VALLEY RECORD.

The People's Paper.

ASHLAND, Or.....Thursday, Oct. 11, 1894

Those Pimples

Are tell-tale symptoms that your blood is not right—full of impurities, causing a sluggish and unsightly complexion. A few bottles of S. S. S. will remove all foreign and impure matter, cleanse the blood thoroughly, and give a clear and rosy complexion. It is most effectual, and entirely harmless.

Chas. Heaton, 73 Laurel Street, Phila., says: "I have had for years a humor in my blood which made me dread to shave, as small boils or pimples would be cut, thus causing shaving to be a great annoyance. After taking three bottles of S.S.S. my face is all clear and smooth as it should be—appetite splendid, sleep well and feel like running a foot race all for the use of S. S. S.

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 & $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES $3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, Because, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

Dealer, whose name will shortly appear here. Agent wanted. Apply at once.

DR. JORDAN & CO.'S GREAT MUSEUM OF ANATOMY

1051 Market St., San Francisco (Between 6th and 7th Sts.)

Go and learn how wonderfully you are made and how to avoid sickness and disease. Museum enlarged with thousands of new objects. Admission 25 cts.

Private Office—Same Building 1051 Market Street—Diseases of men: stricture, loss of manhood, diseases of the skin and kidneys quickly cured without the use of mercury. Treatment personally or by letter. Send for book.

Long established and reliable practitioners.

ASHLAND White Sulphur Springs

BATHING ACCOMMODATIONS

Water of any temperature desired Natural Temperature 85 deg's.

TO DRINK THE WATER IS A TONIC.

Being Sulphuric and Alkaline it eradicates fungi and animalculea, and neutralizing and correcting all acidities it promotes a normal and healthful condition in every part of the system.

--- SWIMMING RINK. ---

Inclosed and covered, the same medica water, always clean, for the springs run a heavy volume—more than twelve hundred gallons per hour.

You may dive and swim and have more fun than "anybody"—come out as "fine as silk" and "white as wool"—rejuvenated and happy.

Located on the HELMAN LAND, HALF A MILE NORTH OF THE PLAZA.

GRANT HELMAN Proprietor.

O. W. OBARR, —PROPRIETOR—

Central Market.

WEST SIDE OF PLAZA.

HAVING BOUGHT the fixtures of the Hargadine & Woods (formerly Murphy Bros) market and renovated and repainted the old stand, the public can depend upon our keeping on hand at all times a full supply of

CHOICEST MEATS——

——and SAUSAGES

Of All Kinds.

First Class Service. Small Margins and Cash Prices. Give us a trial 3-22-tf

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, RECEIVERS.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars

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TO ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH, FARGO, GRAND FORKS, CROOKSTON, WINNIPEG, HELENA and BUTTE

THROUGH TICKETS TO CHICAGO, WASHINGTON, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON AND ALL POINTS EAST and SOUTH

For information, time cards, maps and tickets, call on or write

A. D. CHARLTON, Assistant General Passenger Agent, PORTLAND, OREGON.

FATALITY OF FUSION.

Ruinous Wherever Tried—Keep in the Middle of the Road.

Letters received here from Oregon all say that at the late election in that state in every case where there was a straight three-cornered fight for the legislature the Populists won, and in every case where there was a fusion candidate run by Democrats and Populists the Republicans won. In all the fusion districts the new recruits went back to the Republicans, and the goldbug Democrats voted the Republican ticket. So we lost Republican recruits at one end and Democratic recruits at the other and still were second in the race. It is now the opinion of all those who have written and those here who are familiar with the case that a straight Populist ticket would have swept the state clean. Americans generally don't like a straddle bug any better than they do a goldbug. They want a man to be one thing or the other. They have no stomach for that sort of food that is neither fish, flesh, fowl or good salt herring.

If the news that is reaching here is correct, Nebraska is about to walk into the same wide open, unconcealed trap. Let them put up a fusion candidate, especially with a lawyer for a candidate, in the Third district, and Goldbug Meiklejohn will be returned to congress with a 5,000 majority at his back. All such gold standard Democrats as Jim Crawford, Chard et al. will work for Meiklejohn from morning till night and vote for him on election day in preference to a free silver fusion Democrat, and any man with common sense ought to know that much without being told it, while, on the other hand, the farmer Populists, who have recently nearly all been Republicans, will either not vote at all or go back to their old party. While such men as Morton, Jim Boyd and Jim Crawford are in the Democratic party in Nebraska very few old farmers can be coaxed to vote a fusion Democratic ticket.

