

ADVERTISING RATES: One Column... Twenty Dollars... Half Column... Ten Dollars... Professional Cards... One Dollar

Reading Notices will be inserted at the rate of Ten cents per Line.

Advertising Bills Collected Monthly

EASTERN ITEMS.

THE G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT AT MILWAUKEE.

Pensions Granted—Postal Appointments—Cut in Freight Rates—Another Flood at Johnston—The Cronin Murder Case.

President Harrison is at Deer Park, Md. Mrs. Langtry is quite ill with bronchitis. A new screw has been sent to the Nipic.

A summer charity in New York is the ice-water cart.

There is an epidemic of insanity at Elizabeth, N. J.

The fee for a retail liquor license at Joliet, Ill., is \$1000.

Boston's directory, just issued, contains 192,853 names.

In Minneapolis the surplus canines are curtailed by electricity.

There were 184 deaths in Boston in the week ending June 29th.

An English syndicate has got possession of the breweries at Denver.

A statue of General Grant was unveiled at Fort Leavenworth July 4.

Corporal Tanner had a Grand Army reception at Chicago, the 7th.

The total rainfall in Baltimore since June 1st is over thirty-four inches.

A Bridgetown woman, 76 years old, took her first railroad ride recently.

One hundred square miles in Montana were swept by a prairie fire recently.

Seventeen persons were killed in the railroad accident near Thaxton's, Va.

George W. Lord has been appointed postmaster at Alla, Morrow county, Or.

The buffalo fly is reported to have appeared among cattle at Three-mile-Run, N. J.

Mexico is overrun with foreign capitalists seeking opportunities to build railroads.

Artificial ice is cheaper in Southern cities than the natural article in the North.

In the past year there were 1266 deaths by violence in New York, including accidents.

Mrs. ex-President John Tyler, died at the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., on the 10th inst.

Johnston women are using the ragged garments which have been set out for their carpet runs.

Nothing of special importance has been done in the Constitutional conventions of the four new States.

Thomas Ewing Sherman, son of General Sherman, was ordained priest at Philadelphia, on the 7th.

Governor Lowery has invited President Harrison to review the National Guard of Mississippi, at Natchez.

The brickmakers' strike near Chicago is growing serious. Police have to protect the new men employed.

A new postoffice has been established at Denver, Marion county, Or., with Jacob Denver as postmaster.

Jefferson Davis has received an offer from a Northern Publisher to write a history of the Confederate States.

A syndicate known as the "American Straw Board Company," has absorbed all the principal mills in the country.

Cashier Miller of the Malta, Ohio, National Bank, has disappeared. His accounts are said to be short \$32,000.

Commissioner of Pensions Tanner denies that he contemplates resigning, or that his resignation has been asked for.

John Kelly was hanged at Canandaigua, N. Y., on the 10th inst., for the murder of Eleanor O'Shea, in November, 1888.

The gun shops at the Washington Navy Yard are nearing completion, and a large force will be put to work in a few weeks.

The contracts for the work of digging a canal through Tampico, Bar. Texas, are said to have been let to a New York and New Orleans firm.

Another flood at Johnston, Pa., on the 10th, causes the loss of property amounting to \$20,000. Thirty or forty lives are reported lost.

Louis Charrier, agent of the American Express Company at Houghton, Mich., has disappeared, and \$20,000 of the company's money is also missing.

The New York Board of Health has appointed forty doctors to visit the tenements in July and August and give medicine to the poor free of charge.

All the lines of the Trans-Missouri Association will meet the cut of the Chicago & Alton Road. The cut is on cattle from Missouri river points to Chicago.

Mrs. Carlson, owner of the Carlson cottage, where Dr. Cronin was murdered, has identified Martin Burke as the man who rented the cottage from her.

The gunboat Yorktown's battery is nearly completed, and the vessel will soon be taken to sea from the Brooklyn Navy Yard for a trial test at broadside firing.

The Democrats are to earnestly contest the battles in the four new States this fall, and they hope to be able to divide the result equally with the Republicans.

The Persian Minister at Washington complains of his treatment, society having cut him off its list owing to his loose associations, and he is anxious to leave town.

Judge Tuley has declined to issue a writ of habeas corpus in the case of John Beggs, senior guardian of Camp 29, Clannadra, now in jail, charged with conspiracy to murder Dr. Cronin.

