

NEWBERG GRAPHIC.

E. H. WOODWARD, Pub.

NEWBERG.....OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week. Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting.

The supreme court has decided that Whitaker Wright, the promoter, can be extradited for trial in England.

Chile is negotiating a loan for \$500,000 to cover the installments due on two warships and meet debts to banks.

The British admiralty is seeking a suitable steamer to send to the relief of the English scientific expedition in the Antarctic.

Chicago policemen are seeking for three Italians who killed a fellow man and then placed a revolver in his hand to raise the cry of suicide.

A geographical society expedition has sailed from Baltimore to explore the Bahama islands. Many noted scientists made up the party.

The Japan house of representatives has adopted the appropriations for naval expansion but has rejected the proposed expenditure for Formosan railroads and harbor works.

The Guatemalan legislature has issued a call for a constitutional assembly for the purpose of changing the constitution so as to allow the president to succeed himself.

The Reliance has again defeated the Constitution and Columbia.

Six thousand people are homeless in Iowa as the result of high water.

Russia will enforce its Manchurian policy, despite China's refusal to grant the demands.

Nearly 50 people were injured, eight seriously, in a collision of San Francisco street cars.

Representative Payne says the next congress will not revise the tariff or pass any laws against the trusts.

Four cars on the Southern Pacific went over a high embankment south of Santa Barbara, Cal., injuring 40 people, some of them seriously.

The famine situation in China is appalling.

George Francis Train, while seriously ill, is not in any danger.

Troops have been called out at Lexington, Ky., to protect prisoners.

St. Petersburg, Russia, has just celebrated the bi-centenary anniversary of its founding.

The Navy Department will not remove the ban on the Bremerton navy yard until the saloons are closed.

The Presbyterian Assembly adopted resolutions urging the expulsion of Senator Smoot from the halls of Congress.

The General Presbyterian Assembly has unanimously adopted the revised creed.

The "Go-between" of Machen may be allowed to turn states' evidence in the postal scandal.

The plague now raging at Iquique, Chile, was brought there in a cargo of rice from India.

The International Telegraph Conference has opened in London. General Greeley represents the United States.

A Landau has been awarded \$10,000 damages against New York City for the death of his son by an explosion of fireworks.

Ex-Postmaster Milne, at Tacloban, P. I., is accused of stealing not only \$200 in coin, but the 400-pound safe of the office.

Joseph Bailey, of Glen Falls, N. Y., has greatly surprised the medical world by living six months with a bullet in his brain.

The steamer Oceanic, from Liverpool to London, has posted a notice warning its passengers to beware of sure-thing gamblers.

Four men were badly injured, one perhaps fatally, in a stampede that followed the burning of a fuse in a Brooklyn street-car.

A thief in the guise of a servant robbed the residence of George H. Morgan, of New York City, of bric-a-brac, silver and objects of art valued at \$10,000.

Rentals amounting to \$1,000,000 a year will be claimed by property owners in Greater New York for the use of their houses as supports for telegraph wires.

Frost has done great damage to garden truck about Manchester, N. H.

In a fight with insurgents on the Island of Cebu, the American soldiers killed 68 rebels and captured 29.

A gas explosion in a coal mine near Pittsburg resulted in the death of four men and the serious injury of two others.

Thomas A. Edison has been taken into the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, as a member of its board of technical directors. The arrangements under which Edison and Marconi join forces are not made public.

LOSS OF LIFE GREAT.

Earthquake in Asiatic Turkey Destroys Town and Kills 2,000 People.

Constantinople, May 30.—Advices which reached here today from Asiatic Turkey show that a terrible earthquake occurred April 29 at Melazgherd, in the vilayet of Van, 80 miles southeast of Erzeroum, on the Euphrates. The town was totally destroyed with its entire population, numbering 2000 souls, including 700 Armenians, as well as troops forming the garrison of Melazgherd. Over 400 buildings in neighboring villages collapsed.

