

NEWBERG GRAPHIC

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NEWBERG, OREGON

WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenings Presented in a Brief and Condensed Form.

The weather in Manchuria is very cold and there is great scarcity of fuel.

By a sale just made, 340,000 acres of land in Mexico has been sold to a Mormon colony.

The Standard dictionary received the grand prize, the highest award, at the St. Louis fair.

Many Japanese on the Pacific coast are leaving for their home country to join the army.

James F. Cooper, associate justice of the supreme court of the Philippine islands, has resigned.

Fire at the plant of the New Home Sewing Machine company, Orange, Mass., entailed a loss of \$100,000.

It is probable that the Mississippi will soon be dredged, as engineers fear the great river will soon become clogged and useless as a waterway.

The armored cruiser Colorado is the fastest in her class. On her trial trip she made 22.26 knots an hour. This is slightly in excess of speed called for by the contract.

The Russian minister to Great Britain has a narrow escape from violence at the hands of a mob who would avenge the death of the Hull fisherman. He is now guarded by police.

The people of Japan are reported to resent the suppression of war news.

The armies in Manchuria are fully rested and a battle that should prove decisive is looked for.

A counterpart of the big Inside Inn at the St. Louis fair is said to be practically assured for 1905.

This year's total registration in New York City is 688,776, which exceeds by nearly 50,000 the record of 1900.

Sentiment in French governmental quarters is growing more favorable to the American proposition to call a second peace congress at The Hague.

The Russian admiralty council sitting in review of the Vladivostok prize craft, has decided that the British ship Allington, seized June 16, and her cargo must be released.

Marshal Oyama's army is said to be running short of ammunition, but fresh supplies are expected from Dalny, the Japanese having established railroad communication with that port.

One of the suspected train robbers, shot in an attempt to escape arrest at St. Louis, when told he could not live, confessed to having taken part in two hold-ups and implicated others who were thought to have taken part.

In a clash between Greeks and Bulgarians, 20 of the latter were killed.

Revolutionists are active in Russia. Police authorities declare the Hebrews are most at fault.

Cool boys people are excited over a conference at Marshallfield of a number of prominent railroad men.

Bransford, a small village in Tennessee on the Chesapeake & Nashville railroad, was entirely destroyed by fire.

The city of Portland may have to lower its water mains across the Willamette river in order to allow of a deeper channel to be dredged.

A shipbuilding race between the New York and Mare Island navy yards has begun over the construction of two colliers authorized by the last congress. They are to be the largest and fastest boats of their class in the world.

Military operations in Manchuria are awaiting the drying of the roads and plains rendered impassable for artillery and even for infantry by the recent heavy rains. Only disultory cannoning and unimportant skirmishes are occurring.

Fire destroyed several business houses in Oakwood, Texas. Loss, \$75,000.

A resolution disapproving of reciprocity with Canada was adopted in the Vermont house without opposition.

Intense fog and terrible condition of the roads have put a stop to all movements of the two armies south of Mukden.

There are rumors of Colombian troops gathering near Culebra with the intention of making an attack there on November 3, the first anniversary of the secession of Panama from Colombia.

The British army council has issued an order which, instead of enlisting three years with the colors and nine in the reserve, infantry of the line will in the future enlist for nine years with the colors and three in the reserve.

Dr. Atkinson, who organized the school system in the Philippines, declares the natives are not capable of self government.

Gordon, Ala., has been destroyed by fire and 40 inhabitants are destitute.

For the first time in the history of the money order system, the number issued during the last fiscal year reached 50,000,000. The value of the domestic orders issued was \$378,778,488 and the international money orders issued were valued at \$2,550,159.

Russia resents peace talk and regards it as a most inopportune time to broach it.

FIRE ON FISHERS.

Russian Baltic Fleet Sinks British Fishing Vessels.

Hull, England, Oct. 25.—J. M. Jackson & Co., solicitors for the owners of the 50 Hull fishing boats have notified the foreign office and admiralty of an attack on the Hull fishing fleet by the Russian Pacific fleet (commonly designated as the Baltic squadron).

