

NEWBERG GRAPHIC.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

E. H. WOODWARD, EDITOR & PUBLISHER.

FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1898.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Newberg, Oregon.

For congress, Hon. Thomas H. Tongue.

The cigarette don't make good soldier boys.

The Philistines continue to flee before Sampson.

For governor of Oregon, Hon. T. T. Geer, the farmer of the Walla Walla Hills.

On Monday, June 6, Oregon will fire the first gun of the campaign of 1898.

Mark Hanna has been putting up the price of wheat again for campaign purposes.

Under the present conditions the man who goes about the country talking free silver is out of date.

Veatch is a very clever fellow, but as a candidate for congress against Tongue his caliber is entirely too small.

Republicans from different parts of the county express themselves as being confident of republican success in the coming election.

The republicans have a good county ticket in the field and the prospect of making a winning race is brightening up every day.

We are all studying geography now and if the war continues for a few months all patriotic Americans will have a pretty good knowledge of the location of the islands of the sea.

The Spanish fleet is evidently mounted with disappearing guns. In fact the whole fleet disappears about the time Cervera, the commander, thinks our man Sampson is about to overtake him.

The safest place, after all, during this bloody war is on a Yankee battle-ship or protected cruiser. The Spanish gunners, however, make it particularly hot for the poor fishes in the wide, wide sea.—Nebraska Journal.

The farmer who has any thought of voting for a free trader for congress ought to do a little figuring and compare the prices he is now getting for his products with the prices he got for the same under the Cleveland administration.

Since it appears that the battle ship Oregon has made the race around the Horn safely and is now in Cuban waters, Oregonians are jubilant. We are all anxious that the good ship shall have a hand in the annihilation of Cervera's fleet.

Oregon has never had a more active, energetic worker in congress than Tongue has proven himself to be. To trade him off now for a new and untried man would be the height of folly. But such a trade is not going to be made by the voters of the first district.

An unusually large crop of fine growing wheat, a top market for the old crop, big prices for wool and all kinds of stock are conditions that the pop orator in Oregon finds it hard to face without having his teeth set on edge. The pops can never stand fire and face good crops and good prices in any country.

Since Jonathan Bourne Jr. don't appear to be in a position to throw any money into the hands of the three-party managers of Yamhill county this election as he did two years ago, some are inclined to wonder where the hoodie is coming from to keep open the "head-quarters" in McMinnville.

The report is out on pretty good authority that some of the candidates on the "reform" ticket have been assessed as high as \$200 for campaign purposes. Reform comes high sometimes but when there are good fat offices to be thrown in with it let principles be tossed to the dogs while hard cash in liberal amounts is put up for hoodie.

For nearly a quarter of a century Judge Boise held office by virtue of republican votes, and now at the age of seventy-five and since the republicans have elected a younger and more active and competent man for district judge, he flunks and goes about the country asking for votes as a candidate on the anything-for-office ticket.

Recognizing the fact that they had a man well qualified for the high and responsible position of governor who belongs to the large class of honest tillers of the soil, the republicans of Oregon have placed the name of such a man at the head of their ticket. Let those who have been asking for their votes for a farmer, cast their votes for T. T. Geer for governor of Oregon.

British diplomats look for the capture of the Canary Islands soon by the Americans, and when this is done they think that "Spain will invoke instant intervention to bring the war to a close." Probably Spain will want to give up at that time. She has lost the Philippines already, Cuba she knows is practically lost, and very few intelligent persons in Spain suppose that the Spanish flag will float over Porto Rico a month longer. If Spain fights until she loses the Canaries—and she is likely to lose them within a very short time if she continues the struggle—the next move of the United States will be to blockade her home coast and perhaps capture some of her ports. Before this takes place, however, Spain

will probably be forced to bow to events and give up the fight.—Globe Dem.

