

The Herald, the old established reliable newspaper of the Coquille Valley in which an "ad" always brings results.

THE COQUILLE HERALD

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COQUILLE, COOS COUNTY, OREGON, TUESDAY, MARCH 24, 1914.

PER YEAR \$1.50

CITY DIRECTORY

Fraternal and Benevolent Orders

A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting of Chadwick Lodge No. 68 A. F. & A. M., at Masonic Hall, every Saturday night in each month. D. D. Pierce, W. M. full moon. R. H. Mast, Secretary.

O. E. S.—Regular meeting of Beulah Chapter No. 6, second and fourth Friday evenings of each month, in Masonic Hall. MARY A. PIERCE, W. M. ANNA LAWRENCE, Sec.

I. O. O. F.—Coquille Lodge No. 53, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday night in Odd Fellows Hall. G. H. Cleaves, N. G. J. S. Lawrence, Sec.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 20 I. O. O. F., meets every second and fourth Wednesday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. EMILY HERSEY, N. G. ANNIE LAWRENCE, Sec.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, No. 25 I. O. O. F., meets the first and third Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. J. S. BARTON, C. C. J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

K. NIGHTS OF PYTHIAN—Lycurgus Lodge No. 72, meets Tuesday nights in W. O. W. Hall. R. R. WATSON, K. R. S. O. A. MINTON, C. C.

PYTHIAN SISTERS—Justus Temple No. 35, meets first and third Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall. MRS. GEORGE DAVIS, M. E. C. MRS. FRED LINGGARD, K. of R.

RED MEN—Coquille Tribe No. 46, I. O. R. M., meets every Friday night in W. O. W. Hall. J. S. BARTON, Sachem. A. P. MILLER, C. of R.

M. W. A.—Regular meetings of Beaver Camp No. 10,550 in M. W. A. Hall, Front street, first and third Saturdays in each month. C. H. HENSON, Consul. L. H. IRVINE, Clerk.

R. N. A.—Regular meeting of Laurel Camp No. 272 at M. W. A. Hall, Front street, second and fourth Tuesday nights in each month. MARY KERN, Oracle. EDNA KELLEY, Rec.

W. O. W.—Myrtle Camp No. 197, meets every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. at W. O. W. Hall. LEO CURRIE, C. C. JOHN LEEVE, Sec.

EVENING TIDE CIRCLE No. 214, meets second and fourth Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall. ORA X. MAURY, G. N. MARY A. PIERCE, Clerk.

FARMERS UNION—Regular meetings second and fourth Saturdays in each month in W. O. W. Hall. FRED BURNHOLTER, Pres. O. A. MINTON, Sec.

FRATERNAL AID No. 398, meets the second and fourth Thursdays each month at W. O. W. Hall. MRS. CHAS. EYLAND, Pres. MRS. LORA HARRINGTON, Sec.

Educational Organizations and Clubs

COQUILLE EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE—Meets monthly at the High School Building during the school year for the purpose of discussing educational topics. BENA ANDERSON, Pres. EDNA MINKO, Sec.

KO KEEL CLUB—A business men's social organization. Hall in Laird's building, Second street. A. J. SHERWOOD, Pres. FRED SLAGLE, Sec.

COMMERCIAL CLUB J. E. NORRIS President; J. C. SAGE, Secretary

Transportation Facilities

TRAINS—Leave, south bound 9:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m. North bound 10:40 a. m. and 4:40 p. m.

BOATS—Six boats plying on the Coquille river afford daily accommodations for carrying freight and passengers to Bandon and way points. Boats leave at 7:30, 8:30, 9:20 and 9:50 a. m. and at 1:00, 3:30 and 4:45 p. m.

STAGE—J. L. Laird, proprietor. Departs 5:30 p. m. for Roseburg via Myrtle Point, carrying the United States mail and passengers.

POSTOFFICE—A. F. Linegar, postmaster. The mails close as follows: Myrtle Point 8:40 a. m. and 2:35 p. m. Marshfield 10:15 a. m. and 4:15 p. m. Bandon and way points, Norway and Arago 12:45 p. m. Eastern mail 4:45 a. m. Eastern mail arrives 10: a. m.

