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REV. WM. GAY Pastor.

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W. C. T. U.—BUSINESS MEETING THE SECond and fourth Wednesday in each month.

I. O. O. F.—SESSIONS HELD ON THURSDAY evenings in Bank of Newberg building.

K. & L. OF S.—NEWBERG COUNCIL, NO. 168, meets every Friday evening in Masonic hall.

A. F. & A. M.—MEETS EVERY SATURDAY night in C. V. Bank building.

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EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Superintendent Keene who shot Mort Roderick, the supposed robber, at the Cariboo mines, was acquitted by the coroner's jury.

John B. Barthelman, a sewing-machine agent shot and killed his divorced wife in Los Angeles, Cal. They quarreled over the possession of their 3-year-old daughter.

In Tiffin, O., the Democratic and Republican nominees for congress had a fight over each other's war record. They had both belonged to the same company. The Republican had his ribs broken.

In Ashland, Ky., Tobe Stanley, a mine superintendent, was shot and killed by Ike Barker on his way to the polls to vote. Stanley opened hostilities by cutting Barker across the face with a buggy whip. Family troubles were the cause

About twenty fist fights occurred near the polls in Lexington, Ky., on election day. Pistols were drawn in half of them. An editor attempted to assault Colonel Breckenridge, who drew his pistol. They were separated before anyone was hurt.

S. R. Clough, a hotel proprietor of Minneapolis, Minn., was so determined to vote that he arose from his sick bed to go to the polls. He had been handed his ballot for marking, when suddenly he toppled over dead. His heart had stopped beating.

In Davenport, Cal., on election day William Granville entered the polling place, and, pointing a pistol at Lewis Chandler, an election clerk, attempted to fire it, and snapped the trigger three times before his hand was caught. There was no provocation for the deed.

Mayor McClelland of Roanoke, Va., was run down by an electric car and fatally injured. He stepped in front of the car when it was less than five feet from him.

The demonstrations against the Italian residents continue in Sao Paulo, Brazil. The government of the state refuses the aid of federal troops, but promises to punish the Jacobins, who are the chief offenders.

The North German Gazette, of Berlin, says the statement is incorrect that a recent order renders the import of American canned meat virtually impossible by providing for examination of each tin of the importation.

The controller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: Twenty per cent, Columbia National bank of Tacoma, Wash; 10 per cent, First National bank of San Bernardino, Cal.

An Italian named Pietro Simoni met with a shocking death on the road near Forestville, Cal. With a friend he was going down a steep hill in a light wagon, when the team ran away, throwing Simoni out. His leg caught in the vehicle and he was dragged nearly a mile, his head being literally pounded to pieces.

On a trolley car of the Consolidated Traction Company, in Newark, N. J., filled with Italian laborers, the fuse of an electric motor blew out, sending a puff of smoke into the car. In fear the men rushed for the doors. Lambuster Angelo jumped, or was pushed off the car, and his neck broken. Lincoln Guiseppe's head was badly cut, and he may not survive.

A south-bound passenger and express train on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road was held up and looted by train-robbers at a point one mile south of Alvarado, Tex. It is said that the robbers secured little treasure from the express car. The bandits are supposed to be heading for Indian territory, and all the United States marshals have been notified to be on the alert.

Annie Vanderwall, aged 7 years, was instantly killed and Ella Berkman, aged 9, fatally injured at the Joseph street crossing of the Chicago & Alton railroad in Chicago. The gates had been lowered for a switch engine which was approaching. Thinking they had plenty of time to cross, the two children stepped under the gates on the first track and were struck by a freight car which had been switched by the engine.

A courier from Usal, Cal., a lumber mill town 20 miles south of Cahto, brings meager details of the murder of John Mudgett, a wealthy rancher and landowner of that place. Mudgett was unmarried and lived alone on a 100-acre ranch. He was reputed to have coin about the house. His dead body was found half cremated in the ruins of the partially burned house. The body showed evidence of violence, and parties are suspected. The shcriff has been notified to hurry to the scene. Mudgett was a native of Belfast, Me., 46 years old, and has relatives both there and in Fortuna, Cal.

