VALLEY RECORD.

The People's Paper.

ASHLAND, Or.... Thursday, April 11, 1895

Inheritance and Income Taxes.

Of interest to Americans at present will be Lord Playfair's paper on this subject in The North American Review. He calls attention to the fact that for the first time in English history the budget recently prepared by Sir William Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, "makes a bold and permanent application of the principle that large estates, both personal and real, should pay death duties in proportion to their size." In accordance with this idea, Sir William's scheme provides that the person who inherits $500 shall pay to the government 1 per cent, or $5. One inheriting property worth $5,000 must pay the government $100 on taking possession. An estate worth $50,000 must pay 3 per cent, and so on. An estate of $5,000,000 is taxed 8 per cent, and the inheritor must therefore pay to the British government $400,000. What a cry would be raised in this country if such a tax should be attempted!

In England Lord Playfair tells us it is a plainly understood principle that the rich must pay taxes in greater proportion than the poor. They must procure licenses for keeping carriages, for displaying armorial bearings and even for the right to have a footman with powdered hair. There seems to be no question about the justice of the principle.

Lord Playfair affirms that the income tax scheme, both in the United States and Great Britain, plainly contemplates a graduated scale. In America under the new tax law all incomes below $4,000 are exempt. In England all above $800 are taxed. It is to be noted that Lord Playfair says: "These changes in the system of English taxation have not been made without violent opposition by the wealthy classes. The adoption of graduation is a sign that democracy has largely increased its power in English politics." He further declares that if accumulated wealth is unwilling to pay public expenses according to ability it will lead to disastrous results in the way of increasing popular belief in the "wild ravings of communists and anarchists." This growing tendency induced the Liberal government of Great Britain to concede progressive death duties. Lord Playfair says wealthy people could transmit estates intact to their heirs by getting their lives insured for enough to cover the death duties. He also quotes this saying of the Earl of Derby: "I have learned more and more forcibly the uselessness, to put it on no other ground, of attempting to resist the progress of popular ideas, and I have come to think more and more highly of the moderation, the fairness and the general justice with which the masses of men, including all conditions of life, are disposed to use their power."

As to an Extra Session.

Four members of the late lamented congress, Charles Tracey, Democrat, of New York; Josiah Patterson, Democrat, of Tennessee, Bellamy Storer, Republican, of Ohio, and Robert G. Cousins, Republican, of Iowa, lay before the people in The North American Review their opinions as to the need of an extra session of the Fifty-fourth congress. Their views, briefly summed up, are like the chapter on snakes in Ireland. There is no need of an extra session.

Mr. Tracey calls attention to the method by which, when greenbacks and treasury notes are redeemed in gold by the government, they are not withdrawn from circulation, but are given out again and brought anew to draw more gold from the treasury. One $10 note might thus withdraw $100 in gold from the treasury. But Mr. Tracey is of opinion that under the act of July 11, 1875, there is ample authority for issuing all the bonds the government needs and buying gold with them without the sanction of congress.

Mr. Storer says that if the Fifty-fourth congress were called in extra session it would legislate on the financial problem to please itself, not to please the president, and that therefore there will be no extra session.

Mr. Patterson says the interests of the east and the south lie together against the silver mining interests of the west, and therefore east and south should unite on financial measures. Mr. Cousins is of opinion matters are as bad as they can be now financially, and an extra session will not help them any. He thinks, and believes a majority of the people think with him, that the present financial troubles of the country are owing to deficiency of revenue. But the president can never be brought to adopt that view. If he were to call an extra session of congress, it would only be that the congress might pass measures of relief which Mr. Cleveland himself thinks proper, whatever the members might deem best. Under these circumstances, the Iowa congressman considers that an extra session would be worse than useless.

There is one thing we can say in the United States from this day on. It is that no queen or empress was ever wedded with more costly splendor than the youngest daughter of the late Jay Gould was. The cost of the floral decorations was not equaled in Russia when Princess Alix married the czar. The lavish display which empires and kingdoms authorize for their rulers on festal occasions was in some respects excelled by that indulged in by an American private citizen.

"400" ism, estheticism and all the prevailing fads of snobs and snobbery have had severe blows but the blow struck Oscar Wilde by the Marquis of Queensberry was a knocker to cultism.

