

The Herald, the old established reliable newspaper of the Coquille Valley in which an "ad" always brings results.

THE COQUILLE HERALD

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VOL. 32, NO. 17

COQUILLE, COOS COUNTY, OREGON, TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1914.

PER YEAR \$1.50

CITY DIRECTORY

Fraternal and Benevolent Orders

A. F. & A. M.--Regular meeting of M. at Masonic Lodge No. 68 A. F. & A. M. at Masonic Hall, every Saturday night in each month on or before the full moon.

O. E. S.--Regular meeting of Beulah Chapter No. 6, second and fourth Friday evenings of each month, in Masonic Hall.

MARY A. PIERCE, W. M. ANNA LAWRENCE, Sec.

I. O. O. F.--Coquille Lodge No. 83, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday night in Odd Fellows Hall.

C. H. CLEAVES, N. G. J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 20 I. O. O. F., meets every second and fourth Wednesday nights in Odd Fellows Hall.

EMILY HERSEY, N. G. ANNE LAWRENCE, Sec.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, No. 25 I. O. O. F., meets the first and third Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall.

J. S. BARTON, C. T. J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS--Lycurgus Lodge No. 72, meets Tuesday nights in W. O. W. Hall.

R. R. WATSON, K. R. C. O. A. MINTONYE, C. C.

PYTHIAN SISTERS--Justus Temple No. 35, meets first and third Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall.

MRS. GEORGE DAVIS, M. E. C. MRS. FRED LINEGAR, K. of R.

RED MEN--Coquille Tribe No. 46, I. O. R. M., meets every Friday night in W. O. W. Hall.

J. S. BARTON, Sachem. A. P. MILLER, C. of R.

M. W. A.--Regular meetings of Beaver Camp No. 10,550 in M. W. A. Hall, Front street, first and third Saturdays in each month.

C. D. HUDSON, Consul. L. H. IRVINE, Clerk.

R. N. A.--Regular meeting of Laurel Camp No. 2972 at M. W. A. Hall, Front street, second and fourth Tuesday nights in each month.

MARY KERN, Oracle. EDNA KELLEY, Sec.

W. O. W.--Myrtle Camp No. 197, p. m. meets every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. at W. O. W. Hall.

LEE CURRIE, C. C. JOHN LENIWE, Sec.

EVENING TIDE CIRCLE No. 214, meets second and fourth Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall.

ORA X. MAURY, G. N. MARY A. PIERCE, Clerk.

FARMERS UNION--Regular meetings second and fourth Saturdays in each month in W. O. W. Hall.

FRANK BURKHOLDER, Pres. O. A. MINTONYE, Sec.

FRATERNAL AID No. 398, meets the second and fourth Thursdays each month at W. O. W. Hall.

MRS. CHAS. EVANS, Pres. MRS. LORA HARRINGTON, Sec.

Educational Organizations and Clubs

COQUILLE EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE--Meets monthly at the High School Building during the school year for the purpose of discussing educational topics.

KENA ANDERSON, Pres. EDNA MINARD, Sec.

KO KEE KLUB--A business men's social organization. Hall in Laird's building, Second street.

A. J. SHERRWOOD, Pres. FRED SLAGLE, Sec.

COMMERCIAL CLUB J. E. NORTON President; J. C. SAVAGE, Secretary

Transportation Facilities

TRAINS--Leave, south bound 9:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m. North bound 10:40 a. m. and 4:40 p. m.

BOATS--Six boats plying on the Coquille river afford ample accommodation for carrying freight and passengers to Bandon and way points. Boats leave at 7:30, 8:30, 9:30 and 9:50 a. m. and at 1:00, 3:30 and 4:45 p. m.

STAGE--J. L. Laird, proprietor. Departs 5:30 p. m. for Roseburg via Myrtle Point, carrying the United States mail and passengers.

POSTOFFICE--A. F. Linegar, postmaster. The mails close as follows: Myrtle Point 8:40 a. m. and 2:35 p. m. Marshfield 10:15 a. m. and 4:15 p. m. Bandon and way points, Norway and Arago 12:45 p. m. Eastern mail 4:45 a. m. Eastern mail arrives 10: a. m.

