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GRAND PRIZE PARIS 1900

VALLEY RECORD.

ASHLAND, Ore., Thursday, May 19, 1904

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Ore. May 16, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Pearl W. Graves of Long Beach, county of Los Angeles, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6154, for the purchase of sec No. 24, in township No. 37, S. 1, E. 2, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before A. S. Hilton, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Medford, Oregon, on Saturday, the 30th day of July, 1904.

He names as witnesses: John D. Graves, of Spencer, Wisconsin; Henry C. Sparrow, of Forest, Oregon; Welborn Beeson, of Talent, Oregon; Joseph Applebaker, of Talent, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 30th day of July, 1904.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

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For Joint Representative Jackson and Douglas Counties—

W. O. BRIDGES
of Yoncalla.

Democratic Nominee.

For Circuit Judge, First Judicial District—

E. B. DUFUR
of Gold Hill.

Democratic Nominee.

M. S. EMERY

of Ashland.

Democratic Nominee.

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Estimates on all work.

All work guaranteed.

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Given Away!

Elegant Bohemian Glass Tea Set Absolutely FREE!

L. P. ORR'S Drug and Stationery Store Fourth Street

Call and get particulars with a package of Newton's Gum for only TEN Cents.

SOCIETY DIRECTORIES.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

GRANITE LODGE, No. 23, Knights of Pythias, Ashland, Oregon, meets every Monday evening. Visiting Knights in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN B. FORKES, Chancellor Com. T. F. KERRAWAY, K. B. S.

COMPROMISED REPUBLICAN PARTY HOLDS MEETING.

Apocate Bryan Democrat and Insurrecto Republican Leader Make Speeches.

The third meeting of the republican party of Chautauqua county this season took place at Chautauqua, Wednesday evening, May 12, 1904.

The first convention held at the opera house in this city in April to elect delegates to state and congressional conventions and the second convention to nominate a county ticket held at Gold Hill, May 6th, were standing events in their way.

The "flashes" in April were Senator C. C. and his friends, lost power of the party leadership, management and machinery after being the recognized leader for eight years, has re-assembled the entire program, hence the events transpiring are of special interest as disclosing the trend and motive of the reorganizers and their work of intruding themselves in political power and strengthening their prestige for a future attack on the deceased leader.

While it is generally accepted that Senator C. C. is at the head of the prevailing republican dynasty was taken away from him in an underhanded manner by marplots in the republican party, who took the morals of which have been denounced and characterized by the friends or opponents of either face in the street.

The best forms of expression that the English language affords, yet the facts of the deposition are inevitable and the plotters are in control.

The situation in republican circles is quite similar to that in the Kingdom of Serbia when one night the plotters and schemers reached the bed of King Alexander and Queen Draga, murdered them and threw their bodies out of the window, and assassinated the king's cabinet and friends who refused to "harmonize" when told of what had happened.

The powers had a consultation and while they roared at the methods employed they agreed that the Karagevich dynasty was in possession of "the goods" and they opposed it "up against it" too strong for effective resistance.

The candidates on the republican ticket are settling down to the inevitable best of the situation.

Dr. J. M. Keene, whose plotting and compromising capacity the Ashland delegation have had such a touch of in the past month of fast and furious politics. Representative Dunn met a cynic every time he came in touch with a "red hot" republican, but he has a "cool" head and a cool brain as his reorganized machinery and party ticket performed before him at Chautauqua tabernacle. His latest creation—E. F. Staples, who is now the republican county central committee and everything was lined up with theatrical taste and precision.

A strong effort was made to work up a crowd and give "the visiting brethren" a fine audience and the W. O. W. band played on the streets and discoursed a prelude on the platform.

Chairman Staples lined up his galaxy of candidates on the stage at the head of the parade. Mr. C. C. was followed, then Candidates Applegate, Davis, Humason, Dickinson, Cameron, Dunn and Thornton and at the last he called upon Judge Hanna.

All spoke briefly promising to accept the offices, etc.

Chairman Staples announced that Colvig and Watson would speak upon "republican issues." Colvig began on issues then explained his presence there, admitting that he had been a republican for many years, but that he had been a republican party all his life until 1900, when he jumped on account of the expansion issue. He called attention that he was not on the ticket for office this year. He was less definite as to the future as he said he "did not know whether he ever would be a republican or not."

He has lost none of his oratorical ability by reason of change. To show that he was "republican" as a republican as he used to be as a democrat, he gave this example:

"Though I regard Joe Rader as high as any man ever knew in Jewry, I will vote for Thornton and Davis because they are on my ticket."

Next came C. B. Watson, who looked like a strange cat in a republican form of the official republican band wagon. As he spoke feelingly of being in the audience feel the deep chasm that had separated him from that official band wagon, though he refrained from any detailed statement of the case. The audience had all remembered it, and did not need to be told, either about the April revolution that got him back upon the official platform. Jabbing Bro. Colvig with a piece of harmony by saying "he was proud that he was nothing in Jewry, and was never ashamed of it," he followed with a lot of eloquent pretty talk about republicanism. This was followed by a lecture to republicans and young men, advising them to make politics their business, attend primaries, etc., and see that the party was run by its members and not by outsiders.

