NEWBERG GRAPHIC.

ADVERTISING RATES:

One Column.....Twenty Dollars
Half Column.....Ten Dollars
Professional Cards.....One Dollar

Reading Notices will be inserted at the rate of Ten cents per Line.

Advertising Bills Collected Monthly

NEWBERG GRAPHIC.

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NEWBERG GRAPHIC

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year.....$1 50
Six Months.....75
Three Months.....50

Subscription Price Payable Invariably in Advance.

Address, GRAPHIC, Newberg, Oregon.

CHURCH NOTES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Services every second and fourth Lord's day at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath-school every Sunday at 10 a. m. REV. W. A. WILLISON, Pastor.

FRIENDS CHURCH.—Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., and Thursday at 10 a. m. Sabbath school every Sunday at 10 a. m. Monthly meeting at 10 a. m. the first Saturday in each month. Quarterly meeting the second Saturday and Sunday in February, May, August and November.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.—Regular service first and third Sundays of each month at 10 a. m.; second and fourth Sundays at 7 p. m. Sabbath school every Sunday at 11 a. m.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services first Sabbath in the month at 8 P. M.; third Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 3 o'clock.

SOCIETY NOTICES.

Y. M. C. A.—Devotional services every Sunday evening. Young men earnestly requested to attend.

I. O. O. F.—Sessions held Saturday evening in the rooms over Moore's Drug store.

Y. W. C. T. U.—Business meeting the second Saturday in every month.

G. A. R.—Sessions held first and third Thursday evening in each month.

W. C. T. U.—Business meeting held the third Saturday afternoon in each month.

OFFICAL DIRECTORY.

City of Newberg.

Mayor.....Samuel Hobson
Recorder.....J. H. Howard
Marshal.....J. J. Woods
Treasurer.....Moses Vetaw
Street Commissioner.....A. C. Cox
Surveyor.....F. E. Hobson

ALDERMEN.

First Ward.....I. M. Parker, N. C. Maris
Second Ward.....Henry Austin, J. M. Boyce
Third Ward.....H. Cooper, J. R. Hunt

EAST AND SOUTH

—VIA—

Southern Pacific Route.

SHASTA LINE.

Trains leave and are due to arrive at Portland:

LEAVE.	FROM FEB. 1, 1891	ARRIVE.
*7:00 P. M	OVERLAND EXPRESS. Salem, Albany, Eugene, Roseb'g Grant's Pass, Medford Ashland, Sacramento, Ogden, San Francisco, Mojave, Los Angeles, El Paso, New Orleans, and East	*7:35 A. M.
*8:05 A. M.	Roseberg & way stations	*4:00 P. M.
†8:05 A. M.	Via Woodburn for Mt. Angel, Silverton, West Scio, Brownsville and Coburg	†4:00 P. M.
†5:00 P. M.	Albany and way stations	†8:55 A. M.
†7:30 A. M.	Corvallis & way stations	†5:30 P. M.
†4:40 P. M.	McMinnville & way sta's	†8:20 A. M.

Dining Cars on Ogden Route.

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Tourist Sleeping Cars

For accommodation of second-class passengers attached to all trains.

Through ticket office, 134 First street, where through tickets to all points in the Eastern states, Canada and Europe can be obtained at lowest rates from J. B. KIRKLAND, Ticket Agent.

All above trains arrive and depart from Grand Central station, Fifth and I streets.

NARROW GAUGE—W. S. DIVISION

—AND—

Portland and Willamette Valley Railway

Passenger depot foot of Jefferson street.

†7:20 A. M.	Oswego & way st ti's	†6:30 A. M.
†12:15 P. M.		†8:30 A. M.
†1:55 P. M.		†1:30 P. M.
†5:15 P. M.		†3:10 P. M.
†5:30 P. M.		†6:20 P. M.
†8:35 P. M.		†7:40 P. M.
*9:40 A. M.	Oswego, Newberg, Dundee, Dayton, Lafayette, Sheridan, Monmouth & Airlie	†3:20 P. M.
†4:30 P. M.	Sheridan & way stations	†9:30 A. M.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

Ferries connect with all trains for Sellwood and Milwaukie. R. KOEHLER, Manager.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. F. & P. Agt.

A TRIBUTE TO THE SHEAVES.

All day the reapers on the hill
Have plied their task with sturdy will,
But now the field is void and still;

And, wandering thither, I have found
The bearded spears in sheaves well bound,
And stacked in many a golden mound.