The argument of the demo-populist-silver campaign now begins to take another direction. For years past it has been addressed chiefly to the farmers and other producers, who have been told that low prices for his products were due to "the crime against silver," and that they "never would again see good prices till silver was restored." But prices of all products are now excellent, and of some products the prices are so high as to afford extraordinary profits to producers. Bread and meat are now costly to the consumer, and the demo-populist-silver argument takes a new turn. Addressed now to the consumers, it tells them that the high prices they are forced to pay for the necessities of life afford convincing proof that there ought to be cheaper money, so that the producer wouldn't get so much value for his products, and so that the consumer could more easily buy them.—Oregonian.

Two years ago, we paid a farmer \$15 for a cow. Last week we paid another farmer \$30 for about the same grade of a cow. The first named farmer sold 3000 bushels of wheat last fall for 50c per bushel and last week he sold 50 tons of hay for \$10 a ton, and if he had held it a few days longer he could have had \$12. And yet notwithstanding these conditions Bob Veatch is traveling over this congressional district telling the farmers that unless they turn down Tongue, whose vote in congress has helped bring about these conditions, and put him in with his free trade ideas, they will starve to death. Great idea that would be, would it not?—Roseburg Plaindealer.

Bethany Presbyterian church, Philadelphia, has hung out a flag which will not be taken down until the war is over. When it was raised, John Wanamaker, who is a member of the church, made the following prayer: "O God our Father, we call upon thee tonight and ask thee to quiet our hearts. As we come to raise the dear old flag bought for us with the blood of our fathers, we thank thee for every star and stripe, and pray thee to bless our land and nation. We mourn that it is a necessity that blood must be shed. Be near, oh God, to all who suffer. Let it be a short war; but, O God, let the right win, and win speedily."—Oregonian.

When Mr. Sovereign of Arkansas, was here two years ago, he told our people that it was impossible for times to improve unless the country adopted free coinage of silver. Now he is back among us with a new calamity tale. He admits that times are better than they were two years ago, but refuses to believe that the returning prosperity is permanent or that it was brought about by the return of power of the republican party. "None are so blind as those who will not see."—Roseburg Plaindealer.

Populist newspapers are resorting to some clear cases of pishianity as political argument. The Roseburg Review, for instance, says Schoonmaker got sick and went home because he was afraid of the silver union we have next month. The distorted fact in this case is that Schoonmaker was called home by sickness in his family, which would take any sensible man home. Furthermore, you may be further given the lie by his returning.—Reporter.

Mr. Schoonmaker has already returned and is dealing blows right and left at pop arguments.

We don't think it is right for the populist papers to say that Spain is bankrupt when they know all Spain has to do is to start the printing presses and increase the circulating medium. That would raise the price of the Spanish farmers' products, so a basket of wheat would be worth ten dollars, perhaps fifty or a hundred dollars in fiat pesetas. That, according to Mr. Simpson, would be "prosperity."—Reporter.

Mrs. Robley D. Evans, the wife of "Fighting Bob," has a larger personal interest in the navy than most women. Her husband commands the Iowa, her brother commands the Indiana, her son is on the Massachusetts, her son-in-law is on the New York, and her two daughters and her niece have volunteered as nurses and are now taking instructions at a hospital.—Oregonian.

A peddler over in Lake county thus explained why he was a populist: "I know all dose bodities. Now-a days, ven a veller has plenty gold, he's a gold-pog; ven he has plenty silver, he's a silver-pog; ven he has'n't got any of dem he's a populist." He left town broke.

Oregon don't have cyclones like Iowa and Kansas or droughts like California to bring the state into public notice, but she is getting there just the same with the finest crop of wheat ever grown on the coast and consequently we will be heard from a little later on.

If Sampson gets an opportunity to deal a blow at the enemies fleet the Spaniards will conclude that the "Yankee pigs" have grown to be pretty good sized shoats.

Hon. William E. Gladstone, the grand old man of England is dying at his home at Hawarden.

The "Yankee pigs" hogged everything in sight at Manila.

A Life Saved.