Connected in a clever string of language Watson closed by saying that he had held office at the hands of the republican party that was not now a candidate and that he would not be a candidate in the future." Putting more Rooseveltian emphasis in his tone of voice and shaking his fist at the audience in a threatening attitude as if addressing some special individual, he spoke of "the party" as "the party" in politics all over.

Mr. Watson's gestures and voice easily suggested a picture of one good republican in the attitude of a good republican, the scalp of another and there was a feeling extant that C. B. was not yet satisfied with the political condition of Senator Carter. Though he was not getting thoroughly in the saddle, immediately declared the past was "ancient history" and proceeded to gather together the old column of the republican party, just routed under the banner of his antagonist. Mr. Watson could not so easily forget those scars and wounds received from the republican party during the past four years of insurrectionary leadership.

After the meeting closed the candidates repaired to the banquet of Chairman Staples in Pioneer block where Dr. Keene accompanied them and they were further instructed in the secret work by the pass master himself.

NOTES.

The audience was composed of 125 men, women and children. There were many notable absences and those familiar with the personnel of the party here recognized among the absent ones many stalwarts who do not seem to be suddenly "harmonized" by Dr. Keene and E. T. Staples.

Dr. Keene was accompanied to town and viewed the meeting with W. H. Jones, the Foo Bah prince, secretary and chairman and parliamentarian in the famous Keene-Kubli revolutionary movement at opera house in April. They could not be interviewed as they were in the company of the republican circles in Ashland and Jackson county.

The presence of Henry Kubli was all that was missing to make the scene completely "harmonized."

MANAGER WANTED.

Trustworthy lady or gentleman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well and favorably known home of solid financial standing. \$20 straight cash salary and expenses paid each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Expense money advanced. Position permanent. No holidays. Manager, 810 Como Block, Ashland, Ill.

Max Pracht Registered.

Hon. Max Pracht, special agent of the U. S. General Land Office temporarily stationed at Oregon City, arrived in Ashland Saturday to register and spend Sunday at Peachtree Paradise orchard.

Mr. Pracht says he will be in Ashland on Tuesday day "to vote the republican ticket except one. Being a stalwart member of the Ashland branch in this instance I cannot vote for one man on the ticket."

Mr. Pracht would not give the name of the single republican whom he would vote for, but he is at publication. However, it is no doubt Hon. Geo. W. Dunn, and Mr. Pracht's grievance easily is guessed.

Mr. Dunn was the successful nominee of the republican legislative ticket in 1894 and was expected to vote for the re-election of United States Senator J. N. Dolph. To the surprise of the gold standard republicans who joined the "immortal triad" who booted Dolph and formed the Ashland branch of the republican majority. The bolters represented the free silver republican elements which was led by Secretary of State H. K. Kincaid. As Mr. Dolph only lacked one vote of being re-elected U. S. Senator, Representative Dunn could have supported the gold standard.

What aggravated the gold standard republicans as much as Dunn's refusal to vote for Dolph was the resolutions of the Ashland branch of the Oregon League which was a very noisy and irritating body doing politics in those popular times. Capt. M. F. Eggleston, a "gold" hand from Lowell, other republicans of that time holding free silver views. Senator Dolph held a position of marked influence in the United States senate at that time and notwithstanding free silver resolutions by the Oregon legislators and the refusal of certain republican conventions, farmers' alliances, granges, bimetallic leagues galore and letters from hot headed 16-to-18 year olds, Mr. Dolph remained steadfast to his own judgment and announced that he had the honor to vote and labor against the combined foolishness of his Oregon constituents.

Those were hot old political times in the best of the republic. At that time there were as many political orators, spouters and agitators at work as there are now in the entire country.

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Japanese Cruiser Blown Up by Striking Submerged Mine in Kerr Bay.

Newchwang, May 17.—The Russians were surprised by the appearance of the enemy at Kai Chau, twenty miles south of Yinkow, yesterday.

They were expecting the Yalu army. Nine transports, assisted by the navy, landed 1000 troops, and the remainder will land today. The number of the Japanese force is not known. The warships shelled the shore from early morning until evening. The Japanese are expected here on Wednesday, and the Russians are rapidly evacuating the town.

Combined Sea and Land Attack.

Choo Foo, May 17.—A combined land and sea attack on the island of Choo Foo, expected to take place between May 20 and May 22.

The Japanese expect to occupy Port Dalny within a few days. Dalny is not fortified, the only fort in the vicinity being one known as "Redoubt" and under the command of a Russian officer. The Japanese intend to land additional troops there and commence an attack on Port Arthur.