The official information is that soon after midnight Friday the Russian squadron fell in with the Hull fishing fleet in the North sea. The first portion of the fishing fleet passed safely. Then the Russian ships turned their searchlights on the British vessels for some time and a little later opened fire.

The steam trawler Crane was sunk, and the decapitated bodies of her skipper and mate have been brought to Hull. The boatswain and other members of the crew, who are understood to be seriously wounded, are on board the missing ship. The only slightly injured members of the crew has arrived at Hull.

The steam trawlers Moulmein and Mino have arrived at Hull seriously damaged by shots, the latter having 16 holes in her hull. It is feared that other damage was done to trawlers and that at least one more was lost with all hands.

ALASKANS NOT WANTED.

Indian Bureau Desires They Be Educated at Home.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The Indian bureau in the interior department is decidedly opposed to accepting Alaskan pupils at any of its schools. It is the opinion of this bureau that Indian appropriations are made for the sole benefit of the Indians of the United States proper. Proceeding on this theory, the Indian office is endeavoring to eliminate from all Indian schools all pupils other than true Indians. The Alaskans are in the excluded classes; the Indian bureau does not regard them as Indians, though their exact classification has never been finally determined.

There are but two Indian schools which have Alaskan pupils—Chenawah with half a dozen, and the Carlisle school, in Pennsylvania, with 50. The Alaskan pupils at both schools are to be eliminated gradually from the classes and returned to their homes unless congress intervenes in the meantime and authorizes their retention in these two big Indian institutions.

BARRITT SUITS ROOSEVELT.

Secretary Taft Sent to Panama at Minister's Request.

Washington, Oct. 26.—John Barrett, minister to Panama, will be unable to visit Portland and cast his vote next month. The president has requested him to start for Panama November 9 in order to prepare for the reception of Secretary Taft a week later.

Secretary Hay took particular pains today, in talking with a group of newspaper men, to make it plain that the sending of Secretary Taft to Panama was in no way a reflection upon Minister Barrett. The secretary said Barrett had been unjustly criticized by some opposition papers, and it had been hinted that the president was dissatisfied with his conduct of affairs at Panama. Secretary Hay went so far as to say the reverse was true—that the president was entirely pleased with Minister Barrett's work, and was sending Secretary Taft to Panama at Mr. Barrett's suggestion.

NO UNION WITH NEW MEXICO.

Arizona Will Not Accept Statehood on Those Terms.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The annual report of the governor of Arizona to the secretary of the interior says the territorial population has increased materially and the total population now is between 165,000 and 170,000. It expresses a desire on the part of the people of Arizona for statehood, but says that, "finding themselves confronted with a plan to unite their territory with New Mexico, the people of Arizona have protested vigorously and will continue to do so until they have defeated this repugnant scheme."

Ties Piled on Track.

Modesto, Cal., Oct. 26.—Four separate attempts to derail trains on the Southern Pacific a few miles north of Modesto were made today. The north bound freight found a stack of ties piled on the track about six miles north of here. About 8 o'clock the south bound passenger struck a pile of ties piled similar to those run into by the freight. Half a mile further along another pile was run into. The cowcatcher was demolished and some damage was done to the track. The train was jarrered. Two tramps were arrested on suspicion.

Boxers are Drilling Troops.

London, Oct. 26.—Bennett Barleigh, after a careful inquiry into the situation, cables the Daily Telegraph from Shanghai that the political outlook for Shanghai is worse now than prior to the Boxer outbreak in 1900. Widespread operations of secret societies, he says, show a dangerous recrudescence of anti-foreign feeling. Drilling of large bodies of well-equipped troops is proceeding night and day in many districts.

Mexico Will Send Delegates.

Mexico City, Oct. 26.—This government will send delegates to the irrigation congress to be held in El Paso next month. It is said that a \$10,000,000 bond issue exclusively for irrigation purposes will be issued here. The government for some time past has had engineering parties in the field studying plans for redeeming arid lands.

