

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

It is believed the senate will vote on the railroad rate bill this week.

Great Britain may force Turkey to give up Tabah.

Every library in San Francisco, except one, was destroyed.

Peddlers have been captured in San Francisco selling relief supplies.

Suit has been begun to oust the Standard Oil and its allies from Ohio.

Dowie has returned to Zion City. He was welcomed by a small crowd.

Prince von Radolin will likely be named as the successor of Chancellor von Buelow.

Premier Witte will be appointed president of the council of the empire by Czar Nicholas.

Secretary Metcalf has reported recommending an immediate rebuilding in San Francisco. Roosevelt has approved the report.

Luke E. Wright, United States ambassador to Japan, says the Chinese should receive better treatment at the hands of the Americans than is now accorded them.

Senators from Oregon and Washington have received telegrams from the lumber interests in those states opposing free lumber for the purpose of rebuilding San Francisco and other wrecked cities.

Japan is sorry aid was declined by this country.

Preparations are being made to receive Dowie in his old home.

The Russian democrats have won a great victory in the elections.

French police have discovered an intrigue between labor leaders and monarchists.

The Northern Pacific has commenced work on its bridge across the Willamette at Portland.

Small graft on the relief fund for California has been discovered and is worse than feared.

Anthracite operators have rejected the latest terms of the miners and have renewed their former offer.

The unveiling of the Franklin statue in Paris was the occasion of speeches of good will by Frenchmen and Americans.

A drenching rain has made it very uncomfortable for the San Francisco refugees camped in the various parks of that city.

Quartermaster-General Humphrey has informed Senator Fulton that there is no intention of even temporarily abandoning San Francisco as an army transport headquarters.

Dowie's wife has become reconciled with the prophet.

Oakland is making a great effort to capture San Francisco shipping.

Senator Heyburn is improving from his second attack of appendicitis.

Many of the steel frames of large buildings in San Francisco are ruined.

The regular troops now have entire charge of feeding the San Francisco refugees.

King Edward, Emperor William and Emperor Nicholas will hold a conference shortly.

Belleve, Texas, has been devastated by a tornado. Forty people are reported killed.

The Japanese mikado has given \$200,000 to the relief of San Francisco, and the people a like sum.

The doubtful vote in the senate on the railroad rate bill is large enough to swing the result either way.

An area of 453 blocks was burned by the San Francisco fire. It is estimated that the buildings destroyed will be in the neighborhood of 60,000.

Norway is taking steps to organize a new army.

A ninth victim of the explosion on the battleship Kearsarge has died.

The last of the Russian prisoners have been returned home from Japan.

The total relief fund from all sources totals more than \$18,000,000 and still grows.

There is no danger of an epidemic among San Francisco's homeless, according to the health authorities.

The San Francisco bank vaults are believed to be uninjured, but it will be a week before they can be opened.

Insurance men will have a say on rebuilding plans of San Francisco and will not allow flimsy structures to be erected.

Most of San Francisco's people would prefer to see the city rebuilt on the plan of the old and oppose changes in the streets.

Jonathan Bourne is gaining on H. M. Cake, who leads for the Republican nominee for Senator in the Oregon primary elections.

All the credit for stopping the San Francisco fire belongs to three expert gunners from Mare Island navy yard. They blew up a strip of buildings one block wide in front of the flames, using a ton and a half of gun-cotton.

Oakland's present population is about 1000 to the block.

SEARCH FOR OUTLAW.

Desperado Believed to Be in Hiding Near Woodburn.

Woodburn, Ore., April 29.—The arrival of bloodhounds at the scene of the man hunt near Woodburn is being anxiously awaited by the authorities and the posse. The dogs are expected from Portland on the morning train, and will be hurried at once to the point where Frank Smith, the outlaw, was fired at on Saturday afternoon, unless a fresher trail is found in the meantime. Great confidence is felt in the outcome of the hunt with trained hounds. In the dense underbrush men can follow the trail only at a great disadvantage; they might easily pass within a dozen feet of their quarry and not know it. The hounds will be kept in leash so that the posse may keep close behind them. A detachment of cool-headed, courageous men who can be depended upon to take chances against the outlaw will follow the dogs. It is now universally believed that Smith is in the broad east of Woodburn, as stated yesterday, and that he is within a very few miles of the town.