City and County Officers

Mayor—A. T. Morrison
Recorder—J. S. Lawrence
Treasurer—R. H. Mast
City Attorney—L. A. Liljeqvist
Engineer—P. M. Hall-Lewis
Marshal—C. A. Evernden
Night Marshal—John Hurley
Water Superintendent—S. V. Epperson
Fire Chief—Walter Ording
Councilmen—D. D. Pierce, C. T. Skeels, W. C. Laird, G. O. Leach, W. H. Lyons, Leo J. Garry. Regular meetings first and third Mondays each month.

Justice of the Peace—J. J. Stanje
Constable—Ned C. Kelley

County Judge—John T. Hall
Commissioners—W. T. Dement, Geo. J. Armstrong
Clerk—James Watson
Sheriff—W. W. Gage
Treasurer—T. M. Dimmick
Assessor—T. J. Thrift
School Supt.—Raymond E. Baker
Survivor—A. N. Gould
Coroner—F. E. Wilson
Health Officer—Dr. Walter Colvin

Societies will get the very best
PRINTING
at the office of Coquille Herald

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Events of Interest Reported For The Herald

(By J. E. Jones)

FROM THE GALLERY OF THE HOUSE

Conditions were somewhat normal upon that Saturday afternoon when this brief story was gathered from the gallery. One hears considerable about the large membership of the House of Representatives, and I counted the occupants of the benches and found that all but 388 of the 435 members were present, earning the salary the government pays. On the minority side sat twenty-three statesmen, and in the Democratic rows were exactly the same number, but the hoodoo was saved the majority by counting the illustrious occupant of the Chair. In vain I looked for the celebrities of Congress, and only Mann, the Republican leader, with his bristly beard was there. As a matter of fact most of our best exhibits have stayed at home as the result of the last election. After a while Champ Clark strode down the aisle, thus gratifying the hungry eyes of the tourists. It was his sixty-fourth birthday, and a few hours before he had pawed the air with terrible denunciation of some college professor who had made a very foolish charge that the Speaker had falsely counted a vote in order to further the interests of his party. So far as Washington is concerned a formal denial by the Speaker was absolutely unnecessary. But we are told that the country does not always think the same as Washington.

Across the room beside the chiseled white marble desk of the Speaker reposed the grinning mace of legendary authority. Behind the presiding officer hung the Star Spangled Banner; on either side of the desk were the pictures of Washington and LaFayette, and a frieze by Brumidi showed Washington and Cornwallis in conference at Yorktown.

Representative Lever of South Carolina was making a speech in which he suggested the colloquial "doncher know," in describing the needs of the farmers. He roundly criticized those who found fault with the Agricultural appropriation bill, which was then under consideration; and in an exchange of bouquets he and Representative McLaughlin of Michigan paid splendid compliments to one another, causing Representative Anderson of Minnesota to interject inquiring remarks as to whether others should not be included in the Alphonse-Gaston performance. In the rough and tumble debate one of the Congressmen had a good deal to say about "I-o-were," evidently having failed to note the observation of this correspondence regarding the habits of some Senators who say "I-o-way."

A man with an ear trumpet finally showed up, and he was pointed out as General Sherwood, who secured a "dollar a day" for all pensioners. Then came Murdock, famous for his fiery hair and speech, and in the public eye because of his leadership of the Progressives. While two or three Congressmen tried to speak at the same time, the presiding officer energetically supported the stop watch and brought down his mallet with tremendous "whacks" thereby murdering much Congressional eloquence.

Meanwhile the Agricultural appropriation bill bowed merrily on its way, and when the absentees grew to four hundred, our little party decided that it was time for us, to depart.

FIXING THE TRUST BILLS

Before the anti-trust bills are to become "really and truly" Administration measures, they are to be materially doctored under the direct supervision of that able physician of legislation—Doctor Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States. The Judiciary Committee of the House has been having its hearings, and this has resulted in the President taking Chairman Clayton and his colleagues of the committee into a White House conference for the purpose of pointing

out to them that there are big and dangerous holes in the legislation they have contemplated. Therefore changes will follow in accordance with the President's plan before the bills are passed in the House.

