

The Most Common of All.
The most common of all ailments from sports of all kinds are sprains and bruises. The most common and surest cure of them is by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, which is prompt in its action.

The Art of Walking.
To be thoroughly graceful long steps and quick short steps should be equally avoided, remarks a French woman. A stiff walk is also very ungraceful, and that is the great fault of English girls. The walk too stiffly and take too long strides.
Spanish women have a very pretty walk, naturally, as also have Italian country girls and all accustomed to carrying weights on their heads.
The French are also very graceful walkers. Study your walk, girls. Take dancing lessons to begin with and then repeat your lessons before your long toilet glass. A pretty walk is a beauty in itself, and every one who will acquire this beauty. Do it, then, at once—now—without losing another day.

Good Blood Makes Health

And Hood's Sarsaparilla makes good blood. That is why it cures so many diseases and makes so many people feel better than ever before. If you don't feel well, are half sick, tired, worn out, you may be made well by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla
America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

MORE OR LESS IMPERSONAL.

A sign before the door of a dentist reads thus: "Teeth extracted while you wait."

A farmer near Cottonburg, Ky., has trained a terrier dog to remove the worms from tobacco plants.

An artist in a New York paper pictured the Vesuvius in action and enshrouded in dense clouds of smoke from her nemesis. That artist needs to be informed that the Vesuvius uses only smokeless air in discharging her dynamite gun.

A little surprise awaited two women who recently met in the office of a Chicago lawyer. They had never seen each other before, but they left the office the discovery was made that each had called to begin proceedings to obtain a divorce from the same man.

No household is complete without a bottle of the famous Jesse Moore Whiskey. It is a pure and wholesome stimulant recommended by all physicians. Don't neglect this necessity.

The beautiful colors seen in the soap bubble arise from the fact that the bubble, being very thin, reflects light from the outer and inner surfaces of the film.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Price, \$2.00. Trial bottle, 50 cents. Dr. R. H. Kline, 150, 50 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

It has been calculated that ordinary gunpowder on exploding expands about 9,000 times, that is, fills a space this much larger as a gas than when in a solid form.

In the fall cleanse your system by using Dr. Plunder's Oregon Blood Purifier.

Try Schilling's best tea and baking powder.

It is said that a striking outline of the features of George Washington has appeared in a knotty protuberance of a tree in Portland, Me. It is not a cherry tree.

We will forfeit \$1,000 if any of our published testimonials are proven to be not genuine. True Free Co., Warren, Pa.

Arden in spite of his 80 years, Francis Watkins, of Anderson, Ind., proposed to Lydia Bethel, a good-looking young woman of Bethel, O. She accepted him and they intended to elope, but his daughters prevented. Then the aged lover became cool, and the result was a \$10,000 breach-of-promise suit, which he has just compromised for \$3,000.

Mrs. Polly Owens, who was lately married to William Owens, of White River township, near Nobleville, Ind., is now living with her 13th husband. Mrs. Owens has six children, no two having the same name. She is over 60 years old. She was separated from the largest number of her husbands. She is part Indian, her mother being a half-caste.

"I DO MY OWN WORK."

So Says Mrs. Mary Rochette of Linden, New Jersey, in this Letter to Mrs. Pinkham.

"I was bothered with a flow which would be quite annoying at times, and at others would almost stop."

"I used prescriptions given me by my physician, but the same state of affairs continued."

"After a time I was taken with a flooding, that I was obliged to keep my bed. Finally, in despair, I gave up my doctor, and began taking your medicine, and have certainly been greatly benefited by its use."

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has indeed been a friend to me."

"I am now able to do my own work, thanks to your wonderful medicine. I was as near death I believe as I could be, so weak that my pulse scarcely beat and my heart had almost given out. I could not have stood it one week more, I am sure. I never thought I would be so grateful to my medicine."

"I shall use my influence with any one suffering as I did, to have them use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Every woman that is puzzled about her condition should secure the sympathetic advice of a woman who understands. Write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her your ills.

PISO'S CURE FOR
Best Cough Syrup, Throat Lozenges, Cures in 10 Minutes.

CONSUMPTION

NORTHWEST NEWS.