Frank Smith is a desperate criminal. He robbed a grocery store and postoffice at Troutdale, April 22. He was arrested in Portland the following day, broke jail Tuesday morning, April 24, in a most daring manner, tried to rob a jewelry store at Oregon City, and shot and killed Policeman Hanlon when the latter attempted to arrest him. He broke into the Canby postoffice and secured provisions and again escaped. He was next heard of at McKee, the morning of the 26th, and later in the day made his appearance near Woodburn. On the night of the 27th, while large posses were in search of the fugitive, he suddenly appeared on the railroad track south of Woodburn and shot and fatally wounded Sheriff Shaver, of Clackamas county, and Captain O. D. Henderson, of the Woodburn O. N. G. Both men died of their wounds. Since the shooting of Henderson and Shaver the man-hunters have not sighted the fugitive.

General Greeley's Plan for Feeding the Destitute.

San Francisco, May 1.—Major-General Greeley, U. S. A., today made public the plan under which relief will be distributed by the army to the 200,000 people of San Francisco, who, under the present conditions, are unable to provide for themselves. The plans have been very carefully drawn, and they are interesting for the reason that the army has never before had a similar task of such magnitude to perform. It is not a mere distribution of food to the poverty-stricken people, but it is the helping of even a vast number of people of considerable means who now find themselves compelled to take their places in long bread lines. The officers named will, as far as possible, transact their business with each other and with outside applicants direct, the object being to secure an economical and prompt service for the distressed and destitute. A responsible civilian will be placed in immediate charge of each relief station, with reasonable pay, and assisted by a paid personnel. Charges of wastage, deception, theft, and improper appropriation of relief supplies have been freely made, and it is alleged that the food supplies furnished are in some cases too lavish in quantity, and are now being issued without suitable discrimination. The period of extreme distress for food has passed, and at the earliest possible moment the issue of rations must be confined to helpless women and children, and refused to adult males unless they are in sick or enfeebled condition.

ARMY OFFICERS AT THE HEAD.

General Greeley's Plan for Feeding the Destitute.

San Francisco, May 1.—Major-General Greeley, U. S. A., today made public the plan under which relief will be distributed by the army to the 200,000 people of San Francisco, who, under the present conditions, are unable to provide for themselves. The plans have been very carefully drawn, and they are interesting for the reason that the army has never before had a similar task of such magnitude to perform. It is not a mere distribution of food to the poverty-stricken people, but it is the helping of even a vast number of people of considerable means who now find themselves compelled to take their places in long bread lines. The officers named will, as far as possible, transact their business with each other and with outside applicants direct, the object being to secure an economical and prompt service for the distressed and destitute. A responsible civilian will be placed in immediate charge of each relief station, with reasonable pay, and assisted by a paid personnel. Charges of wastage, deception, theft, and improper appropriation of relief supplies have been freely made, and it is alleged that the food supplies furnished are in some cases too lavish in quantity, and are now being issued without suitable discrimination. The period of extreme distress for food has passed, and at the earliest possible moment the issue of rations must be confined to helpless women and children, and refused to adult males unless they are in sick or enfeebled condition.

FREIGHT WRECK BURNS.

Eleven Men Believed to Have Met Death in Montana.

