

NEWBERG GRAPHIC.

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NEWBERG.....OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week. Presented in Condensed Form. Most Likely to Prove Interesting.

Colombia accuses America of being an ally to Panama rebels.

Wyoming officers have captured Tom Oday, of Curry gang fame.

The Chicago street car strike is down to a basis of bargaining.

The Philippines want tariff on many articles reduced so as to encourage trade with America.

About 30 Italian miners in a Pennsylvania mine lost their lives by rushing back to save their gold.

Santo Domingo has offered to give the United States an island if she will help in subduing the rebels.

Governor Chamberlain has called an extra session of the Oregon legislature to meet December 21.

It is said that Senator Hanna will be a candidate for president and if he cannot win will bring out Herrick.

Colorado mine owners attribute the death of two bosses to a deep plot of strikers and offer a reward of \$5,000 for the guilty persons.

The American Federation of Labor has re-elected Samuel Gompers president. Next year's convention will meet in San Francisco.

Tom Horn, the noted Wyoming murderer, has been hanged.

Typhoid fever is epidemic at Williams college, Williamstown, Mass.

The great railway merger formed by Hill is to be dissolved and conditions will be the same as before.

The treasury department favors moving the customs headquarters of Washington from Port Townsend.

The German emperor's physicians have ordered him to spend at least two months in a warmer climate.

Senator Mitchell has introduced a number of bills in the senate making changes in the laws of Hawaii.

Bank robbers terrorized the town of Green Mountain, Iowa, and after wrecking the bank building secured \$1,000 and escaped.

The Chicago street railway company and the strikers have agreed on all points at issue, excepting two. These are likely to be settled soon.

A gigantic combine has been formed in San Francisco to secure control of all important milling plants and cereal food concerns on the Pacific coast.

Ex-Queen Natalu, of Serbia, the sole heir of the late King Alexander, has declined to accept anything given him after his marriage with Queen Draga. The property thus renounced amounts to \$400,000.

The king and queen of Italy are the guests of London.

Nine out of ten Japanese statesmen expect war with Russia.

The Colombian peace commission has arrived in Colon, Panama, but will not be received.

The Federation of Labor has asked President Roosevelt to reopen the case of Bookbinder Miller.

The senate will probably fix some date in December to vote on the Cuban treaty and then adjourn until that time.

Mrs. Carrie Nation created a scene at the White House and was arrested because she persisted in seeing the president.

General George M. Randall, formerly of Vancouver, Wash., may become major general if the senate refuses to confirm the appointment of Wood.

Chicago strikers continue to stone street cars and assault nonunion workmen. The company receives little sympathy because they have not agreed to arbitration.

Panama will not listen to the overtures of the peace commission from Bolivar.

The flagship of the American fleet at Panama saluted the flag of the new republic with 21 guns.

The United States has officially assumed sovereignty over the naval station at Guantanamo, Cuba.

The German colonial society is to send a number of young men to this country to study cotton growing.

The internal revenue collections for October of this year were \$381,125 greater than for the same month last year.

John M. Sinclair, of Hemstead, a Democrat, has been elected to congress from Texas to succeed T. H. Ball, resigned.

Steps have been taken to end the Chicago street car strike. The indications are that both sides will agree to arbitration.

SHOULD TAKE PART OF DEBT.

America's Influence With Panama Will Be Exerted to This End.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The British government is showing an interest in the fate of the bonds issued by Columbia and taken up by foreigners, mostly British and Dutch holders. Mr. Raikes, the British charge here, had a half hour's talk today with Secretary Hay at the state department, and it is believed this subject was touched upon.

The position of the department in brief is that it cannot dictate to the new republic of Panama what disposition shall be made of the money which is to be paid over by the United States in consideration of canal rights, but it certainly holds it is only right and just that Panama, in concluding a treaty of peace with Colombia, shall make provision for the assumption of a fair share of the national debt. So it is expected the moral force of the department will be put forth in this direction.

The state department has not yet been informed officially of the result of General Reyes' mission to the isthmus.

It is believed here that the principal purpose of the visit of General Reyes is to try to effect an adjustment of his country's troubles by securing for the Colombian government some share of the money which the United States, under the new treaty, will pay to Panama.

WANT CUBA TO WAIT.