J. B. Walling, who died in Boise, Idaho, was an old Oregon pioneer. He was 87 years old, the eldest of six sons, and came from Iowa to Oregon in 1847, settling in Yamhill county. He laid out the town of Amity, and lived in Oregon until 1865, when he moved to Boise, Idaho. Mr. Walling built the first irrigation ditch in Idaho, and set out the first orchard.

The Puyallup Indian commission has been ordered disbanded, to take effect December 1, in accordance with the provision of an act of congress.

An Extra Session of Congress.

An extra session following immediately the inauguration of Mr. McKinley is, in the prevaling opinion in Washington, certain. No one professes to have word from Mr. McKinley direct on the subject, but there is good authority for saying that Mark Hanna, during a recent visit in New York, said enough to give the impression that an extra session is on the Republican programme. Senator Quay believes an extra session is certain.

Storm on Lake Erie.

Great damage has been done to the shipping interests on lake Erie by a high wind. The canal boat Mayside Way, while being towed up the river from Tonawanda, broke her hawser and was blown on the rocks along shore. The captain was rescued with a rope, but his mules were crushed to death. The boat became a total wreck. An old excursion steamer was blown across the channel near Buffalo and will be a total loss.

Suicide of a Capitalist.

Joseph D. McDonald, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Fremont, Neb., shot himself, causing almost instant death. The cause for the rash act was mental unbalance, the result of financial reverses in mining investments in Colorado. He was a railroad contractor and built all of the South Platte branches of the Northwestern road in Nebraska on the Elkhorn system, and was reputed to be worth over $100,000.

Of Interest to Miners.

A New York attorney has received a cablegram announcing that the high ccurt at Pretoria, South Africa, has declared void the MacArthur-Forest patents for the cyanide process for the recovery of gold. This decision was given in a suit brought by the combined gold-mine owners of Johannesburg and the Transvaal. The announcement is said to be of great interest to gold mine owners.

Mrs. Castle Sentenced to Prison.

Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, who was arrested in London, charged with shoplifting, has had her trial. She pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment without labor. Mr. Castle was acquitted.

Harper's Magazine.

An important feature of Harper's Magazine for several months to come will be Poultney Bigelow's series of papers on the "White Man's Africa," treating in the author's original and striking way the new continent recently opened up to European exploitation. The first paper, in the November number, will give a novel view of Jameson's raid from material placed in the author's hand by an English physician and a Boer official—thus presenting both sides of this remarkable episode. The series is the result of a journey to South Africa undertaken by Mr. Bigelow for Harper's Magazine, and is to be illustrated from photographs specially made for the purpose.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

The president has issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

"By the President of the United States:

"The people of the United States should never be unmindful of the gratitude they owe to the God of nations for his watchful care, which has shielded them from disaster and pointed out to them the way of peace and happiness. Nor should they ever refuse to acknowledge with contrite hearts their proneness to turn away from God's teachings and to follow with sinful pride after their own devices.

"To the end that these thoughts may be quickened, it is fitting that, on a day especially appointed, we should join together in approaching the throne of grace with praise and supplication.

"Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 26th day of the present month of November, to be kept and observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout our land. On that day let all our people forego their usual work and occupations and assemble in their accustomed places of worship; let them with one accord render thanks to the Ruler of the Universe for our preservation as a nation, and our deliverance from every threatened danger; for the peace that has dwelt within our boundaries; for our defense against disease and pestilence during the year that has passed; for the plenteous rewards that have followed the labors of our husbandmen; and for all the other blessings that have been vouchsafed to us.

"And let us, through the mediation of Him who has taught us how to pray, implore the forgiveness of our sins and a continuance of heavenly favor.

"Let us not forget on this day of thanksgiving the needy, and by deeds of charity let our offerings of praise be made more acceptable in the sight of the Lord.

"Witness my hand and the seal of the United States which I have caused to be hereto affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, this 6th day of November, in the year of our Lord, 1896, and of the independence of the United States of America, the 121st.

(Seal.) "Grover Cleveland,

"By the President.

"Richard Olney,

"Secretary of State."

Lilioukalani Pardoned.

