

NEWBERG GRAPHIC

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NEWBERG, OREGON

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Telegraph operators of the United States will ask congress to take charge of the lines.

A Great Northern passenger train was wrecked near Minot, North Dakota, and 17 people injured.

The elder statesmen and ministers of Japan do not regard as serious the agitation in San Francisco.

Delegates to The Hague peace conference have little hope of accomplishing anything toward disarmament.

Harriman's business enemies have started a movement to compel him to give up the control of other railroads.

A new mayor will soon be chosen in San Francisco and then the heads of the several departments will be removed.

St. Louis set apart a day for the killing of rats and now the authorities will have to do something to get rid of the carcasses.

A receiver has been placed in charge of Milliken Bros. Steel mill, New York, and the plant shut down. Fifteen hundred men are idle.

The Japanese vice minister to France says his country can never forget that American opened the way for western civilization and deplores the war talk.

The Chinese crops will be short again this year.

Adams is to be forced to testify in the Haywood case.

Nicaragua has sent an army to assist revolutionists of Salvador.

A cloudburst near Telford, a small South Dakota town, caused the death of five people.

All employees of the Western Union throughout the United States are ready to go on strike.

Mayor Schmitz remains a prisoner in jail and the board of supervisors will elect his successor.

The German Insurance company has offered its San Francisco policy holders 50 cents on the dollar.

Japanese hope the visit to their country by Secretary Taft may lead to a new treaty being framed.

Harriman has given up control of the Alton railroad to the stockholders after making a nice profit.

According to report a plot has been found the victim of which was to be Vice President Fairbanks.

The launch of the battleship Minnesota has been found, together with the bodies of the men drowned.

Stolypin, premier of Russia, demands the arrest of conspirators against the czar under threat of dissolving the duma.

Several severe earthquakes are reported in Chile.

Idaho land fraud trials have been delayed by the illness of a juror.

The Portland gateway will not be opened to Washington lumbermen until next year.

There is a movement among Union Pacific stockholders to force the sale of stock of other roads.

The French chamber of deputies is trying to provide some means of relief for the winegrowers.

The Northern Pacific may sell the Burlington to the Great Northern, fearing government inquiry.

The trial of Louis Glass, once president of the Pacific States Telephone company, has been postponed.

There is a promise of warm sessions of The Hague peace conference.

China is establishing a model government in Manchuria.

Russia has established a military frontier along the boundary of Siberia to guard against encroachment by Chinese from Manchuria.

Haywood says Orchard is a great liar and promises to prove it.

Washington lumbermen demand a through rate to the East and South via Portland.

Three men were instantly killed by the premature explosion of a blast at Butte.

Defense in the Haywood case at Boise tries to shake Orchard's testimony, but makes very little headway.

Inhabitants on both sides of the border between Mexico and Guatemala are in a state of excitement and only a spark is needed to start a war.

RUSSIA IS QUIET.

People Receive News of Czar's Action in Silence.

St. Petersburg, June 18.—The dissolution of the second duma was received throughout St. Petersburg with perfect tranquility, thanks to the precautionary measures, and in no place in Russia, so far as known, were there any serious disturbances.

Demonstrations among St. Petersburg workmen are anticipated tomorrow, but the authorities are not alarmed. They profess to be chiefly apprehensive over the possibility of rioting and racial excesses in Odessa and in Kiev and other cities where party feeling runs high. An outbreak of agrarian disorders in several regions of the empire is anticipated later, when the peasant learn of the dissolution, but a spirit of quiet confidence in the ability of the government to handle the situation prevails in administrative circles.

News of the dissolution reached the St. Petersburg papers too late for their last editions, but the public was quickly informed through extras and great posters set out by the police at all street corners, containing the ukase announcing the dissolution and the imperial manifesto.

WON'T RUSH STRIKE.

Telegraphers Realize Great Cost to Business That Would Follow

New York, June 18.—The Commercial Telegraphers' union has not yet received an answer to the demands on the Western Union Telegraph company, according to President S. J. Small, of the union. After a meeting of the executive committee tonight, both President Small and Secretary Treasurer Russell left the city, Mr. Russell returning to Chicago.

