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Advertising Bills Collected Monthly

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

What Has Happened in the Civilized World.

GIVEN IN THE PRESS DISPATCHES

A Complete Review of the News of the Past Seven Days in This and All Foreign Lands.

Manzanillo, Cuba, is now fully controlled by the American authorities.

A plan to dismember the republic of Switzerland is under discussion in Europe.

Twelve men, it is said now, were killed and 23 wounded in the riot at Verdun, Ill.

Mrs. Nancy Geer, wife of the governor-elect of Oregon, expired suddenly of heart disease in Omaha.

All Spanish civil courts in Philippine territory now subject to American control have resumed business.

The government now has 55 warships in course of construction.

Secretary Alger has wired Governor Tanner, of Illinois, placing the Fifth Illinois volunteer infantry at Tanner's orders.

The Spanish mail steamer Reina Maria Christina has sailed from Havana for Spain with 1,073 officers and troops.

As a result of eating canned lobsters, shrimps, and clams, two Knights of Pythias, J. L. Jones and Charles Young, who live near Rainier, Or., are dead.

Walter Furrow, of the same lodge and town, is critically ill from the same poison.

The government has apportioned the prize money for the men of our warships.

The imperial Chinese government has granted the Peking syndicate of London the right to open and work the coal mines in the province of Shansi.

The annual report of Land Commissioner Hermann estimates that over 11,000,000,000 feet of public timber has been destroyed by fire during the past 25 years.

Alexandria advices received at London say that the troops who have just returned to Khartoum are dying of like flies from intestinal disorders.

Jesse James, Jr., son of the notorious bandit, has been placed under arrest for complicity in the many train robberies in the outskirts of Kansas City.

The anniversary of the death of Charles Stuart Parnell was observed in Dublin with a procession and exercises at the grave of the home rule leader.

Marquis Ito, the Japanese statesman, has expressed the opinion that the anti-foreign policy recently adopted by China would be modified upon representations being made by the powers.

An unknown white man was burned to death in a negro church at La Flore, Miss, by the negroes, who thought that because the man was ill he must be affected with yellow fever.

The Bear Island or Pillager Indians will surrender, and the threatened war has been averted.

A terrible experience is related by Samuel Esnign, an American. He was deprived of his liberty for 18 long years, and robbed of all his worldly possessions, and thrown into a Cuban dungeon. He finally escaped and returned to his native land.

Two bloodless uprisings have occurred at Guam since American rule was established. Both were quickly quelled.

Spanish priests incited the natives to deeds of violence. The American flag was hauled down on each occasion, but soon replaced by the local police.

A rear-end collision between two O. R. & N. trains occurred at Sullivan's gulch, near Portland. Two engines were wrecked, four box cars smashed into kindling-wood and the caboose of the first train wrecked and thrown down a steep embankment into the water.

Minor News Items. Dr. G. Q. Colton, the noted American dentist who died in Rotterdam some time ago, had pulled over 1,000,000 teeth in the course of his practice, and was the first dentist to use "laughing gas" in practice.

Robert Roberts, an English writer on religious affairs, the author of over 100 books and editor of the Christadelphian, of Birmingham, England, was found dead in his room in San Francisco from heart disease.

LATER NEWS.

The Oregon legislature adjourned sine die Saturday.

A genuine blizzard visited the Middle Western states, doing considerable damage.

A Polish priest has sued the Catholic church for \$50,000 for excommunicating him.

It is said in London that the French must either withdraw from Fashoda or go to war with England.

The German government has now decided to appoint permanently a naval attaché at Washington, who will reach his post in January.

The British ship Blengfelt, from New York, burned off Margat, England, early Monday morning.

Seven barges, containing 300,000 pounds of naphtha have been burned at the petroleum port of Astrakhan, Russia.

The war department has received a detailed description of the fortifications of Havana.

In a head-end collision between two freight trains near Great Falls, Mont., five to a misunderstanding of orders, Engineer Charles Goddard and brakeman Robert T. June were killed.

The government will undertake the transportation of Christmas boxes for soldiers at Manila.

It is announced that Montreal and Quebec are to be thoroughly fortified as part of the scheme for the defenses of Canada.

A curious method of aiding charities has been initiated in Paris, where, it is announced, the saloons of the high aristocracy, which have hitherto been extremely exclusive, will be opened to strangers, on reception days, for a money consideration.

A reception was tendered the army heroes at the Omaha exposition.

It is reported that Gen. Maximo Gomez has been selected for president of the Cuban republic.

A military plot against the French government was discovered and frustrated by prompt action.

The International Typographical Union in biennial session at Syracuse, N. Y., voted to abolish the referendum.

A cabinet crisis has occurred in Cape Colony, South Africa, and the assembly has voted a want of confidence in the government.

