

NEWS ITEMS FROM WASHINGTON, D. C.

NATION'S DEBT INCREASED.

Larger by \$1,793,794 Than It Was One Month Ago.

Washington, July 3.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business June 30, 1908, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$938,132,409, which is an increase as compared with May 31, 1908, of \$1,793,794. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt, \$897,303,990; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$4,130,015; debt bearing no interest, \$426,056,397; total, \$1,327,690,402.

This amount, however, does not include \$1,299,115,869 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding which are offset by an equal amount of cash held in the treasury for their redemption. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Gold reserve funds, \$150,000,000; trust funds, \$1,299,115,869; general funds, \$189,612,920; in national bank depositories, \$165,219,314; in Philippine treasury, \$3,404,751; total, \$1,807,352,855, against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$1,417,794,862, which leaves a cash balance on hand of \$389,557,993.

Treasury Report.

Washington, July 3.—From the treasury standpoint, the fiscal year just closed has been most satisfactory. Since about the middle of October last, when the period of money stringency set in, and the consequent depression in business began to be felt, there has been a constant falling off in government revenues up to the month just closed. For June a surplus is shown of nearly \$4,000,000. This fact, however, is not significant, as June is unfailingly a surplus month, largely due to the fact that it is the closing month of the fiscal year, when appropriations gradually reach the point of exhaustion. The month of June, 1907, showed a surplus of approximately \$11,000,000, and every preceding June for many years past has shown a large surplus.

Navy Yards Resume.

New York, July 3.—Wednesday was re-employment day at the New York navy-yard. All the men who have been on furlough and a large number of additional mechanics were put to work, the appropriation for the purpose becoming available at the beginning of the new fiscal year.

This re-employment day is coincident with the return to work of many mechanics at other government plants. From now on the actual work on the new battleship Florida will be pushed rapidly and the 5,000 men employed in the construction department of the navy-yard will have all the work they can do.

Captains on Anxious Seat.

Washington, July 3.—Two captains with the battleship fleet in San Francisco will probably be retired by the board of rear admirals next Friday.

The board will meet Thursday to decide upon the men to be placed upon the retired list, and will forward its report to the secretary of the navy the following day. The report will be published at once, to relieve the anxiety of the officers. Upon compulsory retirement under the personnel act, March 3, 1899, officers are allowed three-quarters sea pay of the next rank above.

Japan Plans Reception.

San Francisco, July 1.—M. Arakawa, Japanese minister to Mexico, arrived here today on the steamship Tenyo Maru on his way back to his official post. He said Japan is planning a great reception for the officers and men of the American fleet. Arakawa is disposed to belittle the importance of the Chinese boycott. It was not, he said, materially affecting Japanese trade in the aggregate, being merely a merchant's quarrel.

Yankee Colony Bad Germ.

Valparaiso, July 2.—Augusto Durand, leader of the recent unsuccessful revolution against Peru, has arrived here from Iquique, Chile. He says the Peruvian government is misleading foreign opinion; that the last elections in that country were falsified and that the government is introducing into Peru a germ of the greatest danger by converting that country into a Yankee colony.

Federal Troops Ready.

San Antonio, Tex., June 30.—Officers at Fort Sam Houston are kept posted upon the progress of the so-called revolution in Northern Mexico, but have received no orders to make any preparations to march to the border. The consensus of opinion among them is that no federal troops will be needed.

Garfield Sails for Home.

Honolulu, July 3.—Secretary of the Interior James R. Garfield, who recently came here on the battleship Alabama to investigate the commercial and industrial conditions in these islands, sailed for San Francisco late yesterday on the protected cruiser St. Louis.

Shah Proclaims Amnesty.

Washington, June 30.—In a further effort to restore tranquillity to the city of Teheran, the scene of the recent riots in Persia, the shah has proclaimed a general amnesty, according to a cablegram received last night by General Mortera, the Persian minister.

Roosevelt Refuses Pardon.

Washington, July 3.—Albert Brown, a negro, 23 years of age, who was convicted several months ago of killing his younger brother, Harvey, in a quarrel over a girl, was hanged in the jail yard today. President Roosevelt had refused to stay the execution.

FORBES IS VICE GOVERNOR.

Presidential Appointments for Philippines Announced.

Washington, July 2.—By direction of Secretary Taft, the bureau of insular affairs has announced the following appointments made by the president:

Vice-governor of the Philippines, W. Cameron Forbes, of Massachusetts, now a member of the Philippine commission.

To be member of the Philippine commission and secretary of finance and justice of the Philippines, Gregorio Arenata, of Manila.

To be members of the Philippine commission, Newton Gilbert, of Indiana, and Rafael Palma, a native of the Philippine islands.

Mr. Forbes is now on his way to the United States on leave of absence and is expected to arrive at San Francisco on the steamer Korea on July 13. He is a native of Milton, Mass., is 38 years old, a grandson of Ralph Waldo Emerson and a Harvard graduate. He has been secretary of commerce and police on the Philippine commission for years and participated in organizing the Philippine departmental system.