Senate Leaders Agree to Defer Vote on Reciprocity.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The Republican and Democratic leaders of the senate were in conference much of the time today over the question of fixing a time for a vote on the Cuban reciprocity bill, and, so far as they were empowered to do so, entered into an agreement to take the final vote on December 16, or a little more than a week after the convening of the regular session of congress. There was no opportunity to consult some of the Democratic senators who desire to speak on the bill, but it is not doubted that they will assent to the arrangement.

The treaty for the cession of the island of Pines to Cuba was today favorably acted upon by the senate committee on foreign relations, and it will be favorably reported to the senate at the next executive session.

The senate committee on foreign relations today authorized a favorable report on the bill giving effect to the Cuban reciprocity treaty.

EVERY COUNTRY AT FAIR.

Press Parliament at St. Louis Will Be of Extensive Scope.

St. Louis, Nov. 25.—The executive committee having in charge the world's press parliament to be held in St. Louis during the week beginning May 16, 1904, has announced plans for the parliament. It will include representative newspaper men from every country where newspapers are published. Arrangements already perfected indicate that it will be the largest and most notable gathering of newspaper workers ever held.

The traffic bureau of the exposition has issued a book, compiled by C. L. Hilliard, traffic manager, containing full information regarding railroad matters pertaining to the fair. One point stated is that all exhibits transported to the Louisiana Purchase exposition from points in the United States will be returned free of charge to the point of shipment by the railroads which carried them to the exposition.

The contract was let today for the Indian building, which the government will erect at a cost of \$25,000.

Wholesale Cancellations.

Walla Walla, Nov. 25.—Wholesale cancellation of homestead entries in the Walla Walla land office district by the department of the interior is in prospect, over 60 claims being now recommended for cancellation. Notices for several of these were served today, thus revealing the fact that a wide-reaching investigation has been in progress. Most of the claims involved are in Franklin county, where a homestead rush two years ago drew out clerks, school teachers and all kinds of people.

Another Cotton Mill Cuts Wages.

Fall River, Mass., Nov. 25.—The cotton mills known as the Fall River Iron Works, owned by M. C. D. Borden, of New York, will follow the other local mills in the reduction of wages. Nearly 10,000 operatives will be affected. Every mill in Fall River is now included in the reduction.

LED INTO AMBUSH

MAJOR SCOTT DECEIVED BY MORO LEADER HASSEN.

Three Hundred Natives Killed—Major Scott and Five Privates Wounded on the American Side—Forces Under General Wood Completely Rout Rebels—Further Uprising Not Probable.

Manilla, Nov. 25.—Three hundred Moros are known to have been killed and many others were carried off dead or wounded, as a result of five days' severe fighting in Jolo between the American troops under General Leonard Wood and the insurgents. Major H. L. Scott, of the fourteenth cavalry, and five American privates were wounded.

General Wood landed near Siet Lake, in Jolo, November 12. The Moros were soon located, and fighting began immediately and continued until November 17.

Major Scott was taking Panglima Hassen, the Moro leader, who had been taken prisoner, to Jolo. While en route, Hassen asked to be allowed to see his family. His appeal was granted, and he thereupon led Major Scott into an ambush, where the American detachment was fired upon. Major Scott was shot in both hands. Hassen succeeded in escaping during this unexpected attack, but is supposed to have been killed the following day.

The fighting took place in a country covered with swamps and rocks. The Moros were driven across the country from Siet Lake to the town which Hassen had made his headquarters, and where it was reported the Moros were 2,000 strong.

The rebel position was attacked in the flank by the American troops, who occupied the town and inflicted a loss of 50 killed on the Moros' side. Hassen with a small party, was surrounded. The rest of the Moros went into the swamps out of which they were driven on November 16, leaving 76 dead behind them. On November 17 the American forces renewed the attack on the retreating Moros, of whom 40 more were killed.

The rebel forces have been literally destroyed by these operations. General Wood says the indications are that there will be no extension of the uprising which was handled without difficulty.

On November 18 General Wood started on an expedition against a body of 2,000 Moros who are in the mountains back of Tablibi. No news has yet been received as to the result of this movement.

General Wood had under him two battalions of the Twenty-eighth infantry regiment, one of the Twenty-third regiment, a platoon of Captain George Sattley's battery, two troops of the Fourteenth cavalry, and a detachment of engineers. Major Scott, assisted by a force composed of three companies of the Seventeenth infantry, a platoon of Captain D. J. Rumbough's battery, and a troop of the Fourteenth cavalry.

SHIP DISCOVERY LOST.

Wreckage Found in Northern Waters—Seals Fate of Crew and Passengers.