"We take pleasure in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy because it is praised by all who try it," says J. W. Cox & son, druggists, Marshfield, Oregon. No one afflicted with a throat or lung trouble can use this remedy without praising it. It always gives prompt relief. It is especially valuable for colds it relieves the lungs, makes breathing easier and aids expectoration. A cold will never result in pneumonia when this remedy is taken and reasonable care exercised. For sale by E. A. SHERWIN.

Fine Place to Rent.

The Saxeman property. 2½ acres choice fruit orchard. Good 7—room house. Apply to E. E. Deming on adjoining place.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Simultaneously with the Gould wedding and the Vanderbilt divorce another great event claimed the attention of the country. This was the advent formally of the new silver party, or, as it calls itself, the Bimetallist party. It appears before the country standing on the platform of free silver coinage. It will gladly accept as recruits to its ranks men of all the other parties and of no party. The new party's chief sponsor, ex-Congressman Joseph C. Sibley of Pennsylvania, tells us the Bimetallist party will undertake to elect a free coinage president. It has a large contract on its hands. Mr. Sibley says the Bimetallists do not care whether their candidate for president is a Democrat, Republican or Populist, or even if he be also the presidential nominee of one of these parties, just so that he is right on the silver question.

A Tacoma dispatch says: George Leschi, a cousin of Jim Bouchett, the Nisqually Indian medicine man who was murdered three weeks ago, has been haranguing the Nisqually tribe, and says that 40 of them will march to the Muckle-Shoot reservation, and demand a big indemnity of the relatives and tribesmen of Jerry Dominic, who killed Bouchett because he failed to cure Dominic's children. If the indemnity is not paid Dominic and his relatives will be liable, according to Indian custom, to be killed at any time.

A year ago the steamer Newburn was wrecked on the rocks off Point Vincent, and now the owners have brought suit against members of the crew to recover $250 which the sailors received from the sale of the propeller. The men say the wreck was abandoned and was fired to cover up evidence that she was a smuggler.

Further news comes of a later insurrection at Presidion, Tex., among the Mexican fanatics who are followers of the woman known as "Saint Teresa," who claims to perform miracles by the aid of divine power. Some of her adherents were arrested for disturbing the tranquility of the people and their attempted rescue resulted in the death of several persons.

Another railroad project is mooted at San Francisco. It is to build a line along the ocean shore from San Francisco to Santa Cruz and thence to Tulare. Eastern capitalists are interested in the scheme. The company was organized a year ago and surveys were made, but hard times put a stop to operations. The line is to be called the West Shore and Valley railroad.

Kidney.

E. W. JOY COMPANY—Gentlemen: I have suffered from kidney trouble for two or three years. I would have to get up in the night to void my urine from ten to fifteen times. My sleep was disturbed, and I became very thin and nervous. No appetite; bowels constipated. I have taken two bottles and gained fifteen pounds. Sleep well. Have to get up about three times during night, and am very much better in every respect. Will continue to take your Vegetable Sarsaparilla, for believe it will entirely cure me. (Signed)
MR. EDWARD W. FRENCH.
Stockton, Cal.

Harry St. John, son of ex-governor St. John of Kansas, a member of the last Oklahoma legislature, shot and killed his wife recently.

Irene Madden, six years old was killed in front of her home in Brooklyn by a trolley car. Her body was shockingly mangled. She was the 108th victim killed by trolley cars in Brooklyn.

The Northwest National bank of Chicago was robbed of $5,000 by an employe named N. W. Griffin. He has been arrested. He speculated in stocks. Griffin worked in the bank for 20 years.

State Senator Hart shot and killed his hired man, William Milne, at Casper, Wyo. Hart claims that his employe was too familiar with Mrs. Hart. Hart is one of the most prominent and wealthy men in Wyoming. Milne had worked for him many years.

A train on the Rock Island road was held up near Dover, O. T., by five men. The express messenger was shot for refusing to open the safe. The bandits robbed the passengers of obout $300 and a large quantity of jewelry. A posse pursued the robbers and killed one of them in a fight.

A special from Wantoga, O. T. says: Al Evans and Dr. Babb, bedfellows in a hotel, quarreled over the proper division of the bedclothing, and Evans, drawing a pistol from under the pillow, shot and killed Babb. When Sheriff Wilson attempted to arrest Evans he was shot twice by the murderer. Wilson is not fatally injured. Evans is in jail. He is a notorious desperado.

Brakeman Charles Nolan was killed and several other train hands injured in the wreck of a mixed train near Wabuska on the Carson and Colorado line. There several cars of cattle in the train. The animals in one car became frightened and rushed to one side of the car causing it to turn over, thus derailing the rest of the train. Two dozen head of cattle were killed.