Missoula, Mont., May 1.—A special east-bound freight train, consisting of forty-one cars of lumber and a caboose, was wrecked near Reid Station, about ten miles west of here, at 6 o'clock this evening. At least eleven lives are thought to have been lost. As the train was running at a terrific speed along the side of the hill the engine went off the track and the entire train, except one car and the caboose, was piled up in a heap forty feet high. Soon afterwards fire broke out and the entire mass is now ablaze. Engineer L. D. Sterne and Fireman Ed Juliette are thought to have been incinerated. According to Conductor Garber, there were at least twelve tramps on board the ill-fated train, only three of whom have been found.

Governor Inspects San Jose.

San Jose, Cal., May 1.—Governor Pardee, accompanied by Adjutant-General Louck, arrived in this city this morning on a tour of inspection. The party was met at the depot by a number of city and county officials, and was driven about town in automobiles. Later a tour was made through the hospitals and relief stations. The governor expressed himself as highly pleased with the manner in which the crisis is being tidied over here and after complimenting the authorities and the people of the city, he left on an afternoon train for Oakland.

Vatican Holds the Principal.

Rome, May 1.—The plan devised by the vatican for the division of the \$7,000,000 paid by the United States for the friar lands in the Philippines has been approved by the Dominicans, and substantially agreed to by the other religious orders. The vatican will retain the principal, and a portion of the interest will be given annually to the Philippine dioceses and the remainder to the religious orders in the islands, to be divided by them according to the agreement.

Clash of Coal Miners.

Johnstown, Pa., May 1.—A conflict occurred between union and non-union miners at the Paint Creek mine of the Berwind White Coal Company, near Ingleside, about midnight, last night. The union men were attacked by a mob of foreigners and a number of shots were fired. Steve Peppock, a foreigner, was fatally wounded, and three others were injured, but not seriously.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

MONEY AND FOOD.

People of Oregon Coming to Front With Help for Needy.

Portland.—Provisions in large supply are pouring in to the relief funds in a large number of Oregon towns. Many cars have been filled with a variety of edibles, including prepared food, eggs, bacon, rice, loaves of bread by the thousand, besides flour and potatoes.

Cooking utensils, stoves, blankets and clothing have been given and purchased in considerable quantities, and will arrive in the Bay City as fast as the trains can be moved south. Collections of money are still going forward and more supplies and funds will be forwarded later.

Portland aid for San Francisco and the other stricken California cities will probably exceed the value of \$250,000. Not less valuable than the money to be spent in the sympathy and love for humanity that prompts the voluntary gifts for relief. Reports from San Francisco show that her people have been touched by the prompt steps taken for their help by neighbor states.

Jacksonville Raises a Fund.

Medford.—At a meeting of the citizens of Jacksonville at the City Hall \$750 was subscribed in less than ten minutes for the relief of San Francisco sufferers. The amount has been increased through the efforts of the committee to \$1250, and will exceed \$1500.

The ball team contributes its savings, and a benefit game with Ashland is now in progress. All branches of the Masonic order and the I. O. O. F. A. O. U. W., Red Men, Jacksonville Elks and Native Daughters contributed liberally. There was no rivalry between the business men, but all gave freely and liberally, and made their contributions with as much pleasure as if it had been for their own people.

Refugees Arriving at Eugene.

Eugene.—Relief work to aid the sufferers at San Francisco continues here and several cars of supplies have already gone. Contributions now amount to about \$3,000, and the fund is still growing. Several parties have received word from relatives in the city. All are reported safe. Many from here are in the city. Refugees are arriving in the Valley, a man and wife from San Jose, who lost their property, has obtained work here.

Salmon Better Than Money.

Astoria.—The cash subscriptions made by the citizens of Astoria to the San Francisco relief fund amount at the present time to about \$2850, and besides this the Lower Columbia River cannerymen have donated 725 cases of canned salmon. Two carloads of canned salmon have been shipped. Another car of salmon will be shipped and the committee promises to raise another \$1000.

Roseburg Raises \$1,500.

Roseburg.—Roseburg responds nobly to the call for help by the sufferers at San Francisco by contributing \$1500 for relief. A carload of provisions, bread, clothing, bedding and tents have been forwarded. Drain puts in the hands of the relief committee a good collection. A large number of Roseburg citizens are in San Francisco, but all are reported saved.