General Joseph E. Johnston tendered his resignation of the office of Railroad Commissioner last March, but it was not accepted until July 7th. His successor is not yet publicly known.

The G. A. R. encampment, to be held at Milwaukee, will not be so largely attended this year, the railroad refusing to give a reduction of 1 cent a mile to persons attending the encampment.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Bull Fighting at the Exposition—The Panama Canal—A Royal Marriage—Queen Victoria's Wealth.

Wilkie Collins has been ordered to stop all literary work. Small-pox and yellow fever are reported at Marc, Hayti.

Queen Victoria has subscribed £200 to the Volunteer Equipment fund. A 61-pound salmon has been fished out of the Severn by a Mr. Fennell.

Queen Victoria has announced that she never again will sit to a sculptor.

Gladstone was presented with the freedom of the city of Cardiff on the 6th.

The Paris Chamber of Deputies was the scene of a disgraceful row on the 12th.

The Art Jury of the Paris Exhibition has awarded to Mr. Sargeant a medal of honor.

The French Chamber of Deputies has passed the Act increasing the army to 3,000,000.

Propriety won the Cumberland plate at the Carlisle meeting in England, the 10th inst.

The Philadelphia cricketers defeated the Gentlemen of Scotland, at Edinburg, on the 9th.

Mr. Loring, the United States Minister to Portugal, has been received at Lisbon by the King.

Emperor William will sail for England from Antwerp, at Antwerp he will meet King Leopold.

The Sultan of Morocco has sent the Emperor of Germany a valuable gift—Moore's poems.

The French Senate Committee has approved the bill for the relief of the Panama Canal Company.

Queen Victoria is the richest woman in the British Kingdom. She has accumulated \$20,000,000.

The Russian government proposes to raise a new loan, to be used in the building of strategic railroads.

The making of a horse car line from Cairo to the Pyramids is likely to be a completed fact before long.

Russell Harrison, who is in England on business, attended Salisbury's garden party at Hatfield, last week.

It is stated that Emperor William has forbidden the officers of the German army to visit the Paris Exposition.

An English Radical cynically observes that the Shah of Persia is almost immoral enough to be an English nobleman.

S. Hirsch, the new Minister for the United States, to the Ottoman court, has arrived at Paris from Constantinople.

Evictions continue on the Clancricarde estate in Galway, Ireland. The houses of the evicted tenants are demolished.

The Irex defeated the Valkyrie in the last race at Glasgow. There is talk of a match between the Valkyrie and Thistle.

Many of the friends of Henry George are organizing him to become a British subject, and enter Parliament for a Scotch district.

Cheap pirated editions of American books are said to be among the best selling books offered at the railway stations in India.

Eight persons were instantly killed and eleven wounded near Rochemoos, Germany, on the Frankfurt express the other day.

The prospects of the Rhine vintage are most favorable, and, if all goes well the next four months, this will be the best year since 1868.

In India the river Indus has overflowed its banks and the country is under ten feet of water. Forty persons were drowned at Larkhana.

The testimony of Charles Wood, an English jockey, in a recent lawsuit, brought out the information that he had earned more than \$70,000.

The marriage of Lord Fife, whose title will be raised to Duke of Inverness, to Princess Louise will take place at Buckingham Palace July 27.

Fourteen thousand girls are attending the London School Board cookery classes. Still further facilities for increasing this number are being made.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone's golden wedding will be celebrated July 26th. Great preparations are being made by their intimate friends to celebrate the day.

The paying visitors to the Paris Exposition in the month of May numbered 2,384,045, or 528,370 more persons than during the first month of the exhibition of 1878.

The Prince of Wales is as popular in Paris as in London. This is a good augury for the future relations of France and England when he shall ascend the throne.

The Liberation Society, emboldened by Mr. Gladstone's Plymouth speech, are organizing an extensive series of disestablishment meetings in town and country.

The new Vicar of Ireland, the Earl of Zetland, rubs along on an income of \$275,000 a year. He will not ally himself with a feeling of pity for the starving Irish peasants.

Thomas P. Gill and Joseph R. Cox, Nationalist members of the British Parliament, have been arrested in London. They afterward left for Drogheda in charge of officers.

