, overthrowing past precedent.

Water Users Protest.

Klamath Falls.—The Klamath Water Users' association will endeavor to hold the reclamation service to its original estimate of the cost of water under the Klamath project, which was \$18.60 per acre. The cost of \$30 per acre is regarded as too high, especially by the large landholders, who have cultivated but a small portion of their holdings heretofore. This cost will cause large tracts of land to be broken up, and farmers will hold only as many acres as they can afford to irrigate. This is what the reclamation service contemplates in its plans for the settling of the Klamath basin.

Poultry Raiser Sells Property.

Milton.—J. L. Vinson, the well-known poultryman for many years a resident of this city, has sold his city property to Mr. Richards, of Montana. Mr. Vinson is president of the Walla Walla Valley Poultry association and has taken great interest in the raising of poultry standards. He is one of the leaders of the prohibition party in Umatilla county. Mr. Vinson intends buying a wheat ranch in Franklin or Adams county.

400 Birds at Show.

Dallas.—The second annual show of the Polk County Poultryraisers' association was held here last week. The attendance was rather light, owing to bad weather, but otherwise the opening day was successful. Nearly 400 birds were entered by fanciers, not only from Polk county, but from many of the neighboring counties. The judging showed many valuable birds. Elmer Dixon, of Oregon City, acted as judge. Valuable prizes, donated by business men, were given.

Buying Polk Fruit Lands.

Independence.—E. V. Carter, an Ashland banker, and William Addison, also of Ashland, have purchased for John Roads and Peter Rural two tracts of fruit land, or a total of 657 acres. This land will be subdivided and again placed on the market in small tracts.

WOLF CREEK PROGRESS.

Growth in All Directions at Oregon's Ideal Colony.

Wolf Creek.—Tree-planting has begun in what is destined to be one of Oregon's finest fruit sections. For a number of years ranchers above this property, which comprises over 2,700 acres, the principal part of Wolf and Coyote valleys, have grown fruit of fine quality, but few of the best commercial varieties have been planted. W. G. Smith is now setting 40 acres to apples, principally Spitzenberg, Winesap and Newtown, and will plant 2,000 grapes, principally Tokay; also peaches, pears, cherries and English walnuts. Several who have purchased tracts of him will do considerable planting. Enough will be set of each kind to insure carload shipments when the trees come to bearing.

Several miners are prospecting. Quartz ledges are known to exist and their value will now be determined, as well as the extent and richness of placer deposits, and only such parts will be mined as promise vastly greater returns than the same land would yield in fruit culture. The chasers of tracts on Wolf and Coyote creeks will be able to secure considerable gold without injury to fruit and agriculture, as only the present and old creek channels will be washed, and this can be done with "self shooters" during low water, at small expense.

Field Too Large.

Prineville.—Because of the wide area he must cover in Crook county, and also because he has no clerical assistance to aid him in the performance of his duties at the county seat, R. A. Ford, county superintendent of schools, has announced that henceforth he will publish his appointments in advance, the same as do the Episcopal bishops in church matters. Mr. Ford is now compiling his first five articles along the line, setting forth a list of some twenty schools to be visited during January.

Scouring Mill for Echo.

Pendleton.—Umatilla county wool men expect to build and equip a \$30,000 wool-scouring mill at Echo and have it in operation during the season of 1909. Plans for the organization of a company to control the plant have been perfected in this city. The management will rest in the hands of a directorate of sheepmen. The town of Echo has donated a site for the plant. That location was chosen because of being the center of the district in which the wool to be scoured is grown.

Library Is Assured.

Pendleton.—Not to stop until they have raised at least \$2,000 for the library is the determination of the women of the city and at this time they are already close to the coveted goal. From subscriptions from membership fees and from the sale of tags combined, about \$1,800 has been raised for the library fund. It is estimated by Mrs. S. A. Lowell that the receipts from tag sales will reach \$200. From membership fees the sum of \$300 will be realized.

Turns Over Land Money.

Salem.—The governor's office has received a warrant from the United States land department for \$66,870, which covers the sales of public lands in Oregon for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908. This amount will be divided in proportion to the acreage in those counties.

Schools Show Increase.