Clothing in the Carload.

Oregon City.—The citizen's committee has forwarded another carload of potatoes, flour, blankets and clothing. The women of the city have organized and collected a great quantity of clothing. One of the largest local contributors is the Oregon City Manufacturing Company, which, in cash and blankets, has contributed about \$1,000.

Good Things from Hillsboro.

Hillsboro.—The citizens of Hillsboro dispatched a 60-ton car laden with potatoes, flour, evaporated cream, bacon, beans, blankets and clothing, and representing a cash outlay of \$600, to the relief of the San Francisco sufferers. The committee named by Mayor Cornelius raised the necessary amount in a few hours.

Canvassing at Newberg.

Newberg.—At a meeting of the citizens of Newberg called by E. H. Woodward, president of the Board of Trade, it was decided to send two carloads of potatoes to the San Francisco sufferers. Liberal subscriptions were taken at the meeting and a committee was appointed to make further canvass.

Medford Shipped by First Train.

Medford.—On hearing of San Francisco's need, Medford dispatched one car of supplies to San Francisco by the first relief train. As soon as possible thereafter a mass meeting was held and arrangements made to send other cars as fast as it could be learned what was especially needed.

Purse from Bohemian Miners.

Cottage Grove.—The miners of Bohemia raised \$100 and sent it down to succor the San Francisco needy. This contribution came without solicitation. The sawmills up Row River have also contributed a carload of lumber.

Glendale Adds a Carload.

Glendale.—The citizens of this city responded to the call for aid by shipping a carload of provisions on one of the supply trains passing for San Francisco.

FOUR CARS SENT.

Salem Housewives Bake Bread and Bakeries Give Stocks.

Salem.—This city forwarded the following to aid San Francisco sufferers: One carload of potatoes, one carload of flour, one carload of bread and other provisions, one car of breadstuffs and two carloads of bread and potatoes. In addition to this, citizens of Shaw are making up a carload of provisions, and the citizens of Fratun a carload of potatoes. Cash subscriptions have been raised in Salem, amounting to \$3500. Practically every housewife in Salem has baked bread, and the bakeries have delivered over their entire stock. The prisoners in the penitentiary have subscribed \$75 and proffered all their blankets, and to go without bread if necessary. Salem will continue to send supplies every day while there is need.

Corvallis Leads a Car.

Corvallis.—Corvallis citizens hastily assembled at the Courthouse upon information that an organized effort in this state was being made for the relief of San Francisco. At this meeting arrangements were completed for loading a car with provisions and starting it to its destination. The initial contributions from Corvallis include ten tons of flour, 400 bushels of potatoes, 31 cases of eggs, 300 pounds of bacon, 1000 loaves of bread. Other supplies will follow.

Work Supplied for Refugees.

Oregon City.—Several refugees from San Francisco are here. They were received at the depot by Mayor Canfield and other members of the citizens' relief committee. Employment was procured for a number of the men at the paper mills, while others were given positions at other labor. The local relief committee is continuing its work of collecting clothing and supplies for shipment to California to relieve the sufferers.

Chemawa Students Give Bread.

Chemawa.—The Indian pupils of the training school here sent 830 loaves of bread, being their first contribution for the benefit of the California sufferers. This consignment was sent by Wells-Fargo, and will be followed by others from day to day as fast as the flour purchased can be baked into bread in the school oven by the Indian bakers.

Cooking Utensils from Union.

Union.—A special meeting of the City Council adopted sympathetic resolutions with the San Francisco sufferers and a committee of 50 was appointed to secure contributions for the relief of the victims. The committee loaded one car of provisions, stoves, cooking utensils, blankets and clothing and another carload of flour.

Supplies Ready at Cottage Grove.