BEEF AND THE CATTLE TICK

During a debate in the House it was claimed by southern statesmen who spoke for a large appropriation to be used in fighting the cattle tick, that the freeing of the south from this affliction would solve the problem of the beef supply. Representative Young of Texas says that the government has made the discovery that there is a remedy by which the southern cattle tick that infects all southern states can be absolutely destroyed. That remedy is now being used throughout the infected districts. In Texas, according to Mr. Young, there are more than 7,000,000 head of cattle "below the quarantine line." The government has declared that none of these cattle can be shipped until they have been freed from the tick pest; and not only are these 7,000,000 Texas cattle held out of the market, but there are likewise held from the commerce of the world from 700,000 to 1,200,000 head in each of the other southern states of the Union. With the splendid grazing grounds and the cheap lands of the south, the extermination of the tick will, it is declared, result in a sufficient meat supply to take care of the demand. This is emphasized by the fact that it appears to have been proven that no section can raise cattle as cheaply as the south.

IS ROOT TO BLAME

It has been discovered at Washington that former Secretary of State Root, who now accepts Nobel prizes, Senatorial togas, Carnegie soft snaps and at the same time stands up under more expressions of appreciation of the extraordinary ability he is supposed to possess, than any man in the Senate; was the first to discover that all nations should be treated alike in the administration of Panama Canal tolls. England would "never have thought of it had it not been for Root." The latest announcement is that Root has a new canal act ready in case the Administration plan, which the New York Solon supports, should not be speedily enacted.

ALASKA COAL LEASES

Alaska and its problems is a progressive study, and the views of the Interior Department in reference to coal leases have been embodied in bills that are now before Congress. The Geological Survey estimates that there are 16,000 square miles of coal bearing lands in the territory. The plan is to lease these lands in areas of forty acres or multiples thereof, but in no event can any of the big operators acquire more than 2,500 acres.

WASHINGTON AND MEXICO

What does Washington think about Mexico, the "independence" of Texas, and the operations of the "rangers?" Washington rarely thinks—preferring rather to follow the sentiment of the rest of the country. And since there is a studied patience throughout the land in reference to the "watching and waiting" policy, Washington has not allowed itself to become the least whit excited because of a few fiery speeches in Congress.

Rules For Teachers

"Public display of affection is extremely bad taste," in the opinion of President Frederick Burke of the State Normal School at San Francisco. In a bulletin made public he forbids the following practices among student teachers: Kissing in the hallways; walking to classes with arms about waists; spilt skirts, low-necked blouses; beauty patches; high French heels; overdressed hair.

"The students of the Normal School," continues the bulletin, "teach the children in their classes and must preserve dignity in appearance. Dignity in dress is also necessary. A teacher cannot do her best if she is wearing a slit skirt, a middie blouse or a beauty patch."

Get your butter wrappers at the Herald office.

TO MAKE OREGON DRY

Whole Power of National Organization to be Concentrated on This State—Spellbinders by the Dozen

The Anti Saloon League of America, whose headquarters and general publishing house is in Westerville, Ohio, has determined to throw the whole power of its organization to the assistance of the Anti-Saloon League of Oregon and the other organizations cooperating with it for a dry Oregon this year.

At the national convention of the League held at Columbus, Ohio, that body was completely reorganized. Prior to that, the national body was a loose federation of state Leagues without much control over local organization. The reorganized body is a compact machine, in which all of the state organization becomes departments of the national organization. This reorganization becomes effective on June 1. The country is divided into sixteen

John Skelton Williams, Expert in the Intricacies of Banking



Photo by American Press Association.

WITH the passage of the currency bill, interest was aroused in the appointment of the comptroller of the currency. At that time the position was vacant, President Wilson having held off the appointment. Under the new law the comptroller of the currency is made a member ex officio, with the secretary of the treasury, of the federal reserve board, which will control the new banking system. The name of John Skelton Williams, assistant secretary of the treasury, was persistently mentioned in connection with the appointment, and it was felt that the president would name him. Mr. Williams is an experienced banker and railroad man. He has been in the banking business at Richmond, Va., since 1886. He was organizer and president of the Seaboard Air Line.

districts, at the head of each of which is a representative and member of the board of trustees. The member of the national board from the far Northwest is Hon. Fletcher Holman, of Salem, Oregon.

