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NEWBERG, YAMHILL COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1920. NO. 40.

STUDY IN SCARLET.

BY A. CONAN DOYLE.

CHAPTER IV.
It was 1 o'clock when we left 3 Lauriston Gardens. Sherlock Holmes led me to the nearest telegraph office, when he dispatched a long telegram. He then hailed a cab and ordered the driver to take us to the address given us by Lestrade.

"There's nothing like first-hand evidence," he remarked, "as a matter of fact, my mind is entirely made up on the case, but still we may as well learn all that is to be learned."

"You amaze me," Holmes said. "Surely you are not as sure as you pretend to be of all those particulars which you gave."

"There is no room for mistake," he answered. "The very first thing which I observed on arriving here was that a cab had made two runs with its wheels close to the curb. Now, up to last night we have had no rain for a week, so that those wheels, which left such a deep impression, must have been made there during the night. There were the marks of the horse's hoofs, too, the outline of one of which was far more clearly cut than that of the other three, showing that there was a new shoe. Since the cab was there after the rain began, and was not there at any time during the morning—I have Gregson's word for that—it follows that it must have been there during the night, and, therefore, that it brought those two individuals to the house."

"That seems simple enough," said I, "but how about the other man's height?"

"Why, the height of a man, in nine cases out of ten can be told from the length of his stride. It is a simple calculation enough, though there is no use my boring you with figures. I this fellow's stride, both on the clay outside and the dust within. Then I had a way of measuring my calculations. When a man writes on a wall, his instinct leads him to write about the level of his own eyes. Now, that writing was just over six feet from the ground. It was child's play."

"And his nose?" I asked.

"Well, if a man can stride four and a half feet without the smallest effort, he can't be quite in the sere and yellow. That was the breadth of a puddle on the garden walk which he had evidently walked across. Patent leather boots that go around and square toes had hopped over. There is no mystery about it at all. I am simply applying to ordinary life a few of those precepts of observation and deduction which I am wont to take to my article. Is there anything else that puzzles you?"

"The finger nails and the Trichinopoly," I suggested.

"The writing on the wall was done with a man's finger," he remarked. "My glass allowed me to observe that the plaster was slightly scratched in doing it, which would not have been the case if the man's nail had been trimmed. I gathered up some scattered cornel mother to take it as dark in color and flaky—such an ash as is only made by a Trichinopoly. I have made a special study of cigar ashes—in fact, I have written a monograph upon the subject. It flatters myself that I can distinguish at a glance the ash of any known brand of cigar or of tobacco. It is in just such details that the skilled detective differs from the Gregson and Lestrade type."

"And the sword?" I asked.

"Ah, that was a more daring shot, though I have no doubt that I was right. You must not ask me that at the present state of the affair."

I passed my hand over my brow.

"My head is in a whirl," I remarked; "the more one thinks of it, the more mysterious it grows. How came those two men—if there were two men—in to an empty house? What has become of the cabman who drove them? How could one man compel another to take poison? Where did the blood come from? What was the object of the robbery, since robbery had no part in it? How came the woman's ring there? Above all, why should the second man walk to the gate to see if Rache before decamping? I confess that I cannot see any possible way of reconciling all these facts."

My companion smiled approvingly.

"You sum up the difficulties of the situation succinctly and well," he said. "There is much that is still obscure, though I have quite made up my mind on the main facts. As to poor Lestrade's discovery, it was simply a blind intended to put the police upon a wrong track, by suggesting socialism and secret societies. It was not done by a German. The A, if you noticed, was printed somewhat after the German fashion. Now a real German invariably prints in the Latin character, so that we may safely say that this was not written by one, but by a clumsy imitator, who overdid his part. It was simply a ruse, to divert inquiry into a wrong channel. I'm not going to tell you much more of the case, doctor. You know a conjurer gets no credit when once he has explained his trick, and if I show you too much of my method of working you will come to the conclusion that I am a very ordinary individual after all."

"I shall never do that," I answered; "you have brought detection as near an exact science as it ever will be brought in this world."

"My companion smiled up with pleasure at my words and the earnest way in which I uttered them. I had already observed that he was as sensitive to flattery on the score of his art as any girl could be of her beauty."