Again, when the old Alliance farmers left their old parties one of their objects was to get rid of the reign of the lawyers. Of the 15 Populists now in the senate and house six are lawyers. To nominate a lot more of that profession will not have a tendency to increase the enthusiasm of the average old hayseed. They have no unreasoning prejudice against lawyers, but in a party which appeals for support and whose existence depends upon the almost undivided support of the agricultural class the farmers rightly think that it should not be dominated, as are the two old parties, by lawyers.—Washington Cor. Nonconformist.

THE RUSSIAN THISTLE.

Directions From the Wisconsin Experiment Station For Fighting It.

Plow in August or early in September before the thistles have gone to seed, using care that all weeds are well turned under. If the season be long and weeds come through the furrow, it may be necessary to harrow the land before winter. Burn over stubble fields as soon as possible after harvest. Cut the stubble with a mowing machine if the fire does not burn everything clean without cutting.

Cutting the stubble and thistle before the latter have gone to seed will help, but it is not thoroughly effective without fire, as the thistles will send out branches below where the mowing machine cuts them.

If the weeds have been neglected and have grown large and rigid, they may be raked into windrows and burned. The old fashioned revolving hayrake or any rake made especially strong so as to pull the weeds and especially good at clearing itself in dumping will answer the purpose. An ordinary wheel rake, with a set of strong teeth, has been used successfully. This method is to be recommended only as a last resort, for by the last of September some of the seeds will be ripe enough to shell out and will escape being burned with the plants. If left until October, when many of the plants are certain to be fully ripe and dry, the land where they are growing will be well seeded anyway, but raking together and burning the weeds will prevent their being blown across neighboring fields during the winter. Of course care should be taken to do this work when there is little wind, for a burning Russian thistle before the wind will jump any fire break and carry both seeds and fire.

Barren fallowing does very well if kept barren by thorough cultivation. It gives but little benefit to the land, however. A much better method is to sow clover, millet or rye, pasture it and plow it under green. This will be beneficial to the land, especially if a comparatively large portion of clover is used, and the weeds will be choked out. Millet and oats combined may be grown and cut for hay. This crop will choke out nearly all the weeds, and the few that do grow will be too slender to cut any figure as tumble weeds.

Corn, potatoes, beets or any cultivated crop, well taken care of, will in two years rid the land of not only Russian thistles, but nearly all other weeds. Sheep are very fond of the Russian thistle until it becomes too coarse and woody. By pasturing the sheep on the young plants they may be kept down, and the only valuable quality the plant has may be utilized.

In fields where the weeds are thick drag with an iron harrow, hitching the team on by a long chain. As soon as the harrow is full of weeds set fire to them and keep dragging and burning. This scheme, although apparently somewhat chimerical, has actually been tried with success. If the Russian thistle is to be kept out of the cultivated fields, it must be exterminated along roadsides, railroad grades, fire breaks, waste land where the sod has been broken, and, in fact, in all the accidental places where it may have obtained a foothold.

Strikers Guarded Property.

The following letter was received by a Chicago paper from a clergyman whose charge is in the center of the scene of rioting at Edison during the strike:

Whatever wrongs may have been committed or mistakes made, I am convinced that the strikers did not burn the property of the railroads. The Railway union has an organization 280 strong at Edison and holds its meetings in a hall corner of Fifty-first street and Homan avenue. I have attended several of their meetings and heard their instructions to keep away from the railroad property, only to protect it from marauders.

The evening of July 6, while the fire was consuming the property of the rail roads, a meeting of the strikers was called, and arming themselves as best they could they guarded the Grand Trunk shops and Chicago, Boston and Liverpool car works, on whose tracks were at least 2,000 cars, many of them loaded. During the night the hoodlums came from the scene of the fire on a hand car for the purpose, no doubt, of burning the property and were driven back by the strikers. They continued on guard till the troops arrived Saturday evening. Many of them have from time to time offered to protect the companies' property here and are as anxious to see it protected as are any of the officials of the road.

FREE SILVER IS WHAT THE KEYSTONE STATE WANTS.