Eugene.—The incomplete school census of Eugene shows that there are over 2,300 children of school age in the city, an increase of over 125 over the enumeration of last year, when the count showed 2,175 children. There are several families yet to enumerate.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Bluestem, 90@97c; club, 90@91c; five, 90@91c; red Russian, 88c; 40-fold 91c; valley, 91c. Barley—Feed, \$27 per ton; brewing, \$28. Oats—No. 1 white, \$31.50 per ton. Hay—Timothy, Willamette valley, \$14 per ton; eastern Oregon timothy, \$16.50@17; clover, \$12; alfalfa, \$12; grain hay, \$12@13. Fruits—Apples, 60c@82.50 per box; pears, \$1@1.25 per box; grapes, 75c@1.50 per crate; quinces, \$1@1.25 per box; cranberries, \$14@14.50 per barrel; huckleberries, 10@15c per lb.; persimmons, \$1@1.25. Potatoes—\$6@90c per hundred; sweet potatoes, 20@25c per lb. Onions—\$1@1.25 per 100 lbs. Vegetables—Turnips, \$1@1.25 per sack; carrots, \$1; parsnips, \$1.25; beets, \$1.25; horseradish, 8@10c per lb.; artichokes, 90c@81 per doz.; beans, 10@14c per lb.; cabbage, 14c per lb.; cauliflower, 75c@81 per doz.; celery, \$4.50 per crate; cucumbers, \$2@2.50 per box; eggplant, 11c per lb.; lettuce, 75c@81 per box; parsley, 30c per doz.; peas, 12c per lb.; peppers, 15@20c per lb.; pumpkins, 1@1c per lb.; radishes, 30c per doz.; spinach, 2c per lb.; sprouts, 9@10c per lb.; squash, 1@1c per lb.; tomatoes, 50c@51.75 per lb.; fancy outside creamery, 32@35c per lb.; store, 18@20c. Eggs—Oregon ranch, 40@42c; eastern, 30@35c per doz. Poultry—Hens, 12@13c per lb.; spring, large, 12@13c, small, 13@14c; mixed, 12@12c; ducks, 14@15c; geese, 9@10c; turkeys, 17@18; dressed turkeys, 20@22c. Veal—Extra, 9@10c per lb.; ordinary, 7@8c; heavy, 8c. Pork—Fancy, 7c per lb.; large, 6@7c. Hops—1908, 5@6c; 1907, 2@4c; 1906, 1@1c. Wool—Eastern Oregon, average, 10@14c per lb., according to shrinkage; valley, 15@16c. Mohair—Choice, 18c per lb.

PROTEST AGAINST RATES.

Californians Will Refuse to Pay Railroad Rates More.

San Francisco, Dec. 21.—Shippers and importers of California are arranging to unite in a state-wide protest against the increase in transcontinental tariffs announced by the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe railroads as effective on January 1. Opposition will take the form of a score of mass meetings, held in the leading cities on December 30, when representatives of leading industries will set forth the grievances of the business men against the carriers. An executive committee appointed some weeks ago to deal with the question yesterday announced this method of procedure as more desirable than an appeal to the courts, which was regarded as productive of delay, or to the interstate commerce commission, which is powerless to take action until such rate changes have taken effect.

The attitude of the protestants was set forth yesterday in a statement by C. H. Bentley, president of the San Francisco chamber of commerce and a member of the executive committee, who said:

"We deem it unjust that the traffic managers should have arranged these rates, without consulting the shippers, and at a period most inopportune. We have canvassed the railroad situation thoroughly, and from the cost of fuel to the statement of earnings there is apparent no valid reason for such an increase of rates at this time."

SEEKING WAR INSTRUCTORS.

Berlin Paper Says Castro Will Add Army and Navy.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—The Berlin Neueste Nachrichten yesterday printed an article "from a well-informed source" warning the German press against adopting an unfriendly attitude toward President Castro, of Venezuela. The writer says that Germany's business interests should cause the newspapers to refrain from offensive allusions, such as "ex-cowboy" and "president of a robber state."

Castro, the article continues, is considering a large addition to the equipment of both army and navy, and is thinking of placing the orders in Germany. The Venezuelan president is also seeking instructors for his military academy, recently established in Caracas, and is likely to give preference to officers from the Germany army. All this leads the Neueste Nachrichten writer to hope that Germany will strive to obtain a permanent influence politically and economically in Venezuela.

Many of the newspapers in their weekly political reviews deal with Senator Castro's visit in connection with the Venezuelan situation. The Tagblatt says:

"The German government cannot much longer show favor toward the president unless he gives assurances that Venezuela will fulfill the obligations."

A notable fact is that the semi-official Nord Deutsche Algemeine Zeitung utterly ignores the presence of Senator Castro. Such a course has never before been adopted when the chief of a foreign state was visiting Germany, although in a private capacity.

SULTAN LIKE CRIMINAL.

Resembles Stage Shylock in Shabby Overcoat at Mosque.

Constantinople, Turkey, Dec. 19.—The scene before the mosque of St. Sofia at the opening of the Turkish parliament house after his four-mile journey by land, exceeded anything that had been imagined beforehand. Thousands of persons were clustered on the roofs, pillars and buttresses of the ancient church, two mullahs even standing on the summit of the dome. Trees, windows and the flat roofs of houses were crowded with spectators. No other such multitude has gathered in Constantinople in 500 years, yet throughout the entire day no disorder whatever was observed.

There was a deadly hush when the sultan entered his box and everybody stood up. Bent and clad in a shabby overcoat, without a single decoration, the sultan bore a remarkable resemblance to a stage Shylock, and looked rather like a criminal in the dock than a ruler blessing his people.

Robbers' Rendezvous Found.

Riverside, Cal., Dec. 21.—Evidence in the hands of government secret service agents leads to the belief that an organized gang of postoffice robbers is making its headquarters at either San Bernardino or Colton. Officers are running down clues and believe they will soon apprehend the criminals. Scores of small postoffices in southern California have been robbed recently, and in almost every case the robbers' trails have led toward San Bernardino or Colton. Suspicious characters are being kept under surveillance.