And while cool evening suavely grows,
And o'er the sunset's dying rose
The first great white star throbs and glows

And from the clear east, red of glare,
The ascendant harvest moon floats fair
Through dreamy deeps and purple air.

And in among the slanted sheaves
A tender light its glamour weaves,
A lovely light that lures, deceives—

Then swayed by Fancy's dear command,
Amid the past I seem to stand,
In hallowed Bethlehem's harvest land!

And through the dim field, vague descried,
A homeward host of shadows glide,
And sickles gleam on every side.

Shadows of man and maid I trace,
With shapes of strength and shapes of grace,
Yet gaze but on a single face—

A candid brow, still smooth with youth;
A tranquil smile; a mien of truth—
The patient, stareyed gleaner, Ruth!
—Edgar Fawcett.

Tom Craig's Wonderful Pig.

Our friend, Jacob Staff, sends us the following, and assures us that it is a genuine article:

"The owners of fox dogs in Harrison county have all been telling about their fine dogs and their achievements; but Captain Tom Craig now comes to the front with a story of a pig that discounts all the dog yarns that the fox dog owners have been spinning. Captain Craig, being accosted with this scribe's usual salutation—'tell me something'—said: 'I have a fox dog that I want to tell you about. He is of the "root-hog-or-die" species, and is about 3 months old, and was a present to my little boy from my neighbor, Henry Stevens. He is a common looking speckled pig, and has been raised a pet with the puppies. He eats and sleeps with them, and when I go hunting he goes too, and will stay out with us three hours at a time.

"'It would amuse you to see him circling to come in and head the dogs when they get to far ahead of him. Of course he cannot keep up with them when they are running fast. The other night we were out hunting and the pig got behind, but he cut in and soon caught us, and was with us at the tree. I would have paid a good price for a picture of the scene at this tree. The dogs laid down, one of them drawing a bed of leaves around him. The pig went and laid down with him, putting his head on the dog's forefeet, which were crossed.'"
—American Field.

PACIFIC COAST.

City of Saints Has a Visitation of Footpads.

ROBBED HIS SISTER-IN-LAW.

"Whistling Dick" is Doing Truckee Honor---He is Regarded as a Veritable Mascott.

Spokane is to have a $500,000 court house.

The Salt Works at Salton have begun operations again.

The steamer Keweenaw, 154 days from New York, has reached San Diego.

The Portland Smelting Works are to be run to their full capacity.

Sacramento's freeholders to form a charter have organized for work.

A most important find has been made in the Old Abe gold mine at White Oaks, N. M.

California will have 469,000 tons of wheat for export between now and the first of next June.

The closing of the Candalier mines has considerably affected traffic on the Carson and Colorado road.

So far $8,300 have been paid out as two weeks wages in an effort to raise the steamship San Pedro, on the rocks off Victoria, B. C.

A new evening paper is contemplated for Virginia City, "to be run independent of the mining companies and in the interest of the stockholders."

The violaters of the game law in Oregon are many, and an association has been organized at Portland which offers a reward of $25 for the arrest and conviction of each offender.

The celebrated mining suit of Gilpin vs. The Sierre Nevada Company, has ended in favor of the defendants at Boise City, Idaho. Gilpin, by an injunction, has kept the mine closed three years.

Harry Gatshall, a well-known saloon proprietor of Astoria, is under arrest for running away with his sister-in-law's diamonds and jewelry and a negotiable note for $500. He was caught in Portland.

The chapel car Evangel is traveling through the Northwest in the service of Gospel Army. It has been turned over to the Amer can Baptist Sunday School Association, under whose charge it will be while on this coast.

Salt Lake City is overrun with footpads. Scarcely a night passes but from six to ten men are held up at nights on the residence streets of the town. The police seem powerless to deal with the fellows. Anaconda is likewise troubled.

Johnathan Oldham, a carpenter of Seattle, lost what little cash he had at Ivaro, and not satisfied with his ill luck, forged his wife's name to a certificate of deposit of $200. The paper was cashed and Mrs. Oldham will hold the bank responsible. The officials of that institution will prosecute Oldham for forgery.

The first full cargo of American tin ever produced from an American tin mine was received at San Diego last week from the Temescal mines. The shipment consisted of 420 pigs, or 36,800 pounds. The output of the Temescal mines is being rapidly increased, and American tin will be regularly put on market in car load lots.

Mrs. Delaguerra, the widow of Don Pablo Delaguerra, who was a prominent character in the early history of California, is suing for the plaza on which the city hall of Santa Barbara now stands, a valuable piece of property in the center of the business portion, claiming the land by virtue of a grant made by the Ayuntamiento of the town in the 40's, and confirmed in 18851 by the City Council.