A dispatch from Brussels to the London Times says: England and Germany have initiated an African conference here. The Congo State, Belgium, France and Italy approve the proposal.

Prince Nicholas, of Miagrella, formerly a candidate for the Bulgarian throne, died in the Caucasus. The extinct dynasty which he represented claimed direct descent from King David, of Israel.

Sir George Chetwynd's resignation has been accepted by the London Jockey Club, with a statement that the club believed he had fully exonerated himself from the scandal charges of Lord Durham.

It is stated that the indictment against the Boulangerists advises the arraignment of Boulanger, Comte Dillon and Zocherfort before the High court of Justice for conspiracy against the safety of the State.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One Year... \$1.50... Six Months... \$1.00... Three Months... \$0.50

Subscription Price Payable Invariably in Advance.

Address, GRAPHIC, Newberg, Oregon.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

A CLOUD-BURST NEAR ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

A Pioneer Dead—Suicided With His Overalls—Three Prisoners Perish in a Burning Jail—Woolen Mills at Salem.

Templeton, Cal., has a fire department. Chehalis will have a lumber flume soon. Baseball is becoming popular at Victoria, B. C.

Extensive forest fires are raging near Grass Valley. Los Angeles collected 3000 fares on the cable cars July 4th.

Banning, Cal., shipped 11,247 pounds of blackberries in June. Ellensburg, W. T., has commenced to rebuild the burnt district.

Modesto is to vote on the issuing of bonds to establish water works. A fire at Fresno, Cal., on the 12th, destroyed \$300,000 worth of property.

Shui Wall, the San Francisco Chinese forger, has been arrested at Portland. The coin in the vaults of the mint at San Francisco is being counted.

Daniel Ely, aged 62, a saloon keeper at Folsom, committed suicide on the 7th. A small shipment of New Zealand apples has been received in San Francisco.

The Northern Editorial Association had a good time at San Diego, last week. Portland, Or., claims to have the finest appearing Salvation Army on the Coast.

The construction of the Santa Rosa & Green Valley Road is now considered assured. The Channing Company at Los Gatos has changed hands and work commenced last week.

The Senatorial Committee on Indian affairs, led by Port Townsend on the 7th for Alaska. Seventeen liquor dealers at Petaluma failed to apply for a license under the new law.

The jail at Jacksonville, Or., was burned on the 12th, in which three prisoners lost their lives. F. J. Barnard, one of the early pioneers of British Columbia, died on the 10th at Victoria, B. C.

A cloud-burst near Albuquerque, N. M., on the 10th, destroyed several miles of the Santa Fe track. The cold-moist is said to be destroying the apple crop of Honey Lake Valley, Lassen county, Cal.

Sonoma county fruit-growers are trying to establish a permanent fruit exhibit at Santa Rosa. A new style of cup-cellar is made in the form of a diminutive steampan. Others include shells, leaves, fruits and flowers.

Salad Dressing: Peel and boil a large fine potato; wash well, and when cold, add the yolk of a raw egg, a teaspoonful of mustard, and stir well together; add two tablespoonfuls of olive oil and vinegar very slowly, stirring constantly so that it may be very smooth. This is nice with chopped celery or cabbage.

Lemon or Orange Cream: Take one lemon or two oranges, grate, add one cup sugar, a cup of ice water and one cup of cream; beat the whites of three eggs and stir in. Warm a gill of milk, in which mix two tablespoonfuls of corn starch; stir in the lemon or orange juice. Whip a quart of cream, flavor with essence of almond and pour over.

Sweet Peas: The main point in the culture of sweet peas is to cut the flowers every day. If one bloom is permitted to mature and form seed the vitality of the plant is exhausted and it is at an end. This beautiful variety has been much improved of late, and a number of very beautiful kinds have been produced by crossing. The best effect is obtained by planting several varieties, a few of each together in rows, and training them on strings fastened from pegs in the ground to a central stake, or the mixed seeds may be planted. The seeds should be planted once, and by continuous cutting the bloom will last all through the season.

