VALLEY RECORD. LABOR'S GREAT CELEBRATION.

The People's Paper.

ASHLAND, Or Thursday, Aug. 30, 1894



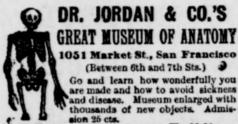
A RETIRED BUSINESS WOMAN.

A Page From Her History.

The important experiences of others are interesting. The following is no exception: "I had been troubled with heart disease 25 years, much of that time very seriously. For two years I was treated by one physician con-tinuously. I was treated by one physician con-

ive years I was treated by one physician con-tinuously. I was in business, but obliged to retire on account of my health. A phy-sician told my friends that I could not live a month. My feet and limbs were badly swol-len, and I was indeed in a serious condition when a gentleman directed my attention to Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and said that his elster, who had been affleted with heart dis-ense, had been cured by the remedy, and was again a strong, healthy woman. I purchased a bottle of the Heart Cure, and in less than an hour after taking the first dose I could feel a decided improvement in the circulation of my blood. When I had taken three doses I could move my ankles, something I had not of my blood. When I had taken three doses I could move my ankles, something I had not done for months, and my limbs had been swol-len so long that they seemed almost putrified. Before I had taken one bottle of the New Heart Cure the swelling had all gone down, and I was so much better that I did my own work. On my recommendation six others are

and I was so much better that I did my own work. On my recommendation six others are taking this valuable remedy."—Mrs. Morgan, 569 W. Harrison St., Chicago, III. Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, a discovery of an eminent specialist in heart disease, is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, \$I per bottle, six bottles for 65, express prepaid. It is positively free from all oplates or dangerous drugs.



Private Office-Same Building 1051 Market Street-Diseases of men: ard kidneys quickly cured without the use of mer-eury. Trestment personally or by letter. Send Archock D

When visiting the Midwinter Fair be sure to see Jordan's Museum,

THE CHICAGO,

RAILWAY.

tinental Lines,

IS THE

ONLY LINE

RUNNING

BETWEEN

ST. PAUL & CHICAGO

OMAHA & CHICAGO

The EXPRESS TRAINS con-

sist of Vestibuled, Sleeping

Dining and Parlor Cars,

HEATED BY STEAM

toil and meet to parade and to listen to It would be interesting and profitable addresses made by thinkers who have to follow the development of the movelong pondered the labor problem, by all ment from this date perhaps, but the odds the most important one of this day | limits of this article will not permit it. and generation. This was what its Enough has been given to show that sixty founders had in mind at the beginning. odd years ago the working people of the and this idea has been pretty generally United States had already begun the maintained. Games and other festiv- agitation that has been in progress ever ities are permissible, of course, and since, and which, year by year, is tak- Honorine Jobert. The habit of the new A General Holiday For the Sons have, in fact, in some localities become ing up more and more of the attention important features, but the discussion of the entire public and the lawmaking of the great question that interests those branches of the national and state govwho observe most the day remains and ernments.

should remain the chief feature.

The Organizations of Today. The assemblies of workingmen on During the six decades that have Labor day have been likened to "open elapsed since the period of which I have courts," before which all sides talk upwritten great strides have been made. on the problem of production. This char-The old days of 12 and 14 hours have acterization of the day has been truer of erally Observed Than Was Thanksgiving acterization of the day bast, particularly late years than in the past, particularly given place in the majority of occupations to the 10 hour day, and the agita-Thirty Years Ago-Order In Which the in some localities, where not only think-States Came In-Its Significance-Move- ers from the ranks of organized labor, In every state laws have been enacted but employers as well, have been invitfor the protection of workingmen such ed to address the assembled multitudes. as were only dreamed of then. Impris-The educational value of the day cannot, onment for debt has practically ceased. therefore, be overestimated, and one great strides have been made in the dinear whose heart the day has been ever that Labor day was first celebrated. The since its first celebration in 1882 has vict labor, and in many states boards of general assembly of the Knights of La- spoken of it as "a day of education, rest arbitration have been created, and in many ways the law now takes cogni-Beginnings of the Labor Movement.