Messrs. Arenata and Palma are Philippine natives. The former, a jurist of marked ability, held office under Aguinaldo during the insurrection, being secretary of justice and a member of the congress. He has been solicitor-general and attorney-general there.

Mr. Palma, a graduate of the University of Santo Tomas, in Manila, a Manila lawyer and political writer for newspapers, has served in the assembly as a member from Cavite province.

Judge Gilbert, of Fort Wayne, Ind., lawyer, formerly state senator and lieutenant-governor of Indiana and a representative from the state in congress, has been a judge of first instance in the Philippines since September, 1906.

ROADS DOING WELL.

Commissioner Lane Receives Encouraging Reports.

Washington, June 30.—Returns generally from the railroads show that those roads not dependent upon coal, steel and lumber industries have been doing very well recently, said Commissioner Lane, of the interstate commerce commission today. "Of course, they have not done so well as last year. Generally, they have decided not to make any reductions either in wages or in rates of freight affecting the next three months, which is an indication that they believe that business will keep up."

"There are some curious things about prevailing conditions," continued Mr. Lane. "For instance, the Lehigh Valley the other day gave us a report of the earnings for the five months of the present calendar year, together with similar reports covering the preceding five years, and the showing this year was larger than that of any other year during the period indicated."

"The prospect for large crops in the West is extremely good. Railroad men do not expect normal conditions to be recovered suddenly, but look for steady improvement."

"The railroads must spend money in maintaining the roadbed and equipment of their lines in order to meet the demands of commerce, because they are most seriously embarrassed when they are not able to handle business offered them, and there is no doubt that there is an abundance of money in the United States which can be secured for legitimate railroad investment. This was shown by the floating of the Pennsylvania bond issue."

"The railway rate act is admitted by candid railroad men themselves to have been of inestimable value. The enforcement of the law against rebating and our tenacious purpose to stop discrimination have held them up to a conformity to the law that is without precedent."

Keep Neutrality Laws.

Washington, June 30.—The state department today received a telegram from Governor Campbell, of Texas, assuring the Federal Government that the state of Texas will do all in her power to prevent violation of the neutrality laws as a result of the reported revolution in Northern Mexico.

Las Vacas, which was attacked on Thursday, is directly opposite Del Rio, Tex., Acting Secretary of State Adams yesterday sent a message to the governor of Texas asking that he use every means to prevent any violation of the neutrality laws in connection with the disturbances along the Texas-Mexican border. The Mexican government has requested this government to take such precautionary measures.

Test Chewing Tobacco for Navy.

New York, July 2.—To determine which of a great variety of chewing tobacco will serve the needs of the United States Jack Tars for next year a board of paymasters will begin at the Brooklyn navy-yard a solemn conclave to last a week. A force of blue jackets detailed from the several ships at the yard will act as experts. On the result of the tests will rest the award of a contract for 100,000 pounds of tobacco.

Pinchot Coming West.

Washington, July 2.—Gifford Pinchot, chief of the forest service, left Washington Monday on his annual trip over the west. He will visit Portland in the latter part of July for two days and then go to Seattle. He expects to make a short stop at Spokane.

New Forestry Appointees.

Washington, July 2.—The forest service announces the following appointments on national forests: T. F. Cadle, assistant forest ranger, Fremont national forest, Oregon; E. E. Ping and Tony Locke, forest guards on Clearwater national forest, Idaho.

KIDNAP RANCHER'S DAUGHTER

Captor, Uses Her as Shield When Overhauled.

Fresno, Cal., July 1.—Using the body of the girl he had kidnaped from her father's house as a shield for his own body, Cleve Rogers held the posse that had run him down at bay for half an hour yesterday before finally surrendering himself and the girl. The girl, Edna Domengine, 16 years old, daughter of a wealthy stockman and oil man of Coalinga, was returned to her parents. She recently graduated from the Holy Cross College, in Santa Cruz.

Waked from a sound sleep by the firing of a dozen rifle shots in the yard of her ranch home in the foothills of the Coast range, she stumbled out into the night to find herself staring into the muzzles of two rifles held in the hands of a pair of desperadoes. Her father and mother had preceded her and they stood with hands up. The whole scene was lighted by the glare of a burning barn which the bandits had fired.

Clad only in her nightdress, the young girl stood terrified, staring at the grotesque scene that met her eyes. As she watched, before she had time to realize what was happening, two of her father's ranch hands came running to the spot. Instantly one of the bandits ordered them to throw up their hands.

Tony Lovell, one of the hold-up men, demanded \$5,000 from Domengine. Domengine declared there was no money in the house. Rogers thereupon forced the young girl to guide him through her home, pointing out the places where the family kept their plate and other valuables. In vain the child pleaded that there was only 10 cents in her bureau drawer.

