

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Railroad President Harriman will go direct to Portland from the Yellowstone park.

Train service on the Great Northern is badly crippled by the telegraphers' strike.

A Milwaukee millionaire has been indicted for larceny by bailer in stealing \$14,000.

The United States government has taken charge of the yellow fever situation in the South.

The peace envoys of Japan and Russia were introduced to each other by President Roosevelt.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of the governor of Oregon for failing to pay his occupation tax.

The Portland chamber of commerce demands a recount of the city's population, saying that 110,500 is far too low.

Immense forest fires in Southern Oregon are said to have been started by squirrel hunters. Great damage is being done.

The law against ticket scalping has been declared constitutional, on the ground that the ticket scalping business is based on forgery, fraud and deceit.

Miss Alice Roosevelt places most of the gifts which come to her from would-be lovers for sale at the various church fairs and bazaars in which she is interested.

A Chicago youth of 18 years has testified that, with a gang of three men and two women, he has robbed 330 different houses. He offers to turn state's evidence if guaranteed his freedom.

An order has been granted by the Circuit court restraining the Multnomah Fair association from selling pools on its races, and the association management says it will hold no more races until the order is revoked.

The National Lead company has increased its capital stock to \$50,000,000.

Santa Fe county, New Mexico, is in the hands of a receiver, having issued railway aid bonds to the amount of \$1,000,000, which it cannot pay.

The Cuban congress is expected to adjourn without passing the bill opening the Cuban market to American rice and encouraging rice culture in Cuba.

The reason given for so many Italians dying from yellow fever is the fact that they conceal the disease as long as possible and take wrong diet until too late.

New York will build a new Manhattan terminal of the Brooklyn bridge at a cost of \$3,000,000 to avert the crash which occurs daily during the rush hours.

The National Board of Fire Underwriters is considering a motion to suspend all business in Arkansas in consequence of the new law against the fire insurance trust in that state.

A Baltimore & Ohio passenger train jumped the track near Johnstown, Pa., and two passengers were fatally injured and a number of others were so badly injured they had to be taken to hospital.

In consequence of the dispute with the National bank of Hayti about the attachment of customs receipts by creditors, the Haytian government has announced that the treasury service will be confined to Haytian officials.

There is small prospect of a new Chinese exclusion treaty.

Japan now has complete possession of the island of Sakhalin.

Large Russian reinforcements are being rushed to the front.

The Kaiser and King Edward may meet to reconcile Germany and Great Britain.

Louisiana will arm boats and send them to patrol the coast to see that the quarantine is enforced.

Witte asserts that he has full power to make a peace treaty and that Russia will be bound by his action.

It is understood that the president is considering seriously the name of R. S. Bean for Federal judge for Oregon.

District Attorney Henry says he will try the Williamson-Gesner-Biggs case as many times as there is a disagreement of the jury.

The New York legislative inquiry into the affairs of the Equitable is believed will result in a whitewash, but District Attorney Jerome will punish the grafters.

Many passengers for the Lewis and Clark fair have been stranded by the strike of the telegraph operators on the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads. Both sides claim to have the advantage.

The draft of a new Franco-Russian treaty has been completed.

Fire destroyed the mill, warehouse and elevator of the Kansas City Milling company, at Kansas City. Loss, \$100,000.

GREAT CROPS EVERYWHERE.

Condition of Grain Now Makes Immense Harvests Almost Sure.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—American farms will produce bigger and better crops and return many more millions in revenue to the farming interests this year than ever before in the history of the country. All kinds of crops—wheat, corn, oats, hay and smaller grain and produce staples—have progressed to the stage where this prediction may be made with scarcely the slightest chance that the final official figures will disprove its correctness.

Railroad officials and statisticians of agricultural departments in the various states of the government grain producing regions give their personal and official guarantee that the year 1905 is to be the banner year in farm prosperity.

If there is a dissenting voice anywhere, it is drowned out by the clamor of optimism that comes from Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, the far Southwest, the Pacific coast and the wonderful spring wheat country of the Northwest.

Possibly one wheat crop—that of 1901—will exceed that of 1905. In 1901 the crop aggregated 748,000,000 bushels. It may be that one previous corn crop, that of 1902, when 2,524,000,000 bushels were produced, will not quite be equaled by the yield of this year.