A somewhat severe earthquake was felt here this morning, but no serious damage was done.

Shock Lasts Thirty Seconds.

London, May 30.—The foreign office here today received some details from the British Consul at Erzeroum regarding the recent earthquake at Melazgherd, according to which a strong shock, lasting 30 seconds, was felt on the morning of April 29 throughout the entire district between Lake Van and the Russian frontier and as far West as Kharpout.

The town of Melazgherd, consisting of 500 houses, was destroyed, and much havoc was wrought in the surrounding villages. Colonel Khalil Bey, commanding the garrison of Melazgherd, with his whole family, three officers and eighty soldiers perished in the ruins. Lieutenant-Colonel Tayib Bey, whose family perished, became insane.

The telegraph operator who sent the news of the catastrophe said he himself was badly injured, and that his wife and sister had been killed.

The Foreign Office has appealed for subscriptions for the relief of the destitute of the Melazgherd district.

NOVEL FAIR EXHIBIT.

United States, in Miniature, Will Show the Products of Each State.

St. Louis, May 30.—On the southern slope of the hill that fronts the Philippine exhibit, the Department of Agriculture is making a map of the United States to cover 5.1 acres of ground. Considerable work has already been done here by David A. Brodie, superintendent of the open air exhibit of the Bureau of Plant Industry of the Department of Agriculture, who has been in St. Louis since early spring in charge of the map project.

Mr. Brodie and his assistants are laboriously drawing on the ground the jagged coast line of the United States. Starting at Oregon he has already reached Pensacola, Fla., and in a few days he will have finished the coast line. Then will come the drawing of the dividing line between the states. The entire five acres has been underlaid with wooden drains to carry off the surface water. Products grown by each state will be exhibited at their proper place on the map.

World's Fair Commissioner Cridler cabled from St. Petersburg, Russia, as follows:

"Reserve site for Russian pavilion among those of the great nations, subject to the approval of the Commissioner-General, who will arrive at St. Louis in July."

STORM DAMAGE GROWS.

Iowa Tornado Completely Wiped Out One Town.

Des Moines, Ia., May 29.—When wire communication with the interior towns was opened up today it became apparent that yesterday's tornado caused far greater loss than was at first reported. A report early today from Botna, Shelby county, received by way of Audubon, says that the town of Botna was completely demolished, and that many farm houses near that place were wrecked. At Botna a large church and the Great Western Depot are among the buildings known to have been wrecked. No definite news of casualties from there had been received up to 11 o'clock today.

At Creston ten dwellings were blown off their foundation, and Mrs. S. E. Troop and daughter were injured in the wreckage of their home. Ten miles north of Gray, in Audubon county, two children are reported killed in the wrecking of a farmhouse and five others seriously injured. All were occupants of one house.

Clever Work of Burglars.

Birmingham, Ala., May 30.—Benjamin Bibb and James Williamson are under arrest here charged with robbing the safe in the Union Passenger Station ticket office of nearly \$7000. The detectives are after another man whose arrest they believe will bring about the recovery of a large part of the money. The arrests developed the most ingenious scheme known to the detectives who have been working on the case. A hole was bored through the ceiling of the office and from above the alleged burglars studied the combination through a magnifying glass.

Modocs Still Long for Oregon.

Washington, May 30.—An Indian inspector has been ordered to Quapaw Indian Agency, in Indian Territory, to investigate the dissatisfaction of the Modoc Indians who have expressed a desire to return to their old home in the Klamath reservation, in Oregon. He will endeavor to persuade the malcontents to postpone their departure until Congress can provide for them.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

CONFIDE OF SUCCESS.

Prospectors for Oil Do Not Lose Faith Because of Reverses.