City and County Officers

Mayor--A. T. Morrison Recorder--J. S. Lawrence Treasurer--R. H. Mast City Attorney--L. A. Liljeqvist Engineer--F. M. Hall-Lewis Marshal--C. A. Evernden Night Marshal--John Hurley Water Superintendent--S. V. Epperson Fire Chief--Walter Oeding Councilmen--D. D. Pierce, C. T. Skeritt, W. C. Laird, G. O. Leach, W. H. Lyons, Leo J. Cary. Regular meetings first and third Mondays each month.

Justice of the Peace--J. J. Stanley Constable--Ned C. Kelley

County Judge--John T. Hall Commissioners--W. T. Dement, Geo. J. Armstrong Clerk--James Watson Sheriff--W. W. Gage Treasurer--T. M. Dimmick Assessor--T. J. Thrift School Supt.--Raymond E. Baker Surveyor--A. N. Gould Coroner--F. E. Wilson Health Officer--Dr. Walter Guilan

SYNOPSIS OF MANY EVENTS

THE NEWS IN TABLOID FORM

Condensed for the Quick Assimilation of Busy Men and Women--General Roundup of a Wide Scope

Seven people died of cold in New York City last Wednesday.

The great labor strike in South Africa is practically broken.

Nob bill in San Francisco is settling and much damage results.

The mercantile agencies report business conditions very favorable.

An attempt to vote Chicago dry will be made at the April primaries.

U. S. possessions includes 8000 islands with a population of 10,000,000.

A cold wave swept over the East and Europe last week and caused many deaths.

It is costing Uncle Sam \$1500 a day to feed the Mexican refugees on the border.

The first craft of any kind to go through the panama canal was an unnamed mud scow.

No production of quicksilver was reported from Oregon, Utah, or Washington in 1913.

All the railroads of Portugal, one-third of which belong to the state, are tied up by a strike.

The famous confederate general, Simon Bolivar Buckner, died last week in Kentucky, aged 93.

Idaho Progressives will put a full ticket in the field this year, both state and congressional.

President Wilson now intends to appoint Ex-President Taft to the next vacancy on the supreme bench.

The value of the property left by the late John Jacob Astor has been fixed by the appraisers at \$85,900,826.

The Ford automobile company announces that it will distribute \$10,000,000 of profits among its workmen.

The postal department estimates that the parcel post made a profit for the government of \$14,000,000, last year.

Many of the leaders of the miners' unions have been indicted in connection with the strike in Michigan copper fields.

A course in horse-shoeing will be started at Cornell University this month, in connection with the veterinary college.

A volcanic eruption in Japan last week caused the loss of tens of thousands of lives and the destruction of many towns and villages.

The estate of the late Joaquin Miller has been appraised at \$41,996, consisting mostly of the home place, "The Heights," near Oakland.

The quantity of iron ore mined in the United States in 1913 is estimated by E. F. Birchard, of the United States Geological Survey, to have been between 58,000,000 and 60,000,000 long tons.

The gold-mining industry of the United States was again generally normal in 1913, according to H. D. McCaskey, of the United States Geological Survey, but early figures indicate the smallest output since 1905, when it was \$88,170,700.

Gold production was about normal in Idaho and Washington in 1913 and increased over \$175,000 in Arizona, nearly \$300,000 in California, nearly \$100,000 in New Mexico, and over \$600,000 in Oregon. The increased production in Oregon was largely due to better yield from established mines.

The preliminary estimates of the United States Geological Survey and Bureau of the Mint indicate a domestic silver production in 1913 of 67,601,111 fine ounces, valued at \$40,864,871. This was the greatest output (though not the greatest value) since domestic silver production began, according to H. D. McCaskey, of the United States Geological Survey.