A Japanese officer informed the correspondent of the Associated Press that the Japanese are ready to give up two thousand men in the attack. This he did not consider to be a large number, in view of the great per centage of sick and wounded who will be able to retake the field as the result of modern hospital equipment.

Dispatch Boat Miyako Destroyed.

Tokio, May 17.—The dispatch boat Miyako was destroyed in Kerr Bay by a submarine submerged mine. Eight casualties are reported.

The Miyako was lost while assisting in the operation of clearing the Russian mines from Kerr Bay, northeast of Taiten Wan Bay, on which Port Dalny is situated. Admiral Kataoka, commander of the first squadron, returned with a detachment of his squadron, protecting two flotillas of torpedo boats which had been detailed to complete sweeping the harbor by the removal of mines. Five mines were discovered and exploded and the work was being suspended for the day when the Miyako struck on an undetected mine which exploded with tremendous force under her stern on the port side and inflicted immense damage to the hull. The Miyako sank in less than two minutes. The captain and twenty-two men were wounded. The rest of the crew were rescued.

KILLS POLICE SERGEANT.

St. Joseph, Mo., May 17.—Police Sergeant Wm. E. Gibson was shot and fatally wounded by Paul Temple, a horse trader. Gibson had taken Temple to the Lewis lively stable to identify two horses which it was charged Temple had stolen. As they entered the barn Temple suddenly thrust a revolver in the officer's face and fired. The ball entered the left nostril and penetrated the roof of the mouth.

INJURED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

San Barbara, May 17.—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Jung, prominent Los Angeles people, were hurled from their automobile and seriously injured on the San Marcos pass last night. In company with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tigris and Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Tigris, they were on a trip from that city to Niles.

ENGINEERS IN SESSION.

Los Angeles, May 17.—The delegates of the international convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers reconvened yesterday after two days spent in stagnation in Southern California. They remained in executive session throughout the day, hearing resolutions from the various divisions of the order. At the close of an unusually large number of these memorials, it will require several days to consider and dispose of them and other minor matters. The more important business before the convention will not be reached before the latter part of the week.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Get your printed stationery now, at the Valley Record office.

Judge Hanna's Trial of The Dunham Damage Case.

During the past two months the Medford Southern Oregonian, of which Chas. Nickell is the publisher, contained one attack upon Circuit Judge Hanna concerning the trial of Ed. Dunham vs. the S. P. R. & N. Co.

As Judge Hanna tries cases in court and not on the street corners or in country newspapers Mr. Nickell has had his own way of fixing up the trial of that case for the outside public, hence those people who constantly declare they "don't believe a word they read in newspapers" but proceed and retail everything they read without investigation have had Nickell's story concerning the reasons why Judge Hanna set aside the verdict of the jury giving Dunham \$12,000 damages for the loss of his leg while in the employ of the Southern Pacific as a train employe.

Mr. Reader if you did not know anything about the legal features of the case and felt compelled to give the public some information that would make it feel "sure" as Judge Hanna "what would you guess? No doubt it would be the same guess that Nickell made—that the judgment was excessive.

There is nothing the matter with that guess except one feature—that it was a plain ordinary mistake. Yet lies can take on like measles.

People who have known Judge Hanna for many years as one of the ablest lawyers and judges in this state will not believe any report that they will hear about him during a campaign. Their confidence in Judge Hanna's character and ability is sufficient guarantee that the trials in his court are conducted properly and there is no occasion for Judge Hanna to get into the newspapers or on the radio.

For his own satisfaction the editor of this paper has looked up the particulars in the Dunham cases.

After the first trial Mr. Fenton, attorney for the Southern Pacific, filed a motion for a new trial setting out several reasons therefor, as follows:

1st. Error of the court in giving a certain instruction asked for by plaintiff.

2nd. Error in refusing to give instruction for defendant.

3rd. Insufficiency of evidence to warrant finding a judgment for plaintiff.

4th. That the judgment was excessive.

The motion was ably argued for several hours by Mr. Fenton and Dunham's attorney, A. S. Bennett. Mr. Fenton presented to the court a copy of a very recent decision of the supreme court of the United States in a case known as the "Dunham" case. This case added new light to the liability of corporations in cases of damages where the injured party was under age.

Judge Hanna had during the heat of the trial given the jury an instruction to the effect that if the jury believed that the plaintiff, which he afterward did not believe would stand the test of the supreme court. According to Mr. Nickell's story Judge Hanna did not know anything about the case at all, Judge Hanna should have let the case be appealed to the supreme court by the plaintiff. But when he afterward did not believe would stand the test of the supreme court. According to Mr. Nickell's story Judge Hanna did not know anything about the case at all, Judge Hanna should have let the case be appealed to the supreme court by the plaintiff. But when he afterward did not believe would stand the test of the supreme court. According to Mr. Nickell's story Judge Hanna did not know anything about the case at all, Judge Hanna should have let the case be appealed to the supreme court by the plaintiff. But when he afterward did not believe would stand the test of the supreme court. 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