Cosgrove Makes Strides.

Paso Robles Hot Springs, Cal. Dec. 21.—Governor-elect Cosgrove, of Washington, is making wonderful strides toward recovery. Yesterday morning he was well enough to be dressed, and chatted pleasantly with the physician. The governor is now so much advanced that his son, Howard Cosgrove, returned yesterday morning to Pomeroy, Wash., feeling confident that his father would be well enough to leave for Olympia before many weeks.

Wright Breaks Record.

Lemmas, France, Dec. 19.—Wilbur Wright, the American aviator, today broke previous distance and duration records for aeroplane flight, going 6 1/2 miles in one hour, 53 minutes, 59 seconds. Wright's feat was performed during a trial competition for the Michelin prize.

WORKS ON CABINET

Taft Selects Senator Knox as New Secretary of State.

SENATOR HAS ACCEPTED PLACE

Taft is Looking for Good War Secretary—Straus and Wilson May Be Retained.

Augusta, Ga., Dec. 19.—President-elect Taft tonight announced the appointment of Senator Philander C. Knox as secretary of state in his cabinet. The announcement followed the receipt by Mr. Taft of a telegram conveying the information from Mr. Knox that he would accept the office. Mr. Taft without delay announced that the matter was settled. He said the offer was made to Mr. Knox last Sunday in New York and that since the offer he had not heard from Mr. Knox until today's telegram.

"I feel that I am to be congratulated on securing the services of Senator Knox in my cabinet," said Mr. Taft. "In selecting a secretary of state I wanted, first, a great lawyer, and second, a man who would fill the public eye, not only here, but abroad, as a man who stands out pre-eminently as a great American."

It was stated at the capitol that Mr. Taft is looking for a man to take the war portfolio who has had sufficient experience to work out the reorganization scheme put into force by Mr. Root while he was at the head of that department.

The position of secretary of commerce and labor has been mentioned to a very slight extent, and in some quarters it is thought possible that Secretary Straus, who also is from New York, will be continued in that post, for a time at least.

For secretary of agriculture it is practically conceded that James Wilson, of Iowa, will be continued for a year or more. The appointment of Frank H. Hitchcock to be postmaster-general already has been announced authoritatively.

Reports that Secretary Root would soon resign from the cabinet on account of his injured knee are authoritatively denied.

Other than to announce that Knox had been selected as secretary of state, Mr. Taft declined to speak of cabinet rumors.

Regarding the report that George W. Wickersham, of New York, would be attorney-general, Mr. Taft said he had not yet determined on anyone definitely for this place. "It is his desire to fill this place with an administrative genius who will reorganize the department as well as the legal phases of the department of commerce and labor and the interstate commerce commission."

CASTRO SEEKS RECONCILIATION

Willing to Arbitrate With France—Return to Venezuela Unlikely.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—There is an evident desire on the part of President Castro to effect an arrangement of the outstanding difficulties between Venezuela and France. He authorized a diplomat today to make the following statement: "I believe it would be very easy to bring about a renewal of relations between Venezuela and France by submitting the question to arbitration."

Senator Castro had a lengthy conference with a prominent representative of the German foreign office. The subject-matter of the interview is not known. Both the German foreign office and Senator Castro discredit the report that Venezuela has declared war against the Netherlands. The foreign office takes the ground that, even if hostilities have been declared, the declaration cannot become effective because Venezuela is in no position to carry a campaign beyond its own borders and Holland will not exceed the limits of its retaliatory course, as already fixed and known to the United States.

Drink Acid and Die

Manila, Dec. 19.—Eleven deaths have occurred and 13 men are seriously ill at Keithley camp, Mindanao island, as a result of the men of the eighteenth infantry drinking calumbe acid, a vegetable compound extract from the calumbe root. An official investigation is now being made by the military authorities, but no details have been given out and the names of the dead and seriously ill will be withheld until an official report has been called to Washington. The beverage, it is learned, was served as "vino," a native drink, as a resort near the camp on December 15.

Steel Trust's Margin

Washington, Dec. 19.—Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors and chairman of the finance committee of the United States Steel corporation, appeared before the house ways and means committee in the tariff hearing today. Gary stated that the steel trust had the advantage over its competitors of \$2 a ton in the production of pig iron. The meaning of this is that the profits of the trust are \$22,000,000 over the profits of the ordinary manufacturer of a like output.

San Francisco Honors Biggy.

San Francisco, Dec. 18.—The remains of former Chief of Police William J. Biggy were buried today in Holy Cross cemetery. The services were held from the Knights of Columbus hall, where the body lay in state yesterday. The cortege moved to St. Mary's cathedral, where a solemn requiem high mass was said. Every policeman who was present at the funeral, there being a battalion of seven companies in the procession. The city's departments were all closed during the funeral ceremonies and representatives from all the offices were in the procession to the cemetery.