Consumption and bronchitis are not by any means the same, although it is hard to distinguish one from the other. Bronchitis is an inflammation of the lining of the wind tubes or air vessels of the lungs, causing soreness of the same, cough, sore throat, hoarseness, difficulty of breathing, spitting of matter and sometimes blood. Thousands die annually with this dread disease. Widner's Cough Cure will cure. Price 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

AT THE NEWBERG CHURCHES.

What the Pastors said—Announcements for next Sunday.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Pres. H. L. Boardman of McMinnville College, will preach at the Baptist church Sunday morning. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Rev. A. L. Black will preach the memorial sermon to the old soldiers, Sunday, May 29, at the Baptist church. All are cordially invited.

"Is prayer a failure," will be the subject of the morning sermon at the Methodist church. No services in the evening, owing to the union Gospel temperance meeting.

Mrs. Mason, late of Minnesota, will hold services at the Free Methodist church next Sabbath at 3 p. m., and will then arrange to hold revival services thereafter, as she has charge of Newberg and Dayton work this year. All will be made welcome to these services.

At the Friends church Rev. Milton Hapton will have charge of the morning service in the absence of the pastor. In the evening at 8 o'clock will be a union meeting which will be addressed by Pres. H. L. Boardman of McMinnville, who will deliver a Gospel Temperance sermon. All cordially invited.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

"Miracle working today" was the subject of the evening sermon.

The story of man's fall recorded in Genesis when analyzed discloses several interesting features. Among them we notice (1) the slanders of the devil or slanderer (2) man's disobedience (3) his condemnation and (4) the decrees of God pronounced after his sin. Foreboding salvation, and also imposing physical labor, disappointment, pain and death upon him as a sinner.

We naturally associate the ideas of sin and suffering. "For this purpose was the son of God manifested that he might destroy the works of the devil." Now since Christ often relieved human suffering by miracle, and also empowered the disciples to do so, it is supposed by some that suffering is one of the grand objects of his ministry. It is thought too that the power of healing was a permanent gift to the church. This idea is founded in several popular though erroneous notions, viz: (1) that suffering is caused by the sin of the sufferer or his parents (2) that suffering is a work of the devil (3) that Christ came to abolish suffering and (4) that all suffering will cease in a holy life. These suppositions underlie the doctrines of the faith healer.

A mistake is made in not distinguishing between suffering, a mere incident of our physical constitution and suffering, a penalty. As a penalty it must be deserved. It must follow intentional wrong doing. It can be inflicted only after guilt has been experienced. Only the sinner can suffer. And it must cease when the sin is forgiven. But we know innocent babes suffer. Unintentional acts often incur pain. Suffering often continues after sin is forgiven. These points clearly prove most if not all our physical suffering has no direct reference at all to retributive justice. If such suffering has any meaning at all it is to educate, discipline and warn, rather than punish. Pain awakens the senses of self preservation and the love of life, hence it is a very important factor in natural government.

It is no more correct to regard pain as a work of the devil which Christ came to destroy. It is a great mistake. All our suffering comes to us in accordance with those decrees of God pronounced upon a man as he sinned. Pain was imposed upon us by the wisdom of God for purposes of natural government and not by the malice of the devil. Christ did not change the established order of physical nature, but he did change the law. He came to refute the slanders of the devil (slanderer) upon God's character, and motives, and law. After those slanders had been refuted God would stand vindicated in the sight of men and devils. The way would then be open for reconciliation between God and man. Christ refuted those slanders, he destroyed the works of the devil and has made our forgiveness possible. Can we think Christ would let us sick out of mere sympathy for the sufferer. Why then continue blame to Palestine? If the abolition of pain was Christ's purpose, then why did he come 4300 years ago, and only to depart after a few short years? If this was his purpose in establishing Christianity then Christianity has proven a stupendous failure—but this was not his purpose. Healing was not the end sought, but was used as a means of winning attention, and faith in him as the Christ.