A saloon and grocery store in the Fishermen's Exchange at New Orleans were demolished by an explosion and five persons were killed. It was first surmised that the mafia had taken this means to avenge the death of an Italian who was killed by the proprietor of the saloon, but it seems more probable that a quantity of powder in the grocery was accidentally exploded.

The Palace hotel at San Francisco was the scene of a romantic and sensational tragedy a few days ago. Carlo Enrico Reta shot Miss Adele Wolf and then killed himself. Both were shot through the heart. Reta and the girl were lovers but her mother objected to their marriage. Reta was out of money and had pawned everything he owned. He was a lieutenant in the Italian army and was away on a leave of absence.

Frank Colvin, one of the best known country editors in Nebraska and Iowa, killed himself in Omaha in the presence of Miss Early, a young lady he wished to marry. Colvin left a letter stating that he went to Omaha to urge Miss Early to marry him and she told him she had secretly married another man. Miss Early denies that she is married or that she was engaged to Colvin. Colvin was editor of the Randolph (Ia.) Register.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
☞Sold by Druggists, 75c.

F. M. Chrisman, of Silver Lake, who was burned out by the disastrous fire intends rebuilding and resuming business again in the near future.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

The journeymen plumbers of Los Angeles are on a strike against a reduction of wages.

Many women were elected to the school boards in Ohio at the local elections thi week.

The recent Eastern elections show that the Republicans were successful in most places by large majorities.

General J. S. Clarkson is reported as saying that ex-President Harrison will accept the Republican nomination for the presidency in 1896 if it is tendered him.

An order has been issued by the court at Jacksonville, Fla., for the sale of John L. Sullivan's effects to satisfy a claim for salary due an actress in his defunct company.

A carload of flowers was shipped to Chicago from Los Angeles, to be used in Easter decorations. There were 30,000 calla lilies and several thousand carnations in the shipment.

Senator Stewart of Nevada says that sincere advocates of silver do not intend to divide their strength, but to concentrate their efforts to elect Congressman Sibley of Pennsylvania to the presidency in 1896.

Tessa Kelso, city librarian at Los Angeles, has sued Rev. J. G. Campbell for slander. In the course of prayer at his church one morning the minister referred to Miss Kelso and asked the Almighty to make her worthy of her office.

Mrs. Paran Stevens, the most widely known of New York society women, is dead. She was Ward McAllister's great friend and her house was always open to distinguished people. Wealth alone was not sufficient to gain admittance to Mrs. Stevens' circle.

The Bell Telephone company is likely to have an energetic competitor. Standard Oil magnates and other men of wealth in different parts of the United States are said to be interested in the new company, which will compete for business all over the country.

At the New York Academy of Medicine Dr. Herman M. Biggs of the board of health disagreed with his fellow physicians in regard to the use of antitoxine for diphtheria treatment. He says it is dangerous and that there are conditions under which its injection might even be considered criminal.

The famous Wood litigation has been settled and the plaintiffs have come into possession of mining property in Aspen, Colo., valued at $10,000,000. It was claimed that W. J. Wood, a poor Canadian who located the Emma mine, was defrauded of his interests in that property. At the time of his death he did not know how valuable it was, and his heirs signed away their claims to it for almost nothing. When they discovered what they had done they consulted attorneys and suit was begun in the federal court at Denver. They obtained a judgment for a one-third interest in the Emma mine and for $539,000 in cash.

In a bull ring at New Laredo, Mexico, the other day, the African lion Parnell fought a terrible battle with and enormous grizzly bear of the American type. The attendance was large. The animals fought fiercely for two rounds until completely exhausted, but contrary to expectation, neither was killed. It was a bloody combat. The crowd went wild when twice the American grizzly threw his African opponent, erstwhile the king of beasts, so hard upon the ground that once, had time been called according to the usual rules, the lion would have been counted out. Throughout the contest the lion showed more agility and treachery, but the bear must be given the palm for stubborn, stolid strength. Parnell is owned by Colonel E. Daniel Boone, the lion tamer, and is the beast that killed its keep at the Midwinter Fair. The bear is somewhat larger and heavier than the bear, and was secured at New Orleans, where he killed two keepers. It is believed to be the first time on record that such a combat has taken place.

PERSONAL.