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Events of Interest Reported for The Herald

(By J. E. Jones)

INTERLOCKING DIRECTORATES

There is no man in business who does not feel the evils--or benefits if he is favored--of the control of a large variety of interests by local capitalists. This may have its headquarters in a local bank and reach around the affairs of a small community; or in a larger sense it may envelope the banking and commercial interests of cities. Interlocking directorates, which have been vigorously criticised in the past year or two, as the result of the Pujo Congressional investigation of the money trust extend their influence over national affairs through the manipulation of the finances of great banks, trust companies, and insurance companies. Likewise the great corporations, including the railroads, steamship companies, telegraph and telephone lines, and other industries are within their power. Therefore it was of importance to the country when the partners of the banking firm of J. P. Morgan and company announced its members had retired from the directorships of some score of corporations. The announcement says that the retirements are due to public sentiment. That public sentiment never was better expressed than in words attributed to President Wilson, who said: "The great business transaction of the country are privately controlled by gentlemen whom I can name and whom I will name if it is desired; men of great dignity of character; men, as I believe, of great purity of purpose but men who have concentrated in their hands transactions which they are not willing to have the rest of the country interfere with."

NO MINES IN PANAMA

A great many people wonder how it is possible to attack so many big bills on the Panama Canal route without striking ore of some kind, but it has been determined by the official geologists of the Isthmus Canal Commission, who have examined a number of placer claims in the region of the Gatun river and tributaries lying within and without the Canal Zone, that in no instance was gold found in paying quantities, and that this territory is not one for mining purposes.

YOUNG FIGHTING BLOOD

Young America is showing an eager desire to enter the enlisted ranks of the army and army officials find that the enlistments for the last two months of the old year were above the normal. In Washington it is declared that this is not a result of fear on the part of young men that hard times are ahead, but a desire to enlist for what the young men believe to be real service ahead of them.

EVERY BANKER DOIN' IT

Bankers all over the country are falling over one another in the rush to get in their applications for participation in the new banking system inaugurated under the currency bill. A week after the bill was passed one-fourth of the national banks of the country had their applications in the hands of the Treasury Department at Washington.

PROSPERITY NEXT STATE--ALL ABOARD

Secretary of Commerce Redfield seems to be the official prosperity booster for the administration. He is cheerful, even when the stock market comes bumping along close to the ties. This optimism can always be seen a boom just around the corner. However, the distinguished Cabinet officer admits that there has been a "normal hesitation" in business, which he says is only due to a desire to find out what the final form of the currency bill would be. "In the same way there has been natural hesitation until something was known of the policy of the Administration toward the so-called trust problem." The railroad problem has also been a factor in the "hesitation" according to the Secretary. Likewise he concedes that

New England has been hard hit by financial troubles of the Boston and Maine and New Haven railroads.

"There has been something of a monetary debacle up there," he explains, "and this is the 'cold gray dawn of the morning after.' Few known, however, that the problem is being treated in the strong thorough way its complexity demands, that in the passing of time a normal result for all interested shall emerge." The Secretary after reviewing the results of the investigations of his great branch of the government, declares that unexampled prosperity is in the story of the country, and hints that the

tends amount to fifteen million dollars for the year 1913

UNCLE SAM'S RADIUM TRUST

In order to carry out the recommendations of Secretary Lane of the Interior Department, Representative Ferris of Oklahoma has prepared a joint resolution providing for the withdrawal, settlement, sale or entry of public lands in the United States which might possibly contribute to the supply of radium.

There is promise of a large turpentine industry in the west and southwest, the raw product being supplied by the resinous gum of the western yellow pine.

George F. Williams Drops Law To Become Minister to Greece



GEORGE FRED WILLIAMS, the newly appointed minister to Greece, is a well known Massachusetts statesman. He served in congress and is a lawyer of prominence. He ran for governor of his state on the Democratic ticket, but was defeated. Mr. Williams was one of the progressive Democrats of his state who supported President Wilson during his campaign. He has edited citations of legal cases, and his opinions are received with great weight by the Massachusetts bar. The post pays \$10,000 a year.

man who does not get in on it deserves to be blamed for his lack of perspicacity and acumen.

EVERY PARTY WANTS TO WIN

The Congressional committees of the Democratic, Republican and Progressive parties have opened separate headquarters in office buildings in Washington and each declare that they propose to prosecute vigorous campaigns throughout the country to secure members to their parties for representation in the next Congress. Hot air artists are busily engaged in each of the three establishments in devising ways and means to convince the voters of their duty.

