

ADVERTISING RATES: One Column... Twenty Dollars...

Reading Notices will be inserted at the rate of Ten cents per Line.

Advertising Bills Collected Monthly.

CHURCH NOTES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Services every second and fourth Lord's day at 11 a. m. Sabbath school every Sunday at 10 a. m.

NOTICE.

Y. M. C. A.—Devotional services every Sunday evening. Young men earnestly requested to attend.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

City of Newberg. Mayor... F. A. Morris. Treasurer... M. J. Volan.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Capital of Idaho Infested with Tramps.

Los Angeles Protests Against the Removal of Army Headquarters to Santa Fe.

New Mexico's population is 150,150. Tacoma's new hotel is to cost \$1,250,000.

The White-Cap stories from New Mexico are declared to be greatly sensational.

The Grand Conlee (Mont.) coal miners are on a strike. They claim wages are too low to live.

The body of E. H. Allis, the engineer whose train was wrecked near Panta, A. T., has been found.

San Diego is to vote October 8 on the question of issuing bonds for a new water system by the city.

The gas well at Sumnerland, near Santa Barbara, is down sixty-two feet, and the pressure continues.

The organization of the Coos Bay, Oregon, and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company has been completed at Roseburg, Or.

Strong representations are being wired to Washington in opposition to the removal to Santa Fe from Los Angeles of army headquarters.

A small sloop of about five tons, owned by John Hartman, of Astoria, Wash., has been seized by the customs authorities at Victoria, B. C.

Stockmen in the Yavapai country, A. T., complain of the high railroad tariff on beef cattle, in consequence of which they will drive their cattle to California.

Four prisoners at Folsom Cal., made their escape by tunneling from their cell under the prison wall. The tunnel is claimed to be sixty feet long, and the prisoners are supposed to have been working on it for months.

A joint committee of the Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce of San Jose, Cal., has decided to call a convention, to meet in San Jose September 16, to consider the question of completing the Transcontinental railway.

Complaints have been made that the treasury agents and customs authorities at San Francisco were careless in the work of inspecting such dutiable parcels as came by Asiatic and other mails which are landed in this country on the Pacific Coast, and an investigation is to be made by a special officer.

EASTERN ITEMS.

Texas Judge Killed by the Wife of a Defeated Candidate.

The Minority Makes its Report in the Clayton-Brockbridge Contested Election Case.

The total assessed value of Kansas as fixed by the State Equalizers is \$346,450,348.11.

Three English engineers have gone to inspect the route of the Labrador Coast railway.

A line from the dairy districts to supply New York with milk is the latest project in pipe-laying.

A disease, which some believe to be anthrax, has appeared among cattle at Cartwright, Manitoba.

There is much doubt over the passage of a Federal Supreme Court relief bill at this session of Congress.

Returns to the Census Bureau from the South are discouraging the immediate reapportionment pushers.

South Dakota's Supreme Court has rendered a decision sustaining the prohibition of the liquor traffic.

Warden Durston says the official report will show that the execution of Kemmler was a great success.

In one of the Chicago hospitals 25 per cent of the patients are suffering from the effects of cigarette-smoking.

The total product of pig iron for 1889-90 in the Southern States was 350,346 tons, against 1,780,989 tons in 1890.

The Connecticut peach crop is said to be a partial failure, but it is relatively better than that of New Jersey and Delaware.

The steamship Normandie has arrived at New York with the status of a fugitive, which France has presented to the United States.

A man in New Orleans confesses to a murder committed in England thirty-five years ago, for which an innocent man was hanged.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Nettleton confirms the report that the Corwin has been ordered to Alaska, but will say nothing further.

H. H. Simpson is on his way to this country from Australia to engage a baseball team. He represents a syndicate with a capital of \$100,000.

Systematic deprecations of books in the mails from the Philadelphia post-office have been discovered and a clerk arrested, charged with the theft.

The Committee on Commerce has reported favorably to the House the Senate bill to provide for the inspection of live cattle and beef products intended for export to foreign countries.

