State Chemist, California:

The ROYAL fulfils all the requirements. Our tests show it has greater leavening power than any other.

Interesting Washing.

An amusing little story is told in connection with a French journalist, who in his early days as a reporter had a deeply rooted aversion to the regulation notebook of his order, and hit upon a method of taking notes which afforded him great satisfaction.

He wore large white linen cuffs, and upon them, by the aid of a tiny pencil, he took down his notes and impressions in all sorts of places, unobserved by those around him.

At first his laundress was greatly puzzled by these peculiar ornamentations, but as time went on she learned to decipher many of them, and gathered the news of the week from her patron's cuffs, much to her delight.

One night, when she took home the washing, the journalist chanced to be coming out of his room as she entered.

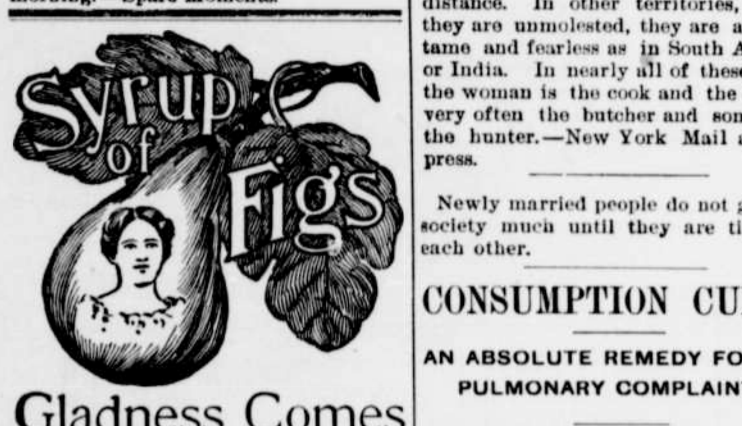
"Ah, monsieur," she said, dropping a courtesy, "your last washing was very interesting, but we had less political news than the week before. Is it not so?" —London Tit-Bits.

Curious Insurance.

A curious form of life insurance is springing up in French manufacturing towns under the name of La Fourmi (the ant). The peculiarity is that the longer a man lives the less he becomes entitled to. The payment of $1 a month assures the payment of $1,000 to the heirs of a man dying before the age of 38, the payment diminishing proportionately to $510 at 51. The idea seems to be that if a man dies young his children are likley to be in want, but that when he is 50 they will be able to earn their living.

Young Wife—John, mother says she wants to be cremated.

Young Husband—Tell her if she'll get on her things I'll take her there this morning.—Spare Moments.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

ECZEMA From early childhood until I was grown my family spent a fortune trying to cure me of this disease. I visited Hot Springs and was treated by the best medical men, but was not benefited. When all things had failed I determined to try S.S.S. and in four months was entirely cured. The terrible eczema was gone, not a sign of it left. My general health built up, and I have never had any return of the disease. I have often recommended S.S.S. and have never yet known a failure to cure.
GEO. W. IRWIN, Irwin, Pa.

FROM CHILDHOOD

SSS Never fails to cure, even when all other remedies have. Our treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

RICHEST MAN IN THE WORLD.

The Duke of Westminster Is Awarded that Distinction.

His grace the Duke of Westminster, honest man, sleeps easily. Though his children number some seven living, and he has grandchildren too many to be reckoned readily, yet he has no fear for the morrow. The duke is probably the richest man in the world. Li Hung Chang has been rated higher, and Americans in their pride claim greater wealth for Mr. Rockefeller, but, everything considered, the Duke of Westminster's holdings will doubtless top those of the Chinaman and the American. He is certainly the heaviest owner of real estate in the world. There is considerable uncertainty as to the title of property in China. It is the subject's to-day; it may be the emperor's or it may be parceled out among other citizens to-morrow. Mr. Rockefeller's is largely in stocks and securities. The duke's is principally real estate. Its value and earnings are little affected by outside causes. For a century indeed the only variation has been an increase of value and rentals. The duke is interested in many commercial enterprises and railway and other corporations, but, as was said, the bulk of his belongings is in the nature of real estate, business blocks, market places, houses and farms. His income ranges from $4,000,000 to $5,000,000 annually. It is not so great as that of several Americans, whose aggregate wealth is much less than that of Westminster, but if their returns are larger their risk is greater. The duke's belongings, real and personal, amount to about $175,000,000.