Cottage Grove.—The committee appointed to solicit funds for San Francisco relief at the mass meeting has secured \$550. A carload of supplies was purchased, consisting mostly of flour, potatoes and bacon, and went by the first train.

Arlington Raises \$600.

Arlington.—At a mass meeting \$600 in cash was subscribed for San Francisco. Mr. Smith and Smythe & Son, sheepmen, each gave \$100.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Club, 70c; bluestem, 70@71c; red, 68c; valley, 68@69c.  
Oats—No. 1 white feed, \$27.50; gray, \$27 per ton.  
Barley—Feed, \$23.50@24 per ton; brewing, \$24@24.50; rolled, \$24.50@25.50.  
Hay—Eastern Oregon timothy, choice, \$15@16 per ton; valley timothy, \$12; clover, \$7.50@8; chest, \$6@7; grain hay, \$7@8; alfalfa, \$12.  
Fruits—Apples, \$2@2.75 per box; strawberries, \$2.50 per crate.  
Vegetables—Asparagus, 8 1/2@12 1/2c per pound; cabbage, 2 1/2@2 3/4c per pound; cauliflower, \$2.25 per crate; celery, 75@90c per bunch; head lettuce, 25c per dozen; onions, 10@15c per dozen; radishes, 20@25c per dozen; rhubarb, 3@4c per pound; spinach, 90 per box; parsley, 25c; turnips, \$1@1.25 per sack; carrots, 65@75c per sack; beets, 85c@1.00 per sack.  
Onions—No. 1, \$1@1.15 per sack; No. 2, nominal.  
Potatoes—Fancy graded burbanks, 65@75c per hundred; ordinary, 50@60c; new California, 5c per pound.  
Butter—Fancy creamery, 17 1/2@20c per pound.  
Eggs—Oregon ranch, 16 1/2@17c per dozen.  
Poultry—Mixed old hens, 14@15c per pound; mixed chickens, 13 1/2@14c; broilers, 22 1/2@30c; young roosters, 12 1/2@13c; old roosters, 11@11 1/2c; dressed chickens, 15@15 1/2c; turkeys, live, 17@18c; turkeys, dressed, choice, 21@22c; geese, live, 8@10c; geese, dressed, 10@11c; ducks, 17@18c.  
Hops—Oregon, 1905, 8@10c; olds, 5 1/2@7c.  
Wool—Eastern Oregon average best, 15@20c; valley, 24@26c per pound; mohair, choice, 28@30c.  
Veal—Dressed, 8 1/2@7 1/2c per pound.  
Beef—Dressed bulls, 3c per pound; cows, 4 1/2@5 1/2c; country steers, 5@6c.  
Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 9 1/2@10c per pound; ordinary, 6@7c; lambs, with pelt on, 10@10 1/2c.  
Pork—Dressed, 6@8 1/2c per pound.

UNREST IN ORIENT.

Russia Is Now Planning Another Invasion of Chinese Territory.

St. Petersburg, April 30.—In spite of the defeat of her ambitions in Manchuria and Kwantung, and the obstacles met with by M. Pokotiloff, the Russian minister to China, in his negotiations at Peking, Russia is steadily pushing forward with the purpose of occupying another big slice of China, namely, the two eastern provinces of Mongolia, covering the route of the proposed railroad from Baikal to Peking, which, as announced by the Associated Press, February 20, has been given over to the Russo-Chinese bank.

Under the guise of the innocent-sounding name of "geographic ethnographic expedition for purely scientific purposes," a party headed by Colonel Novitsky, one of the brilliant younger members of the general staff, will leave

DEMOCRATIC TICKET—OFFICIAL.

United States Senator, long term John M. Gearin.  
Congressman, Second District, J. H. Graham.  
Governor, George E. Chamberlain.  
Secretary of State, P. H. Srook.  
State Treasurer, J. D. Matlock.  
Supreme Judge, T. G. Haury.  
Superintendent Public Instruction, J. H. Ackerman (Rep.).  
State Printer, J. Scott Taylor.  
Attorney-General, R. A. Miller.  
Labor Commissioner, O. P. Hoff (Rep.).

