

THE COQUILLE HERALD

VOL. 34, NO. 14

COQUILLE, COOS COUNTY, OREGON, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1915.

PER YEAR \$1.50

CITY DIRECTORY

Fraternal and Benevolent Order

A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting of Chadwick Lodge No. 68 A. F. & A. M., at Masonic Hall, every Saturday night in each month on or before the full moon. L. A. LILLQUIST, W. M.; R. H. MAST, Secretary.

O. E. S.—Regular meeting of Beulah Chapter No. 4, second and fourth Friday evenings of each month, in Masonic Hall. EMMA LILLQUIST, W. M.; ANNA LAWRENCE, Sec.

I. O. O. F.—Coquille Lodge No. 53, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday night in Odd Fellows Hall. H. B. MOORE, N. G.; J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 20, I. O. O. F., meets every second and fourth Wednesday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. PAULINE CUSTER, N. G.; ANSIE LAWRENCE, Sec.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, No. 25, I. O. O. F., meets the first and third Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. J. S. BARTON, C. T.; J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Lyeungus Lodge No. 72, meets Tuesday nights in W. O. W. Hall. R. R. WATSON, K. R. S.; O. A. MINTON, C. C.

PYTHIAN SISTERS—Justus Tempie No. 35, meets first and third Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall. MRS. GEORGE DAVIS, M. E. C.; MRS. FRED LINEGAR, K. of R.

RED MEN—Coquille Tribe No. 46, I. O. O. R. M., meets every Friday night in W. O. W. Hall. J. S. BARTON, Sachem; A. P. MILLER, C. of R.

M. W. A.—Regular meetings of Beaver Camp No. 10,350 in M. W. A. Hall, front street, first and third Saturdays in each month. H. B. TOBIER, Consul; F. C. TRUB, Clerk.

R. N. A.—Regular meeting of Laurel Camp No. 2972 at M. W. A. Hall, front street, second and fourth Tuesday nights in each month. MARY KERN, Oracle; LAURA BRANDON, Sec.

W. O. W.—Myrtle Camp No. 197, meets every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. at W. O. W. Hall. LEE CURRIE, C. C.; JOHN LENNIE, Sec.

EVENING TIDE CIRCLE, No. 214, meets second and fourth Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall. ALBERT BURKHOLDER, G. N.; MARY A. PIERCE, Clerk.

FARMERS UNION—Regular meetings second and fourth Saturdays in each month in W. O. W. Hall. FRANK BURKHOLDER, Pres.; O. A. MINTON, Sec.

FRATERNAL AID No. 398, meets the second and fourth Thursdays each month at W. O. W. Hall. MRS. CHAS. EYLAND, Pres.; MRS. LORA HARRINGTON, Sec.

Educational Organizations and Clubs

WOMAN'S Study Club—Meets 2:30 p. m. at city library every second and fourth Monday. HARRIET A. LONGSTON, Pres.; FRANCES E. EPPERSON, Sec.

COQUILLE EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE—Meets monthly at the High School Building during the school year for the purpose of discussing educational topics. BIRDIE SKEELS, Treas.; EDNA HARLOCKER, Sec.

KO KEEL CLUB—A business men's social organization. Hall in Laird's building, Second street. L. J. CARY, Pres.; W. C. ENDICOTT, Sec.

COMMERCIAL CLUB—L. J. CARY, President; L. H. HAZARD, Secretary.

Transportation Facilities

TRAINS—Leave, south bound 8:10 a. m. and 2:40 p. m. North bound 9:25 a. m. and 4:20 p. m.

BOATS—Six boats plying on the Coquille river afford ample accommodations for carrying freight and passengers to Bandon and way points. Boats leave at 7:30, 8:30, 9:20 and 9:50 a. m. and at 1:00, 3:30 and 4:45 p. m.

STAGE—J. L. Laird, proprietor. Departs 5:30 p. m. for Roseburg via Myrtle Point, carrying the United States mail and passengers.

POSTOFFICE—A. F. Linegar, postmaster. The mails close as follows: Myrtle Point 7:40 a. m., 5:20, 2:35 p. m.; Marshfield 9:00 a. m., and 4:15 p. m.; Bandon, way points, 8:45 a. m. Norway and Arago, 12:55 p. m. Eastern mail 5:20 p. m. Eastern mail arrives 7:30 a. m.

City and County Officers

Mayor—A. T. Morrison
Recorder—J. S. Lawrence
Treasurer—R. H. Mast
Marshal—P. M. Hall-Lewis
Night Marshal—A. P. Miller
Water Superintendent—S. V. EPPERSON
Fire Chief—W. C. Chase
Councilmen—Jesse Byers, C. T. Skeels, C. I. Kline, Ned C. Kelley, W. H. Ly-Bandon, O. C. Sanford. Regular meetings first and third Mondays each month.