The Hawaiian government has granted full pardon to ex-Queen Lilioukalani with the restoration of her civil rights. When found guilty of treason she was sentenced to five years' imprisonment and fined $5,000. She was released on parole one year ago and has since kept such good faith with the government that a full pardon has been granted.

The Cascade locks, after eighteen years of labor, has at last been opened.

THE BATTLE IS OVER

Republican National Ticket Has Been Victorious.

M'KINLEY AND HOBART CHOSEN

Washington Is For Bryan and Oregon For McKinley—The Southern Vote Is Divided.

With three states yet in doubt, it is known that the Republican national ticket is elected by a majority of nearly 100 in the electoral college, and of 1,000,000 plurality of the popular vote. New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Massachusetts and Ohio have rolled up unprecedentedly tremendous majorities, from 100,000 to 300,000. The rest is detail, to be settled by complete returns.

There are now three states in the doubtful column—Kentucky, Wyoming and South Dakota. In Kentucky it will require the official count to determine the result, owing to irregularities. In Wyoming, the uncretainty is due to the slow returns. The latest reports, however, indicate that Bryan will get two of the three votes. South Dakota's vote on presidential electors is tied, and an official count will be required to determine the result. Republican managers have closed their office with the above declaration.

The Republican candidate is now sure of 260 electoral votes. The other states that were considered doubtful—Kansas, North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia—have gone for Bryan. His vote is 167, and with Kentucky, Wyoming and South Dakota would be 187.

The Electoral College.

The folllowing table gives the standing of the electoral college as far as returns indicate:

STATES.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Doubtful.
Alabama		11	
Arkansas		8	
California	9		
Colorado		4	
Connecticut	6		
Delaware	3		
Florida		4	
Georgia		13	
Idaho		3	
Illinois	24		
Indiana	15		
Iowa	13		
Kansas		10	
Kentucky			13
Louisiana		8	
Maine	6		
Maryland	8		
Massachusetts	15		
Michigan	14		
Minnesota	9		
Mississippi		9	
Missouri		17	
Montana		3	
Nebraska		8	
Nevada		3	
New Hampshire	4		
New Jersey	10		
New York	36		
North Carolina		11	
North Dakota	3		
Ohio	23		
Oregon	4		
Pennsylvania	32		
Rhode Island	4		
South Carolina		9	
South Dakota			4
Tennessee		12	
Texas		15	
Utah		3	
Vermont	4		
Virginia		12	
Washington		4	
West Virginia	6		
Wisconsin	12		
Wyoming			3
Totals	260	167	20

The returns show interesting features and in some respects have been a surprise to the leaders of both political parties. The New England states have, as was expected, given heavy pluralities for McKinley, without exception. The Republican ticket was successful in Massachusetts beyond what was claimed for it by the most enthusiastic prophet of Republican success.

New York and Pennsylvania have given the Republican candidate between 275,000 and 285,000 each.

The Virginia electors will, without question, be for Bryan, but they have been elected by a heavily reduced vote. The Republicans have given Texas up.

Illinois has given McKinley about 175,000 plurality. In the gubernatorial race Altgeld has been beaten, but is 60,000 ahead of the Democratic national ticket.

Ohio has given McKinley 52,438 plurality.

Returns by counties in Iowa have been completed. The total vote cast in the state is in excess of 510,000 votes, estimating the Prohibition and Palmer votes together at only 5000. Of these votes 286,751 were cast for McKinley, and 219,118 for Bryan. McKinley's plurality, 67,633. This is the largest vote ever cast in the state..

In Kentucky the situation is materially changed from early advices. At first the Republicans claimed the state by about 15,000, but late recurns show large Democratic gains, and now the state is claimed for Bryan, but this the Republicans will not concede.

California has given McKinley a plurality of 6,000.

Kansas has given Bryan 4,000 plurality.

With nearly complete returns from Michigan Pingree's plurality is estimated at about 70,000 and McKinley's 15,000 less. Of the congressional delegation 12 are Republicans and 2 fusionists.

Tennessee's 12 electoral votes will be cast for Bryan, but the Republicans may elect the governor.

South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana are all for Bryan by about the normal Democratic majorities.