St. Petersburg in the middle of May to survey the hitherto unexplored region between the Manchurian frontier and Unga.

Though the expedition nominally is to be under the auspices of the Imperial Geographical Society, it is believed it will be financed and officered by the general staff, and its composition will be almost purely military. The strategic aims, in fact, are so thickly covered that it is doubtful if it will be accompanied by any representative of the geographical society.

The region to be explored covers the hazy "Mongolian Desert," in which during the war mysterious Japanese armies were supposed to be hovering to strike the Russian rear and into which small scouting detachments of Japanese actually penetrated long distances. Colonel Novitsky's expedition probably will find the work already well under way, as the Russian force stationed at Unga certainly has not been idle during its long stay there.

NEED HELP FOR MANY WEEKS.

Devine Urges Nation Not to Slacken Enthusiasm in Giving.

San Francisco, April 30.—Dr. Devine, of the National Red Cross, tonight issued the following statement: "It is important for the entire country to understand that the loss of homes and property in San Francisco has not been exaggerated. Expectations have been aroused and plans have been made, based on telegrams and newspaper reports, of large contributions for relief, and these expectations should not be disappointed.

The distribution of food will have to be continued until there are enough stores in which to buy on a money basis and then it can be gradually diminished, but relief of other kinds is now and will be required for weeks to come. Sick and delicate persons will need care for months. Inmates of institutions which have been destroyed must be established elsewhere, and on some plan yet to be devised families which cannot get started otherwise may have to be given a helping hand.

"It is not intended to encourage chronic beggary, but quick, generous and efficient relief is needed here for a very large number of persons whose homes and means of livelihood have been destroyed.

GOVERNMENT LOST MILLIONS.

Appropriation of \$3,387,630 Needed for San Francisco.

Washington, April 30.—The secretary of war today forwarded to the secretary of the treasury for transmission to congress urgent deficiency estimates of appropriations amounting to \$3,387,630. This amount is required for the service of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, for the purpose of replacing military stores destroyed by earthquake and fire at San Francisco; also for repairing damage to cable connecting Angel Island and Alcatraz in the harbor of San Francisco, and the repair of damage to the general hospital at the Presidio, San Francisco.

Sympathy from All Lands.

San Francisco, April 30.—Mayor Schmitz today received many cablegrams, which had been delayed, from every quarter of the globe, all expressing sympathy for the people of San Francisco. Among these were words of comfort and good will from Australian cities, Dublin's mayor and other Irish officials throughout Ireland; from New Zealand; from Baron Kaneko, at Tokio, who sympathizes with the American people; from Englishmen and officials in India, China, Japan, South Africa, and many other far-off points, where the news of San Francisco's catastrophe is known.

Bristol Case in Doubt.

Washington, April 30.—Members of the senate judiciary committee have been informally discussing the nomination of District Attorney Bristol, and it is believed that a majority of the committee is not favorable to his confirmation. There has been no formal consideration of the case, as the subcommittee has not reported, but, if that committee does report, its recommendation will be adverse, and unless there is a change of sentiment the full committee will approve the recommend.

Railroad Line Indicted.

Clarksburg, W. Va., April 30.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company was indicted five times by the federal grand jury today for alleged violation of the interstate commerce law in failure to distribute cars to coal operators in a fair and equitable manner. These indictments are the first of the kind ever found in the United States. The fine, in case of conviction, may be \$5,000 in each case.

MAY BE NEW PARIS

Daniel Burnham Tells of San Francisco's Opportunity.

MAY REPEAT FEAT OF NAPOLEON

Says Ground is Clear for Execution of His Plan—May Go To Burned City.