DUKE OF WESTMINSTER.

The duke's popularity is as great as his wealth. If his position were elective and he were to resign, he would be returned again at the next election. He is a truly democratic peer—making the true distinction between democracy and the vulgarity and viciousness of Aylesford, Queensberry and other notorious aristocrats dead and alive. He is beloved of his tenantry and admired by people of all classes whether they are his dependants or otherwise. His popularity was not gained in politics or in diplomacy, but from association. His hospitality is boundless and his many ancestral seats are always filled with guests. The fire is alight the year round. It is in the hunting field that his grace finds greatest joy. He is a true sportsman, and is careless whether farmers or princes accompany him in the chase. It is the game he seeks, not society. He is the best judge of a horse in the United Kingdom, and is not wholly theoretical in his information. He can fit a racing plate to a horse's foot with the skill of a master smith. His horses are the pride of his life. His stud farm is the estate on which his principal country seat, Eaton Hall, is situated. This is in Chester, near Hawarden, the home of Gladstone. The lords of the stud are the great Ben d'Or and Ormonde.

The duke, who describes himself as being in the prime of life, was born October 18, 1825, and is now in his seventy-first year. He has been married twice, the first time in 1852. His wife was Lady Constance Gertrude Leweson-Gower, daughter of George Granville, duke of Sutherland. They had eleven children, of whom six are now living. The first duchess died in 1880, and in 1883 the duke married Katherine Caroline Cavendish, daughter of Lord Chesham. They have three children.

In discussing the democratic ways of the duke Englishmen relate the story of a stranger who desired to see the art treasures of Eaton Hall. He met an elderly man walking about the grounds, and from his dress, which was a semihunting costume and not too new, thought the man to be a retainer of the duke. The stranger asked the man to show him about the place, which the person did, pointing out, explaining and listening to the visitor's comments on the duke and the family with interest and received with thanks a half sovereign to requite him for his trouble. The following day the visitor rode out to the hunt and in the master of the hounds, who was also lord lieutenant of the county and Duke of Westminster, he recognized his guide of the day before. It is explained by the enthusiastic fellow countrymen of the duke that the reason the great man did not decline the "tip" given him by the visitor was his fear of disconcerting the stranger. It would have been so utterly out of character for an English servant to decline money that the peer would have been obliged to disclose his identity to explain his refusal.

SOUTH AFRICAN COOKERY.

The Native Bill of Fare Carries Dismay to the White Man.

A very palatable dish is made of an elephant's foot by putting it in a hole, building a fire around and over it and keeping it going for five or six hours. Elephant's tail is said to be very delicious when washed, scraped and fried until it is a rich brown. A novel way of making a stew is practiced by one tribe, who use the animal's skin as a receptacle for water. Put in this water vegetables and pieces of meat and then add redhot stones. This generates vast quantities of steam and makes the water boil without injuring greatly the surrounding hide. At the end of an hour the contents are cooked and the water has become a very fair soup, but a little peculiar on account of the amount of cinders, sand and fragments of stone it contains. Still another tribe cook locusts, grasshoppers, katydids and the like, and say they taste a great deal like an overcooked shrimp. None of the native tribes, so far as known, ever eat the lion, but they have no such feeling toward other carnivora.

The jackal, wolf and fox are more or less popular, and are reported to give a very palatable meat. Where our people hang mutton, game and the immortal goose to season it and give it a rich flavor, many South American tribes secure the same result by burying meat in the earth and leaving it there for several days. No civilized man has ever been able to eat it in this condition, but the savages pronounce it a delicacy of extraordinary merit. Not alone is cannibalism practiced to a large extent, but our Darwinian cousins of the monkey tribe share the same fate. In the districts where they are employed as food they are very timid and fly at the sight of a human being even at great distance. In other territories, where they are unmolested, they are about as tame and fearless as in South America or India. In nearly all of these tribes the woman is the cook and the waiter, very often the butcher and sometimes the hunter.—New York Mail and Express.

