

NEWBERG GRAPHIC.

E. H. WOODWARD, Pub.

NEWBERG..... OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting.

Dunsmuir, Cal., was nearly destroyed by fire.

Sailors from battleships will hereafter be given longer shore leave.

Pekin is apparently much surprised at the increase of the Asiatic squadron.

President Roosevelt will be escorted from the depot at Portland by a monster parade.

Rebels of Santo Domingo have repulsed the government troops and still hold that city.

Jefferson S. Conover, grand secretary of the Free and Accepted Masons of Michigan, is dead, aged 62 years.

Governor Taft is mentioned for the presidency in 1904. The New York Herald figures that Roosevelt will be a winner with New York state in the doubtful column.

The Indiana operators will submit a proposition to the miners agreeing to have a commission, composed of an operator, a miner, and an expert mining engineer, to decide what mines in the Clinton field require shooters.

The Anthracite strike commission award with reference to the mining engineers gives the engineers a holiday on Sundays, which was observed last Sunday throughout the mining regions for the first time in the history of coal mining.

Not a single disorderly act has occurred to mar the tranquility of Monterey, Mex., since Thursday's riots. Governor Reyes, in speaking of the affair, said that an investigation showed absolutely that the police first fired in the air, later firing at their aggressors only in defense of their lives.

Geroge Gillette is dead at the county hospital of Santa Cruz, Cal., aged 80 years. He came to the United States in 1842 as a member of Lord Ashburton's suite to negotiate the Ashburton-Webster treaty for the northeast boundary of this country. He had been an inmate of the county hospital for 12 years.

A new Haytian cabinet has been formed. The old cabinet resigned owing to the senate having passed a vote of censure against the ministers for their failure to take proceedings against those who were responsible for the interruptions of the sitting of the chamber of deputies March 30 by the firing of rifle shots.

The German Kaiser is on a visit to his royal friends in Denmark.

Chicago brokers are at war among themselves regarding bucket shops.

Snowstorm destroys telegraph lines and paralyzes railroad traffic in Northern Mississippi valley.

President Roosevelt spoke at Milwaukee on trusts, at Waukesha on foreign relations, at Madison on college educations.

At Naco, Ariz., John Crossen received a bullet in the heart from the pistol of Deputy Sheriff Frank Wilson, who had been called in to stop a row in the Big Adobe Saloon.

Ladrones have suffered seven decisive defeats in the Philippines, and are beginning to realize that their methods mean nothing but disaster and eventual extermination.

Thomas Kelgan, who escaped from the Toledo, O., jail in 1901, is behind the bars again. He is charged with the robbery of the Toledo postoffice. Kelgan was caught in Los Angeles.

Professor Nathaniel Schmidt, of the department of Semitic language and literature at Cornell university, Ithaca, N. Y., has accepted an appointment as director of the American School of Archeology at Jerusalem.

Jose Teller was hanged in the jail-yard at Santa Fe, N. M., by Sheriff Kinsell, within a few feet of the place where the crime was committed. He expired, the murder of Jailer Epitacio Gallegos. On the gallows Teller confessed to committing another murder.

Bands of students made a demonstration in front of ministry of the interior as a protest against the occurrences at Salamanca. The carriage of Senor Maura, minister of the interior was stoned. The police dispersed the rioters. Eight policemen and many students were wounded.

Secretary Hitchcock has decided that members of the Home Guard organizations of the civil war were never mustered into the service of the general government, and could not be construed as part of the military organization of the United States, and therefore are not entitled to pensions.

Sixteen students from the department of forestry of Yale University will undertake the improvement of the 1900 acres of woodland at the West Point Military Academy, under the direction of United States forestry Commission Bureau. In about three months they expect to have the landscape plans ready for submission.

DOMINICAN REBELS.

Government Troops Fail to Dislodge Them From Captured City.

Santo Domingo, April 7.—At 9 o'clock this morning the government troops outside the city attacked the insurgents in the suburbs of Pajarito. The most severe engagement, since the beginning of the rebellion ensued and the insurgents were driven back to the city. The artillery from the fort, covered the insurgents' retreat.