J R. SOVEREIGN

posed by P. J. McGuire, now first vice Labor day is of course a child of the president of the American Federation, labor organizations of America. The then a member of the New York Cen- first society formed for mutual benefit tral Labor union, that some time during by workingmen in this country was orthe assembly's session that year all the ganized by the tailors in 1806. Prior to labor organizations of New York should that time tailors coming to America re-tained membership in the journeyman turn out in a big parade. This propo-tailors' unions of the old country. The hatters of America organized in 1819. The Columbia Charitable Association of Shipwrights and Calkers was formed some time between 1825 and 1830. The printers' first organization, so far as authentic records show, was in 1831. The true formative period of America's labor organizations extends over the 26 years from 1825 to 1851. The chief movement was for higher wages and shorter hours of work, and there were also many experiments in co-operation. New Harmony, Ind., was the scene of the first experiment of this sort. It was

backed by Mr. Owen with \$1,000,000 zance of matters that are of vital interest in cash, 28,000 acres of land and two libraries costing \$30,000 each, and 800 to workingmen. No matter how indipersons joined in the scheme. It lived vidual opinions may differ as to the val-

ments somewhat similar, none has as yet made a lasting success. Labor legislation began as early as 1777, when it was voted in Newbury-

port, Mass., that "maximum wages" Carpenters, 5 shillings 4 pence a rade was reviewed by Richard Griffiths, borers, not found, 4 shillings a day; worthy foreman of the Knights, and he day laborers, found, 3 shillings a day;

It will be observed that this legislawho was present-Robert Price of Mary-tion was all in favor of the employer, be classed the assemblies of the Knights land-placing his hand affectionately inasmuch as the paying of higher wages of Labor and the American Railway than those named was prohibited, while union. The basic difference between

Boston newspaper printed a protest

NEW PLANTS OF THE SEASON.

A Few of the Many Novelties That Claim Attention From Florists. Among the more important of the new plants recently illustrated and described in Vick's Monthly is a semidouble form of the hardy white Japanese anemone,



plant is the same in all respects as that

WHIRLWIND ANEMONE.

growth and prolific bloom, only the flowers have several whorls of sepals inof the parent form-the same vigorous

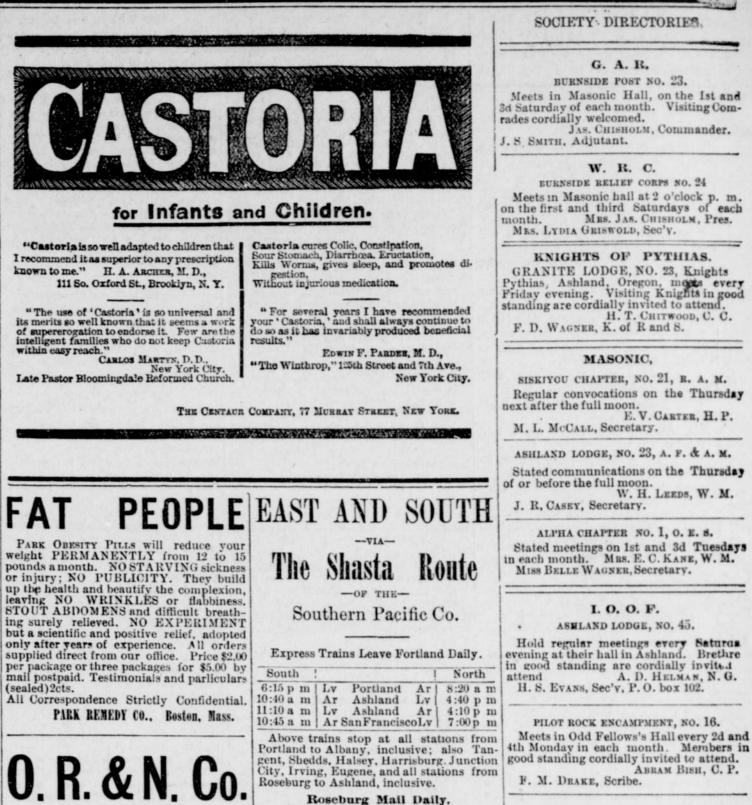
nowers have several whorts of sepais in-stead of one. The flowers are much more lasting both while left on the plant or in a cut state—an advantage which cannot fail to be appreciated. The new plant is introduced under the name Whirlwind. Planted in masses, this anemone will make a grand show in Sentember and October September and October.