Nebraska has gone for Bryan, notwithstanding the Republican claims.

Wisconsin is almost sure for the Republicans.

Minnesota, which was regarded as doubtful by both parties, will have 25,000 plurality for McKinley.

NORTHWEST STATES.

Oregon.

Complete returns have been received from 22 out of the 32 counties in Oregon, and the returns from the 10 other counties are practically complete. The number of votes reported is 91,542, of which McKinley has 46,792 and Bryan 44,750, or a plurality of 2,042 for McKinley. Less than 500 votes remain to be added to the 91,542 in order to give the full number of votes cast for McKinley and Bryan.

The following table shows the vote by counties:

Counties.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Baker	997	1,895
Benton	976	730
Clackamas	2,666	2,389
Clatsop	1,849	1,135
Columbia	675	600
Coos	1,106	1,560
Crook	600	595
Curry	276	268
Douglas	1,903	2,045
Gilliam	337	472
Grant	672	826
Harney	255	403
Jackson	1,376	2,388
Josephine	1,100	1,609
Klamath	346	462
Lake	389	418
Lane	2,221	2,988
Lincoln	576	668
Linn	2,064	2,736
Malheur	210	466
Marion	3,020	2,631
Morrow	566	542
Multnomah	11,830	6,450
Polk	1,248	1,307
Sherman	426	419
Tillamook	685	526
Umatilla	1,410	1,674
Union	1,275	2,103
Wallowa	468	688
Wasco	1,487	1,187
Washington	2,085	1,566
Yamhill	1,615	1,565
Totals	46,792	44,750

Washington.

The later reports from Washington indicate that Bryan's plurality will be near 10,000. The Bryan vote was the strongest in the more thickly populated portion of the state. The number of votes thus far reported—77,175—about equals that of two years ago, so that, allowing for the increase, there remains about 10,000 more to hear from.

John R. Rogers, Populist, has been chosen governor over P. C. Sullivan, though by a majority probably 2,000 under the electoral ticket.

The entire fusion ticket has been successful by majorities ranging from 3,000 to 8,000. The legislature is Populist on joint ballot, though there is a possibility that the Republicans may control the senate, as they have 14 hold-overs out of a total of 34 members of the upper house.

The returns from Washington as reported for presidential electors appear in the table below. No returns have been received from Okanogan and Skamania counties:

Counties.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Adams	160	261
Asotin	73	85
Chehalis	1,586	1,476
Clallam	294	284
Clark	1,495	1,478
Columbia	456	568
Cowlitz	1,487	1,466
Douglas	98	121
Franklin	96	107
Garfield	478	636
Island	196	178
Jefferson	677	467
King	6,370	7,568
Kitsap	633	562
Kittitas	616	831
Klickitat	700	580
Lewis	1,519	1,491
Lincoln	421	926
Mason	571	641
Okanogan		
Pacific	859	433
Pierce	4,525	5,119
San Juan	400	290
Skagit	177	248
Skamania		
Snohomish	1,497	2,250
Spokane	2,706	5,624
Stevens	144	572
Thurston	1,092	1,364
Wahkiakum	199	284
Walla Walla	1,523	1,633
Whatcom	1,500	1,780
Whitman	1,206	2,728
Yakima	861	1,139
Totals	34,145	43,030

The New Lawmakers.

Washington.—At Republican and Democratic congressional headquarters the chairmen have been figuring on the complexion of the next house. Chairman Babcock says he has complete reports from 193 congressional districts, which have elected Republicans; that there are 135 districts that have elected Democrats and Populists, and 28 districts in which the returns are incomplete. These may all be classed as doubtful, he says, with the prospects that the Republicans will secure at least one half of them, which would make a total Republican membership in the fifty-fifth congress of 207. He claims that, under no circumstances, will the Republican membership fall below 200.

Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic committee, although he does not concede the Republicans a majority in the next house, gives them 176, within three of a majority.

The Democrats have made gains as follows: Delaware, 1; Illinois, 1; Missouri, 4; New York, 1; total, 11.

The Republicans have gained as follows: Maryland, 3.

The Demo-Populists have gained 1 in Colorado and 1 in Missouri.

The Next Senate.