Justice of the Peace—J. J. Stanley
Constable—H. W. Dunham
County Judge—James Watson
Commissioners—W. T. Dement, Geo. J. Armstrong
Clerk—Robt. Watson
Sheriff—Alfred Johnson, Jr.
Treasurer—T. M. Dimmick
Assessor—T. J. Thrift
School Supt.—Raymond E. Baker
Surveyor—C. F. McCulloch
Coroner—F. E. Wilson
Health Officer—Dr. Walter Culin

Societies will get the very best
PRINTING
at the office of Coquille Herald

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Events of Interest Reported For The Herald.

(B. J. E. Jones)

"WE NEED THE MONEY."

Solely, it is claimed, because of the need of revenue in these abnormal times, and not as a confession of the failure of the Democratic tariff law, the administration recently announced its purpose to recommend to Congress the continuance of the present duty on sugar. In the administration circles there was instant approval to this suggestion when it was broached by Secretary McAdoo. The Republicans naturally favor the higher tax, and they are unkind enough to intimate that the election of a Progressive in Louisiana, as a protest against the tariff law, has been in a measure responsible for the way in which the Democrats have been supporting the suggestion to restore the old duty on sugar.

Senator Underwood tacitly agreed to replace the old rate, as soon as he had talked with the President. Senators Walsh and Myers of Montana, Martine of New Jersey, Chamberlain of Oregon, Williams of Mississippi, and Fletcher of Florida, were openly in favor of the sugges-

tion reported success of the Carranza government in carrying out its agrarian policy. Large estates that were divided among politicians and plunderers are now being divided into small farms and sold to small farmers. Particular attention is being given to locating former soldiers of the government along the lines of the railroads, so that while they till their lands they may be within a day's call of their country, should their services be needed in the army or navy. Since the Villa movement shows every evidence of being on the wane, the chances are that General Carranza will be able to succeed. He has pledged that there will be elections at an opportune time, and he insists that that time has not arrived, since so much of the country remains in arms.

THE SMALL MERCHANT WILL WIN.
The reputable mercantile interests of the country are expecting to find relief from the evils of cut-throat competition indulged in by some of the big city stores and the mail order houses, through the Stevens bill, which appears certain to pass the present session of Congress. Mr. Edmond A. Whittier, Secretary of the American Fair Trade League says that nearly 175 members of Congress have voluntarily declared that they will sup-

port the bill. The proprietors of two of the biggest department stores in New York City have joined the ranks of the Stevens bill advocates within a week, and announce that they are tired and disgusted with the dishonest methods by which trade is sought through cutting prices on standard articles of merchandise and "making it up" on inferior goods which are sold at prices far above their value. The sentiment among the Congressmen who have returned to Washington, clearly indicates that they feel that the time has come for the federal government to help enforce respectability in merchandising, in the interest of the consumer, and in the aid of the country merchant, who is being driven out by the mail order and catalogue houses. The evidence is all to the effect that the small merchant must do his business in a fair and square manner, in order to hold the patronage of the public. On the other hand, this same exacting public follows the lure of fictitious "bargains," and whether it be in his Christmas shopping, or at any other period of the year, the number of people who make their money at home and send away for goods, is constantly increasing. The small merchants all handle brands of nationally known goods which are called for by name by their customers. Now Congress, through the Stevens bill, proposes to stop the catalogue and

mail order houses, and some of the large city stores, from using cut-throat methods in handling established lines of goods as a bait in moving inferior articles. The results of investigations by the Bureau of Corporations and Federal Trade Commission, as well as the report of a committee of the United States Chamber of Commerce, all find in favor of consistent regulation of resale prices. And when this is done, the small town will, in a measure, come into its own.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN WASHINGTON
The leaders of the woman's suffrage movement have evidently not been disheartened by reason of adverse results in the fall elections, and a campaign is under way at the national capital to center efforts upon Congress. The suffragists wish to secure an amendment to the Constitution of the United States that will give full and nation wide enfranchisement to women. There will be requisite a two-thirds vote of each of the houses, after which the amendment would go to each of the states for ratification. When two-thirds of the states have accepted an amendment the fact is duly promulgated and the law becomes effective.