Items of General Interest Gleaned From the Thriving Pacific States.

This year is a great one for the fishermen on the Coquille river.

The total attendance at the Spokane fruit fair this year was 72,250.

Steps have been taken at Salem to contest the Wright branch asylum site case.

Lane county's potato crop is short this year, and the farmers look for high prices.

Winter apples are more plentiful in Kittitas valley than ever before, and the quality is first-class.

There is an unusual amount of sickness in Palouse at present, most of the patients having typhoid fever.

Two men who made a voyage from Lynn canal to St. Michaels in an open boat have arrived at Victoria.

The run of silverside salmon in the Lower Columbia river continues heavy, and the fall pack will be unusually large.

News has reached Victoria of the appointment of C. C. Sinkler, of Nelson, as gold commissioner for the Yukon district, vice Fawcett, removed.

On the steamship Dorie, which arrived at San Francisco from the Orient, was brought in opium valued at \$270,000, on which a duty of \$100,000 will be collected.

The value of improvements in Walla Walla county, exclusive of cities, according to the revision of the board of equalization, amounts to \$380,334; personal property, \$1,875,383.

The Lincoln county (Wash.) commissioners have fixed the tax levy for all purposes at 14 mills, on a valuation of \$5,666,732. The levy for road purposes was increased from 0.52 to 1.25 mills.

The floating indebtedness against the new town of Kent, Wash., will be paid off January, after which the city's income will be sufficient to pay all current expenses and leave a handsome surplus.

The prune crop of Clackamas county, Oregon, has been gathered and marketed with very little loss, and growers are pleased over present profits and future prospects. At Clackamas station, 82 tons were evaporated.

A cargo of 100,073 bushels of barley was shipped from Tacoma the week before last direct to England. The barley was all raised in Columbia county, Washington, and being of prime quality, netted the producers a good price.

The charter has been granted for the building of the Golden-Fort Steele, B. C. railroad, and work will be started in early spring. The contract for the Nelson & Bellingham railway has been let to Larson & Foley, work to commence this month.

Controller of the Currency Dawes has decided that he has no authority to charter a national bank in Honolulu until congress passes laws for the government of the island. Consequently, the S. Heath and San Francisco capitalists will not have their applications granted at present.

The Carbonado coal mines shipped 35,000 tons during September, beating all previous records. Roslyn had held the record with 30,000 tons. The Carbonado mines, owned by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, are running full time and employ 600 men, averaging \$3.29 a day wages.

The Seelye Steel & Iron Company, of Chicago, has just closed a contract for the delivery of 25,000 tons of steel plates at Victoria, B. C., to be used in the construction of five British steamships by one of the largest shipbuilding firms at that point. The value of the contract exceeds \$100,000.

A scheme is on foot to construct a logging road about three miles in length from the head of Gray's river, Oregon. It will be operated by A. L. Saldern, who has in operation a similar road at Clatskanie, and will tap a district of 5,000 acres of spruce timber lying to C. H. Green, of Saginaw, Mich.

The new association does not contemplate any general regulation of coast lumber values. Its aims are simply to control the situation at San Francisco, where the trade has been for some time in a badly demoralized condition. Puget Sound values, foreign trade or other departments of the lumber business, are not affected.

Henry Miller, of Cathlamet, Wash., has contracted to furnish the North Pacific mills, at Portland, over 2,000,000 feet of spruce and fir logs this season. The Astorian says that this cut will come from Eulokium, the principal logging stream flowing into the Columbia, where over 150 men were employed at logging during the past summer.

According to the Lumberman there is a good field on the coast for a small turpentine factory. There are two species of wood rich in turpentine and allied products, Douglas fir and "bull" pine, wood alcohol, pitch and other so-called naval products. The yield is by no means as large as the pitch pine of the South, but there is certainly room for a factory that will utilize the stumps and refuse of pitch-bearing trees on the coast.

Harvesting in the Palouse country has been completed. Every threshing machine has pulled in, and the hauling of grain to different shipping points will be finished by November 1, or perhaps a little sooner. So far this season, the total shipment of new wheat has not exceeded 275,000 bushels, most of this being to Spokane for milling, and to the Sound. Since the completion of harvesting, farmers and graindealers have concluded that the crop of this year is the largest ever harvested in the Palouse country. Although the average yield is less than in 1897 and several other former seasons, the aggregate yield has been greater.