Whistling Dick is respected at Truckee as the luckiest man who ever entered the town. He has been shot at nine times by men who meant business, and has escaped the slightest injury. The other day he got in a dispute with a bartender, and was ordered to leave the house. Dick refused, and called the bartender a bad name. The latter pulled his revolver and fired at Dick point blank. Although hardly six feet separated the men, the bullet struck the door three inches from Dick's body. Dick turned and walked out of the door.

All the compositors on the Oakland *Times* went out on a strike the other night. They state that about three weeks ago the proprietor of the paper left notes on the cases of several printers, saying that their services were no longer desired and warning them not to come around the office again. The men walked out quietly. A committee had an ineffective conference with the *Times* manager afterwards. It is understood that the printers asked for reinstatement of the discharged men and the manager refused.

The first failure, caused by the unusual condition of the grain market and the drop in charters of ships, occurred at San Francisco one day last week. Lowenthal, Livingston & Co., shipping and commission merchants, were attached by ship owners for money due on unfilled charters and attachments. This means the failure of the firm. The formal attachment was for $10,137, but this is but a small part of the money due by the firm. The Sheriff took possession of the office, receiving some $3,000 or $4,000 on hand in cash. Lowenthal, Livington & Co. were dealers in salmon, and have an interest in an Alaska cannery. They shipped canned salmon to Robert Crooks & Son, a large and very wealthy firm of Liverpool. Mr. Lowenthal said to-day that as a result of the attachment the firm will either make an assignment or go into insolvency for the general protection of all creditors. "The failure is due to causes," he said, "the fall in the price of salmon, and the fall of charters." The debts of the firm are $60,000 or $70,000 to ship owners and $100,000 due Robert Crooks & Son. The amount of the assets will be learned in the court proceedings. The failure of Lowenthal, Livingston & Co. is not likely to cause any bankruptcies among the ship charterers.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Ives, a Convict in the Massachusetts Pen, Has Translated Eight of Dumas' Novels.

Arthur James Balfour, the English leader, is a bachelor and about 43 years old.

Count Herbert Bismarck's resemblance to his great father is said to grow more striking as years roll on.

Captain J. Wall Wilson, a survivor of the Kane Arctic expedition, is hale and hearty despite the loss of a toe in the ice.

Gilbert a'Beckett, the humorist, who recently died, was a man of sweet and gentle disposition, though a life-long invalid.

Dr. Charles C. Abbott has found a cave of slate in New Jersey in which were discovered vestiges of the life of pre-Columbian man.

Professor F. Nicholls Crouch, the composer of the music for "Kathleen Mavourneen," now lives in Baltimore at an advanced age.

Although Horace Greely died nineteen years ago, letters to his address are still received every now and then at the New York *Tribune* office.

The Czar's famous minister, M de Giers, is now in bad health, suffering from the painful disease which carried off the last Emperor of the French.

William II loves homely fare. He insists on having on his table every Thursday a dish of mashed peas, smoked beef and sauerkraut to be eaten together.

In Boston the remarkable shock of hair which Paderewski, the pianist, wears has led somebody to remark that he looks like a human chrysanthemum.

Mr. McDermott, nephew of the late Mr. Parnell, who acquired fame by horsewhipping Timothy Healey, is said to be the best waltzer in Dublin society.

Mrs. Hodgson Burnett has called a newsboys' home that she has founded "Lionel's Home," to perpetuate the memory of her son Lionel, the original of "Little Lord Fauntleroy."

Field Marshal Von Moltke was in the service of the Sultan of Turkey between 1836 and 1841. During that time he wrote several essays on Oriental military affairs and the geography of Asia Minor.

Mr. Du Maurier, the famous social caricaturist, has been for some time without the sight of one eye and the other is considerably affected. His work is done on a large scale and reduced by the engraver.

Dean Swift did not consider critics immortal. He once said: "If the men of genius would resolve never to complain in their works of critics and directors, the next age would not know that they ever had any."

G. B. Ives, the young ex assistant district attorney of Essex county Mass., who is now serving a sentence in Charlestown State prison for extensive forgeries, has translated eight of Dumas' novels for a Boston publisher since his term of imprisonment began.

Story, the sculptor, and Hooker the banker, are among the most conspicuous Americans in Rome, the latter gentleman having lived in the Eternal City about forty years. The American colony there numbers about 2,000.