Newly married people do not go into society much until they are tired of each other.

CONSUMPTION CURED

AN ABSOLUTE REMEDY FOR ALL PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.

T. A. Slocum Offers to Send Two Bottles Free of His Remedy to Cure Consumption and All Lung Troubles —An Elixir of Life.

Nothing could be fairer, more philanthropic or carry more joy in its wake than the offer of T. A. Slocum, M. C., of 183 Pearl street, New York. Perfectly confident that he has an absolute remedy for the cure of consumption and all pulmonary complaints, he offers through this paper to send two bottles free to any reader who is suffering from lung trouble or consumption, also loss of flesh and all conditions of wasting. He invites those desirous of obtaining this remedy to send their express and postoffice address, and to receive in return the two bottles free, which will arrest the approach of death. Already this remedy, by its timely use, has permanently cured thousands of cases which were given up, and death was looked upon as an early visitor.

Knowing his remedy as he does, and being so proof-positive of its beneficent results, Dr. Slocum considers it his religious duty, a duty which he owes to humanity, to donate his infallible remedy where it will assault the enemy in its citadel, and, by its inherent potency, stay the current of dissolution, bringing joy to homes over which the shadow of the grave has been gradually growing more strongly defined, causing fond hearts to grieve. The cheapness of the remedy—offered freely—apart from its inherent strength, is enough to commend it, and more so is the perject confidence of the great chemist making the offer, who holds out life to those already becoming emaciated, and says: "Be cured."

The invitation is certainly worthy of the consideration of the afflicted, who, for years, have been taking nauseous nostrums without effect; who have ostracised themselves from home and friends to live in more salubrious climes, where the atmosphere is more congenial to weakened lungs, and who have fought against death with all the weapons and strength in their hands. There will be no mistake in sending for these free bottles—the mistake will be in passing the invitation by.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by **Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer.** No Fits after the first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

We will forfeit $1 000 if any of our published testimonials are proven to be not genuine. THE PISO CO., Warren, Pa.

TRY GERMEA for breakfast.

Extract from catalogue of lending library: "In the novels and stories marked with an asterisk, the happy couples get married at the finish."

HILL A MISOGYNIST.

SENATOR IS NOT A CANDIDATE THIS SEASON.

Has Risen from a Peanut Boy to His Present Position, with No Help Save His Own Brains—His Political Ambition Under Restraint.

Not His Year.

Senator David Bennett Hill will be 53 Aug. 29. He is a New Yorker by birth, and his juvenile days were spent on a farm. His mother was left a widow, and David, her eldest son, was compelled to go to work when very small. At the age of 11 he commenced to sell newspapers, candy, peanuts, etc., on the New York Central trains, and was probably the first urchin who ever engaged in that business in the United States.

Young Hill commenced to make money at the start, and some years later on Hon. Lucius Robinson, afterward Governor of the State, was so attracted by the lad that he took him into his law office at Elmira. Step by step Hill began to climb the ladder of fame, until he was Governor of New York three times, and then went to the Senate, where he has taken front rank as a debater and worker.

SENATOR D. B. HILL.

The Senator is a bachelor, and is given up as a hopeless case, so far as venturing upon the matrimonial sea is concerned. Mr. Hill gives frequent bachelor dinners and entertains a number of the prominent men from various portions of the country from time to time. For society he has no use, and avoids the ordinary dinners and receptions, putting in most of his time in work and study. Evidently he thinks that men and women waste a great deal of valuable time, for not long since, when complaining that Congress was doing so little, he made the point that the men might be able to do more work in Washington if all the women were sent away while Congress was in session.

Mr. Hill declares to his friends that he will make no effort this year to secure the presidential nomination. He seems to think that this isn't his year. It is his intention, though, to take an active part in the campaign, no matter who is nominated; and he does not take a gloomy view of Democratic prospects.

Admission to Community of Letters.