Smallpox is ravaging Guerrero, a Mexican border town, and Texas towns are becoming alarmed over the possibility of being afflicted with the contagion unless quarantine is established.

At a meeting of the trunk line passenger agents at New York it was decided to give a 2-cent per mile rate for all new persons traveling on one ticket on any road of the association.

Judge Max Stein of Hidalgo county, Texas, was killed in Reno, Mexico, by Mrs. Della McCabe. The trouble grew out of an election, in which Mrs. McCabe's husband was defeated.

Among the contributions to the \$1,000 fund to endow a bed in the Monmouth (N. J.) memorial hospital is that of J. B. Haggin, who gave \$100, and many prominent turkmen made donations.

Two hundred farmers of Huron county, Mich., have asked for public aid because their crops were totally destroyed by the storm which swept over the eastern portion of the county at harvest time.

Seventeen soldiers acting as a patrol for the City Custom-house at the City of Mexico deserted in a body after killing their Lieutenant. Cavalry is in pursuit of the deserters, three of whom have been captured.

New York's Board of Health warns the public to beware of the average towel supply at the public baths, as investigation has shown that many victims of ophthalmia can trace their affliction to that source.

The Denver Lottery Company, which recently opened headquarters in Kansas City, Kan., has vacated its office, and its officers have fled after having received \$30,000 by the sale of tickets, etc., leaving all prizes unpaid.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Germany Will Compromise with the Catholics by Returning One-Half of the Confiscated Property.

A Swedish scientific expedition has been sent to Spitzbergen.

An English syndicate is anxious to buy the Eiffel tower in Paris.

The next census of the United Kingdom will be taken in April, 1891.

The Sultan of Zanzibar fears an attack shortly from his elder brother.

Germany is expected to use its influence against Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria.

Europe will need 154,000,000 bushels of wheat to supplement its own crop this year.

The panic among the Christian inhabitants of Armenia is spreading. Hundreds are fleeing to Persia.

England and Wales spent \$21,000,000 last year in maintaining their paupers, including the expense of caring for 79,000 insane.

Ex-Khedive Ismail is in very bad health, and has been advised to proceed forthwith to Carlsbad for a course of the waters there.

Captain Sevald of the Norwegian steamship Lett Erickson reports having been fired upon at Rio Janeiro while flying the American flag.

A society "for the endowment of poor marriageable girls" is being started in St. Petersburg on the same plan as that of the Moscow society.

The increase of mendicants in Berlin is the subject of newspaper comment. So many beggars are now in the streets that they have not been known for years.

In the government of Podol, Russia, the peasants have no scruples about selling their children. Instances of a very revolting nature are reported in a Moscow daily.

American sea captains are complaining of the absurdity and inconvenience of a late edict of the Russian government, whereby no ballast may be discharged in Russian ports.

All over Europe are the agents of American theatrical and other managers who are in search of novelties, and who have it spread abroad that money is no object. London is made their headquarters.

A movement is on foot to procure by a writ of habeas corpus the liberation of Louis Lagrange, an Italian patriot who was sentenced to imprisonment for life on a charge of murdering his husband.

The miracle-working wells of Galgoz in the district of Pressburg, Hungary, are attracting so many thousands of pilgrims from the surrounding countries that the authorities have been forced to call in the military to keep order.

On the occasion of her marriage with the son of King John of Abyssinia the daughter of the King of Siam wore the historical crown of the Queen of Sheba, which has been treasured by the Ethiopian Kings for twenty-five centuries.

The Bishop of Bloomfield has resigned on protesting an earnest temperance work in South Africa. At the outset he will particularly devote himself to the Bechuanaland police and the employes of the British South Africa Company.

The breaking-out of the influenza in Ireland has caused considerable panic as the consequences there have been serious. Of the 57,000 inhabitants in 1843 2,000 died of influenza, and in 1876 7,500 persons were carried off by the same disease.

Dr. Nanson's expedition to the North Pole is to start in the spring of 1892. His companion, Captain Sevedrup, will take the nautical direction. He is at present on board a fishing boat in the Polar sea in order to practice in maneuvering among the ice.