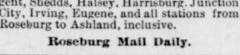
A hardy variety of pink that promises a compact mass of bluish green foliage supplied direct from our office. Price \$2.00 per package or three packages for \$5.00 by mail postpaid. Testimonials and parliculars and produce flowers in great profusion and during a long pariod area giving All Correspondence Strictly Confidential. and during a long period, even giving some blooms as late as October. The

flowers are large, very double, pure white, with the fragrance of the carnation, and supported on stiff, upright stems. A distinct white variegated variety of

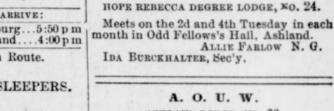
geranium is introduced by the name Silbut two years, however, and, though it ue of labor organizations, there is no ver Pearl. The leaves of this are broadhas been followed by many other experi- doubt that without their aid the men ly bordered with white. The flowers are







LEAVE.



ASHLAND LODGE, NO. 66. Meets in lodge room in Odd Fellows' Hall every FIRST and THIRD Wednesday in each month. All brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend W. B. BEEBE, M. W. J. R. CASEY, Recorder.

K. O. T. M. Portland.....7:30 am | Corvallis...12.15 p m Corvallis... 1:00 p m | Portland.....5:35 p m | GRANITE TENT NO. 4, KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES. Meet in regular review on the second and ourth Thursdays of each month at Odd Fellow's Hall, Ashland. Visiting Si: Knights cordially invited. CHAS. H. GILLETTE, Com J. E. THORNTON R. K.



SAMUEL GOMPERS.

of Toil.

HOW AND WHERE IT ORIGINATED.

The First Monday In September More Gen-

Copyright, 1894, by American Press Associa-

son's mouth in 1882, and it was pro-

It was 12 years ago and in New York

bor was held in the big city at the Hud- and recreation."

ment For Consolidation.

sition was adopted, and the procession was the feature of Sept. 5, which fell on the first Monday of the month. Workingmen of almost every trade took

part, and this of course stopped many should be as follows: business establishments and virtually as well as all who were on the review- joiners, 4 shillings 8 pence a day; ma-

ing stand was greatly impressed. One sons, 6 shillings a day. upon Mr. Griffiths' shoulder, said:

every day. There are two great divisions among made the day a holiday. The big pa- day; calkers, 6 shillings a day; day la- the labor organizations of the United States. In the first may be classed the great railroad brotherhoods, the unions affiliated with the American Federation

of Labor and the international and national trades unions. In the second may

eral assembly.

Workers and most of the other leaders

are all in favor of unity, but for some

reason it has so far failed to material-

ize. Possibly the national recognition of Labor day as a holiday may tend to

The early printers very often omitted

to print the initial letter of a chapter

or section, leaving it to be painted in

CARUTH'S QUESTIONS.

His Thirst For Information Sometimes

Takes All the Ginger Out of a Climax.

The habit of Representative Caruth

of interpolating some pointed question

and spoiling a climax when members

are delivering a speech, as he did re-

cently when he asked Mr Quigg at what

L D. MARSHALL

hasten its accomplishment.

by hand.