It is not a community of writers, but a community of letters. One gets admission, not because he writes—write he never so cleverly, like a gentleman and a man of wit—but because he is literate, a true initiate into the secret craft and mystery of letters. What that secret is a man may know, even though he cannot practise or appropriate it. If a man can see the permanent element in things—the true sources of laughter, the real fountains of tears, the motives that strike along the main lines of conduct, the acts which display the veritable characters of men, the trifles that are significant, the details that make the mass—if he knew these things, and can also choose words with a like knowledge of their power to illuminate and reveal, give color to the eye and passion to the thought, the secret is his, and an entrance to that immortal communion.—Century.

Not the Same.

A terse and clever characterization was that by which Beranger, the poet, summed up Victor Hugo's relation to the great republican spirit of France. Hugo, although it is said that he was not a republican at the very beginning of his career, became a most enthusiastic and outspoken one. He represented the pictorial, dramatic side of popular feeling and became so picturesque a figure in French politics that he could not have failed to serve as a popular idol.

Beranger, who was a republican of the simplest type, notwithstanding his share in establishing Louis Philippe on the throne, defined the poet's attitude in one line.

One day, says the Contemporary Review, shortly after the revolution which overtoppled the throne, an acquaintance of Beranger met him coming out of the Palais-Bourbon. "I shall feel obliged," said the poet, "if you will see me home, for I do not feel at all well. Those violent scenes inside are there are not to my taste. I am not at all well," he continued, with a wistful smile; "I have been accused of having held the plank over which Louis Philippe went to the Tuileries. I wish I could be the bridge across the Channel on which he would return. Certainly I would have liked a republic, but not such as we are having in there."

He pointed to the home of the Constituent Assembly. "You ought to be pleased," said his friend. "Victor Hugo is in the same regiment with you."

"Victor Hugo is not in the regiment," was the quiet reply. "He is in the band."

Why They Wept.

Talker—When I lectured there was not a dry eye in the audience.

Walker—Indeed, and what was your subject?

Talker—I had been addressing a school of cookery and giving a practical illustration of how to peel an onion.—San Francisco Examiner.

Mrs. Dukane—"The women of different cities have their own particular fad." Mrs. Gaswell—"What is the women's fad in Chicago?" Mrs. Dugane—"Husbandry."—Pittsburg Chronicle.

LICENSE FOR DRINKERS.

Provisions of a Temperance Measure Introduced in the Iowa Legislature.

Among the extraordinary measures introduced into the general assembly of Iowa during the first week of its existence was a bill sent to the senate committee on the suppression of intemperance, which provides that any person wishing to indulge in intoxicating liquors shall first procure a regular license from the municipal government under which he lives before being allowed to buy at dramshops and mulct saloons. The idea of the proposed law is to discourage drunkenness by forcing drinkers to exhibit their desires in public and to disgust them by forcing them to show to the bartender a parchment with a green seal and blue ribbons before being allowed to drink his potion.

Senator Perrin introduced the bill. He represents a constituency which is earnestly in favor of prohibition. He himself is chairman of the senate committee on the suppression of intemperance, and he voted for the mulct modification of the state wide prohibitory law two years ago. His introduction of the bill was a surprise to his friends.

The bill provides that every person wishing to take a drink shall secure a license from the city council of the city or town in which he lives. For such license city councils are empowered to charge $2, the privileges conferred thereunder being extended for a period of 12 months by the provisions on the face of the license issued.

The license shall be used to secure drink, which is to be consumed at a bar in the usual manner. The license is not transferable. Any relative over 14 or any friend of the applicant for a license to drink may apply to the city council and protest against the issuance of the license. Saloon keepers shall not sell to any person not having a license, and for each sale to persons not having a license to drink, the saloon keeper shall be fined $10 and the cost of suit. —Chicago Record.

Woman's Standing.

Rev. Leon Harrison, a prominent Jewish rabbi of this city, is delivering a series of lectures on "The New Woman." He thinks that the true sphere of the modern woman is not bounded on the north by the cooking stove, on the south by the cradle, on the east by the ballroom and on the west by the bargain counter. The civilization of any country may be measured by the standing accorded to women. We are today on the verge of farreaching changes, yet know not what their outcome will be. We behold a restlessness seizing on this hitherto dormant section of the community.—St. Louis Christian Advocate.