One feature of the new fishery law enacted by the Oregon legislature in special session, is likely to receive considerable attention. It is that "the persons appointed to the position of fish commissioner shall hold the office herein provided for the period of four years from the time of his appointment." This would make the appointment by Governor Lord, for the law carries the emergency clause, hold nearly through the term of Governor Geer.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

[Reported by Downing, Hopkins & Co., Inc., Board of Trade Brokers, 711 to 714 Chamber of Commerce building, Portland, Oregon.]

Since Leiter failed the outsider has not been interested in Chicago prices. The disastrous outcome to the man with so many millions was a terrifying lesson to the small bull. Explanations did not count. Whether Leiter made egregious errors or not was of little consequence. The defeat, after a year's campaign, of the bull leader who for so long seemed the greatest who had ever arisen, took the heart from everyone who had believed in his cause. It was only last June that the disaster took place; about four months ago. It seems a long interval, but it is really a short one, and it would be remarkable if it were not still in everyone's mind. What new bull leader would now invite the comparisons which would inevitably be made; what banking concern would hazard the criticism which would follow any failure toward a buying campaign in grain? Have the losses of last summer's collapse been forgotten yet? There must be a good deal of imaginative activity in the mind of the speculator in twenty in a mere matter of consumptive demand or of actual scarcity. There must be a great deal of theory with advancing prices; people must forget prudence, become venturesome, permit more or less exultation.

Would it not be like holding a picnic at the close of a funeral to permit much bull spirit within four months of the Leiter failure?

The present movement of wheat to market is the heaviest ever known—11,000,000 bushels received at primary points last week. There was never any such total as that in six days before.

Is not the speculator doing pretty well in taking care of that property and in also maintaining prices? Is not the fact that such a volume of grain is financed and the price sustained evidence that the volume of speculation is larger than the very narrow fluctuations would indicate?

Seattle Markets.

Tomatoes, 50¢ to 75¢ per box.

Cucumbers, 10¢ to 15¢ per doz.

Onions, 85¢ to 90¢ per 100 pounds.

Potatoes, \$10 to \$14.

Beets, per sack, \$1.

Turnips, per sack, 50¢ to 55¢.

Carrots, per sack, 65¢.

Parsnips, per sack, \$1.

Beans, green, 2¢ to 3¢.

Green corn, \$1 to 1.25 per sack.

Caiflower, 75¢ per doz.

Hubbard squash, 1 1/2¢ per pound.

Celery, 40¢ to 50¢.

Cabbage, native and California \$1.25 to 1.50 per 100 pounds.

Apples, 50¢ to 90¢ per box.

Pears, 75¢ to \$1 per box.

Prunes, 40¢ to 50¢ per box.

Peaches, 50¢ to \$1.

Plums, 50¢.

Cantaloupes, \$1.25 per box.

Butter—Creamery, 26¢ per pound; dairy and ranch, 18¢ to 20¢ per pound.

Eggs, 26¢.

Cheese—Native, 12¢ to 14¢.

Poultry—Old hens, 13¢ to 14¢ per pound; spring chickens, 13¢ to 14¢.

Fresh meats—Choice dressed beef steers, prime, 6¢ to 7¢; cows, prime, 5¢ to 6¢; mutton, 7¢ to 8¢; pork, 7¢ to 8¢; veal, 5¢ to 6¢.

Wheat—Feed wheat, \$1.9.

Oats—Choice, per ton, \$23 to \$25.

Corn—Whole, \$23.50; cracked, \$24; feed meal, \$23.50.

Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$24 to \$25; whole, \$22.

Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.50; straight, \$3.25; California brands, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$3.75; Graham, per barrel, \$3.70; whole wheat flour, \$3.75; rye flour, \$4.

Millet—Bran, \$1.50 per ton; raddings, \$2; shorts, \$1.50; chop, \$1.50 per ton.

Hay—Timothy, \$10 to \$11; clover, \$9 to \$10; Oregon wild hay, \$9 to \$10 per ton.