According to figures emanating from state capitals Saturday afternoon, 370,000,000 bushels more of corn will be raised this year than last in the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Ohio and Wisconsin.

WORKMEN STARVING.

Strike at Poutiloff Works Resulting in Hunger and Disease.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 8.—As a result of the strike at the Poutiloff works, there is terrible destitution among the workmen, and hundreds of cases of actual starvation have been reported. The people are suffering with scurvy, and General Treppoff has been applied to for relief.

A dispatch from Riga states that grave developments are expected in the Napheta district, where the strike is spreading rapidly. Rioting is reported, and in several cases troops have been called upon to quell the disturbances.

Sunday morning a man whose identity has not been learned, threw a dynamite bomb into the office of the district treasurer of Riga, severely wounding the treasurer, two janitors and a reporter.

Gomez Defiant.

Havana, Aug. 8.—Jose Miguel Gomez, governor of Santa Clara province and Liberal candidate for the presidency of Cuba, has given out an interview full of defiance to the Palma government. With reference to the Vueltas case and the Cuban government's assumption of the right to inspect municipalities without reference to the provincial authorities, Governor Gomez says:

"I will not allow anyone excepting the provincial authorities to inspect the municipalities of this province. Should a municipality be governed by moderates, I would refuse to consent to this procedure just the same and would deliver justice to them if permitted.

"If the Supreme court decides against the contentions we are now maintaining, we would not obey its mandates, because of its partiality in favor of executive authority. The court would be certain to be against us in order to increase its favor with the government."

Cable Over Grand Canyon.

Salt Lake, Utah, Aug. 8.—Over a cable 8,000 feet in the air passengers are to be carried across the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. The Grand Canyon Transportation company, promoted by Utah men, has been incorporated with a capital of \$10,000 to bridge the chasm in this unique manner.

Tourists will be taken from the famous Bright Angel Trail on the Santa Fe side of the river, across the Buckskin Plateau. The length of the cable will be 500 feet. The wire rope will be anchored to the opposite walls of the gorge, and a car will be run back and forth.

Walking to Fair on Bet.

San Francisco, Aug. 8.—W. L. Bohm, a butcher of Santa Cruz, has reached Marysville on his way to the Portland fair. He is walking and pushing a wheelbarrow, on a wager. In order to win he must reach the fair city by October 1. To do this he has only to cover about ten miles a day. It was not known that he had gone until a letter received here told of his trip. The man with whom Bohm made the wager hardly thought the other would take it up, and now begins to figure on paying for his thoughtlessness.

Naval Brigade Returns.

New Orleans, Aug. 8.—Two vessels of the naval brigade, the Marie and the Wolverine, returned to the city tonight from the Rigolets, where they had gone under orders from the governor to protect the fishermen in Louisiana waters from the depredations of the Mississippi patrol boats. The incident is closed, except for the case of the Tipsey, and that of two officers under arrest in St. Bernard Parish, who were captured in Lake Borgne.

Boycott on Special Lines.

Yokohama, Aug. 8.—The meeting of Chinese, which it was announced would be held today, resolved to boycott American-bankers, shippers and insurance agents, but deferred action with regard to other lines of business.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

NEW MINING TOWN.

Borealis Falls Established at End of Calapooia Road.

Brownville—Borealis Falls is the name of a new mining town which has just sprung into existence on the Calapooia side of the Blue river mining district, 40 miles southeast of Brownville.

The camp consists at present of four loghous and boasts a population of 13 souls, but this will be added to soon by the addition of at least ten more people. The town is located practically in the heart of the district, on the south bank of the Calapooia river, near the falls of the Calapooia, and is an ideal site for a modern mining town. The site is at the end of the Calapooia river wagon road, now building into the district from Brownville, from which joint roads will branch off to the many mines of the district. This road is now under construction by Linn county, and when finished will give access to the district by a direct route of considerably less distance than any other. Already the road is completed 28 miles above Brownville, and the county is lending every effort to complete it this year. A small portion of the road passes through a section of Lane county, and this will be built by the citizens of Linn county and mineowners.