The recent increase of the salaries of government officials in Germany will swell the civil list in the Postal Department by about \$2,500,000. As \$5,000,000 are expended during the year, the increase, no one will get a very big slice.

It is said that Germany has agreed to a compromise, in accordance with which she will pay back one-half of the money value of the Bismarck property, which was confiscated during the Kulturkampf, and interest on the remainder.

The new law regulating the work of minors in Russian factories is not so stringent as the old law was. According to the latter children below the age of 12 years were not allowed to work at all, but the new law allows children of 10 and 12 years to be employed in factories.

The National Association of British and Irish Millers report a decided increase in wheat productions in Russia, Rumania, Austria and Hungary. They think that America is approaching the time when she must considerably increase her wheat acreage or cease to be a wheat-exporting country, such will be the home demand.

A complete list of the Sultan's wives shows that he has five first-class wives—valides, twenty-four second-class or morgatic wives and some 250 third-class partners, variously described as "favorites" and "slaves." The care and attendance of the female establishments require the services of 6,000 persons, who are the only people in Turkey who receive their full pay with regularity.

PORTLAND MARKET.

WHEAT—Quiet but firm. Quote: Nominally, Valley, \$1.25; Walla Walla, \$1.17 1/2 @ 1.20.

BARLEY—Quote: Standard, \$3.90; Walla Walla, \$3.00 @ 3.80 per barrel.

OATS—Quote: 48 @ 52c per bushel.

MILLET—The market is firm. Quote: Bran, \$13.17; Shorts, \$22.25; Ground Barley, \$32.50; Chop Feed, \$25; Middlings, \$22.50 @ 25 per ton.

HAY—The market is firm. Quote: \$16 @ 17 per ton.

CABBAGE—The market is firm. Quote: Cabbage, \$1.75 @ 2c per cental; Peas, 3c per pound; Onions and Lettuce, 15c per dozen bunches; California Milk, \$1.25 per dozen; California String Beans, 3c per pound; Cucumbers, 10c per dozen; Carrots, 10 @ 15c per bunch; Asparagus, 10c per pound; Beets, \$1.50 per sack; Turnips, \$1.25 per sack; Corn, \$1.25 per bushel; California Tomatoes, \$1 @ 1.25 per box; Potatoes, 7 @ 8c per cental; Sweet Potatoes, 4 @ 5c per pound.

FRUIT—Quote: Tahiti Oranges, 44.25 per box; California Lemons, 45 per box; Fancy Sicily, 9 @ 10 per case; Peach and Bradshaw Pines, 75 @ 80c per box; Maldivs, 10 @ 12c per dozen; California Tomatoes, \$1.25 @ 1.50 per box; Pineapples, \$3.50 @ 4 per dozen; Bananas, \$3.75 per bunch; Double, 4 @; Oregon Astrachan Apples, 75 @ 81; Gravenstein, \$1 @ 1.15 per box; Bosc Pears, \$1.25 @ 1.40; other varieties, \$1.15 @ 1.25 per box; Nectarines, 1.50 @ 1.75 per box; Blackberries, 8 @ 9c per pound, \$1.90 @ 2 per 24-pound crate; Raspberries, \$1.50 @ 1.75 per box; Strawberries, \$1.50 @ 2 per box; Apples, \$1 per box. Receipts the last week were 2,010 boxes and 8 carloads daily.

EGGS—Quote: Oregon, 11 @ 12 1/2c; California, 9 @ 10c; Young America, 14 @ 15c per dozen.

BUTTER—The market is firm. Quote: Creamery, 23 @ 25c; Salted, 17 @ 18c; common, 7 @ 8c; good to fair, 22 @ 25c; common, 4 @ 5c; choice California, 28c per pound.

MEAT—The market is firm. Quote: Old Hickens, \$5 @ 6 large; young, \$3 @ 4; small Spring, \$2 @ 2.50; old Ducks, 1.50 @ 2; young, \$5 @ 6; old Geese, 5c; young, \$6 @ 7 per dozen; Turkeys, 18 @ 20c per pound.

EGGS—The market is firm. Quote: 2 1/2c per dozen for Oregon.