Butter—Pantry creamery, 50¢ to 55¢; seconds, 40¢ to 45¢; dairy, 40¢ to 45¢ store, 25¢ to 35¢.

Cheese—Oregon full cream, 11¢ to 12¢; Young America, 12¢ to 13¢; new cheese, 10¢ per pound.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.50 to \$3 per dozen; hens, \$3.00 to \$3.50; springs, \$1.25 to \$3; geese, \$5.00 to \$6.00 for old, \$4.50 to \$5 for young; ducks, \$4.00 to \$5.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 12¢ to 15¢ per pound.

Potatoes—55¢ to 60¢ per sack; sweets, 2¢ to 3¢ per pound.

Vegetables—Beets, 90¢; turnips, 75¢ per sack; garlic, 70¢ per pound; cabbage, \$1 to 1.25 per 100 pounds; cauliflower, 75¢ per dozen; parsnips, 75¢ per sack; beans, 30¢ per pound; celery, 70¢ to 75¢ per dozen; cucumbers, 50¢ per box; peas, 3¢ to 3 1/2¢ per pound.

Onions—Oregon, 75¢ to \$1 per sack.

Hops—10 to 15¢; 1897 crop, 6¢ to 7¢.

Wool—Valley, 10¢ to 12¢ per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8¢ to 12¢; mohair, 25¢ per pound.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 3¢ to 4¢; dressed mutton, 7¢; spring lambs, 7 1/2¢ per lb.

Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$4.75; light and feeders, \$3.00 to \$4.00; dressed, \$5.50 to \$6.50 per 100 pounds.

Beef—Gross, top steers, 3.50 to \$3.75; cows, \$2.50 to \$3.00; dressed beef, 5¢ to 6¢ per pound.

Veal—Large, 5¢ to 6¢; small, 6¢ to 7 1/2¢ per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool—Spring—Newada, 11¢ to 14¢ per pound; Oregon, Eastern, 10¢ to 13¢; Valley, 15¢ to 17¢; Northern, 9¢ to 11¢.

Millet—Bran, \$1.50 to 1.50 per ton.

Onions—Yellow, 35¢ to 50¢ per sack.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 28¢; do seconds, 25¢ to 27¢; fancy dairy, 21¢ to 22¢; do seconds, 20¢ to 24¢ per pound.

Eggs—Store, 18¢ to 22¢; fancy ranch, 30¢ to 34¢.

Citrus Fruit—Oranges, Valencia, \$2 to \$2.50; Mexican times, \$2 to \$2.50; California lemons, \$2.00 to \$3.00; do choice, \$3.50 to \$4.50; per box.

POLISHING HER GUNS.

Preparations for War Continue in France—Naval Reserves in Readiness.

Paris, Oct. 22.—The alleged war preparations of France are the absorbing topic of discussion here. According to French papers there were important naval experiments at Toulon last evening. A flotilla of torpedo-boats was detailed to make an endeavor to force the entrance of the harbor and the whole garrison was called to arms and forts and batteries were manned ready for instant action. The result of the experiments has not been made public.

Vice-Admiral Barrea presided yesterday at a secret council of war at Brest, in which the chiefs of the maritime forces took part. Confidential orders were subsequently issued to the garrison.

Aurore asserts that five vessels of the naval reserves around Brest have been ordered to disembark themselves in readiness for active service.

M. Del Case, minister of foreign affairs, has ordered that the report of Major Marchand, as to the situation at Fashoda, which is expected at Cairo tonight, be telegraphed textually. Owing to its probable length it is expected that at least 48 hours will be required to reduce it to the French cipher code at Cairo and to translate it in Paris.

A CHINESE EXECUTION.

The Event Turned Into a Hideous Festival.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 22.—According to the latest mail advices from China eight extraordinary leaders of the Kwangsi rebellion have been beheaded at Wu Chow. They were carried in baskets through the principal streets as a warning spectacle, amidst the laughter and jeers of men, women and children.

Ten thousand people witnessed the decapitation, and made it a gala day. Little children copied their parents, who joked the dying rebels a second before the ax fell. When all was over the children played among the headless, bleeding corpses and made sport with the black disfigured heads.