J. S. Leeds, for three years manager of the California Traffic association, has resigned and returned to his Eastern home.

A. J. Bogard has been appointed sheriff of Tehama county to succeed his brother, who was killed by a train robber recently.

C. P. Huntington has been re-elected president of the Southern Pacific company, and all the other old officers were unanimously returned.

George H. Heilbron, part owner and editor of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, died recently. He was a native of Boston and left a good fortune.

Harold Moffat Wilson, a student at Yale, refused to be vaccinated and he was sent home. Wilson's father is opposed to vaccination and he would not go against his father's opinions.

Mrs. Ballington Booth of the Salvation Army, by invitation, addressed the Merchants' Exchange at St. Louis the other day. She was listened to attentively and loudly applauded at the conclusion of her remarks.

The recent announcement that the Prince and Princess Colonna had arranged their differences is now followed by the news that the couple has separated for all time. The princess is the daughter of Mrs. John W. Mackey. She has been granted a decree of separation by the Italian court.

Mrs. Langtry, the well-known actress, lately received many invitations to dinners, etc., tendered by young men about town in New York, but declined them. John W. Mackay, Jr., is said to have been among the number. It is said that her excuse for non-acceptance was the sons of rich men make her tired.

Rev. William N. Cleveland, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Chaumont, N. Y., and brother of President Cleveland, has been asked to resign by his congregation. It is said by some that his interest in politics was the cause, while others claim that nothing other than that the majority of his parishioners are Republicans brought on the affair.

Poor Indeed!

The prospect of relief from drastic cathartics for persons troubled with constipation is poor indeed. True they act upon the bowels, but this they do with violence, and their operation tends to weaken the intestines, and is prejudicial to the stomach. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an effectual laxative, but it neither gripes nor enfeebles. Furthermore, it promotes digestion and a regular action of the liver and the kidneys. It is an efficient barrier against and remedy for malarial complaints and rheumatism, and is of great benefit to the weak, nervous and aged. As a medical stimulant it cannot be surpassed. Physicans cordially recommend it, and its professional indorsement is fully borne out by popular experience. Appetite and sleep are both improved by this agreeable invigorant and alterative.

L. N. Bailey, deputy assessor of San Diego county, and his companion J. B. Brackett, supposed to have been lost on the desert between Yuma and Campo, are safe and sound. Their horses escaped but they fortunately secured two mules and reached Coyote Wells in safety.

A Good Recommendation.

La Fayette, Ind.—"A Mrs. Jas. Fay, living near this city, claims to have been cured by the use of Simmon's Liver Regulator after five or six of the best physicians had pronounced the case hopeless."—Albert A. Wells. Your druggist sells it in powder or liquid; the powder to be taken dry, or made into a tea.

INCOME TAX DECISION.

The Supreme Court Kills its Principal Features.

The U. S. supreme court on Monday handed down its decision in the income tax law on three cases before them. The court decided that incomes from rents derived from lands, and incomes from city, county and state bonds could not be taxed according to the constitution, on which points the judgment of the lower court was reversed. The law will now stand, with the above exceptions. The court was greatly divided. Justice White's dissenting opinion was in favor of the whole law and Justice Field was of the opinion that the whole law was null and void. Justice Harlan also dissented. The other justices offered no official opinions.

The law will again be attacked in other cases.

The personal as distinguished from the corporate income tax is levied on all incomes above $4,000, whether derived from fixed salaries, professional fees, profits in business, investments, gifts or inheritances. The rate is 2 per cent on the excess of $4,000. The income to be returned and taxed this year is the income from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1894. The tax is to be paid on or before the 1st of July next.

Every citizen of the United States, whether residing at home or abroad, and every person, citizen or alien, residing in the United States, having an income of more than $4,000, whether the income be derived from this or foreign country, is taxable on the amount in excess of $4,000. Any person who is neither a citizen nor a resident, but deriving an income from property owned or business carried on in the United States, is liable to the tax.

While only incomes above $4,000 are taxed, every person who had an income last year exceeding $3,500 is required to make a return on or before April 15 next. In the case of a family consisting of one or both parents and one or more minor children or husband and wife the return must be made by the head if the aggregate income of all the members exceeds $3,500, and if it exceeds $4,000 the excess is to be taxed, though the income of no one member equals $4,000. Guardians, trustees, etc., are required to return the incomes of minors and others for whom they hold trust funds when such income exceeds $3,500.