"This is Labor day in earnest, Uncle there was no minimum scale adopted. | the two types may be summed up in Dick " Strikes began to occur in 1803, the first

Thus the observance of what is now legally a national holiday began, and New York city. It seems to have been own local affairs. It orders its own thus it was named. On every first Mon- settled by the jailing of the leader. MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL day in September since that first parade There were divers small strikes, and whereas the assemblies of the Knights Labor day has been celebrated in New York, and the size of the procession, the enthusiasm of the participants and the more or less general cessation of the tion until 1825, the year already men-Connecting with All Transconpeople from gainful pursuits have been tioned as the beginning of the formation evidence that the new holiday was justified by the best of reasons-a demand from the highest authority in a repub-

against some of the methods of the manlic-the people. ufacturers in New England and made It was not long that the establishdemands for the adoption of measures to ment of the day in New York before decrease the dangers of factory opera-ELECTRIC LIGHTED CARS the idea was taken up elsewhere, and tives and the furnishing them with suit-Labor day observances were soon an es-tablished fact in nearly every city of consequence. To the parade, which has

> the date of Labor day been fixed for any day other than the first Monday in September.

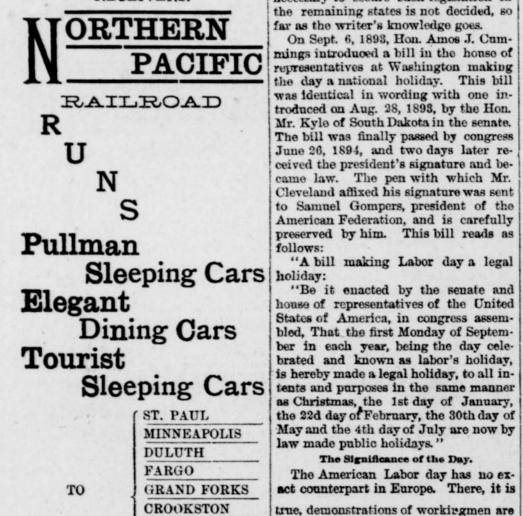
And turnished with every luxury known to modern railway travel. For Speed, Comfort and Safety its birth. The legislatures of several

this Line is Unequaled.

Tickets on sale at all prominent railroad For further information inquire of any ticket agent, or

C. J. EDDY, GENERAL AGT. J. W. CASEY, TRAV. PASS. AGT. PORTLAND, OREEON.

Thes. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne. Henry C. Rouse, RECEIVERS.



ever remained the chief of these observganization. ances, have been added addresses on Meanwhile in New York city and all economic topics and the organization of along the Atlantic coast the ship carlabor, and every year the movement has grown until now Labor day is far more penters and calkers were agitating for a Gompers, head of the federation; Gen-10 hour day, and the question of labor generally observed than was Thanksgiving day 30 years ago. In only two cases, to be hereinafter mentioned, has

Making Labor Day a Legal Holiday. It was not until 1887 that the holiday was legalized in New York, the state of other states set the day apart the same year, and by the close of 1893 this had been done in 25 states. Oregon was the first state to pass a bill

legalizing the holiday. Such a bill was first introduced, however, in the legislature of New York state. In several other states legislation has

been set on foot for the establishment of Labor day, but has failed so far of accomplishment for one reason and another. Whether it will now be thought necessary to secure such legislation in the remaining states is not decided, so

far as the writer's knowledge goes. On Sept. 6, 1893, Hon. Amos J. Cum-

P. M. ARTHUR mings introduced a bill in the house of legislation was also brought up. In New representatives at Washington making York in 1828 a bill for a mechanic's

period in history and in what country the day a national holiday. This bill lien law was favorably presented to gladiators were booted and spurred, had was identical in wording with one in- the legislature, but not acted upon. The troduced on Aug. 28, 1893, by the Hon. next year a workingman's ticket was a strong illustration in the Fifty-first congress Mr. Kyle of South Dakota in the senate. put in the field-the first on record-