Irrigation Congress Delegates.

Salem—The following persons have been appointed by Governor Chamberlain to represent Oregon at the National Irrigation congress in Portland, August 21-24: W. P. Campbell, Chemsaw; T. G. Hailey, J. H. Riley, A. D. Stillman, Walter M. Pierce, Pendleton; W. R. King, A. N. Soliss, C. W. Mallett, Ontario; J. A. Woolery, Ione; Lee McCartney, E. A. McDaniel, Baker City; E. J. Frazier, E. J. Young, Henry Ankeny, Eugene; A. King Wilson, R. C. Judson, M. A. Drake, Portland; F. Holbrook, A. Bennett, Irrigon; E. A. Lowell, S. A. Hartman, Pendleton; F. S. Bramwell, La Grande; J. R. Estch, Echo; R. M. Veatch, Cottage Grove; John W. Gates, Hillsboro.

Oregon Delegates to Congress.

Salem—Governor Chamberlain has appointed the following delegates to the Trans-Mississippi congress at Portland August 16-19: W. A. Munly, J. M. Moon, H. M. Brunson, C. H. Meusdorfer, M. H. McMonies, Joseph Friedenthal, Sol Harris, D. C. Burns, M. A. Raymond, Leo Peterson, F. A. Watts, Daniel McAllen, William Foley, E. B. Duffy, A. W. Cauthorn, and Tom Richardson, Portland; E. Hofer, George Collins, A. M. Cannon and S. T. Richardson, Salem; Bert Huffman, Pendleton; W. A. Nash, Dallas; E. J. Frazier, Eugene; A. A. Seufert, The Dalles; E. J. Kaiser, Ashland.

For Bridge at Milwaukie.

Salem—Governor Chamberlain has appointed State Senator C. W. Nottingham and Representative S. B. Lintinham and J. N. Bramhall as commissioners to investigate the project of building a bridge across the Willamette river near what is known as the White House, in the vicinity of Milwaukie. The appointments were made under the authority of the house concurrent resolution 2, of the last legislative session. The plan is to have a bridge built by Multnomah and Clackamas counties. The commissioners will serve without expense to the state, and will report to the next legislature.

S. P. Puts Out Rangers.

Grants Pass—To prevent the outbreak of forest fires in its timber domain, the Southern Pacific company has put out a number of rangers in addition to those appointed by the government. By reason of the unusual dryness fires will spread easily in the timber this year, and extra precautions are being taken. Violators of forest reserve rules and careless hunters and campers who leave camp fires burning will be more severely dealt with this summer, than the ravages of past seasons may not be repeated.

Take Out \$880 in Five Days.

Sumpter—Another clean-up from the Belmont group, Greenhorn district, has been placed on display here. It represented in value \$880 and resulted from five days' operation of the small mill on the property. The ore from which the clean-up was made was taken from the upper workings on the rich ledge opened up some time ago and which has made such a wonderful output since that time. A shaft is now being sunk on this ore body, and the output is expected to be much larger when a depth has been reached.

Chinook Running in Wallowa.

Astoria—Fish Warden Van Dusen has received a letter from A. D. Allen, superintendent of the new state hatchery on the Wallowa river, stating that the chinook salmon are now running there and large numbers are already in the racks. Work on the construction of the new hatchery is well under way, and the plant will be ready for the taking of eggs the latter part of the coming month. The plant will have a capacity of 15,000,000.

Grading Active on Tillamook Road.

Hillsboro—Superintendent L. R. Fields and Resident Engineer Donald, of the Southern Pacific lines in Oregon, were here a few days ago conferring with Engineer George L. Davis, of the Portland, Nehalem & Tillamook railway, relative to the junction to be formed in this city between the two roads. Active grading has already commenced on the Tillamook road, and the contracts for the bridge timbers and ties have been signed.

BUYS TWO DITCHES.

Government Rapidly Clearing Way for Klamath Irrigation.