Chicago, April 28.—Daniel H. Burnham, the architect who drew the plans for beautifying San Francisco, returned to his home here yesterday from Europe. He said San Francisco now has it within its power to rebuild itself into one of the most beautiful and convenient cities in the world.

Mr. Burnham, on his arrival, found awaiting him a message from James D. Phelan, president of the association for the improvement and adornment of San Francisco, asking him to go at once to that city. He replied that he could not say until Monday whether or not he could go. Mr. Burnham said:

"The two chief features of my plan, which can now be carried into effect, are those relating to the cutting of diagonal streets and the construction of a splendid outer boulevard which will encircle the whole city.

"San Francisco has a chance to do what Louis Napoleon did in Paris in 1851—the opportunity to make itself one of the beauty spots of the world."

BUILDING MOVEMENT IS ON

Mrs. Oelrichs Declares Purpose—Mages to Build Steel Structure.

San Francisco, April 28.—The work of rebuilding San Francisco will proceed rapidly. Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, of New York, has agreed to repair the Rialto building and to build again on the site of the Crosley. She and her sister, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., have also stated that they will put up solid office structures on their Montgomery street site.

Thomas Magee, a real estate dealer, will start for New York on May 1 to complete arrangements for the erection of a 12-story steel building on Market street, just above the Mutual Bank building.

The Emporium, a large department store, will resume business on a large scale next week. A temporary structure will be built at the corner of Post and Van Ness avenue.

In two weeks seven floors of the new Monadnock building, which was in course of construction at the time of the disaster, will be filled with offices. Capitalists are not in the least dismayed or disheartened. James D. Phelan, chairman of the finance committee and multi-millionaire, said:

"Before the earthquake I was asked by certain capitalists to erect a large hotel on the site of the Phelan building, at Market and O'Farrell streets. Since the disaster the proposition has been repeated and even urged. This shows most decidedly that there is no lack of faith in the future of the city."

SAY SOLDIERS SHOOT AND LOOT

Refugees Tell Lurid Story of Slaughter and Plunder.

Des Moines, April 28.—Stories of wholesale robbery by soldiers as well as vandals, of innocents as well as guilty men shot down at sight by military guards, are told by Harry Shostro and W. C. Lane, Iowa men, who spent three days in San Francisco. They reached Des Moines today.

"The soldier is supreme in San Francisco," said Mr. Shostro. "On the slightest provocation they shoot a questioned act. There has been lots of looting by vandals, but the soldiers have committed wholesale plunder also. I know that when buildings were to be blown up the soldiers would go in, blow open and loot the safes and then dynamite the walls. I saw lots of soldiers with their pockets bulging with booty that I knew had been stolen, and I overheard one in uniform bragging that he had stolen \$2,000 worth of diamonds. Another told of a fine gold watch he had secured, he said, in this manner."

Both men say they are eager and willing to lay before the war department charges against the United States soldiers, offering specific evidence if necessary.

Oregon Equips Hospital.

Oakland, Cal., April 28.—Oregon has a hospital in San Francisco tonight. This institution dates its birth from this afternoon, when F. W. Leadbetter and Jefferson Myers, of the Oregon relief bureau, visited the Wilmerding school and found Major Sternberg and the Oregon National guard hospital corps stationed at this schoolhouse, which since the earthquake and fire has been turned into a hospital. Mr. Leadbetter and Mr. Myers also visited Harbor View Hospital, where Dr. K. A. J. MacKenzie is stationed. Dr. Marie D. Equi is stationed at the United States General Hospital.

Hermann Is Indignant.

Washington, D. C., April 28.—Representative Hermann is satisfied from information he has gathered that he will not be brought to trial in this city on the letterbook indictment until the fall term of court, though no official determination has been made to this effect, and none will be forthcoming until next week, owing to the illness of Hermann's attorney. Hermann is wrathful and thinks profane things about the government prosecutors.

Cuba May Give \$50,000.

Havana, April 28.—A resolution was offered in the house today appropriating \$50,000 for the victims of the California disaster.