The Song of the Tariff Singer No Longer Charms the Voters of Pennsylvania—An Interview Which, While Not So Intended, Favors the People's Party.

Mr. Robert B. Cramer, city editor of the Philadelphia Times, who is spending a part of his summer vacation in Atlanta, is an interesting talker on the political situation. He is a close observer, and his connection with The Times has given him an admirable opportunity to study the varying phases of the political outlook. For several years he has done much of the political work of The Times.

During the past few months the Pennsylvania papers have been full of the growth of the free silver sentiment in that state, Senator Cameron having been one of the few Republican senators who have supporrted free silver measures in the senate. Mr. Cramer says that after this congress disposes of the tariff question, and whatever is done with it this issue will be a back number as far as Pennsylvania is concerned, the financial question will forge immediately to the front. Of this Mr. Cramer says:

"The change of sentiment among the men throughout the north who led the fight against silver a year ago and secured the repeal of the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman act has brought a new and active element into national political affairs which is puzzling mightily the leaders of both the old parties. The approach of another presidential campaign, with the certainty that the people will not permit party platforms to either dodge or straddle the silver question, has within a very few months revolutionized the political situation in the middle and New England states.

"In Pennsylvania the tariff is a dead issue. The people are only waiting for some definite action on the bill now pending in congress, and when President Cleveland attaches his signature to the compromise measure the only regret anywhere will be that he did not do it sooner. The people will not endure another tariff agitation in congress nor soon permit of another long drawn out wrangle which places an injunction on trade and ties up every important interest pending the settlement of the tariff question by congress on a purely political basis.

"The bitter attack on silver, in which the leaders of both parties joined with the belief that it would settle financial woes, ended in the repeal of the Sherman act and gave Pennsylvania people a preliminary education in the study of the silver question. Since then they have been making up their own minds about silver and have joined with the people of other northern states in the belief that silver was not the cause of our national financial disease, but rather an effective and urgent remedy.

"The sentiment in favor of free coinage spread slowly, but it has developed a strength which neither party dare ignore. It has overshadowed the tariff question and overwhelmed the American Protective association element, which once threatened to become a vigorous political issue in at least three of the northern states. It has done more than that—it has come to the front as a platform on which the man to be nominated and elected as our next president must stand or fall. Neither he nor his party could make light of it if they tried.

"This convulsion of sentiment has left many presidential booms stranded high and dry on the rocks of dead issues. It is not possible for Governor McKinley to make a race on the tariff issue again, for the people won't have it. They may like his bill better than Professor Wilson's, but they will insist that the next few congresses at least spend their time in talking about something else, while our manufacturers find time to strike a balance sheet.

"The same is true of Tom Reed, with the additional fact that his radical antisilver views places a second obstacle in his path. That Reed is endeavoring to hedge on the silver question is common talk in Washington, but the pages of The Congressional Record tell a story too straightforward to be denied. The other prominent Republicans in the senate and the house are in the same boat, for nearly every one of them who is accredited with presidential aspirations has at one time or another deprecated the value of the white metal in our currency.

"The man who is to be nominated by the Republicans for president in 1896 must fit the platform which the sentiments of the people are now building. The Republican party is not in a position to build a platform to fit any man, no matter how much popularity he may enjoy at the present time. Their candidate must be a man whose views on the coinage question favor free coinage absolutely and unreservedly, and whose record will be at least reasonably consistent with the declarations of his party on the subject.

"This bars out all the old timers who have waved the bloody shirt until it is threadbare, and who have talked tariff until every workingman in the country rises in protest against the very mention of the word. It bars out those who have been led by public clamor into favoring a gold currency, and it leaves in the field only the men who are pledged to bring about financial relief by the reconstruction of our financial system on a cheap money basis. Because of this condition of affairs politically the names of McKinley, Reed, Harrison, Tracy, Allison and Sherman are being shoved to the background, while Cameron comes forward as the straight and true disciple of the new political religion."—Atlanta Constitution.

The Blooming of Goldenrod.