"I'll tell you one other thing," he said. "Patent-leathers and Square toes came in the same cab and they walked down the pathway together as feebly as possible—arm in arm, in all probability. When they got inside they walked up and down the room—rather, Patent-leathers stood still, while Square-toes walked up and down. He couldn't read that in the dust; and I could read that as he walked, he grew more and more ex-

claimed. That is shown by the increased length of his strides. He was talking all the while, and working himself up, no doubt, into a fury. Then the tragedy occurred. I've told you all I know myself, now for the rest is mere surmise and conjecture. We have a good working basis, however, on which to start. We must bury up, for I want to go to Halle's concert to hear Norah Neruda this afternoon."

"This conversation had occurred within a few minutes of the discovery of the body through a long succession of dingy streets and dreary by-ways. In the dingiest and dreariest of them our driver suddenly came to a standstill. "The Audley Court in there," he said pointing to a narrow slit in the line of dead-colored brick. "You'll find me here when you come back."

Audley Court was not an attractive locality. The narrow passage led us through a maze of tenements with flags and lined by sordid dwellings.

We picked our way among groups of dirty children and through lines of discolored linen until we came to No. 46, the door of which was decorated with the small, copper brass on which the name Rance was engraved.

On inquiry we found that the Constable was in bed, and we were shown into a little front parlor to await his coming.

He appeared presently, looking a little irritable at being disturbed in his slumbers.

"I made my report at the office," he said.

Holmes took a half sovereign from his pocket, and played with it pensively.

"We thought that we should like to hear it all from your own lips," he said.

"I shall be most happy to tell you anything I can," the constable answered, with his eyes upon the little golden disk.

"Just let us hear it all in your own way, as it occurred."

Rance sat down on the horsehair sofa and knitted his brows, as though determined not to omit anything in his narrative.

"I'll tell it ye from the beginning," he said. "My time is from eight at night to six in the morning. At eleven there was a fight at the White Hart; but, bar that, all was quiet enough on the beat. At one o'clock it began to rain, and I met Harry Murcher—him who has the Holland Grove beat—and we stood together at the corner of Henrietta street, talking. Presently—maybe about two, or a little after—I thought I would take a look round and see that all was right down the Brixton road. It was precious dirty and lonely. Not a soul did I meet all the way down though a cab or two went past me. I was a-strollin' down, thinkin' I would ourselves how uncommon handy a four of six hot would be, when suddenly a glint of light caught my eye in the window of that house. Now, I knew that them two houses in Lauriston Gardens was empty on account of him that owns them, who would have the drains sewed, though the very last tenant that lived in one of them died of typhoid fever. I was knocked at in a heap, therefore, at seeing a light in the window, and I suspected as something was wrong. When we got to the door—"

"You stopped and then walked back to the garden gate," my companion interrupted. "What did you do that for?"

Rance gave a violent jump and stared at Sherlock Holmes with the utmost amazement upon his features.

"Why that's true, sir," he said, "though how you come to know it, Heaven only knows! You see, when I got up to the door, it was so still and so lonesome that I thought I'd be none the worse for some one with me. I could see Murcher's lantern, but there was him that died of typhoid inspecting the drains what killed him. The thought gave me a kind of turn, and I walked back to the gate to see if I could see Murcher's lantern, but there wasn't no sign of him nor any one else."

"There was no one in the street?"

"Not a livin' soul, sir, nor as much as a dog. Then I pulled myself together and I knocked at the door. All was quiet inside, so I went into the room where the light was a-burnin'. There was a—er—the flicker on the mantel-piece—a red wax one—and by its light I saw—"

"You walked round the room several times, and you knelt down by the body, and then you walked through and tried the kitchen door, and then—"

John Rance sprang to his feet with a frightened face and suspicion in his eyes.

"Where was you hid to see all that?" he cried. "It seems to me that you know a deal more than you should."

Holmes laughed and threw his card across the table to the constable.

"Don't get arresting me for the murder," he said, "I am one of the bounds, and not the wolf; Mr. Gregson or Mr. Constable will answer for that. Go on, though. What did you do next?"

Rance resumed his seat, without, however, losing his mystified expression.

"I went back to the gate and sounded the whistle. That brought Murcher and two more to the spot."

"Was the street empty, then?"