The suffrage leaders can do business much better with small bodies than with large ones, and they therefore feel that more could be done by the national movement, as Congress would pass the measure along to the states, and the suffragists would concentrate their efforts upon one legislature after another until they had secured thirty-six ratifications. The attitude of many of the administration leaders is in opposition to this program, and among those who are opposed is President Wilson, who insists that the states should take the matter up and settle it. In view of the recent elections the women are hardly satisfied with this method. They ascribe their defeat to various causes and the Woman's Congressional Union, which has taken upon itself the responsibility for fostering the movement in Washington, is giving plenty of signs of activity. A good many Congressmen who have been prominent in the suffrage cause, have rather weakened in their activity since the recent elections.

Four Thousand Rose Slips Offered to High Schools

University of Oregon, Eugene.—Four thousand Fran Karl Druschki rose slips, rooted and growing, are to be given away this college year to the four-year high schools of the state by the University of Oregon. The plants are to be set out on the high school grounds and cared for.

Any time after the first of January, the desired number of slips—from 12 to 25—will be shipped prepaid on the request of the high school principal, the chairman of the board, or the president of the student body. The requests will be filed and filled in order of receipt, but some of the eastern Oregon shipments will be held up until after the hard freezes.

H. M. Fisher, superintendent of the University grounds, says that the roses are a uniformly hard and vigorous variety. The two hundred foot hedge from which the slips are cut, is even now full of white buds. Most of the 1600 cuttings sent out last year grew, Mr. Fisher says. It was the first time the offer had been made, and there were more requests than could be filled. Even the grade schools began asking for them. Mr. Fisher says that by close trimming the parent hedge could furnish as many as 10,000 slips, so prolific is it.

The only receipt asked by the extension division of the University, through which application for the cuttings should be made, is acknowledgment through the local paper.

Ex-president Taft advocates the abolition of the office of postmaster, leaving the deputies in charge as they are now, the postmaster being merely a figurehead in most instances. Saving of \$4,000,000 a year.

STATE INDUSTRIAL REVIEW

Compiled by State Bureau of Industries and Statistics

Salem, December.—Wallowa now has two creameries.

Kelly Bros. install roller feed mill at Hood River.

Carload of clover seed shipped from Albany to Chicago—value \$13,000.

Winchester Bay, the new town near Gardner is petitioning for post office and wants school.

Dallas—The town of Rickreal has petitioned the Oregon Power Company for electric service.

Second motor ship is now building at St. Helen's yards.

New style spark plug is to be manufactured in Grants Pass.

Florence lets contract for water tower.

Asbland—Company formed to develop molybdenum in Ashland Creek Canyon.

City of Eugene purchases Oregon Power Company's plant in that city for \$150,000.

New school at Mulino has been dedicated.

Two hundred boxes of prunes shipped east from Eugene as Christmas gifts.

Hard tired trucks and jitney busses ordered off certain Lane county highways until May 1.

Grants Pass machine shop has been reopened.

Expenditures of \$1,700,000 by U. P. and O. W. R. & N. Co. between Blalock and Coyote, Oregon, announced by J. P. O'Brien, vice-president.

A well will be started two miles north of Stanfield to get water to irrigate 6000 acres of land.

Work trains are crossing Coos Bay on the new Willamette-Pacific bridge.

Merlin has shipped seven carloads, and Round Prairie one carload of Christmas trees to Los Angeles. About 4700 trees to car.

Oregon Power Co has spent \$40,000 on improvements in North Bend the past year.

Five hundred thousand dollars worth of flour to be shipped from Portland to warring nations before January 1.

Canby—W. H. Bair has shipped over 30,000 Christmas trees to California.

Pacific Telephone & Telegraph lines in Washington and Oregon would reach a distance of 341,255 miles.

Proposed sawmill at Reedsport will be one of largest in Oregon.

Clackamas county taxpayers ask county court for 2 mills for roads.

J. L. Stockton, President Oregon Retail Dealers Association, says legislation should be passed exempting new factories from taxation for a stated number of years.

Salem—One half cent on the dollar is increase in women's wages under minimum wage law.

Farmers Union of Umatilla county to build large meat packing house.

Oregon corn acreage nearly doubled during year, largely due to educational campaign of O. W. R. & N. Co.

Oregon-Utah Beet Sugar Co. has 1652½ acres contracted in Jackson county.

Asbland—Pompador Lithia Springs incorporated \$100,000.

Willamette Valley Southern likely to build to Silverton in spring. Gaston has let contract for \$7000 water system.

O. W. R. & N. Co. will soon have monthly payroll of \$10,000 at Pilot Rock Junction.

Old Armitage place near Eugene will be first electric farm under Oregon Power Company's plan to furnish farmers electricity.

Announcement has been made that Fall City Lumber Co. will probably open in spring with a full crew of 200 men.