Probably a great many people who travel have failed to notice that the period of blooming of the goldenrod does not begin first in the south and move northward, but apparently in the other direction, from north to south, remarks the Lewiston Journal. In some places in northern Vermont and New Hampshire goldenrod of the common field and railroad track variety is in profuse bloom as early as the 10th of July. On the Kennebec river a traveler noted that the goldenrod was much more golden and less tinged with green than in Malden or Cambridge, Mass. And the place where the plant is latest of all in yellowing apparently is Cape Cod, where the dwarf seaside variety most common there hardly begins to do itself justice before September. It is possible that the northern goldenrod ripens before that farther south for the same reason that Indian corn ripens earlier in Vermont than it does in Virginia—it has got to ripen earlier if it is going to ripen at all.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in the back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At Ashland Drug Co.'s drug store.

The Press on Mr. Pullman's Case.

If Mr. Pullman's course has been at all points so absolutely fair as he asks us in his public statement to believe, why was he unwilling to submit it to the judgment of impartial men? If he has so conclusive a case against every demand and every complaint, he would have been absolutely sure of a judgment in his favor. Why did he evade the issue? If he was willing to exhibit his books to his workmen in proof of his statements, why was he unwilling to exhibit them to men who were able to understand what their figures meant?—New York World.

Mr. Pullman of itinerant lodging house notoriety had a talk with his employees just before they quit work, in which he explained to them what sacrifices he had made to provide work for them. He had underbidden all his competitors in the open market, and he expected them to work at rates of wages which would at least save him from loss. Mr. Pullman did not seem to realize that he was aiding to carry out the plan to reduce wages which his employees were directly opposed to. Having underbidden all competitors for contracts, he then proposed to make wages conform to the terms of the contract.—San Francisco Call.

George M. Pullman kindly volunteers to take the American people into his confidence by assuring them that there is not a dollar of water in the $36,000,000 of Pullman company stock. If Mr Pullman would kindly inform the country how much of that unwatered stock has found its way into the pockets of railway managers as a gift in consideration of their influence with the companies with whom the Pullman company has made contracts, the country might more fully understand the extraordinary increase in the capitalization of his octopus and the facility for floating the stock and making it pay heavy dividends.—Omaha Bee.

I've a secret in my heart,
Sweet Marie,
A tale I would impart,
Sweet Marie.
If you'd even fairer be,
You must always use Parks' Tea,
The improvement you will see,
Sweet Marie. Sold by E. A. Sherwin.

WHEN THURBER WAS SMALL.

An Incident of the Boyhood of the President's Private Secretary.

Private Secretary Thurber has always been of a very inquisitive turn of mind in all matters pertaining to religion. He will forsake a French novel at any time to discuss theology. His research has been great, and he delights in nothing so much as to rescue some old divine whose mental eyesight being dim has permitted him to stray from the path and set him in the right direction once more. Thurber feels that the day in which he has performed such a deed has not been wasted. His friends expressed much surprise at his accepting his present office. Those who had known him from childhood were sore perplexed that one so religious as he should voluntarily venture into the devious path of politics. And their perplexity continued until they were able to appreciate the truth of his declaration that he accepted the position because he believed it to be his duty to his country. They tell a story of the first recorded search Thurber made into things pertaining to another life. He was but a tot, scarce out of petticoats, but quite precocious withal.

The canary bird of a little friend had died, and it had been buried in a tiny coffin with much honor. Two or three days later the owner of the bird on reaching the grave to drop her tears surprised young Thurber before the grave, which he had opened, and with the bird in his hand.

"Why, Harry Thurber," she cried, running up and shaking him, "what do you mean? You naughty, wicked, bad boy!"

"Why," the naughty, wicked, bad boy replied between shakes, "I—I—only—er—want—ter—see—if—if—if—the—'ittle—bir—birdie—ah—had—gone—to—to—heaven."—Chicago Post.

W. I. Church, of Staunton Post G. A. R. says: "I have tried nearly every cough remedy but have found nothing to compare with Parks' Cough Syrup. There is nothing on earth like it for bronchitis. I have suffered ever since my discharge from the army and Parks' Cough Syrup is the only remedy that has ever helped me." Sold by E. A. Sherwin.

Information For the Examiners.

The Hon. Champ Clark, formerly of Kentucky, has no respect for the civil service laws, and he does not hesitate to say so, as was indicated by his vigorous speech in the house the other day. In the course of his remarks he made a general assault on the civil service system, which, he declared, was the most monumental fraud of the century. "Not 10 men in this house," said he, "could stand an examination for a $900 clerkship. Why, they asked one man how many British soldiers were sent over here during the revolution. The applicant replied that he did not know the exact number, but he knew a d——d sight more came over than went back."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"A friend in need is a friend indeed."