NUTS—Quote: Walnuts, 13c; Peanuts, cream, 11c; Almonds, 17c; Filberts, 13 @ 14c; Brazil, 13 @ 14c per pound; Cocanuts, \$1 per dozen.

HONEY—Fancy White, 1-pound corks, 13c.

IRON—Base quotations: Iron, \$3.20; Steel, \$3.30; Wire, \$3.90 per keg.

THE MERCHANDISE MARKET.

COFFEES—The market is firm. Quote: Golden C, 4 1/2c; extra C, 5 1/2c; dry granulated, 6 1/2c; cube crushed and powdered, 6 1/2c per pound.

TEA—The market is firm. Quote: Small Whites, 42.25; Pink, 44; Bayos, \$4.50; Butter, \$3; Limes, \$5.50 per cental.

DRY FRUITS—The market is steady. Quote: Raisins, 10 @ 11c; Dried Peas, 10 @ 11c; dried and factory, 10 @ 11c; Peaches, sun-dried, 10 @ 11c; evaporated Peaches, 16 @ 17c; Sultana Figs, 14 @ 16c; California Figs, 9c per pound.

MARKET—The market is firm. Quote: Table fruits, \$2.25, 2 1/4c; Peaches, \$2.50; Bartlett Pears, \$2.25; Plums, \$1.65; Strawberries, \$2.25; Cherries, \$2; Blackberries, \$1.50 @ 1.75; Raspberries, \$1.50 @ 1.75; Apples, \$1.25; Blackberries, \$1.65; Tomatoes, \$1.15 @ 1.25; Sugar Peas, \$1.40 @ 1.60; String Beans, \$1.

HIDES—The market is weak. Quote: Dry Hides, selected prime, 8 @ 9c; 1/2c less for culls, green, selected, 10 @ 11c; 1/2c less for culls, 10 @ 11c; Sheep Tails, short wool, 26 @ 30c; medium, 20 @ 26c; long, 10 @ 12.50; shearlings, 10 @ 20c; Tallow, good to choice, 3 @ 3 1/2c. Receipts the past week were 483,000 lbs.

WOOL—The market is dull. Quote: Eastern Oregon, 10 @ 11c; Valley, 10 @ 11c; and return, 10 @ 11c. Receipts the past week were 100,743 pounds.

PEKLES—Quote: 8 @ 9c; 9 @ 10c. SALT—Quote: Liverpool, \$17.50; 18 @ 15, \$19.50; stock, \$11 @ 12 per ton in carload lots.

THE MEAT MARKET.

The market is firm. Quote: Beef—Live, 36 @ 37c; dressed, 7c. Mutton—Live, 36 @ 37c; dressed, 7c. Hogs—Live, 5 @ 5 1/2c; dressed, 7c. Veal—5 @ 5 1/2c per pound. Springs—Lamb—\$2 @ 3c; One centing.

SMOKED MEATS AND LARD.

The market is firm. Quote: Eastern Hams, 13 @ 14c; Breakfast Bacon, 12 @ 14c; Sides, 10 @ 11c; Lard, 10 @ 11c per pound.

Could Not Stand Dressing.

BISMARCK IN HISTORY.

He Occupies the Unique Position of Creator of a Mighty Empire.

The birth of Bismarck dignifies the 1st of April. His retirement from the Chancellorship of the German Empire disturbs the equilibrium of the nations.

There is no civilized land in which he is not an object of interest. Already it is assured that he is the individual of the generation who has done most that will be memorable. The only man in Europe who competes with him in world-wide reputation is the great Englishman, Gladstone, and even he pales before the mighty German.

Gladstone has spoken and written more words that have been heard by myriads, and printed and read by millions, delivered more eloquent addresses and stirring appeals than any other man living or dead. He is a brave and high-toned gentleman of wonderful capacity, and of a facility that is almost flexibility; altogether statesman of the pacific and literary class.

Bismarck has created an Empire. Colossal, united, majestic Germany as she stands, with the most formidable army and most faultless administration, in civil and military affairs, of any age or country, is his handiwork.