"Well, it was, so far as anybody that could be of any good goes."

"What do you mean?"

"The constable's features broadened into a grin.

"I've seen many a drunk chap in my time," he said, "but never any one so cryin' drunk as that cove. He was at the gate when I came out, a-leavin' up agin the rail's and a-singin' at the pitch of his lungs about Columbine's New-fangled Banner, or some such stuff. He couldn't stand, far less help."

"What sort of a man was he?"

EVENTS OF THE DAY

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in a Condensed Form, Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

Colonel Hemphill, founder of the Atlanta Constitution, is dead.

The New York Republican state convention will be held at Saratoga Sept. 23.

The threatened strike of miners at San Juan, Colo., has been averted by compromise.

Senator Burrows of Michigan announces that he will fight reciprocity with Cuba on constitutional grounds.

The president has ordered that the list of soldiers dying in the Philippines be telegraphed home every two weeks.

The government of Venezuela has forcibly detained three American vessels for government use in the present rebellion.

The International Typographical union convention at Cincinnati adjourned Saturday, after voting \$2,000 to the striking miners.

In the athletic sports at Cliftonville, England, Murray, the Irish champion, defeated Duffy, of Georgetown, the world's champion, in the 100 yard dash. Murray's time was 10 seconds flat.

Prices of iron continue to advance, with marked activity in all lines.

Agents for the Colombian government are enlisting men in San Francisco.

Lomardo, the most noted Italian brigand after Mussolini, has been killed by troops.

An Eastern syndicate has purchased the Omaha street railway stock for \$6,000,000.

French soldiers are meeting with serious resistance in their work of closing religious schools.

It is expected that the miners of Kansas, Arkansas and Indian Territory will strike about September 1.

Pitt burg glass workers have received concessions from their employers of 7 per cent and 5,000 will go back to work.

Conductors and motormen on South Chicago street railway lines have received an advance in wages from 17 to 21 cents an hour.

The official estimate of the Hungarian wheat yield for the present year is 166,122,000 bushels. This is about 22,000,000 bushels above the July estimate.

Plague has been officially proclaimed to exist at Odessa, Russia.

The cruiser Cincinnati has sailed for Barcelona, Venezuela, to protect American interests.

Edwin S. Minor has been nominated by Republicans of the Ninth Wisconsin district for congress.

The tug Jacob Kuper, while coming down the bay near St. George, Staten Island, blew up and five of the crew were killed or drowned.

Green and Gaynor, fighting extradition from Canada since last May, have been released by Judge Caron of Quebec. They were wanted in this country for irregularities in connection with government contracts.

General Jacob H. Smith, recently retired by President Roosevelt, is seriously ill at Portsmouth, Ohio. The doctors call it nervous collapse, and attribute it to strain of Samar campaign and subsequent worry and excitement.

The North American Trading and Transportation Company's warehouse at Fort Cudahy has been entirely destroyed by fire.

Canadian Pacific directors have declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on preferred stock and 2 1/2 per cent on common.

An attempt was made to assassinate Prince Obolinski, governor of the province of Kharokov, Russia. He was slightly wounded.

The steamer Mowera, just arrived at Victoria, B. C., from Australia, brings reports of a terrible drought. Millions of sheep have died.

Sir Joseph Dimsdale has presented to King Edward \$575,000, the coronation gift of the City of London towards the King's hospital fund.

The only real belief is in absolute conquest; and the earlier the battle begins, the easier and the shorter it will be. If one can keep irritability under, one may escape the struggle into the peaceful with passion.—Juliana Ewing.

There are twenty-four hours in a day, and not a moment in the twenty-four in which a woman may not change her mind.—De Finoli.

If you wish to be miserable you must think about yourself about what you want, what you like, what respect people ought to pay you, and then to you nothing will be pure. You will be as wretched as you choose.—Charles Kingsley.

As many as 7,287 men have been elected to the national house since the American congress was organized. The number does not include those who have occupied seats and been thrown out on contests.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Dallas is to have a stove mill.

Portland is in the lead for securing the next reunion of the Army of the Philippines in 1903.

The postoffice at Riverdale, Tillamook county, has been discontinued, the mail being sent to Tillamook.