Dr. William F. Poole thinks there is no doubt that Shakespeare died of too much conviviality at and after the wedding of his daughter Judith. It is astonishing that there should be so much certainty about this detail of his life which is otherwise almost entirely conjectural.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

To Puchase the Collection of "Historical Information Concerning the Western Half of America."

The office of Assistant Chief of the Weather Bureau has been filled by the appointment by Secretary Rusk of S. S. Rockwood, Chief Clerk of the Department of Agriculture. Henry Casson, Private Secretary to Secretary Rusk, was appointed Chief Clerk.

The President has issued an order for the removal of Samuel D. Warmcastle, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Pennsylvania, Pittsburg, and designating Deputy Collector Mitchell to perform his duties temporarily. Warmcastle is charged with neglect of duty.

Senator Frye has introduced a bill appropriating $500,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to purchase the collection of "Historical Information Concerning the Western Half of America," consisting of books, pamphlets, maps, manuscripts, etc., about 10,000 in number, and known as the Bancroft Library, and situated on Valencia street, San Francisco.

Senator Hansbrough has introduced a bill in the Senate authorizing the Postmaster-General to extend, when practicable, the free delivery system to the rural and farming districts. The bill authorizes the Postmaster-General to expend such portion of the amount that may hereafter be appropropriated for the compensation of postmasters and for the Star Route transportation as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the act.

Representative Wilson says he feels perfectly assured of getting through one public building for Washington. Representative Sweet, of Idaho, who is on the committee, says that he observes that the Washington Senators have introduced bills for four cities and that he does not think more than one will pass. In that event he naturally feels interested in Spokane, as it is the city nearest his home, and one which his people would naturally expect him to favor.

The Treasury Department has received applications of syndicates of bankers who wished to have the 4½ per cent. bonds continued at 2 per cent. for the purpose of increasing their basis of circulation. The applications have all been refused, as Secretary Foster holds that to permit it after his circular, naming the date when such 4½ could be presented for continuance, would not be just. In effect, it would be to revive dead bonds, as under the law the 4½ per cent. bonds do not now bear interest, and cannot, therefore, we used as a basis of bank circulation.

EASTERN ITEMS.

A Scheme to Still the Troubled Waters.

THE GRANGE ON UNCLE SAM.

Land Containing Aluminium Does Not Render it Subject to Entry Under the Mining Laws.

Keeley's gold cure has been applied to the tobacco habit.

Rabits are so thick at Burleigh, Pa., that the trains run over them.

An electric road is to be built across the Potomac at Washington.

A movement is on foot to organize a naval battalion at Portsmouth, N. H.

Natural gas is being discovered in abundance in Western Pennsylvania.

The overhead electric system is to be used by New Orleans street railways.

The State debt of Pennsylvania has been reduced $2,538,352 during the year.

The American District and Mutual District Telegraph Companies have been consolidated.

The project of draining the City and the Valley of Mexico has been temporarily abandoned.

Iowa State Grange thinks Uncle Sam should run the liquor business as he does the postoffice.

This year's hop crop is much larger than last year's, but owing to lower prices will net less money.

The Illinois State Board of Agriculture reports that winter wheat has been greatly damaged by drought.

The Grand Army of the Republic in Indiana will probably erect a monument to the late Governor Hovey.

A rich vein of silver and gold ore has been opened on Monadnock Mountain, near Colebrook village, N. H.

Ex-Secretary William Windom's portrait decorates the new $2 note just put in circulation by the Treasury Department.

A member of a commission to negotiate for Indian lands in Wyoming declares them to be utterly useless for settlers.

The railroad and express officials are considering preventative methods to protect their trains from future attempts at robbery.

W. H. Winans, a wealthy farmer, prominent in church, social and political circles at Franklin, Pa., has been arrested on a charge of burglary.

About $27,000,000 in gold has been returned to the United States from Europe since the movement in this direction set in three months ago.

The Vice Consul from Japan at New York has made an appeal for the assistance of those who are suffering from the effects of the great earthquake.

The Interior Department has decided to pay Round Valley Settlers whose land was taken for use as an Indian reservation about $90,000 in the aggregate.

Harvard's Committee on Athletics has entered Princetown on its baseball and football schedule for next season. Hitherto Yale only has been recognized by Harvard.

The great bridge in course of construction over the Mississippi at Memphis is to be completed by May 1, when it will be opened with formal and imposing ceremonies.

Millionaire Thomas Cornell, the Hudson river steamboat man, left a will and cut off his son-in-law. The legal fight against the will has begun. The estate amounts to $5,000,000.