Washington—The secretary of the interior has authorized the purchase of the Little Klamath Water Ditch company's rights and property, known generally as the Adams ditch, for use in connection with the Klamath Falls irrigation project in Southern Oregon. This ditch system is to be used as part of the project and the agreement to sell includes also certain color of rights to land now under water and which are to be drained and used for irrigation purposes. The secretary has also approved the purchase of certain rights and property of the Jesse D. Carr Land and Live-stock company from S. L. Akins. This purchase involves a large area of land for the Clear Lake reservoir site, also rights of way for ditches to be constructed by the United States over these lands and certain color of right to lands now under water which will be drained and irrigated. The former purchase is to be made for \$100,000, less certain deductions stipulated in the agreement, and the latter for \$197,500.

SLUMP IN CHITTIM BARK.

Product Goes from 20 Cents Down to 3 Cents a Pound.

Albany—This is an off year with the chittam bark people. For the last two years a great amount of money has been put in circulation through the medium of this medicinal bark, hundreds of people spending their outing in the woods peeling the bark. The price of the commodity soared up past the 20-cent mark, and those who were fortunate enough to secure a valuable belt of chittam timber netted a neat income. Little boys who had never earned a dollar in their life lined their pockets last year and the year before at the rate of from \$3 to \$7 per day. As the result of the great increase in price, many tons of the cascara, or chittam, bark were gathered and sacked, only to lie in some warehouse unsold. This overproduction caused a slump in the market, and this year the bark is going for 3 to 3½ cents per pound.

Forest Fire in Clackamas.

Oregon City—A forest fire, one-half mile in width and already having covered an area one mile in length, is raging at the head of Canyon creek, in the foothills east of Willhoit, this county, and in the vicinity of James. Report of the fire was brought to this city by Dee Wright, of Liberal. The fire started presumably from a campfire, on the Hangate homestead, owned by Helvie & Jones. Only underbrush and second growth timber are being consumed, the flames not having reached any of the valuable heavy timber.

Mrs. Church To Be Matron.

Eugene—The committee from the board of regents of the University of Oregon which had in hand the selection of matron of the dormitory has at last decided upon Mrs. S. C. Church, of San Francisco. She has accepted, and will assume her duties early in October. The present matron, Miss Etha Williams, will open the dormitory at the beginning of the school year and conduct it until Mrs. Church's arrival.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—New club, 73@75c per bushel; new bluestem, 78@80c per bushel; new valley, 78c.
Barley—Old feed, 21.50@22 per ton; new feed, 20@21; rolled, 23@24.
Oats—No. 1 white feed, 29@30 per ton; gray, 29.
Hay—Timothy, old, 13@15 per ton; new, 11@12.50; clover, 48@9.
Fruits—Apples, new, 90c@1.75 per box; apricots, 90c per crate; peaches, 75c@1 per crate; plums, 75c per crate; blackberries, 5@6c per pound; cherries, 50@55c per box; pears, 42.25 per box; prunes, 85c@1; raspberries, 1.25 per crate; watermelons, 1@1¼c per pound; crabapples, 50c per box.
Vegetables—Beans, 1@4c per pound; cabbage, 1@1¼c per pound; cauliflower, 75@90c per dozen; celery, 75@85c per dozen; corn, 75c per bag; cucumbers, 15@25c per box; lettuce, head, 10c per dozen; parsley, 25c per dozen; peas, 2@5c per pound; tomatoes, 50@75c per crate; squash, 5c per pound; turnips, 1.25@1.40 per sack; carrots, 1.25@1.50 per sack; beets, 1@1.25 per sack.
Onions—Red, 1.25 per hundred; yellow, 1.25.
Potatoes—Oregon new, 50c@1.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 21½@25c.
Eggs—Oregon ranch, 22@22½c per dozen.
Poultry—Average old hens, 12½@14; mixed chickens, 12@12½c; old roosters, 10@10½c; young roosters, 11@12½c; springs, 1½ to 2 pounds, 15c; 1 to 1½ pounds, 16c; turkeys, live, 18@19c; geese, live, per pound, 6@7c; ducks, old, 13c; ducks, young, 10@14c.
Hops—Choice, 1904, 17@19c per pound.
Wool—Eastern Oregon average best, 19@21c; lower grades, down to 15c, according to shrinkage; valley, 25@27c per pound; mohair, choice, 31c per pound.
Beef—Dressed bulls, 1@2c per pound; cows, 3¼@4¼c.
Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 6c per pound; ordinary, 4@5c.
Veal—Dressed, 3@7c per pound.
Pork—Dressed, 5¼@7c per pound.