State Treasurer Moore has received from Master Fish Warden Van Dusen \$2,095.60, the amount of fish licenses collected during July.

W. Fitzgerald, alias Kramer, was before the justice court at Oregon City, charged with forgery. He was bound over to the circuit court.

The funeral of John Reiling was held at Oregon City Tuesday. He was a veteran of the Spanish war and a member of the Third regiment, O. N. G.

The Columbia Packing Company's safe at the Dalles was blown open Monday night. The robbers secured a \$5 gold piece of the date of 1834 and about \$6 in change.

Eight thousand cut-throat trout have been placed in the head waters of the Milk and Clear creeks. These trout came from Reno, Nev., and reach a remarkably large size, one having been caught in the Truckee weighing 30 pounds.

Dr. Clarence Crane, who has been appointed to the important position of superintendent of the Burrage Hospital, on Bunkin Island, in Boston harbor, was born in Salem, Or., in 1872, and is a grandson of the late Hon. A. A. McCully, one of the sturdy pioneers of the Pacific Coast.

Seventy-five tons of hay was burned near Gaston Sunday.

Two hundred and forty Salem people went to Newport Sunday on the Southern Pacific's trial excursion. Other valley towns sent good quotas.

The Baker City council has called for bids to furnish and maintain 40 arc street lights for one year from November 1. The contract will be let September 1.

The growers of Bartlett pears in Southern Oregon will this week begin packing and shipping fruit. Sixty carloads will be shipped to Eastern markets during the season.

Judge Boise of the supreme court has rendered a decision that building and loan companies in Oregon cannot collect a combined interest and premium charge to exceed 6 per cent.

Fire completely destroyed the O. R. & N. stockyards at The Dalles Monday. The origin was parks from an east-bound passenger train. Several sheep and 60 head of hogs perished.

The Oregon supreme court holds that a shipper is bound by his agreement that property shipped is of a specified value, and cannot disregard the agreement and bring action for damages at common law.

The little folks will be delighted with the dog and pony show at the Portland Elks' carnival. It is one of the features of the Jahour Oriental Circus Carnival aggregation which furnishes the principal part of the amusement features of the carnival.

Portland May Get Next One.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, Aug. 14.—Delegates to the annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Philippines have nearly all arrived. Generals Hain and Neunally are expected tonight. Portland, Or., is in the lead for securing the next reunion.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 60¢@61¢ for new crop; 63¢@64¢ for old; valley, 65¢; bluestem, 63¢.

Barley—Feed, \$18.00 per ton.

Flour—Best grades, \$3.05@3.60 per barrel; Graham, \$2.95@3.20.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$15.16 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$18; chop, \$17.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.00@1.05; gray, 95¢@1.00.

Hay—Timothy, \$12@15; clover, \$7.50@10; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 75¢@85¢ per cental; ordinary, 50¢ per cental; growers prices; sweets, \$2.00@2.25 per cental; new potatoes, 50¢@60¢ per Oregon; \$1.00 for California.

Butter—Creamery, 20¢@22¢; dairy 17¢@18¢; store, 17¢@17 1/2¢.

Eggs—19¢@20¢ for Oregon.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12 1/2¢@13¢; Young America, 13 1/2¢@14 1/2¢; factory prices, 1¢@1 1/4¢ less.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@4.50; hens, \$4.50@5.50 per dozen, 11¢@11 1/2¢ per pound, \$2.50@3.00 per dozen; ducks, \$2.50@3.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13¢@14¢, dressed, 15¢@16¢ per dozen; geese, \$4.00@6.00 per dozen.

Mutton—Gross, 2 1/2¢@3¢ per pound; dressed, 6¢ per pound.

Hogs—Gross, 5 1/2¢; dressed, 7¢@7 1/2¢ per pound.

Veal—7¢@8¢ per pound.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3¢@3 1/2¢; steers, 3 1/2¢@4 1/2¢; dressed, 7¢@8¢ per pound.

Wool—16¢@17¢; new crop 17¢@18¢.

Hops—Valley, 12 1/2¢@15¢; Eastern Oregon, 8¢@14 1/2¢; mohair, 25¢@26¢ pound.

HILL'S IRON MINES

MOUNTAIN OF ORE IN CHOTEAU COUNTY BOUGHT.