The grip is epidemic in Philadelphia. Physicians assert that the number of cases is almost as great as at any time last year, but that the disease is of a much milder type.

The December report of the Department of Agriculture giving the conditions of the crops is not flattering to the growers of winter wheat. The average condition is reported at 85.3.

John Hoey, late President of the Adams Express Company, has made restitution to the company to the amount of about $500,000. This is not what Hoey owes, but all the company could get.

The railroads of Mexico employ a large number of Americans in positions of responsibility, and when an accident occurs that results in the loss of life the Government deals hard with the person or persons in fault.

A scheme is on foot to prevent destruction of coast lines during storms by constructing iron pipes or tubes into the ocean at frequent intervals and discharging crude petroleum through them into the troubled waters.

The recent heavy disbursement for pensions have reduced the Treasury cash balance to $33,128,315, of which amount $13,364,491 is on deposit with the national banks and $13,984,232 is in subsidiary coin.

The eating of dog flesh to cure consumption is quite a fad at Shelbyville, Ind. In one case the diet is said to have been beneficial, and now several people who are afflicted with the disease are trying the "remedy."

William Peake, ex-City Treasurer of Kansas City, who was charged with having embezzled $20,000 of the city's money, was acquitted Saturday week. It was shown that the clerks in the office got away with the money.

In a decision rendered by the Commissioner of the General Land Office it is held that deposits of clay valuable for aluminium or for the manufacture of pottery ware does not render the land containing such deposits subject to entry under the mining laws.

A law suit in Chicago has brought out the fact that the various middlemen and promoters of the syndicate sale of the Milwaukee and Chicago breweries, nearly a year ago, received no less than $5,250,000 of the $11,000,000 in stock and bonds paid by the subscribers.

EDUCATIONAL.

Kansas to Have a Quaker College---A School of Special Instruction for Dull People.

Young women are not allowed to graduate from German universities.

The students of Brown University are to try the experiment of running a daily college paper.

Texas learning has been made the target for many a shaft, yet the State has a school fund of $100,000,000.

In Eucador and several other South American nations, primary education, at least, is compulsory.

The University of Michigan had last year 168 more students than Harvard University. This year Harvard has 118 more than Michigan.

Washington, Kas., is to have a Quaker college. When $25,000 shall have been raised a start will be made on the foundation.

At Harvard 210 courses are offered in the liberal arts and sciences. It would take a student forty years to pursue all these courses.

Mrs. M. H. Hotchkiss of Lakeville, Conn., has given seventy-five acres of land and $275,000 to found a preparatory school for Yale College,

That is a pleasant innovation of the trustees of Columbia College whereby the public is to be allowed to attend many of the courses of lectures.

Professor Totton, in a military lecture at Yale, remarked that the average age of the 110 men in the class was twenty-one, and he added: "Upon graduation you will have before you about forty-eight years apiece."

There are at present 132,000 colleges and schools in India for men, with 3,026 390 students, but there are only to be found a few hundred schools of low vernacular standards and half a dozen colleges for women, with 294,261 students.

Three thousand women of Greece have signed a petition to the government asking that public schools of art and industry be established for women, and claiming that the failure of Greece to meet the expectations of its well-wishers is due to the backward condition of its women and their nonparticipation in public affairs.

University extension is producing a good effect, not only upon its students, but also upon its lecturers and teachers and upon the student body of the universities. College presidents are already finding that the men who go out as lecturers in the university extension courses are doing better work in their own classes. The effort to please and instruct a promiscuous and popular audience reacts upon the university class-room; the individual needs of the students are more carefully studied; the teaching is modified to meet them, and professor and student come into more sympathetic relations. All the large universities report increased numbers; and experience is proving that university extension tends to create a university influence, and that university extension means university intension.—*Boston Transcript*

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

Coal Palace to Be Erected---Estimated That the Fair Will Cost All of $31,000,000.

It has been figuaed out that the World's Fair will cost $31,000,

Ludwig Wieler, a member of the Lower House, has been appointed Commissioner to the Chicago World's Fair by the Cape Colony.

Scranton, Pa., coal operators are going to build a Palace at the World's Fair out of anthracite coal.

The Pennsylvania display at the Chicago exposition will cost $200,000. The State appropriated $300,000.

The Latin-American department of the World's Columbian Exposition has received information at Washington that the Republic of Columbia has issued a decree appointing a commission to take special charge of its display at Chicago. The members are all well known, influential persons. Carlos Martinez, is the president, and the other members are Vincent Restero, Gonzales Ruse, Nicholes E. J. Fazas, Carlos Calderon and A. D cumuil.