Murderer John Miller was hanged at San Quentin, Cal., for the killing of James Childs in San Francisco, in November, 1896.

The American peace commissioners were entertained in Paris with a private theatrical performance, arranged in their honor by Figaro.

Frauds amounting to millions of dollars have been discovered in the Chilean arsenal. Senor Navarro, the chief accountant, has committed suicide.

The Paris peace commissioners cannot agree over the Cuban debt question. The Americans claim the matter is irrelevant, because the United States is not annexing Cuba.

It is reported in Manila that Macabulos, chief of the five northern provinces of the Philippine islands, has rebelled against Aguinaldo, and that fighting has taken place between the opposing factions.

News to the effect that large numbers of political prisoners have been horribly tortured in Ecuador by order of the government, has been brought to San Francisco by the steamer Panama.

Han Ky, the Korean minister of justice, has been dismissed for having permitted the brutalities perpetrated by the populace on the bodies of the men recently hanged for conspiracy to poison the emperor.

Chief Sweeney, of the Chicago fire department, while directing his men at work on a fire, fell into a manhole and was severely injured.

Lieutenant Briands has written a letter saying that the voyage of the Oblom from Porto Rico was not fraught with danger or suffering.

The French wheat crop is estimated at 123,000,000 hectoliters, the largest since 1874.

Owing to the overproduction of yarn, the ingrain carpet spinners of the Pennsylvania district have decided to shut down their mills for an indefinite period.

At white lake, near Forestport, N. Y., a deer hunter while stalking mistook a moving object in the woods for a deer and fired, killing instantly his 16-year-old son.

PARIS PEACEMAKERS

First Demand of Spain Is Flatly Refused.

SETTLED BY THE PROTOCOL

Americans Positively Decline to Assume Responsibility for the Cuban Debt—Two Weeks' Labor.

Paris, Oct. 18.—The American and Spanish peace-commissioners closed their first two weeks of labor here today, and the progress made has been chiefly by negative action, owing to the attitude of the Americans.

The first article of the protocol provided that "Spain will relinquish all claim to sovereignty over and title to Cuba."

The Americans opened their case by the assumption that little or no action was necessary regarding Cuba on the ground that its disposition was definitely fixed by the terms of the protocol.

The latest advices from Falmouth this evening say that 38 bodies have been identified, mostly the bodies of sailors.

The rescued passengers are being sheltered in cottages along the shore, and the crew at the sailors' home at Falmouth.

Tugs have been cruising in the vicinity all day, despite the very rough weather, in the hope of picking up other bodies.

The cause of the disaster remains the profoundest mystery. Nobody attempts to explain how the Mohagan got so far north of her true course.

Whatever may have transpired at yesterday's session, whether the Spaniards were or were not advised that the United States declined to assume the Cuban debt, it may be distinctly said that with such light as it now has, the United States commission will consistently and to the end refuse to assume all or any part of the Cuban debt.

Thus possibly progress has been achieved negatively, for, with the present light, the Americans decline, or will refuse the responsibility of a single peseta of the so-called debt.

GOMEZ IS OBSTINATE.

The Cuban General Refuses to Disband His Army.

New York, Oct. 18.—A dispatch from Havana says: It is generally believed a serious breach has taken place between the executive department of the Cuban republic and the leaders of the military forces.

General Juan Ducas, one of the closest advisers of Gomez, has arrived in Havana to consult the opponents of Maso and all those who favor a Cuban republic and oppose further American intervention.

General Juan Ducas declares that Gomez will lead the insurgents back into the field before he will submit to disarming them while the American and Spanish soldiers remain in Cuba.

Colonel Waring's first inspection of the city filled him with surprise. Conditions are much worse than he expected. Everything is favorable for an outbreak of fever.

They now average fully 100 a day. The deaths are mostly the result of pernicious fever.

ANARCHIST PLOT.

King Humbert, as Well as the Emperor, Was to Be Assassinated.

London, Oct. 18.—The Alexandria correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing regarding the anarchist plot against Emperor William, which was discovered Friday, says:

The plot against the kaiser is hourly proving more important, each arrest disclosing new ramifications. The documents found disclose a plot to kill King Humbert already well matured.

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THE LIZARD WRECK.

Bodies of Many of the Victims Have Been Recovered.

London, Oct. 18.—The Atlantic Transport Company issued the following statement this evening regarding the fate of the passengers and crew of the steamer Mohagan, which was wrecked last Friday evening off the Lizard, between the Manacles and Lowlands:

"Of the passengers, 11 have been saved, 10 bodies have been recovered, and 33 are missing. Of the crew and cabinmen, 39 have been saved, 14 bodies have been recovered, and 51 are missing."