President Small notified all the unions today that the statement that the adjustment of grievances had been postponed was untrue, and directed them to hold themselves in readiness for important information.

President Small also issued a statement in which he said that local unions all over the country were clamoring for a strike, but that they had been notified that they must take no action without permission from the national officers. He added that in view of the fact that a strike would be costly to business men throughout the country, the national board of the union was anxious to avert it if possible.

SCHMITZ MAY UPSET PLANS.

If He Secures Bail, Scheme for Re-organization May Be Delayed.

San Francisco, June 18.—A radical change in the executive branch of San Francisco's government is contingent on developments in the case of Mayor Schmitz, who is temporarily incapacitated by reason of his imprisonment in the county jail.

The date for the passing of sentence on Mayor Schmitz in the extortion cases on which he has been convicted has been set for June 27. Prior to that date he cannot possibly procure bail, according to the decision of Judge Dunne, but the law provides that after judgment has been passed, the matter of allowing bail is discretionary with any magistrate having jurisdiction. Consequently, if judgment is passed on the date set, Mayor Schmitz will have ground for a new application for bail.

JAPAN NEEDS MONEY.

Thought That This Can Be Raised in France Now.

Paris, June 18.—While political considerations of high order contributed to the negotiation of the new Franco-Japanese entente, there is no longer any doubt that the substantial quid pro quo given by France was the promise of access to the French market for future Japanese loans. Japan did not need a French guarantee for Corea and Formosa, but a Japanese guarantee for Indochina was worth a great deal to France.

Japan, according to the confidential statements made by some of her highest representatives in Europe will need something like five billion francs (\$1,000,000,000) within the next few years to convert her present high rate loans and to furnish the capital necessary for industrial and commercial development in Manchuria.

Puts It Up to Mr. Neill.

Oyster Bay, June 18.—President Roosevelt has referred to Charles P. Neill, commissioner of labor, without comment, the various appeals which have been made to him by wire and mail to intervene to prevent the threatened telegraphers' strike. The position is taken that no emergency exists such as obtained at the time the present intervention in the anthracite coal strike, but, on the contrary, the situation presented is one where action by the government, if taken at all, may be initiated by the bureau of labor.

Poles Fear for the Future.

Warsaw, June 18.—The newspapers issued extras containing the news of the duma's dissolution, which has created a profound impression. The emperor's action is the subject of eager discussion, the people fearing that the new election law will exclude the Poles. Domiciliary visits are nightly occurrences and arrests of Socialists and Nationalists are frequent. Troops to the number of 300,000 are massed around the city ready for emergencies.

Mexico Has Car Famine

Torreón, Mex., June 18.—Willard S. McCre, an official of the American Smelting & Refining company, stated yesterday that mining and smelting interests in Mexico are facing a crisis in the matter of fuel and ore transportation.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

BY RAIL TO KLAMATH FALLS.

Last Few Miles Will Delay Completion Until Fall of 1908.

Klamath Falls—The California-Northeastern Railroad is expected to reach Harris, seven miles from Teeter's Landing, by November 1. Steamers ply between Teeter's and this city, so that next winter there will be but seven miles of staging in the trip to this city.

A regular train service over the new railroad will be established July 1, when the road will be completed to Orr's Meadows. The road is being built in a substantial manner, which gives assurance that it will one day be used as the main line of the Southern Pacific between Portland and Sacramento.

The road will in all probability not reach Klamath Falls until the fall of 1908, as it will require considerable time to complete the dike across the marsh and to construct the drawbridge across Klamath river.

Berry Prices Up Again.

Hood River—Cold weather and rain which fell here for the first time in many weeks is holding back the strawberry crop, the season for which is thought to be about half over. Prices for berries have taken an upward tendency, bringing in the neighborhood of \$3.75. So far 30 cars have been shipped out this season with the expectation that as many more will be moved before it is over. This does not include the number of crates shipped by express, which has reached about 8,000. The total number of cars shipped last year was 28, so that although the crop is not as large as expected it is a better one than that of 1906. Growers now look for it to reach 60,000 crates against 75,000 or 80,000, which was predicted early in the season.