When the search revealed nothing, the ruffians took her out, harnessed one of the teams belonging to Domengine, bundled the girl into it and drove off. Then Domengine, who had been released, after promising to produce \$5,000 ransom, made his way to Coalinga and spread the alarm. Immediately several posses started and at 4:30 yesterday afternoon Rogers was overtaken at Jack Springs. He fired two shots, but seeing the armed oil men and officers swarming in, gave up.

He and the girl were brought to town in an automobile. A big crowd gathered and would have lynched Rogers had not Sheriff Chittenden pleaded with them not to take the law into their own hands.

Lovell managed to escape, but is still being pursued. Miss Domengine said the men offered no affront to her.

COLLAPSES IN COURT.

Prince von Eulenber Overcome and Trial is Suspended.

Berlin, July 1.—The trial of Prince zu Eulenber, on the charge of perjury and subornation of perjury in the scandal of last year, was continued in this city yesterday. The hearings are being held in private. The prince pleaded not guilty and declared that the Munich witnesses had either been bribed or were mad. The court began yesterday by taking the testimony of Baron Alphonse de Rothschild, of Vienna, who was given precedence because he urged the necessity of his immediate return to the Austrian capital.

The prince was attended in court by a physician. During the afternoon session he was suddenly overcome with weakness and restoratives had to be applied. The sitting was suspended until today, the prince being removed in an automobile to the Charity Hospital, where he is held a prisoner.

FLOOD OF MONEY.

Big Corporations of Country Pay Out \$15,000,000 Dividends.

Chicago, July 1.—There will be distributed throughout the United States today a total of \$195,000,000, made up largely of semi-annual payments by public corporations such as railroads, large industrial concerns and banks.

This immense volume of money, cut loose from one end of the country to the other, will, it is believed, start a great business revival. It is expected to lead to widespread investments and general improvements, and will have a beneficial and bracing effect in many ways. One important feature is that railroads will have no trouble in getting funds for improvements and work is in sight for thousands of idle men. At the present time the situation is peculiar in that not only in the United States, but in all great monetary centers of the world, money has never been more plentiful. A large part of the money is in gold.

Dying Wish Gratified.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 1.—Charles Green, a 15-year-old colored boy, who has been dying for several days at the Detention Home in this city, passed away yesterday clasping a letter from his father, who is serving a five-year sentence at San Quentin. Several days ago Judge Curtis D. Wilbur, of the Juvenile Court, was informed that the boy, who was suffering from tuberculosis, had begged for a letter from his father. Judge Wilbur communicated with the San Quentin officials and the letter was delivered a few hours before the boy's death.

Adams Pleads Poverty.

Grand Junction, Colo., July 1.—A petition was presented yesterday in the Steve Adams trial by the counsel for the defense asking the court to enter an order permitting the defense to subpoena witnesses at the cost of the state, based on the plea that the defense was without money and unable to bear the burden of this cost. The counsel stated that unless the state stood this expense the defense would be unable to produce the bulk of its witnesses.

Outlaws Hold Fort.

Fort Smith, Ark., July 1.—In a fight Monday night between a posse and three men who escaped from jail at Sliger, Okla., Sunday, one outlaw and a member of the posse were wounded. The fugitives are entrenched in a cave,

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PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I had the most debilitating cough a mortal was ever afflicted with, and my friends expected that when I left my bed it would surely be for my grave. Our doctor pronounced my case incurable, but thanks be to God, four bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me so completely that I am all sound and well.—MRS. EVA UNCAPHER, Grovertown, Ind.

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DIARRHOEA

There is no need of anyone suffering long with this disease, for to effect a quick cure it is only necessary to take a few doses of

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

In fact, in most cases one dose is sufficient. It never fails and can be relied upon in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is equally valuable for children and is the means of saving the lives of many children each year. In the world's history no medicine has ever met with greater success. Price 25 cents. Large size 50 cents.

WHEN YOU CATCH GOLD

Do not take chances on it wearing away or experiment with some unknown preparation which may leave the bronchial tubes and lungs weakened and susceptible to attack from the germs of Pneumonia or Consumption.

FOLLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

not only stops the cough but heals and strengthens the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Contains no opiates.

It Saved His Life After the Doctor Said He Had Consumption.

W. R. Davis, Visalia, California, writes: "There is no doubt but what Folley's Honey and Tar saved my life. I had an awful cough on my lungs and the doctor told me I had consumption. I commenced taking Folley's Honey and Tar and found relief from the first and three bottles cured me completely."

A Policeman's Testimony.

J. N. Peterson, night policeman, of Nashua, Iowa, writes: "Last winter I had a bad cold on my lungs and tried at least a half-dozen advertised cough medicines and had treatment from two physicians without getting any benefit. A friend recommended Folley's Honey and Tar and two-thirds of a bottle cured me. I consider it the greatest cough and lung medicine in the world."

Three sizes—25c, 50c and \$1.00. The 50-cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small size and the \$1.00 bottle almost six times as much. Refuse Substitutes.

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