Seattle, Nov. 25.—A special dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer from Juneau, Alaska, announces that J. Bent, a passenger on the steamer Excelsior, Captain Moore, arriving today, reports that a mass of wreckage from the steamer Discovery was washed ashore at the mouth of Seal river, 30 miles below Yakutat. Bent's information makes practically certain that the Discovery is lost, and leaves little hope for either passengers or crew. It is believed, in fact, that everybody on board perished.

The wreckage found, Bent says, consists of pieces of life boats, life preservers and large pieces of her hull. He states that a terrible storm prevailed for a week prior to November 16, on which date he boarded the Excelsior at Yakutat, having walked 90 miles from Seal river to catch the steamer.

The Yakutat Indians were watching the beach for bodies and they claim to have found a large piece of mast and a man's coat.

Ships Ordered to Colon.

New York, Nov. 25.—Orders to proceed to Colon are reported to have been received by the commanders of the battleships Kearsarge and Massachusetts, which are now at the New York navy yard. All the officers have been summoned by telegraph, and those who are here have been told they are to remain on board. The Kearsarge coaled last week and nearly all her stores are now on board. Sixty marines have been added to her company. The Massachusetts is in dry dock, but will be out in a few days.

Robbers Try to Cut Rings Off.

Marion, Ind., Nov. 25.—Burglars entered the home of John Shippey, a lumber merchant, last night, and attempted to cut off the fingers of his daughter, Edith, to secure her diamond rings. The girl's screams caused the burglars to flee. Three men have been arrested on suspicion.

AMERICA WAITS ON PANAMA.

Cabinet Decides She Must Ratify the Canal Treaty First.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Several subjects of interest and importance were considered at today's meeting of the cabinet, which was attended by every member. Matters relating to the situation in Panama were the most important topics discussed. The president and Secretary Hay have decided, and the decision meets the approval of the cabinet, that the existing government of Panama must ratify the canal treaty before action relating to its ratification by the senate is taken. The administration has determined that there shall be no repetition of the failure of Colombia to complete the ratification of the treaty after final action had been taken by the United States senate.

The treaty will be placed in the hands of the Panama commissioners now in Washington and by them it will be taken to Panama.

This government, it is anticipated, will ratify it promptly. It is expected that it will be returned to Washington bearing the seal of the Panama government early in December. President Roosevelt will then transmit the treaty to the senate with a request for its ratification.

Secretary Moody presented the cabinet some interesting details just received by him from Commander Hubbard, of the cruiser Nashville, at Panama, concerning the early phases of the revolution. They came by mail and contained important details not heretofore known by the administration. They will be made public soon.

INVITES CUBA TO BE STATE.

Newlands Introduces a Resolution Providing for Annexation.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Senator Newlands, author of the resolution annexing Hawaii, today introduced a joint resolution inviting Cuba to become a state of the United States upon terms of equality with the states of the union.

The resolution provides that Porto Rico shall become a county or province of Cuba; that all present officers of Cuba shall retain their positions until their terms expire; that the \$35,000,000 bonds of Cuba shall become the bonds of the state of Cuba, with interest reduced to 3 per cent, and 2 per cent to be applied to a sinking fund; that the present rural guard of Cuba shall be incorporated into the army of the United States; that the money in the Cuban treasury shall become the money of the state of Cuba. The resolution closes with the following declaration:

"The foregoing resolution is inspired, not by a desire to annex forcibly, or to assert sovereignty over the island of Cuba, or to exercise any form of compulsion, but solely by a regard for the interest of the two countries, and a conviction that the interests of the states composing the federal union and Cuba are identical, and they can be administered by union under one form of government, all shall be represented on equal terms and be governed by equal and undiscriminating laws insuring freedom of trade and equality of rights and privileges."

RUSSIA PREVENTS ITS OPENING.

Powers' Scheme at Port of Yonampoh Is Again Balked.

London, Nov. 23.—The Daily Mail's Tokyo correspondent has received telegrams from Seoul saying the Russian minister has again successfully interfered to prevent the opening of Yonampoh, consent to which the Korean foreign minister was on the point of communicating to the British, American and Japanese ministers on Tuesday last.

The Times' Shanghai correspondent says a private letter from an official at Mukden states the Russians have treated the native authorities with the utmost indignity, openly declaring the re-occupation was intended as an intimation that Russia would not permit the exercise of treaty rights in Manchuria, and alleging the United States and Japan have recently concluded a convention.