It is said that the plumed knight was one of the first to scale the ramparts and first to enter the city. To him is given the credit for the capture of the confederate cruiser with dispatches, which led to the taking of the confederate garrison and outfit at Henderson's Hill.

Old Abe came home in 1864 with his company on a furlough. After his return to his native place, which was in what is known as Price county, it was resolved by the board of directors of his native state, and on September 29th the company made the gift.

Real Estate Transfers.

Revised by J. E. Rogers, the abstractor, McMinnville, Oregon, for the week ending May 14, 1898.

Z. H. Metcalf to R. A. Kean 3/4 of 1/2 near Lafayette. \$1500 00

J. S. Brooks et al to Frank Brooks 1/2 of 175 a in sec 19 and 30 13 r 4 w 500 00

J. W. Henry sheriff to Rebecca D. Boise 320 a in sec 24 t 5 r 4 w 2001 88

Andrew Nelson and w/ to Lee Laughlin 105 a part J. J. Burton d 1 c in 13 r 4 w 600 00

Wallace McCannment to R. H. Lambson 1100 a more or less in 15 t 7 w 6861 34

C. R. Mathin et al to M. C. Hendrick tract of land in Amity Ore 600 00

J. T. Fouts to J. Winneberg tract of land near Smith d 1 c in Carlton. 450 00

Mary A. Datcher et al to Valentine & Goldenbelt 3 1/2 blk 7 in Lafayette Ore 1 00

Lee Laughlin and w/ to C. Zimmon 100 a part J. J. Burton d 1 c t 2 r 4 w 700 00

J. T. Smith to I. C. Robertson and 1/2 lot in E 1/2 of blk 5 in Desking ad to Newberg. 600 00

Charles Johnson to E. M. York blk 9 and 7 a Carlton Improve ment Co ad to Carlton. 155 00

Isaac Dougherty to Wm. Christian 90 a part O. P. Turner d 1 c t 2 r 4 w 850 00

L. T. Davis and w/ to J. P. Cook strip of land off w side of Saml Davis d 1 c t 4 r 4 w 65 00

WANTED TRUSTWORTHY AND ACTIVE

Notices of Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE

Executors Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned

Old Abe, the Wisconsin War Eagle.

It is unlikely that there will be any mascot during the war with Spain who will gain a popularity as great as that enjoyed by "Old Abe," the war eagle, says the Chicago Evening Post.

No more famous bird ever lived. It is not too much to say that the most vivid recollection of the war in the memory of old Chicomiquians is that of "Old Abe" at the head of the Wisconsin regiments as they passed through the city on the way to the front. All over the country he was equally as celebrated. Everybody has heard of him. Poems and songs were written in his honor.

Needless to say the hundreds have found their way to the front. It is an adventure from the subject of a book of 120 pages, of which more than 50,000 copies have been sold. He posed for paintings to the most famous artists of the day. His feathers were embalmed in marble and bronze by sculptors. Today, stuffed he stands in the war museum at Washington.

Old Abe was bought for a bushel of corn. Afterward Eastman offered \$20,000 for him; but of course, the offer was refused. His captor was an Indian, who found him in 1831 on the Flambeau river, near the line between Ashland and Price counties in Wisconsin. The bird was young then, and the Indian sold him to Daniel McCann, of Eagle Point, for a bushel of corn.

The bird's military experience began a few months later. He was given to a military company which had just been organized by Capt. John E. Perkins for the 8th regiment. The eagle was sworn in by putting round his neck red, white and blue ribbons, and on his breast a badge of the service of James McGinnis was made his attendant.

The name Old Abe was given to the eagle by the 8th regiment. It is said that the bird's fame spread quickly, and even before they went to the front the men of Company C were known as the Eta Claire Eagles, and the 8th regiment as well as on route from Memphis to Helena, he survived the war. Old Abe's biographer says:

No general attracted as much attention on the way South as did Old Abe. He occupied a conspicuous place with the colors, for Company C was the color company, and the color-bearer and the bearer of Old Abe marched side by side.