Mandarins and headmen improvised a sort of Maypole, and the heads of the rebels were placed on top in tiers, the children dancing around them. The governor advised the mandarins to make the beheading as festive as possible, so as to inspire disgust for the rebels in the hearts of the people. A banquet was afterward spread.

The Japan Mail says a petition has been sent to the government by foreign consuls requesting that beheading be discontinued.

STORM IN TEXAS.

Several Lives Lost as the Result of the Gale.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 22.—A special to the Republic from Houston, Tex., says: The electric and wind storm which swept over Texas last night was very severe in South Texas. Damage to cotton is enormous. At Deer Park, 20 miles from Houston, the residence of O. E. Adams was demolished. Adams, his wife and baby sustained minor injuries, while A. J. Cook was crushed to death.

At Pasadena, the residence of John Stout was turned over and completely wrecked. Six occupants were injured. The wind was so high at Missouri City, 35 miles west of Houston, that it blew a number of freight cars from the siding on to the main track. The California express, running 40 miles an hour, dashed into the cars at full speed. The engine turned over, instantly killing George Johnson, of San Antonio, the engineer, and badly scalding the fireman and injuring the head brakeman. None of the passengers were badly hurt.

LA GRANDE FACTORY'S RECORD

Three Hundred and Seventy Tons of Beets Handled in One Day.

La Grande, Or., Oct. 22.—The Oregon Sugar Company is making a record. The capacity of its plant is 350 tons of beets every 24 hours, but today 370 tons were handled, and there are now on hand 675,000 pounds of sugar. Today Spokane telegraphed for three cars "B. S. O. B." (best sugar on earth.)

Portland ordered three cars. Walla Walla, one, Pendleton one, Baker City one, and three have been sold here. La Grande has been sending 3,000 drafts about twice a month to San Francisco for sugar. Now this money is distributed among the farmers and workmen here. This year's crop will produce 3,000,000 pounds of sugar at a conservative estimate. Today's tests showed a greater percentage of sugar than has yet been obtained from beets grown in any other country.

ANARCHY IN VISAYAS.

Insurgents in Control of the Southern Philippines.

Manila, Oct. 22.—The United States cruiser Boston and the collie Nero, which October 5 were ordered to proceed to Hong Kong in connection with the recent disturbances at and near Peking, have arrived at Amoy, in the province of Fo Kien, the former short of coal and the latter with her cargo afloat.

Well authenticated reports have reached here of a terrible state of anarchy in the southern Philippines. The Spanish there are cooped up in the principal towns.

The Americans continue capturing the rebel vessels as they arrive at Cavite. Two have been captured this week.

Waved American and British Flags.

New York, Oct. 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Halifax says: The regimental reports of the Royal Canadian battalion of imperial troops were marked by an unusual incident. At the conclusion of the sports 100 men, the pick of the garrison, formed a pyramid by mounting upon one another's shoulders and the man at the apex, a fine specimen of the British soldier, stood waving in one hand the Union Jack and in the other the Stars and Stripes.

Two Miners Killed.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 22.—Emil Flankey and Herman Keekle, miners employed in the Otis mine, were instantly killed while ascending the shaft today. The crosshead got hung in the shaft, and when loosened struck both men, knocking them from the bucket.

City of Mexico, Oct. 22.—El Mundo announces that a syndicate with \$20,000,000 capital has been formed in New York to purchase estates in various agricultural regions in this country, being the most extensive business of the kind ever undertaken here.

A Benefactress' Kind Act.

From the Evening News, Detroit, Mich.

Mrs. John Tansey, of 130 Baker street, Detroit, Mich., is one of those women who always know just what to do in all trouble and sickness. One that is mother to those in distress. To a reporter she said:

"I am the mother of 10 children and have raised eight of them. Several years ago we had a serious time with my daughter, which began when she was about sixteen years old. She did not have any serious illness but seemed to gradually waste away. Having never had any consumption in our family, as we come of good old Irish and Scotch stock, we did not think it was that. Our doctor called the disease by an odd name which, as I afterward learned, meant lack of blood."

"It is impossible to describe the feeling John and I had as we noticed our daughter slowly passing away from us. We finally found, however, a medicine that seemed to help her, and from the

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