The special High Commissioner of the Chinese Empire has arrived at New York from France. He is Chu Yow Sing, attache of the Legation in Paris, and comes by direct appointment of the Peking Government to investigate the question of the Chinese exhibition at the World's Fair. To a *World* reporter Chu Yow Sing said it was his first visit to this country. "I do not know the intentions of the Chinese Government," he said, "concerning the exhibit at the World's Fair. I understand the Government declined to exhibit, but my instructions are to make searching inquiry into the conduct and probabilities of the exposition. I suppose the Government's decision would be influenced by my report. I want to see what preparations have been made, and above all, to try to learn just what interest the American people take in the fair. If China makes any exhibit I think it will be a creditable one."

Scarcely anything has yet been done toward securing an adequate representation of Austro-Hungary at the Chicago World's Fair, says a Vienna dispatch. The Reichsrath has voted 65,000 florins, but the people at large seem apathetic on the subject. Delegates representing the Vienna Chamber of Commerce, the Industrial Association, the Export Society, the Arts and Craft Society, the Museum of Triple Arts and the Merchants' Syndicate, have had a conference, at which the subject of the amount to be appropriated by the government for the Austro-Hungarian exhibit was discussed. Herr Herdt announced that the government would ask the Reichsrath for an additional 85,000 florins, but the delegates were unanimous in declaring that at least 300,000 would be required. Very strong doubt was expressed of the Reichsrath listening to the suggestion of so large an amount. A commission will probably be appointed early in January to take charge of the Austro-Hungarian section of the fair. It is expected that the post of President will be offered to the Austrian Consul-General in New York, Herr Palitschek.

FOREIGN LANDS.

Alsatians Fleeing From Conscription.

STEAMSHIPS POOLING ISSUES.

State Control of Railways Not Popular in Switzerland---Agricultural Labor Scarce in England.

There are 40,000 Irish in Liverpool.

The profits of the Suez canal exceed $7,500,000 yearly.

The Cunard Line of steamships employs over 11,000 hands.

A French ship recently launched at Havre can carry 5,200 tons.

Sixteen tons of steel pens are exported from Birmingham weekly.

The Dutch in Africa are gradually yielding to British speech and customs.

A London omnibus traverses about eighty miles a day, and earns $80 a week.

The Berlin scietific man gives as his testimony that American pork is harmless.

The population of Jerusalem has increased since 1880 from 25,000 to 50,000.

An herb is said to have been discovered in Yucatan which is a specific for insanity.

The troops in the South of Russia are ordered to send in their sword blades to be sharpened.

The Anarchists of France boast of about 40,000, and the Socialists number about 1,000,000.

Hungary will celebrate her one-thousandth anniversary by a national exhibition in 1895.

Walter Phelps, the American Minister, has left Berlin for a month's holiday, which he will spend in Egypt.

A telegram from Cairo says that Osman Digna, at the head of the Mahdists, will attempt to reconquer Tongar.

Directors Wuest and Kling of the General Credit Bank of Basle, Switzerland, have been arrested at Ostend.

In twelve years the city of Paris has expended $270,000 on statues and $85,000 on ornamental fountains.

It is asserted at Rome upon good authority that diplomatic relations will shortly be re established with America.

Lord Mayor Evans of London, who was recently inaugurated, has laid down 600 dozen of wine in the Mansion House cellar.

It is stated that in 1890 the number of persons killed in India by snakes was 21,412, while the number of snakes slaughtered was 510,659.

The German Government supports Bulgaria in the Chadouine affair. Bulgaria is firm in the determination not to recede from her position.

Torpedo net-cutting devices are now esteemed so effective that the British Admiralty has ordered much heavier nets for its new war ships.

Not for years have the British ship yards been so busy as now. The stress is partly due to prospective competition over World's Fair business.

An ocean pier at Puerto-Columbia, near Savanilla, will, when finished, be 4,000 feet long, built entirely of iron and steel, with a double line of rails.

Succi, the Italian faster, is about to begin another fast at the London Aquarium, in an attempt to beat all the records, and fast for fifty-two days.

Mr. Hastings, M. P. for Worcestershire, England, has been arrested, charged with defrauding Malvern College of £15,000 under his trusteeship.

The chief acting General of the Chinese Imperial Army has been thrown from his horse and his neck was broken. He was the finest commander in the Chinese army and was greatly admired.