Washington.—From returns thus far received, the next senate will probably stand as follows:

Republicans, 44.
Democrats, 32.
Independents and Populists, 12.
Doubtful, 2.

On the currency question, the senate undoubtedly will have an anti-silver majority.

Republicans who bolted the St. Louis ticket and platform are classed as independents. They are: Teller, Dubois, Mantle, Cannon.

Another Utah senator to be elected to succeed Brown will undoubtedly be independent.

Mr. Bryan's Congratulations.

Mr. Bryan sent the following telegram to Mr. McKinley:

"Hon. William McKinley, jr., Canton: Senator Jones has just informed me that the returns indicate your election, and I hasten to extend my congratulations. We have submitted the issue to the people, and their will is law. W. J. BRYAN."

The woman who always has something in hand seldom feels the necessity of wearing gloves.

TRADE WITH CHINA

Pacific Coast States Will Reap Greatest Benefit.

THE CELESTIALS ARE WAKING UP

A Good Field for American Money and Enterprise—Banking Reforms Expected.

Washington, Nov. 10.—It has always been held that China was a good field for American enterprise and American money. Americans who seek to engage in business enterprises in China or Japan find themselves handicapped by the fact that all their business in the way of money must be done through English banking houses. English money finds as good investment in China as it does elsewhere. English capitalists have their investments in the East covered by the exchange through English banking houses. By the same token Americans find it much more difficult to secure a foothold in the Eastern countries for their manufactures and wares, although sold as cheaply as those manufactured in England.

While it does not appear that there has been any change in the matter of American banking business, it is a fact there is a change in the matter of enterprise in China. The son of minister Denby has noted several instances of late showing that Americans are beginning to see that there is a future for them in the matter of Chinese trade and Chinese investment. This has been especially noticeable in the matter of ship and railroad building. Upon this line he says:

"Among these, the American Trading Company, of New York, London, Yokohama and Shanghai, has been the longest in the field. In addition to its usual business of exporting and importing, this company has recently become the agent of the Cramp Shipbuilding Company and of the Union iron works. It also represents an American railroad syndicate, and has submitted bids for the building of a railroad from Soochow to Chinkiang, and for the building of an electric tramway in the foreign concessions at Shanghai. These bids have not as yet been accepted. During the past winter this company was also agent for an American banking syndicate, and entered into negotiations for a loan to China. It is this same company that has secured a concession for a railroad from Chemulpo to Seoul, in Corea, and that has sold two ships on behalf of the Cramp company to the Japanese government.

"Mr. A. W. Bash, of Port Townsend, Wash., is the representative at Peking of a wealthy combination of capitalists in New York, who wish to secure railroad, mining and other contracts in China. The syndicate has organized a company called the American-China Development Company, incorporated under the laws of the state of New Jersey. Their plans are far-reaching and comprehensive, but they have not yet been brought to a sufficiently definite form to justify a report thereon. It is supposed, however, that they will confine their attention to North China, and that they have at present no projects south of the Yangtse river.

"The Bethlehem iron works have been represented in Peking during the winter by Captain Zalinski, U. S. A., retired. This company wishes to obtain orders for coast defenses, armor-plates, disappearing guns, amumnition, etc., and its agent also submitted to the yamen plans for submarine boats. The yamen seems at present disinclined to enter on naval reconstruction, against which they are strongly advised by Sir Robert Hart, inspector-general of customs. The foreign customs revenue is now almost entirely pledged to pay the Russian-French and German-English loans of 200,000,000 taels. A further indebtedness of 50,000,000 taels, on similar terms, would require to meet it the balance of customs revenue now remaining, and would leave China without revenue from this source for many years to come. Want of funds will prevent the purchase of a large fleet or great investment in coast defenses.

American methods and American investments would no doubt do a great deal to stimulate trade with China. It is, of course, known that anything that would increase the business with China would be of immense advantages to the Pacific slope, as the trade with the Orient must be carried on from the Pacific coast. It is known that a great deal of big industries, such as railroad-building, shipbuilding, and in fact anything of a modern character, must of necessity draw from the outside world, and the United States could best supply such demands, and in turn these supplies would be taken from the coast states.