Monroe Valesque, the head of the force, reported to be 800 strong, is about to march on the city. The rebels are disposed to fight to the last and it is supposed that if they are compelled to abandon the city they will embark on the gunboat Independencia, which is in their power, and go to the northern part of the island and join the rebels there.

The United States cruiser Atlanta has landed 50 marines to protect the American consulate.

Bluejackets Landed.

Washington, April 7.—A report to the navy department from Commander Turner, of the cruiser Atlanta, at Santo Domingo, shows another repulse to the government troops, who made an attempt to take the city from the revolutionists, and that Commander Turner was again compelled to land the bluejackets to protect the United States consulate. Commander Turner's dispatch is as follows:

"Santo Domingo, via Hayti, April 7.—Government forces attacked city yesterday, were repulsed. Report indicates Vaquez, the president approaching with strong force. Government gunboat fired three shots last night without injury. City fortified; apparently determined to resist. Landed marines to protect the consulate."

One day last week Commander Turner landed a force of 50 marines to guard the United States consulate at Santo Domingo city, when the situation was regarded as very critical.

RICH STRIKE IN ALASKA.

Extensive Placer Field at Last Discovered on American Territory.

Washington, April 7.—Under date of February 23, Henry D. Saylor, consul at Dawson city, reports as follows:

"Reports have reached here recently concerning a strike of rich placer diggings in Alaska, in the Circle City mining division, on the tributaries of the Tanana river, a district in which for several years past American miners have made a thorough search for good placed deposits without success until now. The present strike seems to be one of more than ordinary importance, and has caused quite a stampede of miners from this and other districts to the location of the new fields."

"At this writing, when particulars are lacking, it is unsafe to predict too much, but the general opinion seems to confirm the belief that a large and productive field in American territory has at last been struck. Circle City is practically deserted as a result of the rush."

"It is said that there will be a scarcity of provisions on account of the influx. The Eagle-Circle route is reported to be the best means of reaching the Tanana from Dawson, as the trails by Forty-Mile and Goodpasture are unbroken, and no supplies available. From Forty-Mile to the new diggings the distance is 160 miles."

Portland Steamer Stranded.

San Francisco, April 7.—The steamer Alliance, which sailed from this city April 3 for Portland, Or., and way points, is lying on the beach at Caspar on the Northern California coast. The Alliance struck a rock off Point Gorda and then put back to Caspar, 40 or 50 miles south of Point Gorda, when she was run onto the beach. She had 30 or 40 people on board. They are being comfortably cared for in Caspar. It is thought that the vessel will be floated easily and that she has sustained no great damage.

Fought with Robbers.

Huntington, W. Va., April 7.—John Stephens was shot and fatally injured and Ben P. Endens was shot and dangerously wounded during a battle with highwaymen early this morning in the western limits of this city. Stephens had his skull fractured by a blow. Edens leaped into a stream and escaped. The fight attracted quite a crowd. The four highwaymen escaped.

Plans of the Projectors.

London, April 6.—It was said that Lord Iveagh, of Dublin, and Alderman Pirie, of Belfast, are prepared to put at least \$2,500,000 into their transportation scheme planned to help the Irish farmers and that probably central depots will be established to which produce will be conveyed by an extensive system of collection wagons drawn by horses until light railroads are built and motor car services are established.

Trial Trip of Submarine Boat.

San Francisco, April 6.—The second trial of the new Holland torpedo-boat Pike proved as successful as the first. She ran over a two-mile course in Mission Bay with only her conning tower showing above water. Later, she raced back and forth over the course totally submerged. The boat traveled 12 miles, coming up at the end of each two mile spurt. She averaged 7.3 knots during the entire trip.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

WILL WASH OUT GOLD.

G. W. Dart, of John Day, Starting Up an Extensive Work.

Placer mining promises to be an important industry in Grant county during the coming season. Several miners have already commenced getting things in readiness for the summer's run.

What promises to be an excellent paying proposition is the placer mine of G. W. Dart, which will be worked for the first time this season.