The Swiss Federal Council estimates that a yearly profit of 61,000 francs will accrue from the projected match monopoly. To buy up existing works a sum of 1,021,000 francs will be required.

Madrid is the most elevated city in Europe. It is built on a mountain plain or plateau 2,200 feet above the level of the sea. Being much exposed to extremes of heat and cold, it is very unhealthy.

An unusual number of young Alsatians are flocking over the French frontier in order to be out of the way of the next German conscription. Care is taken to provide these patriots with employment.

The chief continental transatlantic steamship companies, German, Dutch and French, with the Red Star Company, have signed an agreement pooling the trade of conveying steerage and between-deck passengers.

The English authorities are agitating the question of appointing women factory inspectors who shall be well acquainted with the modes of life and the occupations of women workers in the factory industries.

Agricultural labor was so scarce in some of the midland counties of England near the end of last month that the crops were lying on the fields ungathered, notwithstanding that wages had been advanced 20 per cent.

The Bishop of Liverpool has forbidden the granting of permission to laymen to read prayers in church. It is believed that this prohibition is directed against Mr. Gladstone, who read prayers in Liverpool the other Sunday.

State control of railways does not seem to be as popular in Switzerland as in some of the other European States. A majority of the electors, in voting against the acquisition of a railway, forced the retirement of the Republic's President.

There seems to be no limit to the popular fashion of ladies' clubs and guilds. A movement is now on foot in London among several fashionable dames, headed by the Duchess of Teck, to purchase the big building opposite the Bachelors' Club, and run a club on the same lines, to be called "The Ladies.'"

PORTLAND MARKET.

Produce, Fruit, Etc.

WHEAT—Valley, $1.62½; Walla Walla $1.55@1.57½ per cental.

FLOUR—Standard, $5.00; Walla Walla, $4.80; Graham, $4.00; Superfine, $3.00 per barrel.

OATS—New, 40@43c per bushel.

HAY—$11@13 per ton.

MILLSTUFFS—Bran, $19; shorts, $2[illegible]; ground barley, $22.50@25; chop feed, $18@19 per ton; feed barley, $20; middlings, $28 per ton; brewing barley, $1.10@1.15 per cental.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 37½@40c; fancy dairy, 32½@35c; fair to good, 25@27½c; common, 15@22½c; Eastern, 25@31½c per pound.

CHEESE—Oregon, 14@15c; Eastern, 14@15c per pound.

EGGS—Oregon, 32½@35c; Eastern, 25@27½c per dozen.

POULTRY—Old chickens, $3.00@3.50; ducks, $5.50@6.50; geese, $12 per dozen; turkeys, 14c per pound.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, nominal, $1@$1.50 per cental; cauliflower, $1 per dozen; Onions, 75c@$1 per cental; potatoes, 40@60c per sack; sweet potatoes, 3c per pound; California celery, 75c per dozen bunches; fancy Oregon celery, 50c per dozen bunches; carrots, 75c per sack; beets, 75c per sack; parsnips, $1.00 per sack; rhubarb, 3@4c per pound; radishes, 10c per dozen; egg plant, $1.50@2.00 per box; cucumbers, 12½c per dozen.

FRUITS—Sicily lemons, $5.50@6.50; California, $4.50 per box; oranges, $4.50@5.50; apples, 75c@$1 per box; bananas, $3.50@4.00 a bunch; pineapples, $4@6 per dozen; grapes, Muscat and black, 1.25@1.50c per crate; cranberries, $10.00 per barrel; Smyrna figs, 17@22½c per pound; citrons, 27c per pound; Winter Nellis pears, $1.50@1.75 per box; lady apples $1.25 per box.

NUTS—California walnuts, 11½@12½c; hickory, 8½c; Brazils, 10@11c; almonds, 16@18c; filberts, 14@15c; pine nuts, 17@18c; pecans, 17@18c; cocoa nuts, 8c; hazel, 8c; peanuts, 8c per pound.

Staple Groceries.

HONEY—17½@18c per pound.

SALT—Liverpool, $15.50@$16.75; stock, $11@12 per ton.

RICE—Japan, $5.00; Island, $5.75 per cental.

BEANS—Small white, 2¾c; pink, 2½c; bayos, 2¼c; butter, 3½c; limas, 3½c per pound.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 21c; Rio, 20c; Salvador, 21c; Mocha, 30c; Java, 25c; Arbuckle's, 100-pound cases, 21¾c per pound.