Returns are to be made on blank forms to be procured from the office of the district collector. Some persons may receive these by mail, but all persons having the prescribed income are required to make the returns whether blanks are or are not sent to them and whether the collector does or does not call on them. There are two forms, one for persons and the other for corporations. The former, which we are now considering, gives detailed information and instructions as to computing incomes, making returns, etc. It contains a detailed list of sources of gross income and another of deductions allowed by law. The person making the return is required to state the amount and source of his gross income, the amount and nature of the deductions he claims and the sum of the net income. He must then sign this statement and make affidavit of its truth before a collector, deputy collector or some officer authorized to administer oaths. The law declares it a criminal offense for any official or any other person to make public any income returns.

If any person having a returnable income willfully neglects or refuses to make a return within the prescribed time or makes a willfully false or fraudulent return, the collector or deputy collector is authorized to make the return, "according to the best information he can obtain by the examination of such person or any other evidence." It is also made his duty to add 50 per cent as a penalty to the amount of tax due in case of neglect or refusal to make return and 100 per cent in case of a false or fraudulent return. But before making such assessment the collector or deputy must notify the person so assessed, who is entitled to a hearing and an opportunity to show that he has not a taxable income or that the return made by him is correct.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Miss Agnes Epplewhite was stranded at Port Jervis, Ill., about two years ago. She was taken into the Delaware house and received her board in return for superintending the hotel's evening mistcales. She was a pretty girl of charming disposition and was a favorite with the guests of the hotel. Among the guests was a Mrs. Hendricks, a wealthy widow from Philadelphia, a paralytic, who spent most of her time in a wheel chair. One of her few pleasures was listening to the sweet music of Miss Epplewhite. The two became very intimate, and in addition to her regular duties Miss Epplewhite often played for the benefit of Mrs. Hendricks. At the close of the season they parted and have never since met. About a week ago Miss Epplewhite, who now lives in Chicago, received a letter from Philadelphia attorneys informing her that Mrs. Hendricks had bequeathed her $1,000,000 in a will.

Vaupel, Norris & Drake have received an exceptionally fine line of spring and summer clothing and gents furnishing goods for this season's trade and the general tumble down of prices for good goods.

WILLIAM FOX. D. D. GOOD.

FOX & GOOD,
Ashland, ✻✻✻ Oregon.
CITY PASSENGER & TRUCK TRANSFER.

ALL KINDS of Freight, Baggage, household goods etc., transferred with promptness and safety.

☞ Hauling on a large scale contracted for.

WOOD - FOR - SALE.

MRS. J. CLINT.
MILLINERY and DRESSMAKING.
(MRS. MILLSAP'S OLD STAND.)

HAS RECEIVED Some of her New Spring Goods and will offer this season a superb display of new and rich Millinery Goods, with a splendid array of materials, including imported hats, rich novelties in pins, buckles, aigrettes and in trimming features, such as ribbons, feathers, laces and straws.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Interesting Items Picked Out from the Daily Dispatches.

Senator Call of Florida favors the annexation of Cuba by the United States.

Governor McKinley called on President Cleveland the other day at the White House.

The President has selected the following Board to investigate and report upon the feasibility, permanence and expense of the Nicaragua Canal on the route proposed by the Construction Company: From the army, Major William Bedlow, corps of engineers; from the navy Command, U. T. Endicott, civil engineer, and from civil life Alfred Noble of Chicago, a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

The monthly statement of the receipts and expenditures of the treasury during the month of March show receipts from all sources amounting to $25,470,565 and expenditures amounting to $25,716,975, leaving a deficit for the month of $246,376, and for the nine months of the first fiscal year of $36,542,158. During March the receipts from customs amounted to $14,929,789, and from internal revenue $9,858,977. The expenditures on account of pensions amounted to $11,617,556.

The proclamation for the opening of the Yankton lands in South Dakota will not be issued until there can be an investigation by the Secretary of the Interior of the present contentions. Secretary Smith will determine whether the state can select the lands, and whether it will not be compelled also to pay for them at the same prices as agreed upon in the treaty with the Indians. In the enabling act admitting South Dakota the state was granted about 500,000 acres of land. It is an open question whether elections made of ceded Indian lands would not mean that the state would get them free of charge, while settlers have to pay $3.75 per acre. The proclamation will be withheld until the questions are investigated.