Chicago Stock Exchange Reopened.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—After having been closed for over three months, the Chicago stock exchange reopened today. Though one or two small failures were expected they failed to materialize, most trades held in abeyance by the closing of the exchange having been amicably settled.

Ran Down by a Car.

Tacoma, Nov. 10.—Martin Gunderson, a single Norwegian, aged 30 years, while partially intoxicated tonight, attempted to step in front of a moving car on Pacific avenue. He was struck and fell to the ground, his head striking the pavement, inflicting a slight cut on the side. He died instantly. The dead man was employed by the Tacoma Waerhouse & Elevator Company, as assistant foreman at elevator B.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Produce Market.

FLOUR — Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, $4.00; Benton county and White Lily, $4.00; graham, $3.25; superfine, $2 50 per barrel.

WHEAT—Walla Walla, 74@75c; Valley, 77@78c per bushel.

OATS—Choice white, 35@36c per bushel; choice gray, 31@32c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Bags, $4.25@5.25; barrels, $4.50@7; cases, $3.75.

HAY—Timothy, $10.50 per ton; cheat, $6@7.50; clover, $6.50@7.50; oat, $7.50; wheat $7.50.

BARLEY—Feed barley, $16.00 per ton; brewing, $16@17.

MILLSTUFFS — Bran, $13.00; shorts, $14 50; middlings, $23.00; rye, 90¢ per cental.

BUTTER—Fancy creamery is quoted at 50c; fancy dairy, 35c; fair to good, 20@22½c.

POTATOES.—California, 55c; Oregon, 40@55c per sack; sweets, 2c per pound.

ONIONS—65c per cwt.

POULTRY—Chickens, mixed, $2 25@2.50 broilers, $1.00@1 75; geese, $6.00; turkeys, live, 10c; ducks, $2.00@3.00 per dozen.

EGGS—Ranch, 25c per dozen.

CHEESE — Oregon, 11c; California 8c; Young America, 12c per pound.

VEGETABLES—Garlic, new, 7c per pound; cabbage, 1c per pound; tomatoes, 20c per box; string beans, 2½@3c per pound; wax beans, 2½@3c per pound; cucumbers, 15@25c per box; egg plant, $1.50 per crate; corn, 10@12½c per dozen; summer squash, 25c per box; green peppers, $1 per box.

TROPICAL FRUIT—California lemons, fancy, are quoted at $3.00@4.00 per box; bananas, $2.50 per bunch; Valencia late oranges, $4.50@5.00; pineapples, $3.00@4.00 per dozen.

FRESH FRUIT—California apples, $1.00@1.50; Oregon, $1 per box; crab apples, 65c; pears, 75@85c; prune, 2½c per pound; Salaway peaches, 60@75c; Snake river and Indian Red, 70c per box; watermelons, Rogue river, $1.00 per dozen; California, $1.25 per dozen; canteloupes, Oregon, 60c@$1 per crate; quinces, $1; grapes, 40@80c per crate; Hungarian plums, 60c per box; egg, 1½c per pound; Eastern Concord grapes, 30c per basket.

DRIED FRUITS — Apples, evaporated, bleached, 4@4½c; unbleached, 3½@4c; sun-dried, sacks or boxes, 4@5c; pears, sun and evaporated, 5@6c; prunes, 3@5c per pound; figs, 10c per pound.

WOOL—Valley, 9c, per pound; Eastern Oregon, 5@7c.

HOPS—New crop, 9½@11c; old, 5c.

NUTS—Peanuts, 6@7c per pound for raw, 10c for roasted; cocoanuts, 90c per dozen; walnuts, 12@14c; pine nuts, 15c; hickory nuts, 8@10c; chestnuts, 15c; Brazil, 12c; pecans, large, 14c; Jumbo, 16c; filberts, 12½c; fancy, large, 14c; hard-shell, 8c; paper-shell, 10@12½c.

PROVISIONS—Portland pack: Smoked hams are quoted at 10@10½c per lb; picnic hams, 7c; boneless hams, 7½c; breakfast bacon, 10c; bacon, 6c; dry salt sides, 6½c; lard, 5-pound pails, 7c; 10s, 6¾c; 50s, 6¼c; tierces, 7c per pound.