The supreme credit for the magical realization of the dreams of the German race for centuries has been as elaborately and ably claimed for others; but behind his face, even as photography shows it! History is written there. Under the superb dome of his head, behind the deep burning eyes, and the firm mouth, the will that has been indomitable and the brain that has spun the threads of destiny dwell distinct in solitude.

It is a mistake to look upon Bismarck as one who goes from the palace in the capital to his home in the country grunting and prophesying evil. He has had his will through so many ways that he must thoroughly enjoy the luxury of relaxation and the sweetness of repose.

The German Emperor is a young man, but it is an egregious error to regard him as a child or as caring for childish things. It is the united testimony of those who have knowledge whereof they speak that he is a man of marked individual force, a believer in his exalted mission, whose zeal in public duty is the constant stimulant to ceaseless industry.

It has been a part of his education to put his trust in the army rather than in the people at large, but it is of happy promise that he gives evidence of intelligent popular sympathies. We may be sure that he will not impart his devotion to the army, but they indicate the enlightenment with which we may expect his energies will be directed to the promotion of the general welfare.

That Bismarck indulges his grim fancy somewhat at the expense of the Emperor, but with a paternal sort of affection rather than personal pique, is possible and probable. The saying that "William has made his best General a Chancellor and his Chancellor a General," certainly has the Bismarck flavor, but we will not impute this to the Emperor will not fail, as he has not failed, to treat the man to whom his family and himself, as well as all Germans, high and humble, are indebted deeply and forever, with every form and ceremony marking the sincerity of his attachment and the warmth of his gratitude.—Marat Halstead, in N. Y. Journal.

OLD NEW YORK SIGNS.

Most of Them Were of English Origin and Great Antiquity.

Many of the signs which hung upon New York taverns were of English origin; some of great antiquity. The White Lion—a lion rampant, painted white and set into the wall at St. John's Church—was a notable relic of the old days; the King's Head and the Queen's Head, bearing the image of the reigning sovereign, were common in all parts of the kingdom; there were numerous signs of the Three Pigeons as old as Ben. Johnson and frequently met with; so was the Fighting Cocks at Staffordshire, where this sport was in fashion. Dr. Samuel Johnson has made the Pineapple famous; it was originally used by confectioners but later by innkeepers also; the Globe familiar to all literary men; the "Dog's Head in the Pot," of great antiquity, had little to recommend it, save the seem of society, emblem as it was from early time of slovenly housewifery and mean accommodation. Strange to say, however, that while there exist innumerable examples of the White Horse in England, the recent exhaustive researches into the history of sign-boards have not brought to light that of the Black Horse, which was in frequent use in the American colonies.

He that would understand the story of New York signs must not be misled by the idea that they were fixtures. On the contrary, they were as much property as trade-marks are to-day, and migratory as their owners, the innkeepers, who must bear the pain for recklessness. For illustration: the King's Arms hung in 1753 from a house in Broad Street, near the Long Bridge, where Mrs. Lightfoot was the hostess; in 1763 was taken by Mrs. Sarah Steele to the lower end of Broadway opposite the Fort; in 1764, by Edward Barden, to the upper end of Broadway, facing the Commons, when in turn ceded it in 1769 to his successor, De la Montague, who held it till the Revolution, in 1775. The Hanoverian King's Arms in small favor in the city, and their image did not prove attractive. In 1778, when the British were in occupation, Loosely and Elms swung out the head of obstinate George the Third on Brownjohn's Wharf, and recruited privateers to prey on the commerce of the patriots, and it crossed the river with them to the Long Island side of the Brooklyn ferry the year following.—John Austin Stevens, in Harper's Magazine.

A Good Reason.

"I do not like the way you speak of this paper," said the editor. "Why do you persist in calling it a sheet?" "Because so many people sleep over it."—Munsey's Weekly.

POP WAS UNLUCKY.

He Went Out to Drop Smith, But Smith Dropped Him Instead.

At about three o'clock in the afternoon I came along to a Kentucky "squat," which differed from a hundred others, only in the fact that a woman and boy sat on a log in front of the opening in the brush fence, which might be termed the gate, and because six dogs were lying in the sun instead of the usual three or four. I asked after the man of the house, and the woman replied:

"He ain't home just now."