The Umpqua Valley Oil Company, of Roseburg, which has been boring for oil at Myrtle Creek, has abandoned the well, after having reached a distance of 1600 feet. Some time ago, while the boring apparatus was at work, the cable parted and let the drill fall into the well. After the drill was removed it was found that the casing had also been broken and part of it had fallen into the well. It was later found that the well had been "plugged," and in such a manner that it is now impossible to work it at all. The company is so confident of finding oil that it has again let a contract to Lloyd Smith, a practical well-driller, who will immediately commence operations on the new well within 12 feet of the old.

Mr. Smith claims that the indications for oil are the best he has yet seen on this Coast, and is confident that oil will be found within 2000 feet.

SEALED BIDS FOR WOOL.

First Pool Sale This Season Held at Arlington—Sale Small.

The first wool sale of the season under the system of sealed bids, inaugurated in this state for the first time last year, came off in Arlington last week. It was a sorry disappointment to both seller and buyer. Over 500,000 pounds of wool was offered for sale, but only about 50,000 pounds was sold. Prices paid for those sold ranged from 11½ cents to 13 cents. The offers on the largest and best clips were all declined because the ruling prices had fallen below the owners' expectations. Dissatisfaction was expressed by a number of buyers over the sales made this morning by the local bank to a buyer on the ground before the time for the public sale when all the buyers should arrive. This may have had a tendency to qualify the interest of the buyers in the other lots listed.

Fruit Trees Feel Frost.

A killing frost blighted the prospects for an abundant fruit crop around Baker City last week. The extent of the damage is not fully developed, but it is known that all the early fruit is badly damaged, and in some localities all the fruit is killed. So far as known, there has been no frost in Pine and Eagle valleys, or down on the Snake river, below Huntington. These portions of the county comprise the principal fruitgrowing sections of the country. Until last night the prospects were favorable for the greatest fruit crop ever known in this, the Powder river valley.

Rainier is Confident.

The county-seat fight in Columbia county is on. The election notice calling a special election for July 6 will be posted in a few days. At present there are only three candidates for the honors of county seat. St. Helens, which is the county seat now, Rainier and Clatskanie. A hard fight will be put up from three points. It is generally conceded that Rainier will be first in the race. Should no point receive a majority of all votes, a second election will be held in August, and the vote will be taken between the two highest.

Damming of the Rogue.

The Golden Drift Mining Company has resumed with a vim the work of completing its big power dam across Rogue river, in the Dry Diggings, three miles above Grants Pass. The dam was begun early last year, but was not completed before the arrival of the fall rains. The dam, even in its uncompleted state, withstood the very high water and several freshets of the Rogue during the winter.

Catherine Creek Claims Taken.

There is another small rush on in locating timber in the Catherine creek district, east of Union. About 20 claims have been located during the past ten days and others are investigating. Last year many locations were made, but filings suddenly ceased when it was rumored that there had been frauds in making locations, and that the government was investigating the matter.

Chinook and Shad.

The White Island Seining Company's grounds, about two miles above Cathlamet, have begun operations, and have been catching about half a ton of fish per day, which more than pays expenses. About half the catch is chinook, the balance being bluebacks and steelheads. The chinooks bring 5 and 6 cents, the bluebacks, 4 cents, and the steelheads, 3 cents per pound.

Rich Strike in Gray Eagle.

A narrow streak of fabulously rich ore has been struck in the Gray Eagle mine, in the Sparta district. The ore assays \$2000 per ton. A five-foot ledge assays \$15. The property is owned by the Bonanza.

Irrigationists Surprised.

The abandonment of the semi-annual meeting of the State Irrigation Association comes as a surprise to most of the friends of irrigation in the eastern part of the state.

COPPER NEAR ROSEBURG.

Rich Veins of Ore Reported by Prospectors in Collier Creek Country.

Frank Reed arrived in Roseburg a few days ago from the Collier Creek country, in Curry county, where he and other members of his party have made a discovery of a very rich copper ledge or deposit, on which they have located 16 mining claims. The deposit has been traced a distance of over a mile and a half, and surface indications show a wide vein. No assays have as yet been made on the discovery, but it is generally believed that this new find will prove the richest yet discovered.

