

The Herald, the old established reliable newspaper of the Coquille Valley in which an "ad" always brings results.

# THE COQUILLE HERALD

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VOL. 31, NO. 47

COQUILLE, COOS COUNTY, OREGON, TUESDAY, AUGUST 5, 1913.

PER YEAR \$1.50

## CITY DIRECTORY

### Fraternal and Benevolent Orders

**A. F. & A. M.**—Regular meeting of A. Chadwick Lodge No. 98 A. F. & A. M. at Masonic Hall, every Saturday night in each month on or before the full moon. C. W. ENDICOTT, W. M. R. H. MAST, Secretary.

**O. E. S.**—Regular meeting of Beulah Chapter No. 6, second and fourth Friday evenings of each month, in Masonic Hall. EVA BARROW, W. M. JOSEPHINE G. PEOPLES, Sec.

**O. O. F.**—Coquille Lodge No. 53, L. O. I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday night in Odd Fellows Hall. C. H. CLEAVER, N. G. J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

**MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE**, No. 20 L. O. O. F., meets every second and fourth Wednesday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. EMILY HENNEY, N. G. ANNIE LAWRENCE, Sec.

**COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT**, No. 25 L. O. O. F., meets the first and third Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. J. S. BARTON, C. P. J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

**KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS**—Lycourus Lodge No. 72, meets Tuesday nights in W. O. W. Hall. R. R. WATSON, K. R. S. O. A. MINTON, C. C.

**PYTHIAN SISTERS**—Justus Temple No. 35, meets first and third Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall. MRS. GEORGE DAVIS, M. E. C. MRS. FRED LINDEGAR, K. of R.

**RED MEN**—Coquille Tribe No. 46, L. O. O. R. M., meets every Friday night in W. O. W. Hall. J. S. BARTON, Sachem. A. P. MILLER, C. of R.

**W. A.**—Regular meetings of Beaver Camp No. 10, 560 in M. W. A. Hall, Front street, first and third Saturdays in each month. M. O. HAWKINS, Consul. R. B. ROGERS, V. C. NED C. KELLEY, Clerk.

**R. N. A.**—Regular meeting of Laurel Camp No. 2972 at M. W. A. Hall, Front street, second and fourth Tuesday nights in each month. MARY KERN, Orator. EDNA KELLEY, Sec.

**W. O. W.**—Myrtle Camp No. 1730 P. M., meets every Wednesday at 9:30 p. m. at W. O. W. Hall. LEO CURRIE, C. C. JOHN LENEVE, Sec.

**EVENING TIDE CIRCLE** No. 214, meets second and fourth Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall. OSA X. MAURY, G. N. MARY A. PIERCE, Clerk.

**FARMERS UNION**—Regular meetings second and fourth Saturdays in each month in W. O. W. Hall. FRANK BURKHOLDER, Pres. O. A. MINTON, Sec.

**FRATERNAL AID** No. 398, meets the second and fourth Thursdays each month at W. O. W. Hall. MRS. CHAR. EWLAND, Pres. MRS. LOEA HARRINGTON, Sec.

**Educational Organizations and Clubs**

**COQUILLE EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE**—Meets monthly at the High School Building during the school year for the purpose of discussing educational topics. IRINA ANDERSON, Pres. BESSA MORGAN, Sec.

**KO KEEL CLUB**—A business men's social organization, meets monthly at the building, Second street. A. J. SHERWOOD, Pres. FRED SLAGLE, Sec.

**COMMERCIAL CLUB**—J. E. NORRIS, President; J. C. SAVAAGE, Secretary

**Transportation Facilities**

**TRAINS**—Leave, south bound 9:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m. North bound 10:40 a. m. and 4:40 p. m.

**BOATS**—Six boats plying on the Coquille river afford ample accommodation for carrying freight and passengers to Bandon and way points. Boats leave at 7:30, 8:30, 9:30 and 9:50 a. m. and at 1:00, 3:30 and 4:45 p. m.