Mr. Dart has leased the pipe, giants and all the mining material belonging to the Humboldt mining company, and at present has a force of men laying this pipe and getting everything in readiness for the summer's run, which will commence immediately.

The mine is situated on the west side of Canyon creek, between John Day and Canyon City, and nearly opposite Long gulch. Water will be used from the Humboldt ditch. The ditch will be in charge of Bert Stone.

It is the intention to operate the

New Warden at Penitentiary.

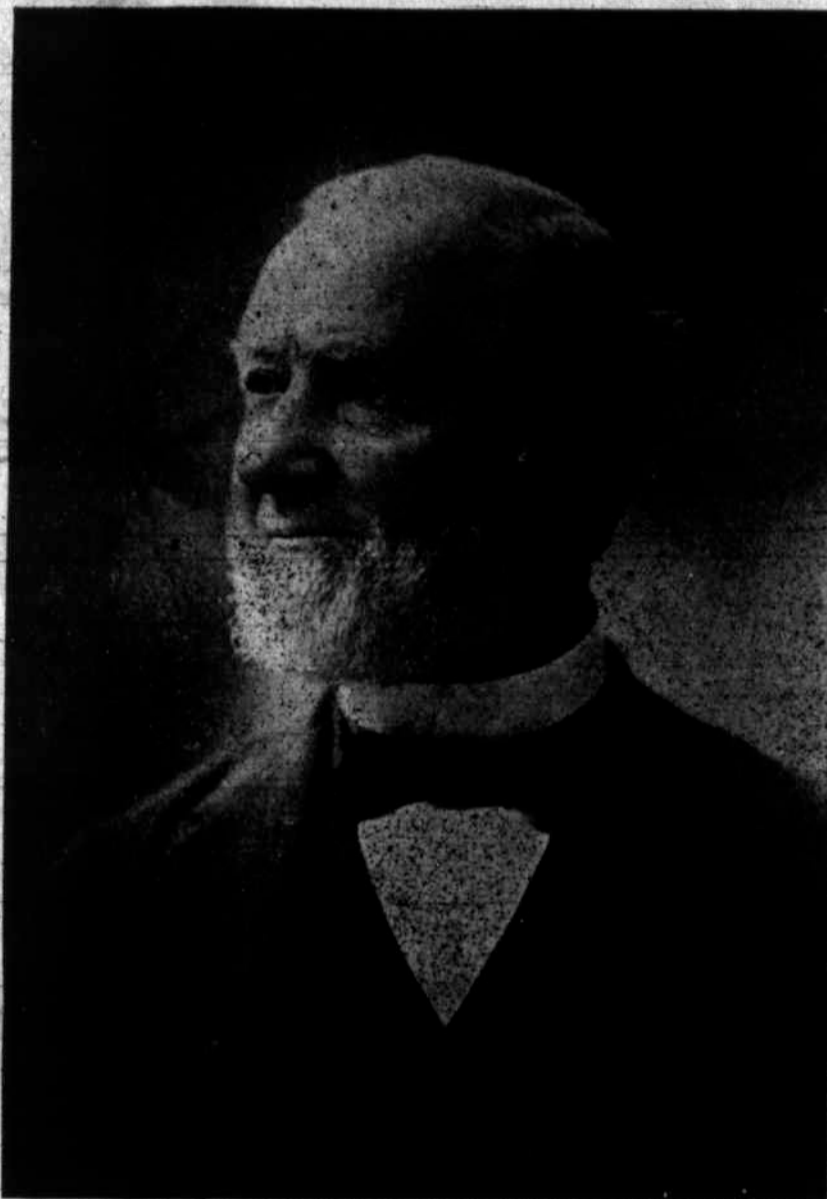
C. W. James, who became superintendent of the Oregon penitentiary on April 1, has announced the promotion of Ed McPherson from the position of second warden to that of first warden. McPherson will succeed J. T. James, who has held the position during the past four years. The vacancy caused by the promotion of McPherson will be filled by the appointment of G. F. Johnson, of Baker City.

Woodman Street Carnival.