Meat Cakes: The remains of a cold roast or boiled leg of mutton that has been rarely cooked will be most delicious if prepared as follows: Chop the meat as fine as possible and mix it with half as much fine bread crumbs and a quarter as much beef suet, also chopped very fine and freed from strings. Put these ingredients into a bowl, with a cupful of minced oysters (fresh ones of course are the best, but the canned ones may be used), add a seasoning of thyme, marjoram, pepper, salt and a little powdered nutmeg, and mix thoroughly. The mixture should be pressed into a loaf, and cut into slices, which may be fried in butter or oil, and served with a sauce of tomato catsup and onion.

Salt for Cows: If cows were forced to eat salt by being put in their feed it would do them harm, but it is extremely doubtful if cows will eat two much salt if they are allowed free access to it and free choice to take it or not. Salt, being an essential part of the system, will help to keep the animal healthy. This will increase the flow of milk and improve the quality. It is believed that salt will do this directly, and that its use will improve the churning quality of the milk. But salt should be given regularly. If not there will be suffering—at one time from lack of it, and at another time from excess of it. Provide rock salt, and have a place for it where the cows can always go to get it, or a trough in the yard, or a box in the side of a building (with a roof) or a box under the cattle shed.

Eating Lemons: A great deal has been said through the papers about the healthfulness of lemons. The latest advice is to eat them so that they will do the most good, as follows: Most people know the benefit of lemonade before breakfast, but few know that it is more than doubled by taking another at night as well. The sugar before going to bed. In the morning, on rising, at least half an hour before breakfast, take the juice of one lemon in a goblet of water. This will clear the system of humor and help with efficiency without any of the weakening effects of alcohol or congress water. People should not irritate the stomach by eating lemons clear.

HOME AND FARM.

Young Fruit Trees—Silver Table Ware—Eating Lemons—S-net Peas—Salt for Cows—Meat Pies.

Non-producing lemons are of no service. Make a pot-pie of them once. Cultivate the peach orchard in the same manner as when cultivating corn. That is, use the cultivator and stir the top soil frequently.

Get your young fruit trees in the ground before this month is gone. The later it is the deferred the greater the chances of injury by dry weather.

The thermometer and the barometer should be used by all farmers. After having used them awhile they will be considered indispensable adjuncts to the farm.

Corn is not a perfect food for a hog. Though rich in the elements that tend to fatten, yet corn is deficient in the bone and muscle-making elements to a certain extent. A mixed diet is best.

Sweet potatoes should be cultivated well until they begin to run. They will not arrive if the weather is wet, and the roots will rot. It is better to give them the better, so as to give them an early start.

Taking care of the tools and implements is one of the best modes of economizing on the farm. The value of the tools annually depreciated from lack of cleaning, oiling, and exposure to weather is enormous.

This is one way of cleaning velvet: Hold over a kettle of clean boiling water, the wrong side down, for two minutes, place on a smooth board and brush with a soft velvet brush immediately; if it is a large piece and gets too collared, steam and brush. This way is quite satisfactory to some.

Every farmer should have an experimental plot of his own. The information gained of a practical kind will be invaluable. If every farmer in the United States could be induced to try a few experiments annually, agriculture would make more rapid progress than any other branch of industry.

Do not be induced to retain a male pig from the cross-bred litter because it is a fine specimen. The male should be thoroughly culled, as there will be no uniformity in the offspring. The mistake of keeping over cross-bred males is one that has largely aided in degenerating the swine on some farms.

The tendency of silver table ware has been toward smallness and compactness, and this has affected the size of smaller ware. The smaller silverware, such as pepper pots are very diminutive, and as a rule they are decorated in the same manner as the larger pieces, although there are many odd and striking designs. A new style of cup-cellar is made in the form of a diminutive steampan. Others include shells, leaves, fruits and flowers.

Salad Dressing: Peel and boil a large fine potato; wash well, and when cold, add the yolk of a raw egg, a teaspoonful of mustard, and stir well together; add two tablespoonfuls of olive oil and vinegar very slowly, stirring constantly so that it may be very smooth. This is nice with chopped celery or cabbage.

Lemon or Orange Cream: Take one lemon or two oranges, grate, add one cup sugar, a cup of ice water and one cup of cream; beat the whites of three eggs and stir in. Warm a gill of milk, in which mix two tablespoonfuls of corn starch; stir in the lemon or orange juice. Whip a quart of cream, flavor with essence of almond and pour over.