POT BOILING.

From the running of the maple trough in the Spring to the boiling of the apple butter pot in the fall, and all the household boiling between times, there are a thousand chances of very severe scalds and burns. In all household work, winter and summer, in great factories and in nurseries, where careless children play with matches, there is need of something to be always on hand in such emergencies, and St. Jacobs Oil fills that want to the letter. With careful attention to directions for use, there is nothing more soothing, healing and curative than this great remedy for pain. It cures promptly, and, making a new surface, leaves no scars. The pain of scalds or burns is acute and torturing, and the relief by the use of the Oil is immediate and sure.

Physician—Take hot water and a little sugar three times a day and your stomach trouble will cease. Bilkins—Yes, doctor, but it's disagreeable stuff to take; can't I have a little something with it?

FAIR AND FRUITFUL

As the West is, it is often malarious. But it is pleasant to know that a competent safeguard in the shape of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters exists, which absolutely nullifies the poison of miasma. Western bound emigrants should bear this in mind. Nor should it be forgotten, the Bitters is a sterling remedy for dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, kidney and nervous complaints and rheumatism.

"I cannot tell a lie," said he,
As guilt suffused his brow!
And pointed to the cherry tree—
But that's a chestnut now.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY,

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by druggists, price 75c per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

SURE CURE FOR PILES ... DR. BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY. ... DR. BOSANKO, Phila., Pa.

BANK PRESIDENT BEALS.

The Great Financier Found Health in Paine's Celery Compound.

Prominent among the New England men whose brains and energy have helped to make the western states rich and powerful is General David T. Beals, president of the Union national bank of Kansas City. Successful in his many enterprises, he lives today in a fine mansion at the corner of Independence and Wabash aves.

The work and the responsibility incumbent upon the president of so important a banking institution as the Union national would endanger the sturdiest health. Gen. Beals' clearheadedness and good sense were as manifest in the choice of a remedy as in his business enterprises. He strengthened his tired nervous system by the use of Paine's celery compound. Its invigorating, health-giving effects justified his expectations, and showed in his own case the remarkable power of this much-discussed remedy for thoroughly restoring and strengthening the "run-down" system.

"I found Paine's celery compound an agreeable tonic and soothing to the nerves," says General Beals.

These are the concise words of commendation characteristic of the conservative business man and the influential banker, who has learned to weigh well his words.

The scanty sunlight and the stagnant, used-up air of living rooms during the winter reduces the strength and nervous energy, especially of persons employed constantly indoors. The need—the absolute necessity—of a genuine ingivorator at this spring season has impressed itself on the attention of all thinking people.

In the famous laboratory of Dartmouth Medical School, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D, discovered the formula of Paine's celery compound, a remedy that has become the standard nerve restorer, blood purifier, and strengthener from one end of the country to the other, a preparation that stands unrivalled as the medicine that makes people well.

It is a fact much commented upon that men and women of national reputation and prominence, like Gen. Beals, State Treas. Colvin of New York, Mr. Carlisle's private secretary, Mayor McShane of Montreal, Rev. Fr. Ouellet, Com. Howell, ex-Minister to Austria John M. Francis, and a host of others who are careful what they employ when sick, and have the amplest opportunities for finding out what is best, have of their own accord sent letters describing fully their permanent recovery from rheumatism, heart weakness, sleeplessness, debility, kidney trouble, and diseases of the stomach and liver. In all these cases Paine's celery compound was the remedy that was able to completely and permanently bring back health, make poor blood again rich and pure, and regulate and build up the nervous system when weakened and deranged.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH, RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND **PENNYROYAL PILLS**
THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE. The only Safe, Sure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. Refuse Substitutions and Imitations. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Sold by all Local Druggists.
CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., 2521 Madison Sq., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

WOMAN FOR YOU
The very remarkable and certain relief given woman by MOORE'S REVEALED REMEDY has given it the name of Woman's Friend. It is uniformly successful in relieving the backaches, headaches and weakness which burden and shorten a woman's life. Thousands of women testify for it. It will give health and strength and make life a pleasure. For sale by all druggists.
BLUMAUER-FRANK DRUG CO., PORTLAND, Agents.