**STAGE**—J. L. Laird, proprietor. Departs 5:30 p. m. for Roseburg via Myrtle Point, carrying the United States mail and passengers.

**POSTOFFICE**—A. F. Linegar, postmaster. The mails close as follows: Myrtle Point 8:40 a. m. and 2:35 p. m. Marshfield 10:15 a. m. and 4:15 p. m. Bandon and way points, Norway and Arago 12:45 p. m. Eastern mail 4:45 a. m. Eastern mail arrives 10: a. m.

**City and County Officers**

Mayor—A. T. Morrison  
Recorder—J. S. Lawrence  
Treasurer—R. H. Mast  
City Attorney—L. A. Liljeqvist  
Engineer—P. M. Hall-Lewis  
Marshal—C. A. Evernden  
Night Marshal—John Harley  
Water Superintendent—S. V. Epperson  
Fire Chief—Walter Oerding  
Councilmen—D. D. Pierce, C. T. Skeels, W. C. Laird, G. O. Leach, W. H. Lyons, Leo J. Cary. Regular meetings first and third Mondays each month.

Justice of the Peace—J. J. Stanley  
Constable—Ned C. Kelley

County Judge—John T. Hall  
Commissioners—W. T. Dement, Geo. J. Armstrong  
Clerk—James Watson  
Sheriff—W. W. Gage  
Treasurer—T. M. Dimmick  
Assessor—T. J. Thrift  
School Supt.—Raymond E. Baker  
Surveyor—A. N. Gould  
Coroner—F. E. Wilson  
Health Officer—Dr. Walter Culin

Societies will get the very best **PRINTING** at the office of Coquille Herald

## SYNOPSIS OF MANY EVENTS

### THE NEWS IN TABLOID FORM

#### Condensed for the Quick Assimilation of Busy Men and Women—General Round-Up of a Wide Scope

The Chinese rebels are reported losing ground.

Castro has stirred up a revolution in Venezuela.

The administration denies any intention of interfering in Mexico at present.

European nations are balking on sending exhibits to the Panama Exposition.

Chas. Bissell and Bernard McDonald, Americans imprisoned in Chihuahua, Mexico, have been released.

The winner of the Ascot gold cup in the English races sold a to South African millionaire for \$250,000, a record price.

Another heat wave was sweeping through the middle west last week, resulting in the hottest weather of the summer in Chicago.

The discovery of two sticks of dynamite in a cell of Sing Sing prison, New York, has led to a close watch of the convicts.

Thirteen employes who rank from section laborers to officials have been pensioned at Chicago by the Illinois Central railroad.

Donkey engines are being sent from Seattle to Siam, to take the place of elephants in getting out logs in the teak wood forests.

The Pekin correspondent of a London newspaper says of the Chinese rebellion that "a long and wearisome war seems certain."

The supreme court of Oklahoma has affirmed the validity of the "grandfather" clause in the state constitution which disenfranchises all negroes.

At Wenatchee, Wash., milk from a cow which had grazed in an orchard sprayed with arsenate of lead is held responsible for the death of three babies.

The Board of Education, by a vote of fourteen to one refused to accept the resignation of Mrs. Ella Flagg Young as Superintendent of Chicago schools.

Senator Sterling's resolution qualifying persons over eighteen to make homestead entries on public lands was favorably reported by the Senate Public Lands committee.

In every German town there is one school in which dairying is taught. When the children are 15 years old, if they have decided to become dairy farmers they enter this school.

That a far-reaching vice ring exists, with the object of recruiting 2000 girls before 1915 for the under world of San Francisco, is the statement of Mrs. Hester T. Griffith a temperance worker.

S. U. G. Holmes, a member of the lower house of the West Virginia legislature, has been convicted at Webster Springs on a charge of accepting a bribe in connection with the election of a United States Senator.