Sweet Peas: The main point in the culture of sweet peas is to cut the flowers every day. If one bloom is permitted to mature and form seed the vitality of the plant is exhausted and it is at an end. This beautiful variety has been much improved of late, and a number of very beautiful kinds have been produced by crossing. The best effect is obtained by planting several varieties, a few of each together in rows, and training them on strings fastened from pegs in the ground to a central stake, or the mixed seeds may be planted. The seeds should be planted once, and by continuous cutting the bloom will last all through the season.

Meat Cakes: The remains of a cold roast or boiled leg of mutton that has been rarely cooked will be most delicious if prepared as follows: Chop the meat as fine as possible and mix it with half as much fine bread crumbs and a quarter as much beef suet, also chopped very fine and freed from strings. Put these ingredients into a bowl, with a cupful of minced oysters (fresh ones of course are the best, but the canned ones may be used), add a seasoning of thyme, marjoram, pepper, salt and a little powdered nutmeg, and mix thoroughly. The mixture should be pressed into a loaf, and cut into slices, which may be fried in butter or oil, and served with a sauce of tomato catsup and onion.

Salt for Cows: If cows were forced to eat salt by being put in their feed it would do them harm, but it is extremely doubtful if cows will eat two much salt if they are allowed free access to it and free choice to take it or not. Salt, being an essential part of the system, will help to keep the animal healthy. This will increase the flow of milk and improve the quality. It is believed that salt will do this directly, and that its use will improve the churning quality of the milk. But salt should be given regularly. If not there will be suffering—at one time from lack of it, and at another time from excess of it. Provide rock salt, and have a place for it where the cows can always go to get it, or a trough in the yard, or a box in the side of a building (with a roof) or a box under the cattle shed.

Eating Lemons: A great deal has been said through the papers about the healthfulness of lemons. The latest advice is to eat them so that they will do the most good, as follows: Most people know the benefit of lemonade before breakfast, but few know that it is more than doubled by taking another at night as well. The sugar before going to bed. In the morning, on rising, at least half an hour before breakfast, take the juice of one lemon in a goblet of water. This will clear the system of humor and help with efficiency without any of the weakening effects of alcohol or congress water. People should not irritate the stomach by eating lemons clear.

PORTLAND MARKET.

A SLIGHT ADVANCE IN GROCERIES REPORTED.

Provisions are Advancing—Fresh Fruits are Profitable and Cheap—Crops Reports are not Very Encouraging in Oregon.

From several sources reports have been received, which confirm the rumors that poor crops will be harvested in many parts of the country east of the Cascades, and in Eastern Washington at the most only half a crop need be expected. Another good fruit season however, is assured. Sugars have advanced slightly since our last report, while coffee is on the decline, but hardly as low as they should be. Eastern provisions are now obtaining higher prices than our own products. The abundant supply of all kinds of the luscious fresh fruits in season, and the moderate prices asked, prove that another plentiful crop is being gathered. The local wheat market remains the same as reported last week, but signs of an early improvement are visible. Fresh meants continue firm without any change. We quote:

GROCERIES. Sugar, Golden C 7 1/2c, extra C 7 1/2c, dry granulated 5 1/2c, crushed and powdered 5 1/2c; Guatemala 19c @ 21c, Java 25c @ 27c, Costa Rica 20c @ 21c, Mocha 37c, Rio 20c @ 21c, roasted Java 31c, Arbutle's roasted 23c.

OREGON. Oregon ham 13c @ 13 1/2c, breakfast bacon 13c, sides 10 1/2c, Eastern ham 13c @ 14c, breakfast bacon 13c @ 13 1/2c, sides 9 1/2c, shoulders 9c. Lard 9 1/2c @ 10c.

APRICOTS \$1.25, peaches 75c @ 85c, lemons \$4.50 @ 5, blackberries 6c, Sicily \$7.50.

POTATOES 40c @ 50c, new 1c @ 1 1/2c, per lb. onions \$1, tomatoes \$1 per box.

DAIRY PRODUCTS. Butter, Oregon fancy 22 1/2c, medium 15c @ 16 1/2c, common 10c @ 12 1/2c. Eastern 22c, California 18c @ 20c.

EGGS 25c. POULTRY. Chickens 33c @ 35c, broilers \$2.50 @ 3, old \$5.50, duck \$6.75, geese \$5 @ 5.50, turkeys 14c per lb.