KEEPING UP WITH BYRAN

Statisticians regarding Chautauqua circuits and the shortcomings of Mr. Bryan have figured out that since he took office as Secretary of State he has traveled more than 31,800 miles and has been absent from his office seventy-two days. He has jumped from Washington to California, from Washington to Florida, and from Washington to Maine. These are his big traveling stunts, but lesser ones include many short trips of a few hundred to a thousand miles or more. Notwithstanding the criticism of Bryan, it is plainly apparent to a disinterested observer that he is stronger in the administration at present than at any other period since the Fourth of March.

PENALTIES OF NOT BEING IN THE TRUST

It will be remembered that the tobacco trust was smashed (?) The dividends of the segregated units are still coming into the same pockets that jingled the profits from tobacco in the past years; and these divi-

Road Supervisors Named

The county court has appointed the following road supervisors for the year 1914:

Templeton	W. F. Bowron
Marshfield	C. E. Hanson
North Bend	G. A. Perkins
North Bend	J. G. Wiley
Marshfield	F. P. Norton
Allegany	W. W. Stull
Marshfield	S. Cutlip
North Bend	Axel Ruth
Marshfield	Z. T. Siglin
Sumner	W. R. Spade
Fairview	H. Holverson
Sitkum	H. N. Harry
Bullards	E. W. Fahy
Myrtle Point	John Fahy
Coquille	John Yoakam
Gravel Ford	Charles Strang
Bridge	E. E. Weekly
Bandon	A. J. Counts
Parkersburg	Michael Danielson
Riverton	W. W. Kile
Arago	M. T. Clinton
Myrtle Point	Henry Strong
Four Mile	R. E. Davis
Arago	A. M. Snyder
Myrtle Point	W. F. Neal
Norway	A. J. Hadaling
Myrtle Point	George T. Herman
Cooston	C. C. Johnson
McKinley	Sam Stout
Lee	Claude Waters

Teachers Receive Certificates

As a result of the December examination certificates were issued to the following Coos County teachers. A number of others wrote for exemptions and did not wish to have their certificates issued now. Mrs. Emma Simmons, Frances E. Golden, Hilda S. Stenholm, Grace E. Griffin, Cornelia Anthony, Edward J. Drillet, Edith A. Irish, Mrs. Payra Mattson, Boll R. Cillilan, Carl F. Wasson, Pearl Reigard, and Philip V. Landrith, of Marshfield; James M. Beddingfield, Ivy May Williams, Pearl Guinn, May N. Allen, Kate S. Chaburn, and Lucile McCay, of Coquille; Hazel I. Matthews, Arago; T. C. Young, Sitkum; Irene E. Weekly, Bridge.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

Commissioner Babcock Gives Brief Outline

The Herald has received from Carl D. Babcock, a member of the State Industrial Accident Commission, a copy of the Workmen's Compensation Act, which was passed almost unanimously by the last Legislature, held up by the referendum and approved by the people on November 4th by a vote of more than two to one. Included with the law is the report of the commission appointed by governor West to frame the bill. The law became effective immediately after election in so far as the organization of the commission was concerned. The insurance features of the Act, however, do not become operative until July 1, 1914.

The law provides for the creation of the Industrial Accident Fund, to be made up by contributions from employers, workmen and the State.

Two classes of occupations are defined in the Act and are designated as classes A and B. In Class A, the rate of payment by the employer is 3 per cent and by the employee one-half of 1 per cent. In Class B, the employer pays 1 1/2 per cent and the employee one-fourth of 1 per cent. In Class A, both the employer and workmen are entitled to exemption when the individual employer has to his credit 3 per cent of his annual pay roll and no accidents have occurred in his plant; while under Class B, the amount required to be maintained by the employer in the accident fund is 1 1/2 per cent of the pay roll.

The law is elective, both in its application to the employer and employee, either of whom may elect to come in or stay out, but employers in any of the hazardous occupations, who elect not to take advantage of the Act, are deprived of the common law defenses of contributory negligence, fellow servant liability and assumption of risk in action for damages by their employees. Workmen who reject the Act lose the benefits provided.

The Oregon law provides a liberal schedule of compensation for injured workmen and for the beneficiaries of workmen who lose their lives in industrial accidents. The Act also provides for first aid to injured workmen in an amount not to exceed \$250 in any one case.