Earnings of \$41,219,813, and net earnings of \$31,920,611 are shown by the quarterly statement issued by the United States Steel corporation at New York. The earnings show a large gain, and are in excess of the most favorable estimates.

#### Sales of Reserve Timber

Sales of timber within national forest reserves of Oregon for the fiscal year ending June 30 amounted to \$132,000, according to a statement just issued by Assistant District Forecaster F. E. Ames. The sales for the year ending June 30, 1912, were \$59,500, so an increase in the year just ended of 122 per cent is indicated.

The lumber sold during the year

amounted to 316,401,000 board feet against 150,985,000 board feet for the previous fiscal period.

The receipts, in addition to the revenue from timber sales, include the revenue from grazing, the fines assessed for trespassing and other small incidental forms of income.

The counties in which the national forests are located have divided among them 10 per cent of the total receipts, the sum to be used for the construction of roads. The state receives a total of 35 per cent from government forestry operations within its bound. Last fiscal year, this sum amounted to \$59,582.

Figuring an increase similar to the enormous one noted in the timber sale receipts, government officials predict that the state within a few days or weeks at most will be beneficiary to the extent of something over \$100,000.

#### Street Carnival Now A Matter of History

The street carnival started Wednesday night, warmed up considerably Friday night and ended Saturday night in a blaze of hilarity.

Whether it is that the Coquille people do not know how to enjoy themselves, or that some conjunction of the planets was unfavorable to loosening up, the truth is that until about 9 o'clock Friday evening the carnival was a pretty solemn affair. The crowds were not as large as might reasonably be expected, and the people seemed to be viewing everything with an air of most serious consideration. While the Ferris wheel which stood in front of the Herald office was quite well patronized, those who rode upon it seemed weighed down with a sense of the uncertainty of life and the fact that we are all travelers to the tomb. The kids who rode the merry-go-round were more inclined to make the best of it, but even there it would take a powerful imagination to call the fun fast and furious.

This was all no fault of the Arnold Carnival Company. The amusements were many and good. Besides the two mentioned there were four large tent shows and any number of smaller affairs. The free stunts were pulled off regularly and promptly, and the management took pains to see that every one was called to see them. The balloon ascension Saturday afternoon went off without a hitch. The balloon went nearly straight up, taking a man to a considerable height, and his descent with a parachute was accomplished without mishap.

Of the tent shows, that labeled "Jolious Vern's Version" displayed what was easily the greatest novelty, in the illusion whereby a skeleton was made to appear from nothingness, to gradually assume flesh and raiment and walk to the footlights as a rather attractive auburn-haired young woman. It was a mystifying illusion and a close watch failed to detect how the trick was done. A large white cross was also conjured up and covered with flowers in the same mysterious way. This show is well worth seeing. In another tent some good rifle shooting was done and a very pretty Highland dance was shown as well as some other entertaining features. The other two tent shows were also worth while for those for whom the novelty of minstrels and trained dogs has not worn off.

Taken all around, the Arnold attractions can be commended to the people where they are to appear.

#### No Initiative Measures

In a decision handed down last week, the Oregon supreme court held that initiative measures can not go on the ballot at the special election in November. The opinion was given in the suit for mandamus brought by Marie D. Equi and Mrs. J. R. Oatman against Ben W. Olcott as secretary of state. The demurrer of the defense to the complaint was sustained. The suit was to compel the secretary of state to put on the special election ballot the measure for a woman's eight hour law.

## BARROWS CURIOUS TO KNOW

### Why Was an Illegal Sale of School Bonds Made for School District No. 8, on August 26, 1912?

Editor Herald:—We arise to ask how many taxpayers of our district know that school bonds to the limit of \$38,000 were contracted and sold to Keeler Brothers of Denver, Colorado, on August 26, 1912?

This contract is a matter of record in the district clerk's office and any citizen or taxpayer has a right to see it.