A friend advised me to use Ely's Cream Balm and after using it six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh. It is a most valuable remedy.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

My son was afflicted with catarrh. I induced him to try Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarrhal smell all left him. He appears as well as any one.—J. C. Olmstead, Arcola, Ill.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

Read and Ponder.

The debt of the United States at the close of the war was in round numbers about $2,000,000,000. The people have paid something near this amount since in interest and of principal, and yet it would take more corn, wheat, oats, cotton and tobacco to pay the debt due by the government of the United States now than it would have required 30 years ago to have paid the entire debt. This is caused mainly by the reduction of prices of these commodities due to the contraction of the currency during this 25 or 30 years.—Cotton Plant.

The Pimpernel.

If you chance to be in the fields when the clouds threaten rain and notice a plant, whose solitary, five parted scarlet flowers rising from the axils of opposite green leaves are rapidly closing, be wise enough to seek shelter, for this is the "pimpernel," or "poor man's weather glass," and the closing flowers indicate that rain is coming speedily.—Exchange.

A Wonderful Conqueror.

No disease is more common among the people than scrofula. Handed down from generation to generation, it is found in nearly every family, in some form. It may make its appearance in dreadful running sore, in swellings in the neck or goitre, or in eruptions of various forms. Attacking the mucous membrane it may be known as catarrh, or developing in the lungs it may be, and often is, the prime cause of consumption.

In whatever form scrofula may manifest itself, Hood's Sarsaparilla is its inveterate foe and conqueror. This medicine has such powerful alterative and vitalizing effects upon the blood that every trace of impurity is expelled, and the blood is made rich, pure and healthy.

WISCONSIN MOVING.

There's a Fair Chance That Bob Schilling Will Be Right "In It" This Fall.

Now that the party of corporation has named Bill Upham of Marshfield as its standard bearer and Boss Wall has viewed the act from a theater box and decided to give George W. Peck another trial it might be remarked that an event which took place on the great Independence day in this city is just now beginning to attract the attention it deserves.

Reference is made to the selection of a People's Party ticket, which at that date was laughed at and regarded by a majority of people as a joke and by some of the Populists themselves as a mere matter of form. But few can see farther than the ends of their noses in these times, and indeed it would be surprising if they had in this instance. Who would have believed a month ago that the People's Party had a ghost of a show in Wisconsin, the railroad ridden, trust tortured, monopoly muzzled, corporation cinched old Badger State?

This latest unpleasantness, the battle with Pullman, has had a farreaching effect. It has gone straight to the hearts of thinking men in the old parties, and they have determined to place this state out of reach of the men who have controlled its affairs for years and abused the power given them.

They argue that the party which indorses Grover Cleveland, the United States senate and the rest of the Democratic rottenness is not to be trusted in power in Wisconsin. Liberal Democrats by the hundreds left the party in this city and state when the Erie county hangman sent the federal troops to Chicago, and where did they go? Not to the Republican ranks. That would be out of the pancake griddle into the fire.

Robert Schilling has had a little platform of his own for about 20 years, and up to within a short time he has held it down with his own weight practically unassisted. But Schilling is a determined though conservative man, and he has at last been rewarded by the long looked for stampede from the old parties to positions by his side, and he has generously "moved over" and given up part of his space on his planks to thousands of men who have been his bitter opponents and detractors. There's a big crowd with him in Wisconsin, but he says there's room for many more, and they are all welcome, only he wants them, like the revivalist, to come now, this very minute, and be saved before the breakers strike and engulf them with the ancient and wornout hulks they have been sailing upon.

A locomotive engineer said today that there were 40,000 "railroad" votes in Wisconsin. Every one of them ought to be cast for Nicholas F. Lawler, People's Party nominee for railroad commissioner, and the rest of the ticket, and if half that number will go to the polls election day and do their duty Wisconsin will have a state officer who belongs to the American Railway union, a governor who is in hearty sympathy with their cause and other officials who will give railroads in Wisconsin their first lesson in obedience to the laws of the commonwealth.—Milwaukee Cor. Chicago Times.

CRAPE ON TROLLEY CARS.