PEACE ENVOYS MEET.

Brought Together on Naval Yacht and Introduced by President.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 6.—At 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon the formal reception of the representatives of the belligerent powers by President Roosevelt on behalf of the United States government took place on the cruiser Mayflower. It was a notable demonstration in honor of the distinguished guests, envoys of their countries to the peace conference.

The Mayflower, the finest vessel of her class in the navy, was tastefully decorated for the occasion. The beautiful interior finishings were ornamented with cut flowers and smilax, intertwined with the national colors of Russia and Japan. The colors of the two nations also fluttered from the vessel's masts.

The Japanese and Russian plenipotentiaries left New York in the morning on two cruisers for Oyster Bay, where they met the president. The Japanese made the trip on the cruiser Tsucuma and the Russian envoys were conveyed to their destination aboard the Chattanooga.

Constantine Nakakoff, of the Russian foreign office, when asked whether Russia would agree to a cession of territory or payment of indemnity, two points on which it is believed that Japan will insist, replied: "I don't think so."

Sato, the Japanese spokesman, asked how prospects looked, said: "Not very bright, but we are hopeful."

Early in the morning the president's naval yacht Sylph and invited guests arrived, and at 1 o'clock President Roosevelt boarded the Mayflower. He was greeted with the presidential salute of 21 guns as he went on board. Baron Komura and Minister Takahira and their suites left the Chattanooga in a launch and proceeded to the Mayflower. As they boarded the vessel a salute of 21 guns was given. The envoys were received on deck by Commander Winslow and escorted to the main cabin, where they were presented to the president by Assistant Secretary Pierce. The same ceremony was then enacted for the Russian plenipotentiaries, Sergius Witte and Ambassador Rosen.

The envoys of the two powers were then presented formally to one another by President Roosevelt, after which all partook of a luncheon.

The Japanese envoys were then conveyed to the dispatch boat Dolphin, on which they sailed for Portsmouth, New Hampshire. Witte and his party remained on the Mayflower, which weighed anchor at the same time as the Dolphin and started on its cruise, conveyed by the cruiser Galveston.

AUCTIONS OFF LOVERS' GIFTS.

Remembrances from Alice Roosevelt's Admirers Sold at Church Fair.

Washington, Aug. 7.—There are things doing in the St. Hilda society connected with Christ church in Oyster Bay. This little guild is Mrs. Roosevelt's pet charity, and this fact being spread broadcast, treasures and trophies for its funds are not lacking. Indeed some remarkable objects find their way to the bazars, and there is a faint suggestion that the first lady of the land, who is noted, utilizes many of the useless gifts which come her way to raise money for her church. "Princess" Alice also receives cartloads of dainty perfumes, photographs and such trifles from her lovelorn admirers, who would doubtless be overcome if they could see some of their votive offerings displayed on the bazaar tables.

Restraints Pool Selling.

Portland, Aug. 7.—Presiding Circuit Judge Frazer has granted a preliminary order restraining the Multnomah Fair association from selling pools on races at the Irvington track in this city. Immediately the officials of the track announced that for one week there would be no races. Within that time the permanent injunction proceedings will be disposed of and the Multnomah Fair association will know its legal status toward pool selling. Judge Frazer declared that if evidence had been introduced convincing him that the suit was merely a quarrel between gamblers, as was intimated, he would have thrown it out of court.

Moody Inquires Into Strike.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Attorney General Moody has addressed a letter to the United States district attorneys along the lines of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads requesting information regarding the telegraphers' strike and its possible effect upon the transmission of government messages. Moody says he has been informed that for several days message have been interrupted. He says it is the government's duty to keep such channels open to protect its own communication and he is much concerned.

Confessed to 330 Robberies.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Edward Burthart, aged 18 years, who was arrested with a gang of three men and two women, charged with having committed wholesale robberies in this city, has confessed to Chief Desmond that the gang robbed 330 houses. He refused to tell where they were, but declared that he would turn state's evidence and turn up most of the booty if guaranteed that he would not be prosecuted.