No doubt the taxpayers would like to know also, why this illegal contract for the unlawful sale of these school bonds was made at that particular time, in that particular manner, and at 6 per cent interest when they should have been sold at 5 or 5 1/2 per cent, thus saving the district thousands of dollars.

It might be well for the taxpayers of the district to remember also, that two of the gentlemen who signed this illegal contract, one as director, and the other as clerk, have been making lately a great roar about saving the district money. Assuming to act as Guardians for the voters of the district, even against the will of a majority in two elections. These two worthy gentlemen have virtually said to the voters of the district,—"You people haven't brains enough to vote what you want, so we will just attend to the business for you in spite of your votes."

And now a pertinent question for the taxpayers is,—"Why did they not look after the interests of the district more closely in this illegal sale? And the only reasonable answer is, that these watchful pickets must have been asleep at their post, otherwise they never would have permitted this illegal contract to have been signed up. But whoa, Emma, they signed it themselves, hence the above argument driven to its logical conclusion proves a paradox. And the "only reasonable answer" becomes absurd.

The law provides how school bonds shall be issued and sold, and these intelligent gentlemen forthwith know the law, for one is a banker and the other is both a banker and a lawyer.

Section 4053 of Lord's Oregon Laws reads,—"Before the legal voters of any school district in the state of Oregon shall authorize the directors of such district to make a loan, borrow money, or issue bonds, the board of directors, at a legally called meeting of said board, shall decide whether the bonds, authorized by the legal voters to be issued, shall be negotiated and sold according to the provisions of subdivision 6 of section 4052, or the provisions of subdivisions 31 to 37 of said section, and the same shall be negotiated and sold under the provisions of the subdivision so selected by said board of directors."

And the law further provides three methods of sale.

1.—Section 3919 and 3924, make it mandatory upon the district school board to first offer the bonds to the State Land Board.

2.—If the State Land Board cannot or does not take the bonds, then under subdivision 6 above cited, the district school board must advertise the bonds and sell them to bona fide resident citizens of the district, either in a lump sum or in sums of not less than \$50 at par value. Or

3.—If sold under subdivisions 31 to 37 above cited, then the bonds must be issued to, and be sold by the county treasurer. The law provides,—"Whenever any school district shall issue bonds under the provisions of this section, all such bonds shall be issued to the county treasurer of the county and be registered by him in a book kept for that purpose in his office, noting the school district, amount, date, and place of payment, rate of interest, and such other facts as may be deemed proper; and all such bonds shall state on their face that they were issued under the provisions of this section."

"The county treasurer shall sell said bonds for the best price obtain-

able, and hold the proceeds subject to the order of the board of directors but no bonds shall be sold for less than par."

In no instance can the district school board sell the bonds secretly and at private sale, or otherwise than as by law provided. And in so doing their act was illegal and the sale was an unlawful sale.

In the mind of the taxpayer several very pertinent questions naturally arise.

1.—Why this unseemly hurry to sell these bonds before any bonds had been voted or issued? And in fact, even before any proposition to vote bonds had been submitted to the people. Why this feverish haste?

2.—Why were they sold at private sale instead of being sold as the law provides? Certainly no school officer expected to derive any profit to himself by the sale, that is accepted.

3.—Why was the sale kept secret from the body of the taxpayers of the district? Was it to prevent their illegal act from being enjoined by some aggrieved taxpayer?

4.—Why were these bonds sold to an outside party in Denver, when they could have been sold in our own state, and possibly in our own county?

5.—Why were they sold to bear 6 per cent interest, the highest rate allowed by law on school bonds, when the files of the district clerk's office show they could have been sold to draw only 5 1/2 per cent? And that right here in our own state, at Portland to Frank W. Camp, whose proposition is on file in the office of the district clerk.

6.—We wonder, yes we wonder how much of an effort was made by these two keen, argus-eyed business gentlemen, to sell these school bonds according to law, and to the very best financial interests of the district?

