

The Herald, the old established reliable newspaper of the Coquille Valley in which an "ad" always brings results.

THE COQUILLE HERALD

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VOL. 31, NO. 40

COQUILLE, COOS COUNTY, OREGON, TUESDAY, JUNE 17, 1913

PER YEAR \$1.50

CITY DIRECTORY

Fraternal and Benevolent Orders

A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting of A. Chadwick Lodge No. 68 A. F. & A. M., at Masonic Hall, every Saturday night in each month on or before the full moon.
C. W. ENDICOTT, W. M.
R. H. MAST, Secretary.

O. E. S.—Regular meeting of Boutah Chapter No. 8, second and fourth Friday evenings of each month, in Masonic Hall.
EVA BARROW, W. M.
JOSEPHINE G. PEOPLES, Sec.

I. O. O. F.—Coquille Lodge No. 53, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday night in Odd Fellows Hall.
C. H. CLEAVER, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 20, I. O. O. F., meets every second and fourth Wednesday nights in Odd Fellows Hall.
EMILY HEBBY, N. G.
ANNIE LAWRENCE, Sec.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, No. 25, I. O. O. F., meets the first and third Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall.
J. S. BARTON, C. P.
J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Lycurgus Lodge No. 72, meets Tuesday nights in W. O. W. Hall.
R. R. WATSON, K. R. S.
O. A. MINTONBY, C. C.

PYTHIAN SISTERS—Justus Temple No. 35, meets first and third Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall.
MRS. GEORGE DAVIS, M. E. C.
MRS. FRED LINEGAR, K. of R.

RED MEN—Coquille Tribe No. 46, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday night in W. O. W. Hall.
J. S. BARTON, Sachem.
A. P. MILLER, C. of R.

M. W. A.—Regular meetings of Beaver Camp No. 10, 550 in M. W. A. Hall, Front street, first and third Saturdays in each month.
M. O. HAWKINS, Consul.
R. B. ROGERS, V. C.
NED C. KELLEY, Clerk.

R. N. A.—Regular meeting of Laurel Camp No. 2972 at M. W. A. Hall, Front street, second and fourth Tuesday nights in each month.
MARY KERN, Oracle.
EDNA KELLEY, Rec.

W. O. W.—Myrtle Camp No. 197, meets every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. at W. O. W. Hall.
LEE CURRIE, C. C.
JOHN LESEVE, Sec.

EVENINGIDE CIRCLE No. 214, meets second and fourth Monday nights in W. O. W. Hall.
ORA X. MAURY, G. N.
MARY A. PIERCE, Clerk.

FARMERS UNION—Regular meetings second and fourth Saturdays in each month in W. O. W. Hall.
FRANK BERGHEIMER, Pres.
O. A. MINTONBY, Sec.

FRATERNAL AID No. 398, meets the second and fourth Thursdays each month at W. O. W. Hall.
MRS. CHAS. EVELAND, Pres.
MRS. LORA HARRINGTON, Sec.

Educational Organizations and Clubs

COQUILLE EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE—Meets monthly at the High School Building during the school year for the purpose of discussing educational topics.
RENA ANDERSON, Pres.
EDNA MINARD, Sec.

KO KEEL CLUB—A business men's social organization. Hall in Laird's building, Second street.
A. J. SHERWOOD, Pres.
FRED SLAGLE, Sec.

COMMERCIAL CLUB—J. E. NORTON, President; J. C. SAVAGE, Secretary

Transportation Facilities

TRAINS—Leave, south bound 9:00 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. North bound 10:40 a. m. and 4:40 p. m.

BOATS—Six boats plying on the Coquille river afford ample accommodation for carrying freight and passengers to Bandon and way points. Boats leave at 7:30, 8:30, 9:20 and 9:30 a. m. and at 1:00, 3:30 and 4:45 p. m.

STAGE—J. L. Laird, proprietor. Departs 5:30 p. m. for Roseburg via Myrtle Point, carrying the United States mail and passengers.

POSTOFFICE—A. F. Linegar, postmaster. The mails close as follows: Myrtle Point 8:40 a. m. and 2:35 p. m. Marshfield 10:15 a. m. and 4:15 p. m. Bandon and way points, Norway and Arago 12:45 p. m. Eastern mail 4:45 a. m. Eastern mail arrives 10: a. m.

City and County Officers

Mayor—A. T. Morrison
Recorder—J. S. Lawrence
Treasurer—R. H. Mast
City Attorney—L. A. Lijewski
Engineer—P. M. Hall-Lewis
Marshal—C. A. Evernden
Night Marshal—John Hurley
Water Superintendent—S. V. Epperson
Fire Chief—Walter Oerding
Councillmen—D. D. Pierce, C. T. Skeels, W. C. Laird, G. O. Leach, W. H. Lyons, Leo J. Cary. Regular meetings first and third Mondays each month.