Representative Dolliver of Iowa was but every nominee was defeated but one. June 26, 1894, and two days later re- It seems that at that time the elections in the peroration of an impassioned address, in which he was picturing the ceived the president's signature and be- extended over several days, and at the loyalty and devotion to American insticame law. The pen with which Mr. close of the first day it was seen that tutions of sundry immigrants. He was Cleveland affixed his signature was sent the workingmen were ahead, and so the giving the house a thrilling and touchto Samuel Gompers, president of the other tickets were hastily combined to ing word painting of the goodness of American Federation, and is carefully defeat the workingmen's nominees. these poor immigrants, declaring they preserved by him. This bill reads as There were many workingmen's papers had turned their backs upon the monthen, as now, judging from the allu-sions to them in the files of such publiarch ridden countries of Europe to greet

he sun of liberty in their new home in cations as have been preserved, though America.

"Be it enacted by the senate and no copies of the workingmen's papers "I have had them sitting by my side house of representatives of the United themselves are known to be extant. in my office," he exclaimed, "while I States of America, in congress assem- Robert Dale Owen was prominent in was writing letters for them to their bled, That the first Monday of Septem- the movement, and so was Edward Ev- old friends across the sea and to their ber in each year, being the day cele- erett, who addressed a meeting of old homes, and they were shedding brated and known as labor's holiday, "farmers, mechanics and other work- tears"____ is hereby made a legal holiday, to all in- ingmen" held in Boston, Feb. 16, 1831. At this point a strange voice from a Sleeping Cars (ST. PAUL is hereby made a legal holday of January, (ST. PAUL is hereby made a legal holday of January, the 22d day of February, the 30th day of the 22d day of February, the 30th day of the 22d day of February, the 30th day of the 22d day of February, the 30th day of the 22d day of February, the 30th day of the 22d day of February, the 30th day of the 22d day of February, the 30th day of the 22d day of February the 30th day of May and the 4th day of July are now by vention, which, from the old records, asked.

aw made public holidays." The Significance of the Day. The American Labor day has no ex-Douglas of New London, Conu., ten fine forensic effect was shattered by a act counterpart in Europe. There, it is points were submitted for consideration, shout of laughter at Caruth's impudent true, demonstrations of workingmen are as follows: 1. Organization of a central interjection. -- Washington Post. mmittee for each state 2 The insti-

KIMBALL PIANOS and ORGANS!



most unwholesome-lard has always energy been the bane of the cook and the energy

obstacle to "good digestion."

mann

comes now into popular favor as the new shortening-better than even the best of lard with none of lard's objectionable qualities. And



comes attended by both "APPETITE AND HEALTH." Grocers sell it all about. REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.



ARE YOU GOING EAST?

If so be sure and see that your tickets read via the



WO THINK you can buy \$25 worth for \$23.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roseburg, Or. July 9, 1894.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following-named settler has filed the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the county clerk, of Jackson county, Oregon, at Jacksonville, Jackson county, Oregon, on Friday, Nov. 2d, 1894, viz:

Reuben J. Newman, On Homestead entry No. 6319, for the NW ¼, Sec. 30, Tp. 38 S, R4 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William Neil, of Ashland, Jackson county,

[Oregoi Arthur F. Hunt, of " Vm. Howard, of John Murphy, of " R. M. VEATCH, Register.

THE EVOLUTION OF PIANO MANUFACTURING.

"A new race of piano manufacturers has orung up, and with them new methods. "Public taste has been educated to a point where the individual is almost an expert." "This wider knowledge compels a higher standard in all lines of business. "Reputation counts for little unless it is

upheld by actual results.' "The day is gone when the manufacturer

can rely on the name alone. "The march of progress de mands n provements.

"The piano of to day must possess every good quality that years of experiment have invented

"The makers of the new Kimball Pian have gained their reputation by a product that has kept up with every improvement." "This they have been able to do by am-ple capital and the employment of the highest grade of skilled labor that can be obtain

"Many of their heads of department" have won high reputation in their particular branch of piano manufacturing, both in this country and in Europe."

THE FOUR KIMBALL FACTORIES (11 acres of floor space) Manufacture annually 5,000 KINBALL PIANOS & 18,000 KIMBALL ORGANS