Planing Mill for Silverton.

Silverton—A movement is on foot in this city to establish another lumbering enterprise, which promises to be a very important addition to lumbering interests in Silverton. C. J. Simeral, Brewer Bros., Al Porter and LeRoy Browne, all owning sawmills near here, have purchased eight acres of land south of the depot and will in the very near future erect a large planing mill, where all kinds of dressed lumber will be manufactured. The four mills interested in the enterprise have a capacity of 50,000 feet of lumber a day. They will incorporate, and it is expected that one or two other millowners will become interested in the transaction.

One Woman and a Chinaman.

Salem—Fifty four applicants for admission to the bar took the examination before the Supreme court last week. Of these one was a woman and one a Chinese, the latter being Seid Back, Jr. Out of consideration for the feelings of those who may fail, the Supreme court will not make public the names of those taking the examination, but in a few days an announcement will be made of the names of those who passed.

Holds Option on Water Power.

Oregon City—M. F. Donahoe has secured from Frank Habel a renewal of an option on 280 acres of land three miles from Canadero on the Clackamas river. Habel's property commands the site for the development of immense water power, as two corners of the land cross the Clackamas. It is understood that Donahoe is representing a company that is operating on the Sandy.

Eight Killed During May.

Salem—Eight killed and three injured is the record of railroad casualties in Oregon during the month of May, as shown by reports received by the Oregon Railroad commission. Of the killed two were trainmen, two were other employees and four were persons not employed by the roads. Of the injured two were employees and one was not. No passengers were killed or injured so far as reported.

Sixty Five Graduates at O. A. C.

Corvallis—Ex-Senator John M. Gearin made the annual address to the students of the O. A. C. at the commencement, which saw 65 graduates in various departments get diplomas. The salutatory was by Belle Bonney, of Woodburn, on "The Prime Wisdom of Life." The valedictory was by Darwin G. Thayer, of Rainier, on "American Agricultural Education."

Extend Central Oregon Canal.

Bend—The D. I. & P. Co. will soon commence work on a 60-inch inverted siphon pipe or flume, to be built across the old river bed in the Powell Buttes region. This pipe is the first work in an extension of the Central Oregon canal, and the extension has long been desired by the settlers of this region.

Rain Helps Grande Ronde Crops.

La Grande—The rain of last week has greatly benefited the Grande Ronde valley farmers, stockmen and fruit growers. Nearly an inch of water has fallen. Farmers are assured of more than an average crop of hay and grain while the fruit crop is normal and much better than average in quality.

\$1,000 Fourth at Bend.

Bend—Bend will celebrate the Fourth. A grand fish barbecue will be given, and there will be sports of all kinds, such as ball games, horse races, broncho riding and dancing. A purse of \$1000 has been raised and a good time is assured.

WILD BELGIAN HARES.

Begin to Overrun Woods and Fields of Linn County.

Albany—As an aftermath of the Belgian hare fad which swept this part of the state about 10 years ago, considerable country west of Albany is populated with the little animals. People driving along roads out of this city can see them any evening and many have been killed recently by farmers. They live in the thickets along the roadsides.

The Belgian hare fad found a strong foothold in Albany. Hundreds of the animals were imported and for a time a public display was maintained by enthusiasts, a large hall being rented for that purpose. Many local citizens became as familiar with Belgian hare pedigree as a horseman with his horses.

But the fad died out and what hares were not killed were turned loose. A few evidently found their way into the country west of Albany and have lived there ever since. This year for the first time they have become numerous enough to attract considerable attention. The number is growing every year but the hares do very little damage.

Rain Welcomed in Clackamas.

Oregon City—Light rains are falling in nearly every section of Clackamas county, and with a falling barometer there is prospect of wet weather continuing for several days. General satisfaction is expressed by farmers, as the rain of last week was not of sufficient duration to be of material benefit. Crops generally are in prime condition, and with favorable climatic conditions give forth every promise of a prolific harvest. June rains are always beneficial to late potatoes, and will be welcomed, as there is a heavy increase in the potato acreage this year. Farmers in the south end of Clackamas county have planted extensively, because of the late floods in the Sacramento valley.