That's What They Have In Binghamton After One Has Been Killed by Them.

"While reading of the numerous trolley accidents in Brooklyn," said Alderman Brandt of Binghamton a few days ago, "it occurred to me that Brooklyn lines would do well to adopt a unique custom which, as far as I know, is peculiar to Binghamton car lines. In our city the trolleys occupy all the principal streets, but the motormen are very careful, and it is seldom that there is an accident. Last winter, however, a man was run down and killed. The exact details of the accident have slipped my memory, but I believe that no blame was attached to the motorman.

When that particular car appeared on the following day, it was a sight to be seen. Long streamers of crape floated dismally out from the sides, black and white rosettes ornamented the spaces between the windows and conductor and motorman wore badges of mourning. Not only that, but every car on that line was draped with black, and all the trolley cars in the city displayed in one way or another some sign of mourning. It was really quite imposing.

"If they could only import that idea in Brooklyn," continued the alderman thoughtfully, "I think it would be a long step toward trolley reform. They seem to be reforming everything else but the trolleys there. Draping the cars of each line for, say three days after any unfortunate had met his death on that particular line, would enable people to keep a sort of count, besides being a graceful tribute of sorrow on the part of the trolley company. Moreover, the enormous expense for crape to which the companies would be subjected would undoubtedly have the effect of making the motormen more careful.

"Oh, I tell you, there are lots of things that the bigger cities can learn of Binghamton!"—Brooklyn Citizen.

The American people never found out till this summer what awfully sticky stuff sugar is.

A RETIRED BUSINESS WOMAN.

A Page From Her History.

The important experiences of others are interesting. The following is no exception: "I had been troubled with heart disease 25 years, much of that time very seriously. For five years I was treated by one physician continuously. I was in business, but obliged to retire on account of my health. A physician told my friends that I could not live a month. My feet and limbs were badly swollen, and I was indeed in a serious condition when a gentleman directed my attention to Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and said that his sister, who had been afflicted with heart disease, had been cured by the remedy, and was again a strong, healthy woman. I purchased a bottle of the Heart Cure, and in less than an hour after taking the first dose I could feel a decided improvement in the circulation of my blood. When I had taken three doses I could move my ankles, something I had not done for months, and my limbs had been swollen so long that they seemed almost putrified. Before I had taken one bottle of the New Heart Cure the swelling had all gone down, and I was so much better that I did my own work. On my recommendation six others are taking this valuable remedy."—Mrs. Morgan, 369 W. Harrison St., Chicago, Ill.

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, a discovery of an eminent specialist in heart disease, is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid. It is positively free from all opiates or dangerous drugs.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City. Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., "The Winthrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

FAT PEOPLE

PARK OBESITY PILLS will reduce your weight PERMANENTLY from 12 to 15 pounds a month. NO STARVING sickness or injury; NO PUBLICITY. They build up the health and beautify the complexion, leaving NO WRINKLES or flabbiness. STOUT ABDOMENS and difficult breathing surely relieved. NO EXPERIMENT but a scientific and positive relief, adopted only after years of experience. All orders supplied direct from our office. Price $2.00 per package or three packages for $5.00 by mail postpaid. Testimonials and particulars (sealed) 2cts.

All Correspondence Strictly Confidential. PARK REMEDY CO., Boston, Mass.

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6:15 p m	Lv	Portland Ar	8:20 a m
10:40 a m	Ar	Ashland Lv	4:40 p m
11:10 a m	Lv	Ashland Ar	4:10 p m
10:45 a m	Ar	San Francisco Lv	7:00 p m

Above trains stop at all stations from Portland to Albany, inclusive; also Tangent, Shedds, Halsey, Harrisburg Junction City, Irving, Eugene, and all stations from Roseburg to Ashland, inclusive.

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PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS. —AND— *Second-Class Sleeping Cars* Attached to all through trains.

WEST SIDE DIVISION. Between Portland and Corvallis. MAIL TRAIN DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY.)

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Portland	7:30 a m	Corvallis	12.15 p m
Corvallis	1:00 p m	Portland	5:35 p m

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Pacific Railroad

Express Train Daily (Except Sunday.)