"Be back soon?"

"I reckon. He 'un has gone down the road a piece to drop that Dave Smith."

"To what?" I asked.

"To drop Dave Smith."

"Do you mean he has gone to shoot Smith?"

"Sartin. They 'uns has bin wantin' to pop at each other fur a long time."

"That she clatters!" shouted the boy as the report of a gun reached our ears, and he was off down the road like a deer.

"Reckon the ole man dropped him," calmly observed the woman as she went on with her work of patching an old woolen shirt.

I expressed my unbounded surprise at this sort of man-hunting, but she said it was one of the customs, and had to be lived up to. In about ten minutes the boy reappeared, and, sitting down on the log to get his breath, he said:

"Pop's a-comin'."

"Drop Smith?" she queried, without even looking up.

"No; Smith dropped him. Pop's got buckshot in the shoulder. Better git these things ready."

"Reckon I had, Jim," she shouted, getting up, she folded her work and moved into the house without the least sign of excitement. A few minutes later the husband came up at a slow walk, with the fresh blood dripping from his shoulder, and halted long enough in front of me to say:

"Evening to you, stranger. Sort of make yourself to home. I went out to drop Smith, and the ornery varmint was waitin' behind a bush and dropped me. Git the blood washed off and the shot picked out, and we'll have a visit. You, Jim, take his knapsack and show him whar to wash up."—N. Y. Sun.

BOBBY ON "JOMMETRY."

The Secrets of an "Obscure Science Described in Lucid Terms.

Jommetry is a study with treats—an mighty dry treat it is—of dividin up surfaces. On the first page is axum. A axum is a thing you can guess without askin, or see without lookin. As a elephant is bigger than a rat. Only they don't have any animals in jommetry, and that's why it's so stupid. One of the easiest axums to remember is—"A strate line is the shortest distance between two points."

This is pretty true, but it depends on how the walkin' is, and on what lays between the two points.

There is two kinds of Jommetry—plain and solid. Plain jommetry is any thing but plain; but solid jommetry is orfally solid.

Fingers come next. They have sides and angles, like old maids. A square is a figger with four eckal sides and four eckal angles. The angles are called right angles, because you generally make them wrong.

A triangle has three sides, and comes to a point. I always come to the point when I want money for shootin crackers for me; and then mother tries again for me with her slipper, or her hair-brush, whichever is handiest.

After awhile you learn theorems. You draw lines, drop perpendiculars, and all that. Every thing is A. B. C. and D. E. F. One of the first you learn is that a strate line drawn through two parallel lines cuts them at the same angle.

It looks easy, but it's no fool of a job to prove it. By and by you learn about the square on the hypotenusus, or otherwise known as the pawns as honorum. (Them last three words is Latin.)

Solid jommetry is more interestin than plain jommetry. It is fun to make cubes on polygonnes out of pasteboard and gu arabic. It keeps you so busy you can't run errands; an' the boxes is jus' the thing to keep flies in. I see Billy Adams outside with a stray dog, an' I guess I'll go out an' chide him awhile.—Jonas Longlow, in Santa Claus.

Bound to Stay.

"There is one solace left me at least," remarked the old farmer. "After all my boys leave and go up to the city, after the pigs and the cattle die, and every thing else forsakes me, there is at least one thing that will stick to the old farm."

Remarkable Woman.

Kajones—"To-day is my thirtieth wedding anniversary. Ker-smith—Wife still living?" "Yes."

"Lived with you all that time?" "Certainly."

"Admirably!"—"What nerve that woman must have!"—Chicago Tribune.

A Curiosity.

Polite clerk (showing goods)—Here is something I would like to call your attention to, lady. It's the very latest thing out.

Mrs. Bonnder (absently)—If there's any thing out later than my husband I'll take it. If only for a curiosity.—Life.

Had Learned the Motto.

Teacher (in spelling-class)—Johnny, spell flat.

Johnny.—I can't.

Teacher.—You can't spell that simple word? Why not?