The ledge is about 18 miles south of Rogue river, and is at present a very difficult place to reach, as there is only a trail through that section. It is expected that operations will commence on the development of these mines, as Mr. Reed is a member of a copper company which was recently organized in Roseburg, with Mr. Fred Blakely at the head. Native copper is abundant throughout Southern Oregon, but those owning most of the mines have not sufficient capital to work them properly.

Oregon Can Grow Flax.

That the Pacific Coast and especially the Willamette valley of the state of Oregon is especially adapted to the culture of flax, and that of the very finest quality, has been demonstrated beyond any possibility of a doubt by Mr. Eugene Bosse, the celebrated Belgian flax culturist, who has been conducting a scientific course of experiments in and around Salem for more than a year past, and is now engaged in raising the second crop for the purpose of proving this fact to the entire satisfaction of those who are now backing him financially, and have shown heretofore a disposition to doubt the veracity of his broad assertions regarding the possibilities of the flax industry for Oregon.

Curb on Willamette.

Extensive work is being done on the Willamette river just north of Independence. Captain Ogden states that work will be continued all of the summer. The jetty being constructed below Independence will save to the land owners over 1000 acres of land, as the current was about to wash through a number of the best farms and change the course of the river for several miles. This jetty will save this as well as the banks which the current has been moving at the rate of about 20 feet a year in many places.

Preparing for Dry Summer.

Baker City authorities are preparing to supply the city with an abundance of water, for what promises to be a long, dry summer. The new reservoir on Goodrich creek, which was completed last fall, will be in use this season in addition to the Eagle creek supply. Several of the water mains are being replaced with larger pipe, so that both the supply of water and the pressure may be equal to the demand.

Geological Survey Begins.

Government Engineer Sutton, who has been getting together his corps of assistants and outfit in Union for the past week, has just commenced his field work of making a complete geological survey of the county in this section. The work was started in Union and will branch out covering about 1000 square miles, requiring about two years' work.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 70¢@71¢; valley, 74¢.

Barley—Feed, \$20.00 per ton; brewing, \$21.

Flour—Best grades, \$3.95@4.30; Graham, \$3.45@3.85.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$23 per ton; middlings, \$27; shorts, \$23.00; chop, \$18.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.10@1.15; gray, \$1.05 per cental.

Hay—Timothy, \$20@21; clover, \$10@11; chest, \$15@16 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 50¢ per sack; ordinary, 25¢@40¢ per cental; growers' prices; Merced sweets, \$3@3.50 per cental.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 11¢@12¢; young, 13¢@14¢; hens, 12¢; turkeys, live, 16¢@17¢; dressed, 20¢@22¢; ducks, \$7.00@7.50 per dozen; geese, \$6@6.50.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 16¢@17¢; Young America, 17¢@17½¢; factory prices, 1¢@1½¢; less.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 20¢@22¢ per pound; extras, 21¢; dairy, 20¢@22¢; store, 16¢@18¢.

Eggs—16¢@17¢ per dozen.

Hops—Choice, 18¢@20¢ per pound.

Wool—Valley 12½¢@15¢; Eastern Oregon, 8¢@14¢; mohair, 35¢@36¢.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3¼¢@4¢ per pound; steers, 4¼¢@5¢; dressed, 7¼¢.

Veal—8¢@8½¢.

Mutton—Gross, 7¢@7½¢ per pound; dressed, 8¢@9¢.

Lambs—Gross, 4¢ per pound; dressed, 7¢.

Hogs—Gross, 7¢@7½¢ per pound; dressed, 8¢@8½¢.

SWIFT BY FLOOD.

Loss at Kansas City and Topeka in Toll of Swirling Waters.