ISTHMUS NEWS

Malcontents Threaten Trouble at Panama.

MAY LEAD TO A REVOLUTION

American Authorities Send Marines to Learn Purpose of Movement—Washington not Informed.

Colon, Colombia, Oct. 24.—News reached here this evening that about 200 armed men, who are thought to be malcontent Panamanians, rather than Colombian soldiers, have been seen in the neighborhood of Culebra, threatening hostilities against the Panama government.

As soon as the American authorities of the canal zone became cognizant of this force, marines were sent out to ascertain their purpose. It is rumored that a skirmish occurred inland, in which several were killed, but there is no confirmation of this report.

Navy Department Not Advised.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Assistant Secretary Darling tonight said that, so far as he was aware, no advices had been received at the navy department of the reported skirmish between United States marines and Panamanians on the isthmus. If any dispatches have been received, the assistant secretary added, they in all probability would be sent to the department, and would not be delivered to the officials until morning. At this time the navy has about 450 marines on the isthmus, a sufficient force, in the opinion of the administration, to cope with any difficulty which is likely to develop.

OFFICERS ARE SHOT.

Desperate Battle With Men Suspected of Hold Up.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—Two city detectives are dead and another is not expected to live during the night, while one train robber suspect is at the morgue and two others are in the hospital, one probably fatally wounded and the other badly beaten up, as the result of a desperate battle between five officers and three men whom they tried to arrest.

The fight occurred in the front room of a house on Pine street, and the men whom the detectives sought to arrest are suspected of being implicated in a train robbery at Centralia, Ill., a few weeks ago.

The house had been under police surveillance for several days, but today was the first time that any of the suspects was seen to enter or leave.

A few minutes before the fighting occurred Vaughn left the house and started to walk down Pine street. The detectives closed in on him, and after he had gone some distance from the house he was arrested.

Accompanied by their prisoner, the detectives returned and entered the house. Sha, McClusky and Dwyer were leading, Boyle and James were behind with the prisoner. Hardly had the detectives entered the room in which Roeb and Blair were seated than they were met with a volley of shots from a heavy caliber gun. Sha sank to the floor and Dwyer followed almost immediately.

TRANSMITS PROTEST TO JAPAN.

America Calls Attention to Alleged Use of Chinese Clothing.

Washington, Oct. 24.—As indicated in the Tokio dispatches, the Japanese government, through Minister Takahira here, has entered a formal protest against the use of certain bodies of Russian troops of Chinese clothing, the offending troops being specified in the complaint. The state department, having assumed the care of Japanese interests, has transmitted the Japanese protest to Spencer Eddy, secretary of the American embassy at St. Petersburg, and charge in the absence of Ambassador McCormick, for presentation to the Russian government.

It is understood here that the Chinese clothing was not used by the Russian troops to deceive the enemy, but simply to make good the failure of the Russian quartermaster's department to supply much needed warm clothing upon the sudden advent of cold weather in Manchuria.

Three Months for the Trip.

Berlin, Oct. 24.—A dispatch from the Tageblatt's correspondent at Kiel says he learns from the Russian fleet the plans of the future movements of the vessels. They will, he adds, proceed separately to the island of Madeira, where they will coal. The battleships and large cruisers will then start for the Far East by way of the Cape of Good Hope, and the smaller vessels will go by way of the Suez canal. The fleet will reassemble at the Sunda islands (Malay Archipelago), and thence the fleet will go to Vladivostok.

Seattle Is Paralyzed.

Seattle, Oct. 24.—Seattle shipping circles and supply houses are paralyzed at the announcement from Washington, D. C., to the effect that all army depots in the Western third of the United States, except at San Francisco, are to be closed. This means that what little share of the Alaska and Philippine island business of the government which this city has enjoyed for the past two years is to be taken away and given to San Francisco merchants.

To Send Medicine.

Rome, Oct. 24.—At the request of the Russian Red Cross society, nurses and a supply of medicine, bandages and fruits will be sent to Manchuria by the Red Cross society of Italy.