SAW FLOUR MINING MARINE WARE-HOUSE **MACHINERY** AT FIRST COST...
BY CORRESPONDING WITH
THE WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS
PORTLAND, OREGON

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP — FOR CHILDREN TEETHING —
For sale by all Druggists. 25 Cents a bottle.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Different Points of View.

Two girl friends met on the street and stopped to shake hands.

"So glad to meet you, Grace," said the tailor-made Alice. "Was just on my way to ask you, as my oldest friend, to be one of my bridesmaids."

"Bridesmaid! How lovely! I did not know you were engaged," replied the fin-de-siecle Grace.

"It's sudden, very sudden; but he's awfully in love, and is just too lovely to live. Will you act?"

"Act? Of course. I'll be charmed. But," moving forward and speaking in an undertone, "do come round the corner and tell me all about it. There comes that idiotic, irrepressible ass, Jim Berton. He's grinning as though he meant to stop, and I don't care to be seen talking to him."

"Jim Berton? He's the man I'm going to marry?"

He Tried It a Second Time.

A new story of the late John P. Spaulding, illustrating his unlimited generosity and original methods of distributing it, was told the Saunterer the other day.

The "sugar king" of Broad street was a confirmed bachelor, as everybody well knew. His brother, the late Mahlon D. Spaulding, used to live in Beacon street, and was the father of a happy family. At the birth of the first child word was sent to the rich uncle that the boy had been named after him, "John P. Spaulding, 2d." Uncle John responded with a check for $10,000. A couple of years later another heir was born, this time a girl, and Uncle John was again notified that the little daughter had been named after him. This was a stickler for the uncle, and he wrote for particulars. A day or two afterward he received a reply, something in these words: "There is really no mistake. We named our little daughter 'Spaulding'—after you." Uncle John sent another $10,000 check.

Is this what ails you?

Have you a feeling of weight in the Stomach—Bloating after eating—Belching of Wind—Vomiting of Food—Waterbrash—Heartburn—Bad Taste in the Mouth in the Morning—Palpitation of the Heart, due to Distension of Stomach—Cankered Mouth—Gas in the Bowels—Loss of Flesh—Fickle Appetite—Depressed, Irritable Condition of the Mind—Dizziness—Headache—Constipation or Diarrhœa?

Then you have

DYSPEPSIA

in one of its many forms. The one positive cure for this distressing complaint is

Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets,

by mail, prepaid, on receipt of 25 cents.
CHARLES RAMSEY, Hotel Imperial, New York, says: "I suffered horribly from dyspepsia, but Acker's Tablets, taken after meals, have cured me."
ACKER MEDICINE CO., 16 & 18 Chambers St., N.Y.

The Unscrupulous Merchant

who tries to make you believe some other skirt binding is as good as

S.H.&M. REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

Bias Velveteen Skirt Binding

should be taught a lesson—buy it elsewhere.

Look for "S. H. & M.," *on the Label,* and take no other.

If your dealer will not supply you we will.

Send for samples showing labels and materials, to the S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 699, New York City.

FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE SICK or "Just Don't Feel Well," DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED **LIVER PILLS** are the One Thing to use. Only One for a Dose. Sold by druggists at 25c. a box. Samples Free. Address the Dr. Bosanko Med. Co., Phila. Pa.

OFFICE OF
BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.
DURHAM, N. C.

To ALL Merchants Who Retail TOBACCO.

Dear Sir:

You are entitled to receive FREE from your wholesale dealer, WHITE STAR SOAP with all the **Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco** you buy. One bar of soap Free with each pound, whether 16 oz., 8 oz., 4 oz., or 2 oz., packages.

We have notified every wholesale dealer in the United States that we will supply them with soap to give you FREE. Order a good supply of GENUINE DURHAM at once, and insist on getting your soap. One bar of Soap FREE with each pound you buy. Soap is offered for a limited time, so order to-day. Yours very truly,

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.

If you have any difficulty in procuring your soap, cut out this notice and send it with your order to your wholesale dealer.