Since this statement was issued, nine other bodies have been picked up, including two that have been identified as those of passengers.

The bodies of the following passengers have been recovered: T. W. King, E. H. King, Master King, Mrs. Weller, James Bleskey, Miss H. M. Cowan, M. Falls, B. Franklin Fuller, Mrs. L. M. Luke, George Seymour, Miss L. H. Warren.

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WRECK OFF THE LIZARD

Atlantic Steamer Foundered With Great Loss of Life.

OVER 150 PERSONS DROWNED

Mohagan, From London to New York, Struck the Rocks in a Terrible Gale.

London, Oct. 17.—The Atlantic Transportation Company's steamer Mohagan, formerly the Cleopatra, of the Wilson-Furness-Leyland line, which left London for New York yesterday with 60 passengers and a crew of 150, is ashore off the Lizard, between the Manacles and the lowlands.

It is rumored that there has been a great loss of life.

Another account says: "Bodies are washing ashore, one being that of a lady lashed to a plank, with both legs severed."

Particulars of the disaster are difficult to obtain. It appears that when the Mohagan struck a gale was blowing and the sea was running high.

Lifeboats put off from the Lizard and from Falmouth, one returning filled with passengers. Several were drowned, however, it is reported, on the passage of the lifeboat to the shore.

The coast at that point is extremely dangerous, and has been the scene of numerous wrecks. Some years ago there was a movement set on foot to get a lightship placed there, but it failed.

A dispatch from Falmouth says the Mohagan foundered and was probably blown ashore by the heavy east wind after her machinery was disabled.

All the Falmouth tugs went out but were unable to approach the vessel.

A lifeboat has landed 30 of the Mohagan's passengers and returned for more. One lady died after she was brought ashore. It is rumored that the position of the Mohagan is serious and assistance is urgently needed.

According to a dispatch just received from Falmouth, out of 200 passengers from the Mohagan, only 31 have been saved. This intelligence was forwarded from the coast guard by telephone to Falmouth. The coast guards are watching for bodies and wreckage. The lifeboats have gone into Port Houtcock.

The steamer Mohagan, then the Cleopatra, arrived at New York on August 12 last, on her maiden trip from London. She is a single-screw steel vessel of 4,510 tons register, 480 feet long by 53 feet beam, and about 36 feet in depth of hold.

She had accommodations for 125 passengers and a capacity for between 7,000 and 8,000 tons of freight and 500 cattle. Her commander is Captain Griffiths, commodore of the Atlantic Transportation Company's fleet.

She is one of the five vessels recently purchased from the Wilson-Furness-Leyland line by the Atlantic Transportation Company to replace the Mohawk, Mobile, Mars, Michigan and Mississippi, which were sold to the United States government to be used as transports.

COMMERCE OF THE PACIFIC.

Will Be Increased by the Retention of the Philippines.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 17.—D. E. Brown, general agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway & Steamship Company at Hong Kong, speaking today of the growth of trade between this country and the Orient, said:

"The trade of the last five years should more than double in the next five years, owing, in the first place, to increased transportation facilities, and in the second place to the close relations that will have to exist hereafter between this country and the Orient as the result of holding the Philippine islands. We are perfectly willing that the United States should hold on to the Philippine islands, and when once the matter is definitely settled, and business is again in full swing, it will not be long before the commerce of the Pacific will be as great as that of the Atlantic. Especially will this be the case when railroads shall open up China to the commercial and industrial world, and make this Northwest coast its landing point."

Plot Against Emperor William.

Alexandria, Egypt, Oct. 17.—The Alexandria police have arrested nine Italian anarchists since last night, and have thereby frustrated a plot against Emperor William, now on his way to the Holy Land, to be present at the consecration of the Church of the Savior at Jerusalem. The first arrested was a cafe keeper, a well-known anarchist, in whose house the police discovered two wire bombs of great strength and full of bullets.

This arrest was made in consequence of the notification from the Italian consul-general at Cairo that two anarchists had left Cairo for Port Said.

France Joins Abyssinians.

Rome, Oct. 17.—The Italo says: "France has concluded a treaty with Abyssinians against England in the Fashoda affair."

Rushing Work on Gunboats.

Boston, Oct. 17.—The gunboat Wilmington has received sailing orders for next Tuesday, and simultaneously the navy-yard officials got word to rush work on her and have her ready by that date without fail even if it was necessary to work overtime in all departments to do so.

Her sister ship, the Helena, is under orders already to sail for China the following Tuesday and work has been pushed on her rather than on the Wilmington.

THE PEACE JUBILEE.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—The national peace jubilee, of Chicago, was tonight inaugurated with a thanksgiving service at the Auditorium. President McKinley attended and listened to addresses by a Jewish rabbi, a Roman Catholic priest, a Presbyterian clergyman and a noted colored orator. The applause for the president was terrific.