The Woodmen's street carnival and fair, to be held in Dallas June 3, 4, 5 and 6, promises to be a very successful affair. The committees are all hard at work and are meeting with good success.

To Invoke Referendum.

A number of mining men around Grants Pass are giving assistance in the work of invoking the referendum against the mining corporation tax law recently passed by the Oregon legislature.



THE LATE HENRY WINSLOW CORBETT.

mine 16 to 18 hours a day, according as the length of the days permit. Two shifts of men will be employed.

Prosperous Hood River Valley.

Though the annual precipitation at Hood River is about 36 inches, irrigation is a very important factor in the prosperity of the Hood River valley. Since irrigation came into practice on a considerable scale five years ago the population of the valley has quadrupled, the price of land has increased 300 per cent and the entire fruit shipping business of that locality has grown up. Sixty thousand crates of strawberries (two dozen boxes to the crate) and 100 carloads of apples, of last year's production, have been shipped from that station, and large quantities of fine apples are still going forward to market.

Pilot Rock Postoffice Robbed.

The postoffice at Pilot Rock, a small village about 15 miles from Pendleton, was robbed Sunday night and about \$100 in money and stamps secured.

Wheat Fire at Cayuse.

Three warehouses and an elevator, containing in all about 18,000 bushels of wheat, were burned at Cayuse last Monday. The total loss is estimated at more than \$20,000. Cayuse is a small wheat station about 20 miles east of Pendleton, and has no water protection whatever.

Irrigable Acreage Increased.

The great abundance of snow in the mountains has resulted in an increase in the acreage of irrigable land that will be placed under cultivation this season in Baker county. In many instances the increase will amount to 50 or 60 per cent over last year, and taking the entire county, the increase will amount to fully 40 per cent this year over last.

Sale of Albany Woolen Mills.

Arrangements have been completed for the sale of the Albany woolen mills to the Bannockburn manufacturing company, of Portland. The stockholders of the Woolen mills company will soon meet and ratify the sale. This is one of Albany's leading manufacturing concerns, and furnishes employment to a large number of people.

Hopes to Find Water.

B. F. Coplen, an expert on formation of artesian water, who sunk the artesian wells at Pullman, Wash., and who for many years has been making extensive examinations of the Columbia river basin, has been looking over the situation in the vicinity of Echo for some time with a view to getting four or five sections of land and putting in the necessary machinery for thoroughly testing the subject. He says that there is every indication that artesian water can be had along the base of the Echo buttes.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 72c; blue-stem, 77@78c; valley, 77c.

Barley—Feed, \$23.50 per ton; brewing, \$24.

Flour—Best grade, \$3.95@4.25; Graham, \$3.45@3.85.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$19 per ton; middlings, \$24; shorts, \$19.50@20. chop, \$18.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.15 @ 1.20; gray, \$1.12 1/2 @ 1.15 per cental.

Hay—Timothy, \$11@12; clover, \$8@9; cheat, \$9@10 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 50@60c per sack; ordinary, 40@50c per cental, growers' prices; Merced sweets, \$2 @ 2.25 per cental.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 12@13c; young, 11 1/2 @ 12c; hens, 12c; turkeys, live, 15@16c; dressed, 18@20c; ducks, \$7@7.50 per dozen; geese, \$7@8.50.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 16 1/2 @ 17 1/2c; Young America, 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2c; factory prices, 1@1 1/2c less.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 30@32 1/2c per pound; extras, 30c; dairy, 20 @ 22 1/2c; store, 15@18c.

Eggs—14@15c per dozen.

Hops—Choice, 21@23c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 12 1/2 @ 15c; Eastern Oregon, 8@14 1/2c; mohair, 26@28c.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3@3 1/2c per pound; steers, 4@4 1/2c; dressed, 7 1/2c.

Veal—7 1/2 @ 8 1/2c.

Mutton—Gross, 4c per pound; dressed, 7 1/2c.

Lamb—Gross, 4c per pound; dressed, 7 1/2c.

Hogs—Gross, 6 1/2c per pound; dressed, 7@7 1/2c.