During the war Old Abe did gallant service. It was his nature to be greatly excited in the midst of turmoil, and to become calm when it was over. He always announced the approach of the enemy by a note of alarm, and during the battle would hover in the air, watching the outcome of the contest. He became as famous among the confederates as among the union army.

He was seen on the morning of the battle of Corinth, raising his wings, and the sight of the bird would give them new courage for battle. So well was this understood that at the siege of Corinth the rebel general, Price, ordered his men to seize or capture the bird, and he declared that he "would rather capture Old Abe than a whole brigade."

But although wounded at the battle of Corinth and afterward before Vicksburg as well as on route from Memphis to Helena, he survived the war. Old Abe's biographer says:

"Finally, after forty-six days of struggle and privation, hardship and peril, and three successive days of which the average for each man was but a single cracker per day, the federal army, with the Bear Eagle of Illinois (John A. Logan) at its head and the Bald Eagle of Wisconsin at its rear, entered the city of Vicksburg and with the blare of trumpets on July 1, 1863."

It is said that the plumed knight was one of the first to scale the ramparts and first to enter the city. To him is given the credit for the capture of the confederate cruiser with dispatches, which led to the taking of the confederate garrison and outfit at Henderson's Hill.

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NEWBERG LEADS YAMHILL!

HODSON BROS. LEAD NEWBERG!

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Portland prices on Suits \$10.00; our price \$7.50.

Portland prices on Shoes \$4.50 and \$5.00; our price \$3.50.

Our Spring and Summer stock includes all Styles and Prices. If you wish a common, every day suit we can furnish it for \$5. Something to wear on state occasions, \$12 to \$18.

Come and examine our Goods before you send your money to other places where you can not hope to get a penny back.

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THE TELEGRAM, Portland, Or.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

In the county court of the state of Oregon for the county of Yamhill, in the matter of the estate of Abigail Stanbrough, deceased. Citation.

To John Stanbrough, John Stanbrough, Ruth Wead, Sarah Jane Bond, Thomas Stanbrough, Lucinda Hamlin, Frank Reynolds, and the unknown heirs at law of said Abigail Stanbrough, deceased:

In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby cited and required to appear in the county court of the state of Oregon, for the county of Yamhill, at the court room thereof, at McMinnville, in said county, on Tuesday the 7th day of June A. D. 1898, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of said day, then and there to show cause, if any exists, why the following described real property belonging to said estate of said Abigail Stanbrough, deceased, be not sold as prayed for in the petition of Amos C. Stanbrough, administrator of said estate, duly filed in said court, to wit:

42 acres of land, more or less, being a part of the d. l. c. of James Morris and wife, in 3 r 2 w in Yamhill county, state of Oregon, and commencing at a point 79 rods, of the n. w. corner of said d. l. c. thence s. 82 rods; thence e. 50 rods; thence n. 80 rods; thence westerly about 80 rods to the place of beginning and also a strip of land n. w. rod wide and 50 rods long lying between the land owned by O. C. Morrison and Ole Hanson, said strip running to the Newberg road, also a strip of land one rod wide and 34 rods long lying between the lands owned by Johnson and Morrison, said strip running north and south to the Portland road, and save and except 3 acres of land said and dead, or the said Abigail Stanbrough deceased, of the north end of the above described tract of land, and which said 3 acres is divided from the remainder of said tract by a line running east and west.

Also the following described tract of land to wit: A part of the d. l. c. of D. Ramsey and wife in 1 d. e. r. 3 w. in Yamhill county state of Oregon, and bounded as follows: to wit: Beginning at a point in center of Portland and Dayton wagon road 11 1/2 chains n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees s. 2 1/2 chains; thence s. 2 rods and ten and one half feet; thence e. 2 degrees s. 1 1/2 chains; thence n. 84 degrees 20 minutes e. of the e. corner of land owned by D. Ramsey and wife to Evira Cook, being a part of the same d. l. c. and running there w. 2 degrees