Reports that the British warship Royal Arthur had touched at Panama on her way to Nicaragua to enforce British demands cause some apprehension among officials and diplomats here. The Royal Arthur is the flagship of the Pacific squadron and carries Admiral Stephenson, K. C. B., commander of the fleet, although Captain French is in immediate command. She is one of the new monsters of the British navy, having a tonnage of 12,000. There is no official confirmation in Washington of the Royal Arthur's movements, as the reports of naval changes do not come here. The opinion is expressed by those familiar with the situation that if Great Britain resorts to force at all the Central American republics will tender their services to Nicaragua.

Should be Looked Into.

THOROUGH INVESTIGATION REQUESTED.

A BOLD ASSERTION.

Ever since Prof. Koch startled the world by promising to cure consumption with the Koch lymph and his complete failure to do so, the people have been looking for some discovery which would prove an absolute, certain cure for that dread disease. Over a quarter of a century ago Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, put in a claim for a medicine, which he had discovered and used, in his extensive practice, that would *cure* ninety-eight per cent. of all cases of consumption when taken in all its early stages. Time has proved that his assertion was based on facts gained from experience. His "Golden Medical Discovery" has cured many thousand people in all parts of the world, and Dr. Pierce invites all interested to send to him for a free book which gives the names, addresses and photographs of many prominent people who have willingly testified to the marvelous curative properties of his "Golden Medical Discovery." He has also written a Book of 160 pages on "Diseases of the Respiratory Organs," which treats of all Throat, Bronchial and Lung diseases, also Asthma and Catarrh, that will be mailed by the World's Dispensary Medical Association of Buffalo, N.Y., on receipt of six cents in stamps, to pay postage.

Consumption, as most everybody knows, is first manifested by feeble vitality, loss of strength, emaciation; then local symptoms soon develop, as *cough*, difficult breathing, or bleeding from lungs, when investigation proves that tubercular deposits have formed in the lungs. It is earnestly advised that the "Discovery" be taken early and the latter stages of the disease can thereby be easily avoided.

To build up *solid flesh and strength* after the grip, pneumonia, ("lung fever"), exhausting fevers, and other prostrating diseases, it has no equal. It does not make *fat* like cod liver oil and its nasty compounds, but, *solid, wholesome flesh.*

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

NOTICE IS HERERY GIVEN that the undersigned, doing business under the firm name of Caldwell & Davis, in Ashland, Oregon, dissolved partnership on March 18, 1895, by mutual consent.
A. C. CALDWELL.
E. H. DAVIS.
Ashland, Or., April 8, 1895.

TO WOOD CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given that bids will be received by the Board of Directors of School District No. 5, at Ashland, Oregon, until Friday, May 3d, 1895, for 130 tiers, more or less, of 18 inch wood, ½ pine or fir, balance oak, to be delivered, tiered and measured in the woodsheds of the different school buildings as directed by the board of directors. Wood to be thoroughly seasoned and delivered by Sept. 1st, 1895. Wood to be cut from large trees and no sticks to exceed six inches in diameter accepted. Bids for either the pine and fir or oak received separately. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. By order of the Board of Directors.
C. H. GILLETTE,
Clerk of School District No. 5.

SPECIAL NOTICE

To Water Consumers of the City of Ashland.

NOTICE is hereby given that a more punctual and prompt payment of water rents due the city from the patrons of the city water works is imperatively demanded and those parties in the habit of being delinquent in their payments are hereby warned that the ordinance will be hereafter enforced and their water supply cut out.
IRA C. DODGE.
Supt. of Water Works.

DEPOT LIVERY & FEED STABLE.
✻✻✻✻✻✻ **ASHLAND, OREGON.**

NININGER & HOWARD, PROP'S.

GOOD RIGS AND FIRST-CLASS TURNOUTS, Prices reasonable and suitable for the occasion. We will treat you well. Call and try us.
FOR THE TRAVELING PUBLIC—We are prepared to take good care of their stock by the Day, Week or Month. apr4-tf

Spring Medicine

Is a necessity because the tonic of winter air is gone, and milder weather, increased moisture, accumulated impurities in the blood and debilitated condition of the body, open the way for that tired feeling, nervous troubles, and other ills. The skin, mucous membrane and the various organs strive in vain to relieve the impure current of life. They all welcome

Hood's Sarsaparilla

to assist Nature at this time when she most needs help, to purify the blood, tone and strengthen the laboring organs and build up the nerves.