Any one interested in the subject can obtain a copy of the law by writing the commission at Salem.

The acid test of trouble sometimes shows that the so-called "solid" man is merely platted.

Water Permits Issued

For the year 1913, a total of 466 permits issued by the State Engineer for the appropriation of water. Under these permits 442,181 acres will be irrigated, 39,225 horsepower will be developed and 41 reservoirs constructed at a total cost of approximately \$7,000,000.

During the quarter ending December 31, 1913, 88 permits were issued for the irrigation of 6,933 acres and the development of 1,958 horsepower. Among these permits was one issued to F. D. Small of Tillamook, and D. C. Urie of Camas, Washington, for the development of 1,208 horsepower, with the waters of the Trask River in Tillamook County.

The following permits have been issued in Coos county and also the northern part of Curry:

A. T. Bestul and J. A. Davenport of Coquille, for domestic supply, with the waters of a spring which is located in Sec 4 Tp 28 S R 13 W. Margeline B. Haft of Langlois, for domestic purposes with the waters of a spring which is located in Sec 2 Tp 31 S R 15 W. Chas E. Nicholson of Marshfield, for manufacturing and domestic use, diverting the water from Daniel Creek in Sec 2 Tp 26 S R 12 W. Platinum Iridium & Gold Co., of Bandon, for mining with the waters of Crystal Creek, diverting the same in Sec 1 Tp 32 S R 15 W.

OREGON NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK

Transpiring in Oregon Boiled Down to Least Number of Lines and Yet Make the Subject Understood.

The reform ticket made a clean sweep at Medford.

January 15th was the warmest day of the season at Portland.

Hop growers of the state intend to plant a larger acreage this year.

The mayor of Salem will test the eight-hour law, as applied to police and firemen.

Albany's volunteer fire department has disbanded and gone out of business.

The first electric car of the Portland Eugene & Eastern reached McMinnville last Thursday.

No criminal cases were on the docket at Hood River at the term of the circuit court just closed.

Two saloon licences have been revoked at Gervais because the proprietors sold liquor illegally.

The government will enlarge the Columbia river bar dredge Chinook instead of building a new one.

Two carloads of fat hogs were shipped from Klamath Falls last week to the Californian markets.

Lena Carlson, a Portland scrubwoman who died at the county hospital left \$5400 in the bank.

The mail carriers of Marion county will throw all the weight of their organization for good roads.

The last obstacle in the way of building public docks on the east side at Portland has been removed.

The Carlton Lumber Co. has repaired the damage done by the late freshet and again has its mill running.

The wheat crop in eastern Oregon has been damaged by the drying up of the ground by heavy winds.

The Monmouth Christian church which has been remodeled at an expense of \$3000, will be dedicated on Feb. 8th.

The Fruitgrowers' Union at Milton has been sued by a couple of farmers for an accounting on their 1912 prune crop.

J. W. Wiley, auditor of the State Railroad commission, has been appointed an auditor for the Interstate Commerce commission.

William K. Smith a pioneer financier, promoter, manufacturer and cattleman, died at his home in Portland Thursday at the age of 87 years.

The State Railroad commission is trying to figure out the value of the property of the Portland Railway, Light & Power Co., as a basis for fixing rates.

C. P. Haddox, of Roseburg, a former inmate of the soldiers' home, has disappeared. He started for Portland Jan. 4th and has not been heard from since.

The case of the Port of Portland against the steamer George W. Elder, for dockage dues, commenced seven years ago and is still dragging its way through the courts.

Acting on advice of the state veterinarian, Governor West has forbidden the importation of range bucks into the state until they have been examined for sheep scab.

The supreme court has decided that Corporation Commissioner Watson had no legal right to employ special counsel for his department, but must call on the attorney general.

Twenty-two insane chinamen from the Oregon insane asylum were shipped last week on a Hill liner to their native country. This will save the state a goodly sum each year.

An army of workless men were visiting Salem and other valley towns last week, ostensibly in search of work, but when work was provided for them very few accepted the jobs.

Societies will get the very best PRINTING at the office of Coquille Herald