Said a Great Iron Plant Will Be Established at Great Falls—Manganese Necessary for Smelting, which Has Hitherto Been Lacking, Has Been Discovered Close at Hand in Jefferson County.

Great Falls, Mont., Aug. 19.—President Hill, of the Great Northern railway, will erect a monster steel and iron plant here, for which plans have been drawn, according to information from those in close touch with the railway magnate. Wednesday night, it has since developed, Mr. Hill purchased a half interest in the Conrad iron mines in Choteau county, for \$25,000. The mines lie in the Sweet Grass hills and constitute a veritable mountain of ore. There is enough mineral in sight to keep an ordinary plant supplied for a hundred years, according to Mr. Hill's experts who have examined the property. W. G. Conrad, owner of the mines, has confirmed the sale to Mr. Hill.

One factor which has been lacking in the reduction of the iron ore to metal has been manganese, which mineral is necessary as a flux in the smelting. To overcome this difficulty, President Hill, together with United States Senator Paris Gibson, has purchased the recently discovered deposits of manganese in Jefferson county, on the line of the Great Northern. Seventeen thousand dollars were paid to Ira Meyer, of Great Falls, for this property. Mr. Hill and his party inspected the Manganese deposits Friday and Mr. Hill expressed himself in high terms regarding the showing made.

Before leaving Great Falls Mr. Hill made the remark that he would establish an industry in Great Falls that would employ more men than a number of railroads.

Along the line of the Great Northern Mr. Hill has been acquiring deposits, paying for one group near the Spokane & Northern line \$60,000. This deal was made through J. D. Farrell, president of the Pacific Coast company.

MANY TO BE THROWN OUT.

Harvester Consolidation, It Is Said, Will Abolish 10,000 Positions.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—The Inter-ocean says:

Following the International Harvester Company's public declaration that economy in the manufacture and distribution of agricultural machinery was the motive for effecting the \$20,000,000 merger, several of the Chicago companies that make up the combine have issued letters to their general agents throughout the country ordering a reduction of about three-fourths of the total number of employes representing these companies in the field. The other companies in the combine are preparing to follow their example. Equally radical reductions in the office forces are being planned by all, it is said, for the near future. Ten thousand men in all are expected to lose their positions.

WANT TO BECOME AMERICANS.

Members of Religious Orders Expelled From France Plead to Be Sent Here.

Rome, Aug. 18.—Members of religious orders expelled from France, especially sisters, are applying to the Vatican to be sent to the United States. A reply has been sent to them pointing out that there are no vacancies in the United States, and besides, calling attention to the difficulty arising from the fact that the expelled sisters do not speak the English language. Canada has been suggested as a better field, as sisters are comparatively scarce there, and because French is spoken in a large part of the Dominion.

The applicants, however, do not take kindly to the suggestion and persist in their requests to be sent to the United States.

Canada Fears We'll Get Greenland.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 19.—A portion of the Canadian press is again being quieted over the rumor that the United States is likely to acquire the territory of Greenland by purchase from Denmark. This is regarded as a menace to the national entity of the Dominion, and accordingly an effort is being put forth to stir up the public mind upon the subject with a view of having Greenland some day in the near future made Canadian territory by purchase.

Forty Cents for Picking Hops.

Woodburn, Or., Aug. 18.—About 30 hop growers convened in this city and adopted a resolution establishing the picking price of hops at 40 cents a box. Other subjects discussed were baling and caring for hops, contracting, the "pime" of hop-rejecting by dealers on farms, and the need of beneficent laws for the grower, and a state inspector.

Favor American Intervention.

Perlin, Aug. 16.—Many politicians here seem inclined to allow the United States to settle the trouble in Venezuela. Some even suggest the advisability of the United States sending an expedition to restore order, or even to annex Venezuela.

Alger Wants That Top.

Detroit, Aug. 19.—General Alger will make a formal announcement of his candidacy to succeed the late Senator McMillan. He will probably be opposed by McMillan's eldest son, William, and the Westminster Contract Corporation, Limited.

GUNBOAT CAPTURED

BOYACA SECURED BY REVOLUTIONISTS IN COLOMBIA.

The Rebels Also Secured a Lot of Provisions and Munitions of War—Three Hundred Government Soldiers and Two Generals Taken Prisoners—Panama Fears Attack from Insurgents.