Oregon Mutton for Chicago.

Pendleton, Aug. 7.—Ten carloads of mutton sheep have just been shipped from Meacham by a North Yakima buyer to the Chicago market. A government inspector passed upon the shipment.

REACH NO VERDICT

Second Trial of Land Fraud Case Proves Fruitless.

30 BALLOTS WITHOUT CHANGE.

Proposal to Convict Gesner and Biggs and Clear Williamson Was Defeated by One Juror.

Portland, Aug. 5.—John N. Williamson, Dr. Van Gesner and Marion R. Biggs will have to face trial on August 28 for the third time, on the charge of conspiracy to suborn perjury. After having strived for 45 hours to reach some conclusion, the jury in the Williamson case came into court, and upon its own request was discharged by Judge De Haven. At only one time did the government cause hold the majority vote, that being during the first three ballots, when seven of the jurors voted to acquit, the vote then changing to six for conviction and an equal number for acquittal, where it hung without interruption through 30 ballots. At another time those voting to acquit proposed to their comrades to convict Gesner and Biggs, provided Williamson should be acquitted, but Henry J. Keene would not consent to the agreement, and no change was made in the vote. George Kirk, after having voted for three times to convict, changed his ballot to the other hand and refused to make another decision. According to the story told by several of the jurors, it was apparent early in the course of the deliberations that no verdict could be reached, and the subsequent ballots were taken more as a matter of form than with the expectation that any change would be shown. The bone of contention seemed to be in regard to the existence of a contract, and in the question of intention on the part of the defendants to do wrong.

OFFICIALS FILE ON CLAIMS.

Nome People Much Exercised and Threaten Drastic Measures.

Seattle, Aug. 5.—Advice received in this city tonight from Nome by the steamship Ohio state that the people of Nome are up in arms against the government officials and their actions in filing upon valuable mining claims. The Nome Nugget in a long article charges the officials with using illegal methods and taking advantage of their position to possess themselves of many valuable claims which are obtained by relocating. The Nugget prints comparative tables showing the number of claims held by the government officials and their relatives or assistants, and also the number held by the leading mining and business men of Nome and vicinity. Officers of the Ohio report that the people are greatly exercised over the matter and are talking of drastic measures if the authorities at Washington do not investigate the matter.

ALASKA FOREST BURNING.

Dense Pall of Smoke Hanging Over Lynn Canal.

Seattle, Aug. 5.—Forest fires are again raging along the southeastern coast of Alaska, and heavy clouds of smoke hang over the waters of Lynn Canal, according to the reports brought to Seattle this afternoon by the steamer City of Seattle, of the Pacific Coast Steamship company's fleet.

Captain Charles O'Brien, master of the Seattle, states that since the short rains which served to extinguish the forest fires which burned in that part of the country a month or more ago, the weather has been hot and dry, and that the fires have started up again, and are as bad as before.

The forests are on fire both on the islands which fill the inside passage and along the mainland, and unless rain falls soon it is feared that the timber loss will be serious.

River Pirates Arrested.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 5.—Harry Young, of Seattle, R. Brechin, of Vancouver, and Harry Kline, of Vancouver, were arrested today charged with being river pirates. Numerous accusations of boat stealing and thefts of nets and outfits from fishermen are made against them. It is also alleged that before daybreak one morning they held up several Japanese fishermen in boats off the Fraser Sand Heads. It is charged that they held pistols at the heads of their victims and made them relinquish boats, gear and everything they had of value.

Torpedo Boats Make Raid.

Tokio, Aug. 5.—It is officially reported that two Russian torpedo boat destroyers appeared off Chuching, on the northern coast of Korea, at 4:48 o'clock this morning and attacked the Keisho, a small merchant steamer. The destroyers fired 60 shots, seven of which hit the port side of the engine room and bridge, killing the captain and one boy and wounding two of the crew. The destroyers then ceased firing and steamed toward Vladivostok.

Dividend on Mrs. Chadwick's Estate.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 5.—Creditors of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick will receive a total dividend of about 7 mills on the dollar when the matter is finally settled. Net assets will amount to about \$25,000.