Athena Will Have a Fair.

Pendleton—Citizens of Athena have formed a fair association, and are preparing to incorporate under the name of the Athena Agricultural Stock and Fair Association. A fair will be held this year for the first time during the month of September, the exact date not yet having been set. Committees have been appointed for all the detail work, and all the features known to a country fair are being provided for.

Outlook Was Never So Good.

Condon—Heavy rain fell here last week soaking the ground down six or seven inches. The rain was just about needed when it fell in light showers and later in torrents. This assures one of the biggest crops in the history of Gilliam county, and with the price of wool, cattle, horses and sheep and the great acreage in grain, this county's outlook is about the best in its history. Things never looked better than they do at the present time.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Club, 86 @ 87c; bluestem 88 @ 90c; Valley, 86 @ 87c; red, 85c.
Oats—No. 1 white, 28 @ 30; gray nominal.
Barley—Feed \$22 @ 22.50 per bushel; nominal; rolled, 22.50 @ 24.50.
Corn—Whole, 26c; cracked, 27c per ton.
Hay—Valley timothy, No. 1, \$17 @ 18 per ton; Eastern Oregon timothy, \$21 @ 23; clover, 9c; cheat, \$9 @ 10; grain hay, \$9 @ 10; alfalfa, \$13 @ 14.
Domestic Fruits—Strawberries, \$1.50 @ 1.75 per crate; cherries, 40c @ 1.65 per box; apples, \$3 @ 3.50 per box; gooseberries, 5 @ 6c per pound; cantaloupes, specials \$2.50, crates \$6 @ 6.50; apricots, \$1.50 @ 1.75 per crate; peaches, \$1.75 per box.
Root vegetables—Turnips, \$2 per sack; carrots, \$2.50 per sack; beets, \$2.50 per sack; garlic, 8c per pound.
Fresh vegetables—Artichokes, 50 @ 60c per dozen; asparagus, 10c per pound; beans, 12 1/2 @ 15c per pound; cabbage, 3 1/2 @ 4c per pound; corn, 35 @ 40c per dozen; cucumbers, 75c per dozen; lettuce, head, 25c per dozen; lettuce, house, \$1.50 per box; onions, 15 @ 20c per dozen; parsley, 20c per dozen; peas, 2 1/2 @ 5c per pound; peppers, bell, 45c per pound; radishes, 20c per dozen; rhubarb, 3 1/2 @ 4c per pound; spinach, 6c per pound; squash, 50c @ \$1 per box; tomatoes, \$3.50 @ 4 per crate.
Onions—Texas, \$2.25 per crate; new California, 3 @ 3 1/2c per pound.
Potatoes—Jobbing price: Oregon and Eastern, \$2.20 per sack; new potatoes, 4 1/2 @ 5c per pound.
Butter—City creameries: Extra creamery, 24 @ 25c per pound; state creameries: Fancy creamery, 22 1/2 @ 25c; store butter, 17 1/2 @ 18c.
Cheese—Oregon full cream twins, 15 1/2 @ 18c. Young America, 16 1/2 @ 17c per pound.
Poultry—Average old hens, 14c; mixed chickens, 13 1/2c; spring fryers and broilers, 17 1/2c; old roosters, 9 @ 10c; dressed chickens, 16 @ 17c; turkeys live, 10 @ 12c; turkeys, dressed choice, nominal; geese, live, per pound, 8c; young ducks, 15 @ 16c; old ducks, 13c; pigeons, \$1 @ 1.50; squabs, \$2 @ 3.
Eggs—18 1/2 @ 20c per dozen.
Veal—Dressed, 75 @ 125 pounds, 8 @ 8 1/2c; 125 @ 150 pounds, 7c; 150 @ 200 pounds, 6c; 200 pounds and up, 5 1/2 @ 6c.
Beef—Dressed bulls, 4 @ 4 1/2c per pound; cows, 6 @ 7c; country steers, 7 @ 8c.
Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 9c per pound; ordinary, 8 @ 8 1/2c; spring lambs, 10 @ 10 1/2c.