LAND RESTORED TO ENTRY.

Great Tracts in Eastern and Southern Oregon Not in Reserves.

Washington, Oct. 25.—By direction of the president, Secretary Hitchcock has ordered restored to entry a considerable portion of the withdrawals made with a view to creating the Rogue river, La Grande, Joseph river and Maury mountain forest reserves in Oregon. The restorations are made in accordance with the new rules of the department, permitting the immediate settlement on the land, but not allowing entry or filing to be made until after a period of 90 days' advertising by the local land officers.

It is proposed to eliminate from the Rogue river withdrawals 65,000 acres, leaving 1,271,000 acres remaining withdrawn. From the La Grande withdrawal 26,000 acres will be eliminated, leaving in withdrawal 265,550 acres, while 144,640 acres will be taken out of the Joseph river withdrawal, leaving but 177,920 acres remaining. The Maury mountain withdrawal, when 10,000 acres have been restored to entry, will embody only 58,320 acres.

All the lands that are being restored to entry have been found upon examination, not to be suitable for forest reserves, either because they are not timber lands, or if they are timbered, because they are located with lands in private ownership, so it is impracticable permanently to reserve them.

The elimination of these lands from withdrawal does not mean that all the remaining lands will be reserved. It merely means that these are all lands reported by the forestry bureau that should not be included in forest reserves. The general land office is now making its own examination, which is expected to show additional areas not desired for permanent reservation. When the land office completes its examination, permanent reserves will be created where deemed advisable, excluding practically all land in private ownership, and restoring to entry such other lands now withdrawn as may not be reserved.

HOPES OF PANAMA.

Reforms Visit of Taft is Expected to Bring About.

Panama, Oct. 25.—Modification of the Hay-Bunau-Varilla canal treaty in several important respects, and negotiations between the Washington and Panama governments for a supplementary commercial treaty granting to Panama important concessions is what the Panamanians hope to realize as a result of Secretary Taft's mission to the isthmus, according to a statement made to the Associated Press tonight by Senor Obaldia, the Panamanian minister at Washington.

"Widespread enthusiasm has been aroused on the isthmus," said the minister, "by the publication of President Roosevelt's letter to Secretary Taft. President Amador has cabled me that he has proclaimed this letter throughout the isthmus, and the idea of the grateful feeling has already turned in favor of the United States. Preparations have been begun for a grand reception to the Taft commission."

"Popular as is the American minister to Panama and the governor of the canal zone, there are a number of questions of vital importance to the isthmus which have not yet been settled to the satisfaction of the Panamanian government. In the foremost of these are the problems which Secretary Taft will be asked to solve, the postal regulations, the question of customs duties and the far reaching question of jurisdiction in the terminal cities of Panama and Colon. The Panamanian government declines to accept the interpretation placed upon the treaty by Mr. Bunau-Varilla, which practically takes away all the land in those cities not now actually covered by residents. Panama and Colon will prosper rapidly after the canal work has started; they will need considerable territory over which to expand. We are confident Secretary Taft will be quick to see the justice of our contentions."

Russian Losses Reported Greater.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The Japanese legation today received the following cablegram from Tokio: "Marshal Oyama reports that the investigation completed after October 22 regarding the Russian losses at the battle of Shakhs shows that there were about 500 prisoners and 10,550 dead bodies. The trophies of the battle are 35 guns, 6,920 shells, 5,574 rifles, 78,000 rounds of ammunition, etc. The dead of the enemy were all buried with military honors. The Russian total casualties are estimated at 60,000."

Submarines for Russia.

New York, Oct. 25.—The American will say tomorrow: "Two submarines for delivery to the Russian government, which had been sent so mysteriously to this harbor from the shipyards at Newport News, were shipped on the Hamburg-American line steamer which sailed at 6 P. M. yesterday from Hoboken for Hamburg. At that point the submarines will be re-shipped to St. Petersburg, where they will be put together."

Trains Meet Head-On.