LEAVE:		ARRIVE:	
Portland	4:40 p m	M'Minnville	7:25 pm
M'Minnville	5:50 am	Portland	8:25 a m

THROUGH TICKETS

To all points in the Eastern States, Canada and Europe can be obtained from E. C. KANE, Agent, Ashland. R. KOEHLER, Manager. E. P. ROGERS, Asst G. F & Pass Agt

SOCIETY DIRECTORIES.

G. A. R.

BURNSIDE POST NO. 23.

Meets in Masonic Hall, on the 1st and 3d Saturday of each month. Visiting Comrades cordially welcomed.

JAS. CHISHOLM, Commander.
J. S SMITH, Adjutant.

W. R. C.

BURNSIDE RELIEF CORPS NO. 24

Meets in Masonic hall at 2 o'clock p. m. on the first and third Saturdays of each month. MRS. JAS. CHISHOLM, Pres.
MRS. LYDIA GRISWOLD, Sec'y.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

GRANITE LODGE, NO. 23, Knights Pythias, Ashland, Oregon, meets every Friday evening. Visiting Knights in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

H. T. CHITWOOD, C. C.
F. D. WAGNER, K. of R and S.

MASONIC,

SISKIYOU CHAPTER, NO. 21, R. A. M.

Regular convocations on the Thursday next after the full moon.

E. V. CARTER, H. P.
M. L. MCCALL, Secretary.

ASHLAND LODGE, NO. 23, A. F. & A. M.

Stated communications on the Thursday of or before the full moon.

W. H. LEEDS, W. M.
J. R. CASEY, Secretary.

ALPHA CHAPTER NO. 1, O. E. S.

Stated meetings on 1st and 3d Tuesdays in each month. MRS. E. C. KANE, W. M.
MISS BELLE WAGNER, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

ASHLAND LODGE, NO. 45.

Hold regular meetings every Saturday evening at their hall in Ashland. Brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend. A. D. HELMAN, N. G.
H. S. EVANS, Sec'y, P. O. box 102.

PILOT ROCK ENCAMPMENT, NO. 16.

Meets in Odd Fellows's Hall every 2d and 4th Monday in each month. Members in good standing cordially invited to attend.

ABRAM BISH, C. P.
F. M. DEAKE, Scribe.

HOPE REBECCA DEGREE LODGE, NO. 24.

Meets on the 2d and 4th Tuesday in each month in Odd Fellows's Hall, Ashland.

ALLIE FARLOW N. G.
IDA BURCKHALTER, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

ASHLAND LODGE, NO. 66.

Meets in lodge room in Odd Fellows' Hall every FIRST and THIRD Wednesday in each month. All brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

W. B. BEEBE, M. W.
J. R. CASEY, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.

GRANITE TENT NO. 4, KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.

Meet in regular review on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at Odd Fellow's Hall, Ashland. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited.

CHAS. H. GILLETTE, Com
J. E. THORNTON R. K.

Notice for Publication,

Land Office at Roseburg, Or., September 17, 1894.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. R. Neil, County Judge of Jackson county, Or., at Jacksonville, Jackson county, Or., on October 27, 1894, viz:

James W Jarvis,

on Homestead entry No. 5218, for the Sw¼, Sec 22, Tp 39 S, R 1 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: A. W. Jacobs, W. R. Kincaid, N. C. Dozier and Rufus King, all of Ashland, Jackson county, Oregon.

R. M. VEATCH, Register.

THE VERDICT OF THE GREAT ARTISTS IN FAVOR OF THE

KIMBALL :-: PIANOS

Among those who have used and recommended the Kimball Pianos, we mention the following well-known musicians:

Adelina Patti,	*Sig. Tomagno,*	*Sig. Sarasate,*
Lilli Lehman,	*Max Alvary,*	*Ovide Musin,*
Minnie Hauk,	*Sig. Del Puente,*	*C. Behrens,*
Mme. Albani,	*Stg. Arditi,*	*P. S. Gllmore,*
Mme. Nordica,	*Emil Fischer,*	*A. De Novellis.*
Fursch-Madi,	*Sig. Perotti,*	*Emil Liebling,*
Mme. Fabri,	*Sig. Ravelli,*	*Chas. Kunkel,*
Clementine De Vere,	*Sig. Galassi,*	*W. C. E. Seeboeck,*
C. M. Ziehrer,	*Jno. Philip Sousa,*	*E. Payen,*

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