MUCH EVIDENCE IN REBUTTAL.

Main Reliance of Haywood Prosecution is on Conspiracy.

Boise, June 17.—The announcement made by the prosecution in the Haywood case Saturday that it would have its testimony in chief concluded by or on Wednesday next, taken in connection with the fact that there is to be no other session until Tuesday, has created a feeling that the state is not going to present such a strong case of corroboration as was anticipated. The reason for this feeling is probably twofold, that the law of conspiracy as laid down in this state is not fully understood by the public and that the extent to which the state may rely upon rebuttal testimony is not known.

The law as laid down in the Corcoran case is very broad and it is understood its general principles apply in this case, but that fact is not grasped. For instance, it has been argued by some of the newspaper writers in their communications that the state must corroborate Orchard's statement that Haywood sent him to kill Steunenberg.

SCHMITZ MUST STAY IN JAIL.

Judge Has No Discretion and Gives Sheriff Strict Orders.

San Francisco, June 17.—"No bail for Eugene E. Schmitz," the convicted mayor of San Francisco, was the ruling made by Judge Frank H. Dunne, in the application made by the mayor's counsel that he be given his liberty under bond pending sentence, which the court will pronounce on June 27. Judge Dunne adopted as his own the stand of the prosecution that in the eyes of the law the mayor is no different from any other person on whom the jury has set the brand of felony.

Ex-Judge J. C. Campbell, the mayor's chief counsel, made the formal motion for the admittance of his client to bail on the strength of an affidavit in which the mayor says that, by reason of having been compelled to give almost his whole time and attention to his trial for the last four weeks, public business requiring his attention has been delayed and there is now a large amount of it pending and undetermined and requiring his immediate attention.

RESUMES DESPOTIC POWER.

Czar Dissolves Duma and Changes Existing Laws.

St. Petersburg, June 17.—Emperor Nicholas affixed his signature Saturday to an imperial ukase abolishing the present duma and ordering that the elections of members to its successor, which is to meet November 14, be held under the new election law, which provides against the "submergence of the educated classes by the uneducated masses."

This action constitutes a virtual coup d'etat and overrides the fundamental laws solemnly proclaimed by his majesty on the eve of the convocation of the first duma, which declare that the electoral law can never be changed without the consent of parliament itself. This breach of the constitution is justified by the great law of necessity, the advisers of the emperor holding it impossible under present conditions to secure a parliament capable of cooperating harmoniously with the crown and rescuing Russia from anarchy and revolution.

NO CONTEST ON BOND ISSUE.

Union Pacific Votes \$100,000,000 for Improving Line.

Salt Lake City, June 17.—At a special stockholders' meeting of the Union Pacific Railroad company here it was decided to issue \$100,000,000 in new stock. The issue is for the purpose of meeting the expenses of improvements, present and prospective, along the line of the Union Pacific.

The exact vote on the bond issue was 2,193,315 shares out of a total of 2,980,000 shares. While the poll was kept open for two hours as required by statute, the proceedings were merely perfunctory. It was explained by the officers of the company that the new stock issue is not to be sold immediately, but is to be held for the redemption of \$75,000,000 of convertible bonds.

London's Big Bill for Tea.

London, June 17.—London's business, it may be said with some truth, is largely run on cups of tea. There is no more profitable trade than the tea shop business in the city of London, where the consumption of tea and coffee, especially tea, is enormous. On an average, Lyons & Co. opens a new depot in London every month. Taking London as a whole, it is estimated that 2,000,000 cups of tea are consumed every day at the tea shops and cafes. This represents a turn over of \$800,000 or \$25,000,000 a year.

Sugar Companies Unite.

Salt Lake City, June 17.—Thomas R. Cutler, general manager of the Utah Sugar company, the Idaho Sugar company and the Western Idaho Sugar company, announces that the Eastern stockholders in the three corporations have approved the plans for their consolidation. It is proposed to merge the companies under the title Utah-Idaho Sugar company, issue \$10,000,000 of preferred and \$3,000,000 of common stock in exchange for the old stock.