Vicksburg, Miss., Oct. 25.—Three are known to have been killed and a number injured in a head-on collision between a north bound passenger and a freight train about midnight, three miles south of Fayette, Miss., on the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley railroad. The dead are two firemen and an engineer. The wreck is reported burning. Assistance has been sent from this city.

OREGON NEWS OF INTEREST

COST OF ALIEN'S LIVING.

Chinese Spend \$7.40, Japanese \$9.50 Per Month.

Salem—The cost of living of Chinese and Japanese laborers form a part of the biennial report of Labor Commissioner O. P. Hoff and it is shown that the expense of the former is \$7.40 per month and of the latter \$9.50 per month. The information was derived from numerous reliable sources and the figures given are an average of the estimates received.

Though the total difference in the cost of living is not great between the two nationalities, there is a great difference in the proportion of the money expended for American goods. A comparison is thus made:

Of the total cost of living for Japanese, 85 per cent is for food and of this 87 per cent is American product and 13 per cent foreign. The expense for clothes is 15 per cent of the total, and all of this is for American goods.

Of the total cost of living for Chinese, 81 per cent is for food, and of this 25 per cent is for American goods and 75 per cent for foreign. The expense of clothes is 19 per cent of the total, and all of this is for American goods.

FULL REGIMENT AT CORVALLIS.

Growth of Attendance Makes a Change Necessary.

Corvallis—An almost complete reorganization of the cadet battalion, and its evolution into a regiment, is a consequence of the largely increased attendance of students at the Oregon Agricultural college. Instead of about 250 men, the ranks are now swollen with about 380, and instead of the battalion of two small companies in vogue a few years ago, the regiment will now comprise four full companies of infantry, a detachment of artillery, a signal corps and the regimental band.

The infantry companies each comprise 64 men, or two more than in the regular United States service. Mounts are provided for the cavalry detachment, comprising 24 men in addition to officers. Two field pieces with assignments of horses and 16 men and officers constitute the equipment and personnel of the artillery detachment. The signal corps numbers in men and officers over 30, and the regimental band, under command of a lieutenant colonel, the officers being newly elected under the orders providing for the organization, and issued by Lieutenant Quinlan.

Athena Wheat Crop Shipped.

Athena—But little of Athena's immense crop of wheat remains in the warehouses, with the exception of that purchased and stored here by the mill. As the greater part was sold early in the season and shipped before cars became scarce, there remains but a small part of the crop to be shipped. The Preston-Parton Milling company purchased about 120,000 bushels at Adams, Eastland and Athena, and have their warehouses filled to their capacity. The elevator could not be used this season owing to its unfinished condition and lack of machinery. As soon as power can be obtained a part of the bins will be filled for immediate use.

Good Road to Blue River.

Eugene—W. T. Carroll, who has been in charge of the improvement work on the road leading to Blue River, has completed his work and returned to Eugene. A force of men and teams has been employed for two months and a large amount of good road along the McKenzie river is the result. Teamsters hauling over the road report that the work has been done in a most satisfactory manner, and that it is now an excellent mountain road. The cost to the county and people contributing is nearly \$6,000.

Looking Toward New Postoffice.

Oregon City—Postmaster Randall has received from the office of the supervising architect at Washington a letter inquiring as to the amount of space that is now occupied by the postoffice and the land office, and asking the amount of rent that is being paid for the quarters so occupied. This is considered locally to be an indication that the government authorities at Washington are investigating the actual needs of a government building.

Goats Take Fair Prizes.

Monmouth—Riddell Bros., who are breeding pure bred Angora goats, took some of their stock to St. Louis and entered them in the contest for premiums. They were awarded one first sweepstake on doe kid and fourth on buck kid. They have for years been improving their stock by addition of only pure breeds until they have a model herd.

Spur for Logging Company.

Albany—A new spur of the Corvallis & Eastern railroad is being constructed above Detroit. It will run from a little above Detroit almost to the Breitenbush river and will be one mile in length. It will run through splendid timber and is being constructed for the benefit of the Curtis Lumbering company, which will establish logging camps along its extent and secure logs for its mills at Mill City.