The heads of the Oregon state department of the League are Rev. J. H. Bennett, president and Hon. H. L. Sheldon, superintendent. The offices of the state are located in the Stock Exchange Building, Portland, Oregon.

The second week of April, the advance guard of the national spellbinders will enter the state and conduct the preliminary series of rallies. The preliminary campaign will be opened by the strongest speakers at the command of the national organization. There are several ex-governors and orators of international fame. Among them are such men as Hon. Malcolm R. Patterson, ex-governor of Tennessee, ex-congressman and one of the foremost orators of the entire South. Ex-Governor Robert B. Glenn of North Carolina is another of the "governors" who will speak in behalf of a dry Oregon. Hon. John G. Woolley, at one time candidate for president on the Prohibition ticket, will be another of

famous baritone singer, A. M. Thatcher of Chicago.

The second week in April, the advance squad of national orators will strike Oregon, and for a week the liquor interests will be chastised in as vigorous English as the dictionary has words for. Ex-Governor Patterson and Dr. Purley A. Baker will begin their speaking tour at Ashland, April 9. Their other dates are: April 10, Eugene; April 12, Portland; April 13, Oregon City; April 14, Astoria.

Hon. John G. Woolley and Geo. W. Morrow speak at but three places: April 9, Corvallis; April 10, Grants Pass; April 11, at some point yet undetermined.

Dr. Howard H. Russell, founder of the League, accompanied by Prof. Thatcher, will speak at St. Johns, April 8; April 9, Albany; April 10, Roseburg; and at some point on April 11.

Rev. Small, the famous Georgia evangelist enters the state with a series of dates beginning at Baker City on April 8 and ending at Medford, April 21.

An elaborate literature campaign is being planned on the part of the national organization. It is ex-

pected that headquarters will be opened probably at Portland or Seattle. The details of this are not finally determined. The present plan is that the literature campaign will be managed by William E. Johnson, who acquired the sobriquet of "Pussyfoot" during his five years' as chief of the United States Indian Service for the suppression of the liquor traffic among Indians, and who is well known in the Indian section of the Northwest.

The theory of this sort of thing is that when any state is engaged in a contest for statewide prohibition, all of the other states, acting through the national organization, come to the rescue and focus the energies of the temperance forces of the nation upon the particular state in question.

Coquille Dairyman Will Milk By Electric Power

J. N. Jacobson has made arrangements with the Oregon Power Co. to install a 2 horsepower motor at his dairy a mile east of town, from which he delivers milk to his city customers. The motor will be used to furnish power for a milking machine, and Mr. Jacobson will be the first in this vicinity to milk his cows by electricity. The milk will be conveyed from the milking machine to the bottles in which it is to be delivered without being exposed to the air or any chance to be polluted by dirt or germs. It will also be sent, when desired, to the separator through vacuum tubes, insuring perfect cleanliness in the product.

Mr. Jacobson proposes to make his dairy a model in every respect, and the installation of the motor-driven milking machine is only part of the plans he has under way. It was necessary to construct a branch power line 1500 feet long from the main line of the Oregon Power Co. on the Myrtle Point road, and it is expected that the new appliances will be in operation by the last of this week.