7.—Why was this loss of 1/4 of one per cent attempted to be put upon the district by this illegal contract? Who was to get this extra half per cent? Why sell them to Keeler Brothers at 6 per cent when Camp would have taken them at 5 1/2?

8.—What does this 1/4 per cent loss mean to the district on \$38,000 bonds? Why it means a loss of \$1900 in ten years, \$2850 loss in fifteen years, and \$3800 loss in twenty years. How does it look, brother taxpayer?

9.—At that time these bonds should have been sold at not over 5 per cent interest.

This is a good town, a county-seat town, located in one of the best sections of Oregon. We have a fine school district with no bonded indebtedness, and at that time these bonds should have been sold, by proper effort, to bear not over 5 per cent interest. This would have been a saving to the district of 1 per cent per annum. What would that have meant to the district on \$38,000 bonds? Why it would mean a saving of \$380 per year, \$3800 in ten years, \$5700 in 15 years, and \$7600 in 20 years. Who are these two gentlemen who have been boasting so loudly of how carefully they are guarding the financial interests of the district?

Sing low! O ye boastful singers, sing low! And the wise old owl in the shady glen calls in a low, mellow voice,—"Whoof whoof, Whoof whoof?"

10.—The records of the county treasurer's office show that Marshfield sold \$50,000 school bonds at the rate of only 5 per cent interest. District 49, East Side, a small district sold \$9500 school bonds at 5 1/2 per cent. Bunker Hill, another small district, sold \$10,000 school bonds at 5 1/2 per cent. And several others we might name.

Now what is the matter with Coquille that she sold at 6 per cent? And even had to do that by an illegal contract. And so clearly and palpably illegal that our County Superintendent felt it his duty to protest against its consummation, as our worthy county treasurer will tell you he has done.

Respectfully submitted to the taxpayers of school district No. 8, Coos county, Oregon.

C. R. Barrow

## OREGON NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

### EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK

#### Transpiring in Oregon Boiled Down to Least Number of Lines and Yet Make the Subject Understood.

A great scarcity of potatoes is reported in Portland.

A better run of salmon is reported on the lower Columbia.

The first load of 1913 wheat was delivered at Dufur July 30.

Half of Pendleton's Chinatown was wiped out by fire last week.

Rabbits and squirrels are worrying the farmers around Yaquina bay.

A Juvenile Market has been established in Portland, to handle food stuffs produced by children.

In a lawsuit at Tillamook the plaintiff settled for \$7000, and her lawyer wants \$25,000 for his fee.

The city of Portland paid William Reid \$350,000 for 400 feet of river frontage on the east side, for public docks.

The government engineers have declared the jetty on the south side at the mouth of the Columbia complete.

A 16 foot squid crawled out of the water at Heceta head after a woman and child, but was captured and killed.

The taxpayers at Bend have voted in favor of \$23,000 bonds for buying a site and building a school house.

The one piece, knee-length bathing suit for women has made its first appearance on the Newport beaches this season.

Councilman W. T. Rigdon, of Salem, has quit his job because he thought he wasn't treated right by the other councilmen.

Twenty-one persons arrested for street speaking during the recent I. W. W. troubles at Portland have been turned loose without trial.

Proprietors of markets, stores and shops in Portland must cover all displays of meat, fish, poultry, fruit vegetables and other products with glass.

Farmers at Hood River held a meeting and determined to recall the county court, charging extravagance in the spending of county funds.

The municipal lighting plant at Eugene is proving a big success, paying interest on the bonds and providing for a sinking fund to pay them off.

Uncle Sam has found another use for the motorcycle. One of the machines is now used to deliver rush orders from the government printing offices.

It took a United States marshal to get W. F. Arrant to give up his job of superintendent of Crater Lake park, after his successor had been appointed.

Citizens of Baker and Baker county are waging a relentless war on weed pest. A feature of the fight this year is the extraordinary zeal that is thrown into it.