DUTY OF COUNTY JUDGES.

British Consular Officers to be Informed of Subject's Death.

Salem—Governor Chamberlain has received from the secretary of state of the United States a copy of a treaty between the United States and Great Britain, wherein it is agreed that in case of the death of a subject of one country while residing in the other, and leaving no heirs or testamentary executors in the country where he died, it shall be the duty of the local authorities to inform the nearest consular officer of the nation to which the deceased person belonged, of the circumstances, in order that the necessary information may be immediately forwarded to persons interested.

Acting Secretary of State Loomis says that the British ambassador complains that the local authorities have failed to carry out the provisions of this treaty and that it has sometimes been found impossible to obtain reports from administrators in regard to the distribution of the intestate estates. The duty of giving the notice specified, falls, in this state, upon county judges, who have charge of probate matters.

FEED 9,000 SHEEP.

Rugg Bros. Decline to Sell Any of Their Holdings.

Pendleton—Rugg Bros. are preparing to feed their 9,000 sheep through the winter. Five thousand will be fed on their farm east of this place for spring mutton and will be sheared just before turning on the market. The remaining 4,000 will be ranged on their farm east of Pilot Rock and will be held over the next season for wool.

The Rugg brothers have nearly 13,000 acres of land in the mountains on the head of the Grand Ronde river in Union county for summer range and 8,000 acres between Birch creek and Butter creek, where they feed during the winter. Snow scarcely ever lies on the ground at the latter ranch, and little hay needs be fed during the winter months.

Mr. Rugg says they have no sheep to sell this fall, although they would have no trouble in disposing of them should they so desire. Old ewes are selling from \$1 upward and young ewes as high as \$2.75 a head, with a market for every sheep. They will keep their sheep until spring.

Cordwood Must Find New Market.

Oregon City—The Oregon City manufacturing company has completed the installation of oil-burning machinery at its woolen mills in this city and will use this more satisfactory and economical fuel in the operation of its large mills in this city. The substitution by both of the paper mills and the woolen mill of crude petroleum for wood as fuel reduces to a large extent the demand for cordwood in the vicinity and dealers will have to find another market for their produce. Fully 5,000 cords of wood have been required annually for the operation of the manufacturing institutions that have within the last six months arranged to use oil.

Exhibit From Clackamas Schools.

Oregon City—H. S. Lyman, superintendent of the educational exhibit for the Lewis and Clark fair, will meet the teachers of Clackamas county at the court house in this city when details will be arranged for the making of an exhibit of educational work from this county at the 1905 exposition. It is proposed to have an educational exhibit from this county at the Lewis and Clark fair. In the display in the educational department at the St. Louis fair the exhibit from this county compares favorably with that of other county represented.

Packing Houses Closed.

Freewater—All fruits with the exception of winter apples are disposed of, and all of the packing houses except the Walla Walla Produce company are closed. This company is packing a few winter apples for Fargo, N. D. Low prices are being received for these apples, as they are inferior in quality, being quite wormy. Growers sprayed faithfully, but conditions were such that there are more wormy apples than usual this season. Better prices than usual were received by growers, and all realized good prices.

Fix Irrigation Ditches.

Milton—Since the larger part of the fruit has been marketed growers in this vicinity are engaged in doing work neglected during the rush of the fruit season. A force of men is at work extending the Hudson Bay irrigation ditch into the Hudson Bay country northwest of here and will have it completed in time for use next season. Another force is engaged in making a ditch west of here to drain off the waste water from the ditches.

Fall Work Begins.

Adams—The past few days of rain have enabled farmers to commence seeding and harrowing. Fully as large an acreage of wheat will be fall sown as was sown this season.

Northwest Wheat Markets.

Portland—Walla Walla, 82c; bluestem, 85c; valley, 85c.
Tacoma—Bluestem, 89c; club, 85c.
Colfax—Club, 70c; bluestem, 75c.