Railroads Must Comply.

Lincoln, Neb., June 17.—Attorney General Thompson has filed an injunction against four of the principal railroad lines in Nebraska to compel them to maintain the two-cent fare and anti-pass enactments, now operative, and to put into effect the commodity freight rate on July 9.

GATHERED AT HAGUE

Delegates of All Nations Will Discuss Peace Plans.

FORTY-SIX POWERS REPRESENTED

Action on Disarmament Question to Be Watched by Whole Civilized World.

The Hague, June 15.—With the representatives of 46 countries gathered here for the opening of the second peace conference, which will take place today, there is a remarkable contrast between the sentiments prevailing upon the eve of the original conference of 1899 and today, which has become a subject of general comment. In 1899, although less than half the present number of governments were represented, the hope of the world was high and there was a vision of disarmament and the banishment of the curse of war from among civilized peoples. Men who were here eight years ago recall how the delegates of the powers met in response to the generous appeal of the emperor of Russia and entered upon their work with the zeal and enthusiasm of men upon a holy mission. Yet three months later this dream faded and nothing beyond the adoption of a pious vow remained of the avowed object of the conference.

The powers favoring a discussion of a proposal to reduce armaments fear that, unless it is brought up, the whole idea may fall into universal ridicule. At the outset it is seen that the important thing is to avoid discord, and with the purpose of permitting a further exchange of views and in order that the delegates may get better acquainted, it has been decided already to postpone the second session of the conference until Tuesday. Some optimists incline to the opinion that the fact that the difficulties are fully appreciated in advance is only likely to make the ultimate result richer.

United Railways Defer Dividend.

New York, June 15.—The directors of the United Railways Investment company, it was announced today, have determined that it will be inadvisable to present to take action with respect to the semi-annual dividend on preferred stock which is ordinarily payable in July. This step was taken, it is stated, in view of the existing strike situation in San Francisco, and to the end that the investment company might be enabled to afford to the United Railroads of San Francisco the fullest measure of support. The dividend has been 2 1/2 per cent semi-annually.

Japanese Almost Shut Out.

San Francisco, June 15.—"The passage of the law by congress restricting the admission of Japanese laborers in the mainland has practically eliminated the immigration of that class of Asiatics," said Commissioner of Immigration North yesterday. "During May about 700 Japanese laborers arrived from Honolulu without passports for the mainland, but they were all in transit, and went to British Columbia. The border is being watched to see that they do not come back into the United States."

Orchard is Corroborated.

Boise, Idaho, June 15.—The prosecution in the Steunenberg murder trial yesterday, entering in earnest upon the substantiation and corroboration of Harry Orchard's testimony, showed a continuous thread of evidence connecting George Pettibone's store in Denver with Orchard at San Francisco, engaged on the Bradley murder plot; partly developed another direct line by which it is hoped to show that Haywood engaged and paid Steve Adams for the same deperate work, and added several touches of confirmation to Orchard's general story.

No Cause for Alarm, Says Komura.

London, June 15.—The Japanese ambassador, Baron Komura, today issued a statement to the press reciting the facts in respect to the attack upon the Japanese restaurant in San Francisco May 20 and the negotiations which followed between Washington and Tokio, concluding as follows: "As you will observe from the above statement, the whole matter is pursuing its normal course, and there is absolutely nothing which would justify the alarmist rumors emanating from irresponsible sources."

Court Grants an Injunction.

Kansas City, Mo., June 15.—Upon petition of Frank Hazerman, acting for the 18 principal Missouri railroads, Judge Smith McPherson in the United States District court has granted an order restraining the state officials from enforcing the maximum freight law and the 2-cent passenger rate law until the court can decide upon the merits of the complainant's previous plea for an injunction preventing the laws being put into effect.

Wisconsin Senate Beats 2-Cent Rate.

Madison, Wis., June 15.—The senate today by a vote of 21 to 6 killed the 2-cent fare railway bill.