WOOL. Valleys 18c @ 20c, Eastern Oregon 8 @ 10c. HOPS. Hops 10c @ 15c.

GRAIN. Wheat, Valley \$1.15 @ 1.17 1/2, Eastern Oregon \$1.05 @ 1.07 1/2, Oats \$2 @ 3.5c. Standard 44, other brands \$3.75 @ 3.00.

FEED. Hay \$12 @ 14 per ton, bran \$13.50 @ 14, chaff \$18 @ 20, shorts \$14 @ 15, barley \$20 @ 22.50.

FRESH MEATS. Beef, live, 3c, dressed, 6c @ 6 1/2c; mutton, live, 3c @ 3 1/2c, dressed, 6c @ 6 1/2c; veal 6 @ 6 1/2c.

DRIED FRUITS. Apples 4 @ 5c, evaporated 6c @ 10c, Oregon plums 3 @ 3 1/2c, peaches 5 @ 6c, California figs 7c, Smyrna 13 @ 15c, apricots 13 @ 14c, raisins \$1.75 @ 2.75 per box.

AMERICAN FABLES. Three Little Stories with Morals for the Young and the Old.

THE GOOSE AND THE EAGLE. The Goose Whose Heart was Fired with Ambition decided to become an Eagle, and She left the Farm Yard one Morning and Wandered off into the Hills as a Starter. She was presently Espied by an Eagle, who pounced down and Seized upon her as a prize.

What Means this Treatment? demanded the goose. "I came here to be one of you!" "As a Fowl at Home you were a Success," replied the Eagle, "but as a goose abroad you are a n.g., except to furnish a dinner for some Bird with More Sense."

MORAL.—When a Mechanic quits his job to become a politician it is not the politician who is Eaten.

THE FARMER AND THE JUG. A Farmer who had filled a Jug with Cider and taken it into the Field with him tore up the soil for awhile and broke both suspenders, and then went over to the Jug in anticipation of a Refreshing draught. But when he came to lift the vessel to his lips he found that every drop of Cider had leaked out and been Absorbed by the dry Earth.

"Ah! but this is the Basest Ingratitude!" he exclaimed, as he flung the Jug from him.

"But behold!" replied the Jug as it split open and Revealed a long-lost Will made by the Farmer's grandfather, and leaving him \$75,000 worth of real estate in Chicago.

MORAL.—If your House Burns down and is not Insured you may, in Poking around Among the Ashes, find twice its value in Diamond Pins lost by the Plasterers when the house was Built.

THE FROG AND THE TRAVELER. A Frog who had his Home in a Puddle by the Wayside Made such an Ado one night as a Traveler passed that way that the Man was Fain to stop and Inquire the Cause of it.

"Had I not made such a Noise you would not have known of my Presence," replied the Frog.

"But now that I do know, what of it?" queried the Man.

"Why, I am here."

"Yes, but what are the odds to me where you are? You are but a Frog, place yourself where you will."

MORAL.—The Man whose Mouth makes his Presence known is seldom worth minding.—Detroit Free Press

ABOUT GOLD WATCHES.

The Demand for Them Growing in All Parts of the Country.

"Gold watches are so common nowadays that men don't take as much pride in wearing them as they did a few years ago," said a Fulton street jeweler the other day. "The individual who could sport a gold watch and chain a dozen years ago was considered a person of wealth and property. But he isn't now. Why, you will find gold watches in the pockets of our street-car conductors, and I have even known them to wear handsome diamond rings. Did you ever notice the ostentatious manner in which a young man handles his first gold watch? It is rather amusing. Usually he carries it in a chamois leather pouch, and it is very careful not to breathe on it or touch the case with his fingers. He consults it every fifteen minutes for the first month, but he soon tires of it, and then considers it a horrible bore to be asked for the time. The demand for gold watches was never greater than it is to-day. Watch companies are kept very busy filling orders, and we retail jewelers do a good business in this line."

"Why is it that watches are so much cheaper now than a few years ago?" "Well, for one thing, the watch movements are a great deal cheaper. Gold is just exactly the same price per pennyweight. The reduction in price is confined to the movements. The watch movements of the standard American make are very cheap. Those in common use in