San Jose, Costa Rica, Aug. 18.—News has reached here from the camp of the Colombian revolutionists in the Agua Dulce district, that after a naval engagement the Colombian government gunboat Boyaca was captured by the revolutionists. Three hundred government soldiers and Generals Orizta and Henao, and supplies and munitions of war and provisions with the Boyaca. The Colombian revolutionists are said also to have captured a gasoline launch which was in the government service.

Panama Fears An Attack

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 18.—The British steamer Floridan, from Liverpool July 24, for West Indian and Central American ports, has arrived here from Colon and reports considerable insurgent activity in the neighborhood of the Isthmus. An attack on Panama was feared, and the Colombian government was making strenuous efforts largely to reinforce the garrisons there and at Colon.

CASTRO'S END NEAR.

Belief General at Washington That Venezuelan Government Must Fall.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The belief is general here that the end of the Castro administration in Venezuela seems certain. Castro now holds only Caracas and his port, La Guayra, while the revolutionary army surround him. The gunboat Marietta has arrived at La Guayra. If necessary it will transport Castro from Venezuela. According to latest reports Castro is being hemmed in from three sides. Ten days ago Castro was reported as having left the capital with a force to meet the revolutionary general, but subsequently he changed his mind and returned.

FARMERS ORGANIZE.

Company With \$50,000 Capital to Deal in Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Pierre, S. D., Aug. 18.—The Farmers National Co-operation Exchange Company has filed articles of incorporation with a capital stock of \$50,000,000.

The purpose of the corporation is to buy, sell and deal in grain, provisions, live stock and all kinds of produce on commission and otherwise, and for the purpose of building and equipping grain elevators, warehouses, cold storage plants, stock yards and whatever may be necessary to carry on the business of the corporation.

One-fourth of the capital stock will be used for building the elevators, yards, branch offices, etc., and another fourth will be made a cash fund for the purpose of dealing in cash grain and provisions on the board of trade. The remaining half of the capital stock will be left virtually with the farmers in the various banks where the money has been raised to enable them to carry their crops for a more favorable market.

This will give the farmers \$50,000,000 back of their interests to help them in securing better prices for their produce. The stock books will be open to banks throughout twenty states.

SOME STRONG AFFIDAVITS.

New Yorkers Swear They were Forcibly Taken to Coal Mines.

New York, Aug. 18.—Thirty-two men are boys have made affidavits that they were taken from their homes by a detective for one of the railroad lines, and in a locked car were sent to Pittston, Pa., where they were compelled to work in the washeries connected with the coal mines. Two of the men who swear they were shanghaied made their escape and are back in this city. They tell in affidavits furnished to the World how they were lured to Pittston, how their car was attacked by strikers, how they were fired upon, and how they were finally rescued by an armed band and brought to a shed near the coal mine.

None of them was told, according to the affidavits, that he was wanted to take the place of striking miners. When the men asked if there was not a strike on where they were going, they were told by the detective, whom they knew as the "agent," that there was no strike, but that they were wanted to build a new railroad.

Macedonians and Turks Fight.

Vienna, Aug. 18.—A fierce 15-hour battle between the Macedonian rebels and Turkish troops is reported from Gradis, Vilayet, Turkey. Sixty-five rebels fought 2,000 troops with Gatling guns and dynamite bombs. Every rebel was either killed or wounded. The Turks massacred the wounded. The troops lost 48 killed and 214 wounded.

Englishmen Want Money Back.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—A suit for \$40,000 for alleged fraudulent practice in the sale of mining stocks has been brought in the United States circuit court against Joseph Hamilton Brotherton and John Charles Kemp van Ze.

The litigation arose out of mining stock sales effected by Brotherton and Kemp van Ze in London in the year 1896. The suit is brought by Samuel Wheeler, of London, and the Westminster Contract Corporation, Limited.

WHAT THE WISE ONES SAY.

He that hath wife and children hath given hostages to fortune; for they are impediments to great enterprises, either of virtue or mischief.

The only real belief is in absolute conquest; and the earlier the battle begins, the easier and the shorter it will be. If one can keep irritability under, one may escape the struggle into the peaceful with passion.—Juliana Ewing.

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