"I was not able to wait on myself and could not gain any strength until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla about three months ago. Now I am doing my housework. My right lung was badly effected, and in the spring and summer I was very weak, but Hood's Sarsaparilla has done me much good and I have great confidence in it." MRS. E. R. KNIGHT, Tecumseh, Okla.

Purifies The Blood

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and it has always built up my system, given me a good appetite and cleansed my blood." THOMAS KROGER, Tulare, California.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

WEEK BROS.,
MEDFORD, OREGON,
MANUFACTURE
FURNITURE
OF ALL KINDS AT SHOP AT PHOENIX.

CALL AT—
Furniture Store
OPPOSITE CLARENDON HOTEL
And See Our Goods.
WE WILL GIVE YOU A BARGAIN.

Go to I. A. WEBB, Medford, Or.,
Where you will find the Largest Stock of Furniture, Wall Paper, Carpets, Shades and Picture Moldings in Southern Oregon.
Call and see me.

D. H. MILLER
MEDFORD. OR.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
HARDWARE, STOVES and TINWARE.

Builders' Material

OF ALL KINDS AND GRADES. Miners' Tools, Giant Powder, Caps and Fuse. A fine line of Electric Cutlery, and a large and complete stock of Fishing Tackle. Plumbing goods, and plumbing of all kinds done on short notice. All work guaranteed.
☞Tin Shop in connection.
First class goods, and prices as low as the lowest.
D. H. MILLER.

DO YOU KNOW

That we are selling Hardware and Miners' Supplies at prices to suit the Times. Giant Powder, Fuse, Caps and Drill Steel cheaper than ever. We have the largest stock of General Hardware in the valley to select from. The Only and Original Canton Clipper Black-land and Chilled Plows.

☞Don't fail to call on us when you come to town. We will treat you well.

J. BEEK & CO.
ODD FELLOWS' BLOCK.
MEDFORD, - - - OR.

C. W. MILTON,
MEDFORD, OR.
BLACKSMITHING
—AND—
REPAIRING.

Horseshoeing from $1.25 to $4.00.

FIRST-CLASS WORK in Every Respect. Call and See Us. Across Street, south of Davis' grist mill. mar14-3m

DON'T!!

Put off buying that piece of Furniture which you are needing so badly, any longer.

TIMES WILL IMPROVE
More Rapidly with you by making the Home more Comfortable.

DODGE is selling goods cheaper than ever before. Call and see him at Opera House Block.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having this day purchased the stock of Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the E. B. Smith Racket Store, will continue the business at the same old stand in Odd Fellows block, and shall continue to sell goods at lowest prices and solicit the patronage of the people of Ashland.

JOHN F. SMITH.

Dated Ashland, Or., March 29th, 1895.

DEPOT HOTEL. J. A. GROSS, Prop'r.
(Formerly of Albany Depot Hotel.)

and under his Superior Management Insures His Guests the utmost Comfort and Convenience in

THE FINEST HOTEL ON THE S. P. LINE
——Between Portland and San Francisco.——

ALL TRAINS Stop 30 Minutes Expressly for Meals at this Hotel.

Regular Meals, 50 cents. : Board and Room, $2 per day.
Special Rates by week or month.

Lunch Counter IN WAITING ROOM.
Coffee and Doughnuts, 10c,; Coffee and Cake, 10c.

Fine 5 and 10c Cigars at Lunch Counter. Sardines, Oysters, etc

.....NOTHING BUT WHITE HELP EMPLOYED.....

DON'T GET LEFT!

When you have a chance to save 50 per cent. by Taking Advantage of Our Prices.

We quote only a few prices here, as our space is limited:

Men's Black Sateen Shirts, 25 and 50 Cts.
Men's and Boys' Outing Flannel Shirts, 25c.
Fine assortment Yachting Caps, 25 cts up.
Boys' and Men's Hats, Best Assortment in Ashland, 25 cents up.
Ladies' Hose, good quality, fast black, 10 cts.
Boy's Woolen Sox, 10 cents.
Lot Ladies' and Misses' Corsets, to close, at 25 and 50 cents.
Men's and Boys' Suspenders, good quality, 15 cents.
Fine Assortment of Ribbons, all the leading styles and shades. at prices that will surprise you.

Our stock of Gent's furnishing goods is complete, and all at extremely low prices.

☞ *We Guarantee all Goods Satisfactory or Money Refunded.*

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HARDWARE, STOVES and RANGES, Mining Supplies.

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F. W. SETTLEMIER.
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200 ACRES.
4,000,000 TREES.

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