The Silvertown Journal is being boycotted by many of its advertisers because the editor publishes every week a letter of shipments of beer and liquors received by the citizens of that town with their names.

#### McDaniels Has Fine Trip

Edgar McDaniels, editor of the North Bend Harbor, who recently returned from an auto trip with his family to National City, Cal., has this to say of his experience: The entire trip was made in a Ford auto and most of the time the family camped out. 3400 miles were covered in the round trip, an average of 22 miles to the gallon of gasoline was made, 800 miles to a gallon of cylinder oil, and the entire trip was made without a single accident or breakage. The clutch, brake and reverse bands were worn out, and

need-new liners. Three tires were completely worn out, while two tires on the front wheels are in perfect shape and were never punctured and inflated but once. Grades as steep as 40 per cent were encountered and mud holes with no bottom. Aside from the disagreeable three days rain which was passed through in the very mountainous country between Bandon and Crescent City, the trip was one of real pleasure and of much comfort to the person who loves a car. Gasoline was available at all places along the route, costing from 17 1/2¢ (in North Bend) to 45¢. The latter price was 75 miles from a railroad half way between Red Bluff and Eureka.

The next highest price was at Bandon where 30¢ was paid. The average California price is 25¢ though many places sell it for 18¢ and 20¢. In the heart of the oil country the gas costs 2

#### Didn't Like Canada

"Luck is surely coming my way," said P. A. Finley, a former resident of Portland, who is here again with a view to making his home here a second time, says the Portland Journal. "I went to Canada to buy a farm, but I had sense enough to keep my money in my pocket; and here I am again under the stars and strips, and believe me, I am going to stay on this side of the border," he said.

Three years ago Mr. Finley was a wholesale furniture dealer on Front street. He sold out and went to New York. Hearing so much about the agricultural possibilities of western Canada, he disposed of his business in New York a few weeks ago and journeyed to Alberta in search of a farm, but he said he found all over western Canada a thoroughly disgusted and discontented farming population, most of whom had formerly lived in the United States and all crazy to get back here.

"I didn't meet an American farmer in Alberta who was not anxious to sacrifice his place for a fraction of its cost, continued Mr. Finley. "They are all trying to sell out. In some portions of Alberta and Saskatchewan they have not had a crop in four years. The growing season is so short that everything has to come exactly right or the farmer loses his year's work. Only a few days ago the hail fell over an area of 50 square miles in Alberta, destroying every vestige of the grain and potato crop. The mosquitoes are terrible and the flies worry the horses and cattle nearly to death."

"Western Canada—that is, the prairie country—has four weather conditions to deal with, either of which is disastrous. These are the late frost, summer hail, drought and early snow. Last year the wheat didn't mature on account of the drought and the early winter, and the result was that most of the grain sold for around 40 cents; oats went begging at 16 cents, and dressed pork sold for \$4 a hundred.

"On the other hand, I paid 20 cents a yard for single width mosquito netting, which sells for 5 cents in this country, and 20 cents for a pair of garden gloves that I can get for 10 cents in Portland.

"Thousands of Americans have bought so-called ready-made farms from the Canadian Pacific Railroad company, paying \$30 an acre and making cash payment of 20 to 25 per cent. In my judgment these people will lose every dollar they put in and will come back to this country and make a new start.

"Money is tighter in western Canada than it was ever known to be. I know a man in Calgary who owns four new \$2000 bungalows, all paid for, and he has been unable to borrow \$500 on the whole thing. He simply could not get the money at any price. I was told that that condition prevails everywhere in that country."

George Bradford, living at Riverside Hotel, Colusa, Calif. reports that he had a very severe case of kidney trouble and backache, which also affected the secretions. He says, "I took five boxes of Foley Kidney Pills and they cured me." All over California people report that Foley Kidney Pills "cure." For sale at Fuhrman's Pharmacy.