HIDES—Dry hides, No. 1, 16 pounds and upward, 9@10c per pound; dry kip, No. 1, 5 to 10 pounds, 7c per pound; dry calf, No. 1, under 5 pounds, 11@13c; dry salted, one-third less than dry flint. Salted hides, sound steers, 60 pounds, and over, 6c; do, 50 to 60 pounds, 5c; do, under 50 pounds and cows, 3½@4c; do, kip, sound steers, 15 to 30 pounds, 4c; do, veal, 10 to 14 pounds, 5c; do, calf, under 10 pounds, 5@6c; green (unsalted), 1c per pound less; culls (bulls, stags, moth-eaten, badly cut, scored, hair slipped, weather-beaten or grubby) one-third less.

BEESWAX—20@22 per pound.

TALLOW—Prime, per pound, 2½@3c; No. 2 and grease, 2@2½c.

Merchandise Market.

SALMON—Columbia, river No. 1. talls, $1.25@1.60; No. 2, talls, $2.25@2.50; fancy, No. 1, flats, $1.75@1.85; Alaska, No. 1, talls, $1.20@1.30; No. 2, talls, $1.90@2.25.

CORDAGE—Manilla rope, 1¼-inch, is quoted at 8c; White sisal, hard twisted: Rope, 1¼-in. cir. and upward, 6¼c; rope, 12-thread, 6¾c.

SUGAR—Golden C, 4⅜c; extra C, 4½c; dry granulated, 5c; cube crushed and powdered, 6c per pound; ¼c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; half barrels, ¼c more than barrels; maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

COFFEE—Mocha, 27@31c per pound; Java, fancy, 24@29c; Costa Rica, 20@23½c; Caracal, 22½@25c; Salvador, 19@22c; Arbuckle, $18.15; Lion, $18.15; Columbia, $18 15 per case.

RICE—Island, 4½@5c; Japan, 4½@5c; New Orleans, 4@4¼c.

COAL OIL — Cases, 19c; barrels, 17½c; tanks, 15½c per gallon.

WHEAT BAGS—Calcutta, $4.25@4.37½ for July and August deliveries.

Meat Market.

BEEF—Gross, top steers, $2.25; cows, $1.75@2.00; dressed beef, 3½@4½c per pound.

MUTTON—Gross, best sheep, wethers, $1.75; ewes, $1.50; dressed mutton, 3½c per pound.

VEAL—Net, small, 5@5½c; large, 4c per pound.

HOGS—Gross, choice, heavy, $3.00@3.25; light and feeders, $2.50; dressed, $3.50@3.75 per cwt.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

POTATOES — Garnet Chile, 40@60c; Salinas Burbanks, 50@65c; Early Rose, 25@30c; River Burbanks, 25@35c; sweets, 75c@$1.25 per cental.

ONIONS—25@30c per sack for yellow, 50c for pickle.

EGGS—Store, 24@26c; ranch, 37½c; ducks, 25c per dozen.

CHEESE—Fancy, mild, new, 9@10c; fair to good, 7½@8½c; Young America, 9@10c; Eastern, 12@13c per pound.

WOOL — San Joaquin and Southern coast, poor, 4@5; do good, 4½@6c; San Joaquin foothill, good to choice, 6½@7½c; do year's fleece, 4@5½c; Nevada, heavy, 6@7c; do, choice, 8@8½c; Northern, choice, 10@11c per pound.

HAY—Wheat, $8 00@11; wheat and oat, $7@10; oat, $6@9; barley, $6.00@8 00; alfalfa, first crop, $4@5; do second crop, $5.50@6.50; clover, $6@8; stock, $4.50@5 50; per ton.

VEGETABLES—Bay tomatoes, 15@25c; bay cucumbers, 25@35c per box; pickles, best, 1½c per pound; bay squash, 20@25c; egg plant, 25@40c; Alameda corn, $1; Berkley, do, 50@60c per crate; green peppers, 25@50c; green okra, 40@75c per box; Lima beans, 50@75c; string beans, $1 per sack; garlic, 1@2c per pound.