Justice of the Peace—J. J. Stanley
Constable—Ned C. Kelley

County Judge—John T. Hall
Commissioners—W. T. Dement, Geo. J. Armstrong
Clerk—James Watson
Sheriff—W. W. Gage
Treasurer—T. M. Dimmitt
Assessor—T. J. Thrift
School Supt.—Raymond E. Baker
Surveyor—A. N. Goidl
Coroner—F. E. Wilson
Health Officer—Dr. Walter Culin

Societies will get the very best PRINTING at the office of Coquille Herald

SYNOPSIS OF MANY EVENTS

THE NEWS IN TABLOID FORM

Condensed for the Quick Assimilation of Busy Men and Women—General Round-Up of a Wide Scope

The grand vizier of Turkey, was assassinated last week.

Servia and Bulgaria are still scrapping, in spite of the powers.

Gold from Alaska will hereafter be admitted free at the Seattle assay office.

Buffalo Bill was reported seriously ill at Knoxville, Tenn., last week.

President Wilson has completed the draft of a bill to revise the financial system.

Germany is making strenuous efforts to stamp out the white slave traffic within her borders.

Colonel Roosevelt will go to Argentina this fall, to lecture on progress in the United States.

The U. S. government is going ahead with preparations to put a physical valuation on the railroads.

Two hundred American engineers have gone on a trip to visit the large industrial plants of Germany.

The steamer Moana arrived at San Francisco last Thursday with 210,000 pounds of Australian beef.

Prominent French physicians declare that the French race is being wiped out by alcoholism and tuberculosis.

It is officially announced that all the heavy concrete work of the six locks of the Panama canal has been completed.

Bears have become so plentiful in Yellowstone Park that the war department is about to thin them out with powder and ball.

Civil war veterans all over the country are preparing to attend the great reunion on the battlefield of Gettysburg July 1 to 4.

The Progressive Hygiene club, of Chicago, recently gave a "purity ball," where low necked dresses and slit skirts were very much in evidence.

A French artist who recently went home from a visit to this country says that America has the most beautiful women in the world.

The California authorities have decided that bodies which have been buried more than ten years do not come under the laws touching human remains.

General Carlos Arguello, a Nicaraguan refugee, was refused admission to this country because he had violently denounced Uncle Sam while on his way here.

Six American soldiers were killed and 12 wounded recently in a desperate encounter in the Basig country when Moros under the Sultan of Jolo attacked the party.

Senor Equiz Osorio, the nitrate king of Chile, claims to be the richest man in the world, saying that he is worth "four, five hundred millions, or most likely billion dollars."

Jack O'Connor, former manager of the St. Louis Browns, will sue the American League association in the federal court for \$25,000 because he was banished from organized baseball.

A London suffragette scared the members of the House of Commons nearly to death one day last week by throwing a small sack of flour from the gallery, which burst at the feet of Premier Asquith.

The Oakland, Cal., chief of police says: "Any normal man will rubber to see a woman whose dress is chopped off at the ankles, cut low at the neck, split up to the knee and fitting like a glove."

Two thousand laborers are on strike on the construction work of the Denver & Rio Grande between Helper and Tucker, Utah. They want higher pay and better working and living conditions.

GLORIOUS TRIBUTE PAID PIONEER GRANDMOTHERS

Frank B. Tichnor Writes of Three Deceased Women Settlers of Curry Co.

The Port Orford Tribune of June 11 is a special number containing a write-up of Curry country and many local views. It also carries a supplement printed elsewhere, devoted to "The Mothers of Port Orford," and showing the portraits of Grandma Tichnor, Grandma Winsor and Grandma Knapp, with a half tone picture of the famous Battle rock, and an excellent large drawing illustrating a fight between Indians and a pioneer couple. It also contains the following tribute to those pioneer women, written by Frank B. Tichnor:

Since the dawn of civilization the name of mother has been honored. As the intellectual powers of mankind have developed, the state of motherhood has steadily ascended. Today she occupies a position among our ideals not far removed from the worshipful regard in which the Olympic Gods were held by the Greeks of an ancient era.

Joaquin Miller, who one time lived at Port Orford, a writer of world-wide renown, took for the subject of one of his most famous poems, "The Heroism of Motherhood." "The greatest battles that ever were won, were fought by the mothers of men," he said, and many other immortal odes have been written to the Queen of Idollism.