The Times' correspondent at Tokio confirms the statement of the Daily Mail's correspondent that the Russian minister at Seoul has been successful in preventing the opening of Yonampoh.

American Fleet Will Quit Beirut.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Admiral Cotton, commanding the European station, has been authorized to leave Beirut with the flagship Brooklyn and the cruiser San Francisco, and is expected to sail in a few days for a cruise in the Mediterranean, preparatory to coming to the United States to take part in the naval maneuvers in the Caribbean. The withdrawal of the American fleet from Beirut, after a stay of several months, is made with the consent of the secretary of state, they being now considered unnecessary.

Sewer Cave-In Buried Six Men.

Youngstown, O., Nov. 24.—Early today the casing in the Wilson avenue sewer gave way and buried six workmen underneath ten feet of sand and gravel. Martin Timlin and Raphael Chillo were killed, two others probably fatally injured, and two escaped without injury.

PASS CUBAN BILL

HOUSE MEMBERS VOTE ALMOST SOLIDLY FOR IT.

Amendments Were All Lost—Dissenters Were About Equally Divided Between the Two Parties—Democrats Fought for Changes to the Last and Then Tried to Refer Measure.

Washington, Nov. 21.—The house yesterday, by a rising vote of 335 to 21, passed the bill to make effective the Cuban reciprocity treaty. The dissenting votes were about equally divided between republicans and democrats, but there was no record vote, the minority having too few votes to order the yeas and nays.

The democrats, under the leadership of Williams of Mississippi, sought to the last to secure amendments to the bill in accordance with the action of the democratic caucus, but were defeated steadily. Williams made the final effort when he tried to have the bill recommitted to the ways and means committee with instructions to amend, but a point of order under the special rule providing for a vote on the bill without intervening motion, was sustained.

Cannon received the applause of the democratic side when he entertained the appeal from his ruling made by Williams, the speaker saying he preferred to err if he erred at all in giving the house the right to express its will. The appeal was tabled by a strict party vote.

The debate began Monday, was continued to within a few minutes of 4 o'clock, the time appointed to take a vote on the final passage of the bill. Williams closed the debate for his side, and made an arraignment of the republican policy of protection. McCall (Mass.) made the closing speech on the republican side. The announcement of the passage of the bill caused only a slight demonstration.

McClellan, mayor-elect of New York, occupied the speaker's chair for a while today, as chairman of the committee of the whole house.

DEATH IN CRASH.

Thirty-One Killed and Fifteen Injured in Train Wreck.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 23.—Thirty-one men were killed and at least 15 were injured today in a head-end collision between a west-bound freight train and a work train on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railroad, between Mackinaw and Tremont, Ill. The bodies have been taken from the debris, which is piled 30 feet high on the tracks, a huge pile of broken timber, twisted and distorted iron and steel. The bodies are so mangled that many are unrecognizable. All the dead and most of the injured were members of the work train. The crews on both locomotives jumped to save their lives.

The collision occurred in a deep cut at the beginning of a sharp curve, neither train being visible to the crew of the other until they were within 50 feet of each other. The engineers set the brakes, sounded the whistles and then leaped. The trains struck with such force that the sound was heard for miles around. A second after the collision the boiler of the work train exploded, throwing heavy iron bars and timbers 200 feet.

Conductor J. W. Jude, of Indianapolis, who had charge of the freight train, received orders at Urbana, it is said, to wait at Mackinaw for the work train. The freight train did not stop. The engineer of the work train, George Becker, had orders, it is said, to pass the freight at Mackinaw, and was on the way there. The work train was about five minutes late, and was running at full speed in order to make up time. When about two miles from Ninert and entering a cut, both engineers saw the approaching trains and realized it was impossible to stop. They threw on the emergency brakes, whistled twice and then leaped from their cabs.

Rates on Steel for Export Cut.

New York, Nov. 23.—A conference between representatives of nearly all the railroads east of the Mississippi river and representatives of the steel industry was held here today. It was decided to grant a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent on all iron and steel manufactured goods intended for export. It was decided that on December 1 there will be a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent of the present domestic rates, to apply to export tariff on finished steel products, including structural iron plates, beams and rails.

Texas Raises Quarantine.

San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 23.—The official proclamation of Governor Latham raising the quarantine against San Antonio went into effect today and towns and counties all over Texas have been lifting their local quarantine. Train service will be resumed on all railroads tomorrow.