SUGAR—D, 4⅜c; Golden C, 4⅛c; extra C, 4⅝c; granulated, 5⅝c; cube crushed and powdered, 6c; confectioners' A, 5½c; maple sugar, 15@1[illegible]c per pound.

SYRUP—Eastern, in barrels, 42@45c; half-barrels, 44@47c; in cases, 55@80c per gallon; $2.25 per keg. California, in barrels, 30c per gallon; $1.75 per keg.

DRIED FRUITS—Italian prunes, 7½@8c; Petite and German, 6@7c per pound; raisins, $1.20@1.90 per box; Plummer dried pears, 8@9c; sun-dried and factory plums, 9c; evaporated peaches, 9@11c; Smyrna figs, 17@22½c; California figs, 7c per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Table fruits, $1.65@1.80, 2½s; peaches, $1.80@2.00; Bartlett pears, $1.80@1.90; plums, $1.37½@1.50; strawberries, $2.25; cherries, $2.25@2.40; blackberries, $1.85@1.90; raspberries, $2.40; pineapples, $2.25@3.80; apricots, $1.60@1.70. Pie fruit: Assorted, $1.10@1.20; peaches, $1.25; plums, $1@1.10; blackberries, $1.25@1.40 per dozen. Vegetables: Corn, $1.10@1.75; tomatoes, 95c@$3.00; sugar peas, $1.00@1.15; string beans, 90c@$1.00 per dozen. Fish: Sardines, 75c@1.65; lobsters, $2.30@3.50. Condensed milk: Eagle brand, $8.10; Crown, $7.00; Highland, $6.50; Champion, $5.50; Monroe, $6.75 per case. Meats: Corned beef, $[illegible]; chipped beef, $2.10; lunch tongue, [illegible]; deviled ham, $1.25@2.00 per dozen.

Miscellaneous.

NAILS—Base quotations: Iron, $3.[illegible]; steel, $3.00; wire, $3.50 per keg.

IRON—Bar, 3½c per pound.

STEEL—10½c per pound.

TIN—I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime quality, $8.00@8.50 per box; for crosses, $2 extra per box; roofing, 14x20, prime quality, $6.75 per box; I. C. coke plates, 14x20, prime quality, $7.75 per box.

LEAD—4⅝c per pound; bar, 6½c.

SOLDER—13½@16½c per pound, according to grade.

SHOT—$1.85 per sack.

HORSESHOES—$5.

NAVAL STORES—Oakum, $5 per bale; rosin, $4.80@5.[illegible] per 280 pounds; tar, Stockholm, $1[illegible]; Carolina, $7.00 per barrel; pitch, 6.0[illegible] per barrel; turpentine, 65c per gallon in carload lots.

Hides, Wool and Hops.

HIDES—Dry hides, selected prime, 8½@9c; ½c less for culls; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c; sheep pelts, short wool, 30@50c; medium, 60@80c; long, 90c@$1.25; shearlings, 10@20c; tallow, good to choice, 3@3½c per pound.

WOOL—Willamette Valley, 17@19c; Eastern Oregon, 10@17c per pound, according to condition and age.

HOPS—Nominal; 10@15c per pound.

The Meat Market.

BEEF—Live, 2½c; dressed, 5@6c.

MUTTON—Live, sheared, 3½c; dressed, 7@8c.

HOGS—Live, 4½@5c; dressed, 6c.

VEAL—4@9c per pound.

SMOKED MEATS—Eastern ham, 12@13½c; other varieties, 12½c; breakfast bacon, 13@18c; smoked bacon, 11¼@11¾c per pound.

LARD—Compound, 10c; pure, 11@13c; Oregon, 10½@12½c per pound.

Bags and Bagging.

Burlaps, 8-oz., 40-inch, net cash, 6c; burlaps, 10½-oz., 40-inch, net cash, 7c; burlaps, 12-oz., 45-inch, net cash, 7½c; burlaps, 16-oz., 60-inch, 11c; burlaps, 20-oz., 76-inch, 13c. Wheat bags, Calcutta, 22x26, spot, 9c; three-bushel oat bags, 8c. Centals (second hand wheat bags), 8c.

One Good Thing in a Despotism.

"The emperor has issued a decree."

"To what import?"

"He thinks he is overworked, and he has increased his salary and assured himself of his confidence in himself."—New York Sun.

The following metals will conduct electricity in the following proportions, viz.: Silver, 100; copper, 96; gold, 72; aluminium, 52; zinc, 26; platinum, 16; iron, 15; nickel, 12; tin, 11; lead, 7. Of the above copper and iron have the greatest commercial value as electrical conductors.