Kansas City, Mo., June 1.—With the waters of the Kaw and Missouri rivers nearly four feet above the disastrous level of 1881 and their swollen tides spread over 12 square miles of the city and its suburbs, Kansas City is enduring the worst flood of its history.

In the valley of the Kaw or Kansas river, between this city and Kansas City, Kan., a report has it that a number of lives have been lost. One report says 14 and another 50, but in the midst of demoralization of traffic and only ordinary means of communication it is impossible to verify these reports.

The financial loss has been increasing all day and bids fair to continue. The heaviest loss is at Armourdale, where the losses to the packing industry and others is placed at \$2,500,000.

Argentine, another suburb, has suffered losses estimated at \$500,000. Other losses which cannot be estimated will increase the total very materially. Armourdale, with a population of 16,000 people, is deserted and its site marked only by the tops of buildings and a number of fires.

Seven fires, believed to be chiefly box cars burning, could be seen from the bluff tonight. There is some danger that the flames will spread to the partially submerged buildings, adding greatly to the already heavy loss. The fires started by the intrusion of flood into a lime warehouse.

At Topeka.

Topeka, Kan., June 1.—There is ground for the hope that the worst has passed. So treacherous did the Kansas river prove itself yesterday in the rising of its water, tonight so slowly as to be imperceptible, the five mile stream is settling back into its rightful channel. Up and down the official gauge has fluttered all day. Tonight, however, City Engineer McCable issued a bulletin giving out the cheering intelligence that the waters had subsided to the extent of exactly 7½ inches. It may be a few hours before another drop will be noticed.

With 175 or 200 lives lost, millions of dollars' worth of property destroyed; hundreds of pistol shots as signals of distress, blended with the agonizing cries of unwilling inhabitants in treetops and roofs of houses, and the waters creeping upward and then slowly subsiding and alternately changing from hope to despair, the Capital City passed the most memorable Sabbath day of its existence. To this uncomfortable condition of affairs was added a cold and dismal rain.

HOT AFTER BEAVERS.

Ex-Chief of Salaries and Allowance Division Alleged Guilty of Irregularities.

Washington, June 2.—The inspectors of the Postoffice Department are giving special attention at this time to the record of the transactions in the salaries and allowance division during the time when George W. Beavers was chief. It is learned on good authority that a number of irregularities have been disclosed of sufficient gravity to have warranted the removal of Beavers had he not already resigned, but the disclosures up to the present time are of acts that are outlawed, and therefore cannot be used in making up a case against him. The fact that he is being kept under close surveillance by postoffice inspectors detailed for the purpose leads to the conclusion that if sufficient evidence of recent offenses can be collected to establish his criminality, he will be severely dealt with.

Additional weight is given to this belief by the fact that inspectors have been sent to New York to look into contracts made by Beavers for canceling machines. A firm in Oswego some time ago charged that Beavers had discriminated against their machine, which has been rented to the government at \$250 per annum, and had substituted another make, for which the department paid \$400. It is also alleged that the number of high-priced machines contracted for was considerably in excess of the machines replaced. The inspectors are particularly interested in learning the circumstances and conditions under which the more costly machines were substituted for others. There is an intimation that a condition exists in the salaries and allowance division very similar to that unearthed in the free delivery office.

Benguet is Prosperous.

Washington, June 1.—William F. Peck, governor of the Igorrote Province of Benguet, in his report to the Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department for the year 1902, says his administration has been marked by manifest contentment on the part of the people and the hearty co-operation of the officials. Notwithstanding the cholera and the smallpox, in traveling about the province, he finds new houses, new rice fields, new coffee plantations, gardens and clean yards and other evidences of thrift and industry.

Will Try to Make It Rain.

Ottawa, Ont., June 2.—In consequence of the scarcity of rain and the numerous fires occurring in Ottawa and the surrounding country, upon the suggestion of Mayor Cook, the minister of Militia, Sir Frederick Borden, has given instructions that the sky be bombarded by the artillery at Nepean Point.