Fun With Wild Hogs

E. L. White, Jas. and Jesse Sutton had an exciting experience last Saturday catching hogs, says the Port Orford Tribune. The swine were tame ones that had gone wild, and were all armed with tusks from 2 to 6 inches long. Six or seven of them were jumped from their beds about a mile east of town. The last one they got after was an old campaigner, being the largest one in the bunch and having tusks fully six inches long. He would run until he found a place to his liking, where his rear was fortified, and then would turn and fight the dogs off and go again. One time he bayed in the hollow of a big rotten stump, and Mr. White climbed onto the side of the stump and for some time tried to throw the noose in a rope over his head, when finally the hog spied his tormentor and made for him. "Gene" was only about three feet off the ground and couldn't go any higher, and after making several vicious slashes at him with his tusks from below the hog started to climb up. Not fancying the looks and actions of the animal Gene avoided a closer acquaintance by taking a flying leap down the hill. The ground was muddy and covered with Salal bushes, and the boys say that the way he went through the mud and under and over the brush was worth seeing—anyway he made such time that the hog gave up the pursuit. The laugh however, was not all on one side, as the other boys took their turn at tree climbing, and after breaking one dog's leg and crippling another the hog finally made its escape.

Ladies Will Hike

A number of the ladies of Port Orford have gotten together and organized what they term the Hiker's Club. During the rainy season they are content to meet on Wednesday afternoons at some member's house where refreshments are served and fancy work and tea indulged in, but for the summer months they plan some strenuous jaunts where poor hubby will probably be worked in as much carrier. The officers of the club are, Mrs. Wm. Gillings, president, Mrs. L. Knapp vice president, and Miss Louise Walters secretary and treasurer.—Tribune

NOTES ON THE PHOTOPLAYS

Of Interest to Those Who Patronize the Movies

The Vitagraph Company has opened the "Vitagraph Theater" on Broadway New York, for the showing of Vitagraph films exclusively, and the sign of "standing room only" has been out at every evening performance. John Bunny and other of the leading Vitagraph actors have been appearing in person for short talks. Five and six reel feature pictures are being shown and it is likely that some of these will later find their way to this remote section. The Vitagraph Company is absolutely the greatest picture company in America, and perhaps the greatest in the world. The Edison Company is a fairly close second, but none of the others can reach a halting distance.

The Vitagraph is fortunate now, (or more probably it is a case of good management) in having the brightest constellation of female stars ever shown by a film company. With Norma Talmadge, Clara Kimball Young, Anita Stewart, Dorothy Kelly, Mary Charleson, Edith Storey, Margaret Gibson and Myrtle Gonzalez, the last three being now with the Western branch, they have a bunch of young players every one of whom is beautiful, talented and charming. When you see a Vitagraph you are sure of seeing a favorite in the leading role. As for the men players, the list of talent is too long to mention. You never see a "bum" Vitagraph picture. They are all good, whether serious drama or comedy, and one can not help feeling the greatest admiration for the brains that must be at the head of the organization.

This is merely a just and voluntary tribute to work of the very highest class. To those who have paid little attention to the make of pictures they see we strongly advise that they watch particularly for the Vitagraph posters. We are fortunate here in that a large proportion of the service is made up of the Vitagraph pictures.

Perpetual Laying Machines

Farmers are generally acquainted with the term "perpetual laying machines," but it has never been taken very seriously. Here is one instance when it almost approaches the truth.

G. A. Henry of North Two Mile has 70 White Leghorn hens of the J. J. Morris strain and he is getting regularly from 55 to 65 eggs per day. He feeds wheat, corn, barley, oyster shell grit and skimmed milk to furnish the meat food. All of this feed except the skimmed milk is purchased at market prices and still a record of the flock during the past year shows that it is a big money maker on the investment. Around Christmas time when eggs are a nickel a piece these white "cacklers" are working over time making big money for the boss. With the mild weather of the Coquille valley Mr. Henry declares that there is no reason why hens should not lay almost as well in winter as in summer. He has demonstrated that they should. —Western World.

Alaska Railway Bill

A Washington dispatch says: The conference committee on the Alaska bill, of which Senator Chamberlain is chairman, has reached a complete agreement on the conflicting House and Senate provisions having agreed upon giving full administrative control. The construction and operation is placed in the hands of the President with authority to lease the lines when completed, but if leased the control is to be under the interstate commerce laws. Authority was granted to the Isthmian Canal Commission to deliver the machinery used in canal work for use in the construction of the Alaska lines. It was agreed that the cost of the work would not exceed \$35,000,000 and an appropriation of \$1,000,000 was authorized now. Senator Chamberlain is highly gratified with the conclusions of the conference committee.