Farmers of Umatilla county want Great Southern railroad extended to Columbia river.



The Million Dollar Photoplay

At last the dream of the Motion Picture producers has been realized in the achievement by the Wm. Fox Corporation of a real Million Dollar Motion Picture Production, now being made in Kingston, Island of Jamaica.

No name has as yet been selected for this picture; but the following facts regarding the making of the picture will give to the general public some idea of the wonderful magnitude of the picture and to what lengths and expense the foremost producer of the day will go to present to the public the possibilities of the Motion Picture Field.

Thus far the cost of this picture has been \$375,000 and although the work was just started on it the latter part of August, 1915, it will require at least sixteen more weeks for its completion at a total cost of One Million Dollars.

The Director General is Herbert Brennon, considered by many as the foremost director of the year and who is now world renowned for his productions of "Neptune's Daughter", "The Two Orphans" and "The Soul of Broadway"; his assistant directors, selected for their ability in the different fields they will cover in this production are, Kenan Bale, James McKay and George Fitch.

To accommodate the staging of the immense settings, it was necessary to build the largest stage in the world, covering 150,000 square feet in the famous Rose Gardens of Jamaica. There has been sent from the United States to Jamaica more than 1000 tons of properties and costumes costing approximately \$175,000.

The plant of Jamaica will be a permanent institution, has 1000 dressing rooms; a rehearsal hall for 1000 people; a printing plant and laboratory; projection rooms and an administration building, all of which require an auditing and business staff consisting of 45 people.

The Government regulation of the Island of Jamaica forbids the landing of any animal; not even a dog is permitted to enter, but owing to the large expenditure of money and the employment of native help, hotel expense, etc. the Government of Jamaica gave Wm. Fox special permission, permitting the entry of the wild animals necessary for the production of this wonder photoplay. By arrangement with a South African firm of wild animal importers there has been landed in Jamaica 75 camels, an assortment of lions, panthers, tigers, elephants, swan, bird of paradise, and the rarest of animal species, such as kangaroos, baboons, etc., for the animal part of this picture.

The technical force includes eight camera men, and J. Turner, formerly property master of the Metropolitan Opera House will handle the props with a corps of electricians, carpenters, property builders, scenic painters, etc.

Among the noted players taking part in the production are Annette Kellerman, Wm. E. Shay, Florence Dehon, the Lee Twins, Violet Horner and 150 diving girls selected from the most beautiful young

women swimmers and divers from all parts of the world.

In the staging of a battle scene no less than 25,000 people took part and fortunately for the producers, 10,000 Hindoos who worked on the Panama Canal were interned at Jamaica at the outbreak of the big war and through permission of the British Government, they are also being used in the picture. A large detachment of the native born whites are being used for army purposes and are also used in the picture in costumes supplied from the United States. There was also drafted from the service 5,000 horses used by the cavalry on the island.

The old fortress which has been dismantled for over 250 years, and overlooking the entrance to Jamaica Bay was leased and a mammoth fortress erected, mounted with huge guns and observation towers. It is planned that great war action will take place here and the forts are to be demolished by the guns of attacking warships.

Another idea of the extravagant and lavish picturization of the Wm. Fox Million Dollar picture is gained from the fact that it was found necessary to build a Moorish City, which alone cost \$25,000. This was built inland on the hills and valleys of a beautiful stretch of country; special submarine photograph observatory has been built on the sea level and a part of the action of the story takes place beneath the water. Due to the clearness of the water around Jamaica is one of the many reasons for going to this spot, that photographs in the water could be taken by the special devices made for that purpose and of which Wm. Fox holds the patents. The great natural asphalt lake on the island of Trinidad will be shown and the eruption of Mount Pelee in the Island of Martinique will form the background for a part of the action.

As an indication of the gigantic spectacle and dramatic efforts of this picture, it is claimed without fear of contradiction that when it is completed it will excel all of the spectacular effects of The Birth of a Nation; all the under water and fantasy of Neptune's Daughter; all the costume and special effects tenfold of Cabiria; and the animal action in Quo Vadis will be insignificant in comparison.

Wm. Fox made up his mind to make the first Million Dollar picture and he and his cohorts gave to this production many a tireless night and all of the thought, brains and energy for which the organization is noted and has put into it an actual million dollars in cash, making this picture one of the marvels of the present century. A considerable portion of this film has been developed and projected on the screen and from this it is a known fact that it will be the greatest sensation of the amusement world, in this or any previous generation.

FOX FILM CORPORATION.
Redmond—Irrigation districts being formed.
Minimum wage law gives Portland women workers eight mills more on the dollar.