PRESIDENT IN CHICAGO.

First Speech of the Western Tour Deals with Monroe Doctrine.

Chicago, April 3.—Six thousand in a hall, the seating capacity of which is but 5000, gave encouragement to President Roosevelt when he stepped upon the stage of the Auditorium last night. The great building has held many a throng, but never one that was more unstinted in its applause for any man than the crowd that filled it last night. From the first floor to the roof it was packed to its utmost capacity. Every seat was occupied and, although the aisles were kept clear, all the space in the lobbies and on the stairways was taken, and even the passageways leading to the hall from the lower floor were jammed with hundreds of men who were utterly unable to hear a word of the President's address.

The following are a few extracts from the address, giving expression to the sentiments of the President on these questions:

"Our duty to ourselves and to the weaker republics who are our neighbors requires us to see that none of the great military powers from across the seas shall encroach upon the territory of the American republics or acquire control thereof."

"Both powers (Great Britain and Germany) assured us in explicit terms that there was not the slightest intention on their part to violate the principles of the Monroe Doctrine, and this assurance was kept with an honorable good faith."

"The Monroe Doctrine is not international law, and this is not necessary as long as it remains a cardinal feature of our foreign policy and as long as we possess both the will and the strength to make it effective."

"If the American Nation will speak softly and yet build, and keep at a pitch of the highest training, a thoroughly efficient navy, the Monroe Doctrine will go far."

"It is too late to prepare for war when war has come, and if we only prepare sufficiently, no war will ever come."

DIRECT WIRE TO WHITE HOUSE.

President Roosevelt Always in Communication with Washington.

Washington, April 4.—During his absence from Washington, President Roosevelt will be at all hours of the day and night in close touch with the White House. Telegraphic communication will be maintained between the President's party and Assistant Secretary Forester, who is in charge at the White House, where the routine executive business is transacted. Before leaving Washington President Roosevelt disposed of practically all questions relating to appointments; but if the necessity should arise, he will make appointments while on his tour. They will be announced at the White House and not from the President's train.

During the two weeks and two days the President will spend in the Yellowstone Park, Secretary Loeb will be on the special train, which will be sidetracked at Cinnabar, near the entrance to the park. He will be in daily communication with the President through the telephonic or telegraphic systems in the park, or by courier. A direct wire between Cinnabar and the White House will be constantly at his disposal. In the event of accident the White House will be notified instantly.

FIGHTING NEAR CAPITAL.

Many Killed in Battle Near Santo Domingo—Atlanta is Watching.

Santo Domingo, April 4.—The United States cruiser Atlanta arrived here yesterday and established a signal station on the shore. She will land marines if necessary. A severe encounter is reported to have taken place yesterday between the government troops and the rebels at San Antonio de Guerra, about 20 miles from this city. It is said that 146 men were killed or wounded. The rebels, while crossing the river this morning, were attacked by the government troops and an hour's fighting ensued.

The Clyde steamer New York, from New York, march 18, which reached San Pedro de Macoris March 28, has not yet arrived here, and apparently has been prevented from proceeding by the authorities at Macoris.

All communication and news from the interior is interrupted and business is practically suspended. A quantity of arms and ammunition was shipped today on a gunboat, which is in the hands of the rebels, for an unknown destination.

Atlanta is On Guard.

Washington, April 4.—The Navy Department today received a cablegram from Commander Turner, commanding the Atlanta at San Domingo, as follows:

"All quiet. Insurgents in charge. Reports indicate an attack by Government troops. Communication is interrupted. This goes overland to Cotul."

Three Balloonists Mangled.

Budapest, April 4.—Three balloonists, ex-Deputy Ordozy, Lieutenant Kral and M. Kubec, a brother of a member of the Diet of that name, were fatally injured in a balloon accident today. While the balloon was being inflated it suddenly broke, with the car containing the men named, and Captain Toley, of the navy. M. Ordozy fell out of the car to the roof of a factory. Lieutenant Kral puffed with such force that he and M. Kubec were horribly injured. Captain Toley was less seriously hurt.