SHAFTER AT OMAHA.

He Told How the Spaniards Lost Santiago.

Omaha, Oct. 17.—Major-General William R. Shafter was accorded a most generous welcome by Omaha today. When his train arrived in the morning a large number of people had gathered at the station to greet the hero of Santiago.

Later, upon the exposition grounds, the manifestation of love and respect for the general were everywhere in evidence. This afternoon, in the auditorium, General Shafter addressed an audience that filled every inch of available space in the great building.

His address was a plain, matter-of-fact discussion of the Cuban campaign, and the simple presentation of facts was far more effective than the most excited oratorical effort from one who had not participated in the struggle.

One or two statements made by the general are new. He said that with the capture of El Caney the campaign was practically over. It was simply necessary, he said, to convince the Spanish commander that his case was hopeless.

"Why the Spaniards surrendered when they could have abandoned their position and kept up the war," he said, "I do not understand, but I believe it was because they had been informed that the Spanish government had decided to give up the fight and surrender their soldiers in the eastern part of the island."

Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn made an able address, commending Nebraska's part in the late war and denouncing the traducers of the army. Wu Ting-fang, the Chinese minister, was given a cordial reception. Senator Thurston spoke eloquently.

DAWSON QUARTZ MINES.

Future of the City Depends Upon Their Development.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 17.—J. H. Hold, of Chicago, who is just down from Cassiar, says a gold strike has been made on Friday night. Three men took out \$85 each from a river bar in one week.

H. M. Sinclair, of Los Angeles, Cal., who has just arrived from Dawson, says the future of Dawson will depend largely upon the opening of quartz mines. There have been upwards of 400 quartz claims recorded at Dawson and some claims in the vicinity of the city are attracting considerable attention, not on account of the high grade, but on account of the immense deposits of gold-bearing ore.

C. C. Black, who has just returned from Peach river, states that several prospectors up there stole provisions cached by a tribe of Indians which had always been friendly to the whites. The red men were not long in retaliating. They fired the grass in the district for miles around. The result was disastrous to the unscrupulous white men. Their horses died of starvation, and, half-starved themselves, they fled from the country and returned to Oxnecoma. Had they not left the district the Indian hostilities would have been carried still further.

What Alaska Needs. San Francisco, Oct. 17.—Thomas S. Nowell, a prominent citizen of Boston, who has just returned from Alaska, where he has spent four months annually for the last 18 years, says that the district should have a representative in congress and should have the protection of adequate land laws. He also thinks that the prohibitory liquor law originally enforced to protect the Indians, but now possible of evasion with a great population of white men and thousands of miles of ungarded coast, should be replaced by a license law, producing a revenue sufficient to pay many expenses of the territory.

DARK DAYS FOR FRANCE.

Revolution Might Bring on War With England.

London, Oct. 17.—The situation in Paris is regarded in well-informed quarters as being more serious than at any time since the commune. The St. James's Gazette this afternoon says: "A military revolution, however peaceful, which replaces the Brisson cabinet with nominees of generals, would imperil the relations between England and France almost to the breaking point. Semi-official and partly inspired Paris papers are still pretending that negotiations are proceeding between the two governments, and France believes it, although every body in England knows the statement to be ridiculous. Even supposing Major Marchand is unconditionally withdrawn with France will in no way end. Behind it lies the whole question of Bahrl-Ghazal, the richest prize in the Sudan."

A Southern Pacific Brakeman Killed. Ashland, Or., Oct. 15.—Charles Snyder, of Ashland, a Southern Pacific brakeman, was instantly killed at Zuleka, on the south side of the Siskiyou, near the state line, in California, last night. An extra freight train was switching, and in jumping upon a moving car he missed his footing and was thrown under the car wheels, which completely severed his head from his body, besides cutting off one leg and one arm and otherwise shockingly mutilating his body.

Large Amount of Bonds Stolen.

Minneapolis, Oct. 17.—It has just leaked out that a week ago burglars broke into the office of the Consolidated Milling & Hardwood Company, and after breaking open a safe, escaped with \$56,000 worth of United States bonds of the recent issue. President George Christian received a letter offering to return them if a reward was advertised in one of the local papers. The matter has been placed in the hands of the local authorities.

Blair Statue Unveiled.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 14.—Upward of 80,000 residents of other portions of the state were present today at the unveiling of a statue erected to the memory of Austin Blair, Michigan's famous war governor. General Shafter was present and received an ovation.

THE COAST DEFENSES

General Wilson's Statement to the Commission.

WHAT THE ENGINEERS SPENT

Surgeon Hoff's Testimony as to the Conditions Prevailing at Camp Thomas.

Washington, Oct. 15.—The statement made by