The mothers of Port Orford must not be forgotten. The lives of these sturdy pioneer women offer an example of fortitude, kindness and generosity that we cannot afford to lose.

When I am looking back across the time-worn pages of the book of years, three faces I always see; three gentle faces that alter not, nor age, but they seem now and evermore the same to me. Those songs they sang to me; those songs that ever down the halls of time are ringing; songs that set my listening heart aglow. Stories that they told me,—not stories of boogie-men and bears. Cookies that they baked me,—the best cookies I ever ate. My stubbed toe and cut fingers they would wrap and wipe my tears away. They were kind and gentle always, with a good word for all, and I can speak for every boy and girl who lived at Port Orford during the '70's, that no better women were ever born than Grandmas Winsor, Knapp and Tichnor.

A book could be written telling about the good deeds accomplished by these women in the days when doctors and trained nurses were not known along the Oregon Coast.

In the days when these grand old women reigned in the most Western village of the United States, there were perils that few women of the present generation would care to brave.

The wilderness surrounding them was inhabited by Indians and wild beasts, awaiting with equal eagerness and opportunity to wreak vengeance upon the pale-faced interloper, who sought to supplant them in their possession of a wilderness.

These women were making the fight for civilization. By the sides of their sturdier male companions they fought and wrought among the wilds, to build a home for a future generation. Their sacrifice made possible the opportunities of the present. They braved the dangers of savage attack, that we might rest in peace, unafraid of the wild war-whoop that has rent the air on many nights beside the calm Pacific.

Toiling, that a home might be hewn from the cedar forest; fighting that the lives of another generation might be spared from beasts of the jungle; suffering a thousand privations and dangers for the sake of a future, they knew they could not enjoy; these women erected for themselves monuments of character that will stand for generations.

No sufferer went unattended when one of Port Orford's mothers was within call. Not even the little

FULL TEXT OF NEW LAW

Which is Expected to Enable the Authorities to Abolish all Open Houses of Prostitution in This State

In order that the readers of The Herald may know the exact provisions of the new law under which it is hoped to abate the social evil, in this county, the full text of the law, which is Chapter 274, Laws of 1913, is given below:

Section 1. Whoever shall erect, establish, continue, maintain, use, own or lease any building, erection or place used for the purpose of lewdness, assignation or prostitution or any other immoral act, is guilty of maintaining a nuisance, and the building, erection or place or the ground itself, in or upon which or in part of which such lewdness, assignation or prostitution is conducted, permitted or carried on, continued or exists, and the furniture, fixtures, musical instruments, and contents are also declared a nuisance, and shall be enjoined and abated as hereinafter provided.

Section 2. Whenever a nuisance is kept, maintained or exists, as defined in this Act, the District Attorney shall or any taxpayer of the county may maintain a suit in equity in the name of the State of Oregon to perpetually enjoin such nuisance, the person or persons conducting or maintaining the same, and the owner, lessee or agent of the building or ground upon which said nuisance exists. No preliminary injunction or restraining order shall issue without notice, but when such order is prayed for in the complaint and it shall appear from the facts shown by affidavits or by the complaint that a nuisance as herein defined exists and that the public interest and good morals require its prompt abatement, the court or judge thereof shall make an order fixing the time for the hearing of such application not less than three nor more than five days after service of notice on the defendant. Upon such hearing the court shall inquire into and dispose of the matter and for that purpose may receive evidence in the form of affidavits, oral or documentary testimony, and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court that such nuisance exists and that public morals and good order require that it be promptly abated the court shall issue the preliminary injunction as prayed for. No continuance of a hearing on such application shall be granted at the instance of a defendant except for good cause shown, and in no event for a longer period than ten days in the aggregate unless on consideration the restraining order issue as a matter of course, which order shall be enforced pending the hearing. When an injunction has been granted, it shall be binding on the defendant throughout the judicial district in which it was issued, and any violation of the provisions of injunction herein provided shall be a contempt as hereinafter provided.

Section 3. The suit when brought under the provisions of this Act shall be promptly tried, and in such suit common fame shall be competent evidence in support of the complaint. If the complaint is filed by a taxpayer, it shall not be dismissed except upon a sworn statement made by the complainant and his attorney setting forth the reasons why the suit should be dismissed, and the dismissal approved by the District Attorney in writing or in open court. If the court is of the opinion that the suit ought not to be dismissed, he may direct the District Attorney in writing to prosecute said suit to judgment, and if the suit is continued more than one term of court, any citizen

of the county or the District Attorney may be substituted for the complaining party and prosecute said suit to judgment. If the suit is brought by a taxpayer and the court finds that there was no reasonable ground or cause for said suit the costs may be taxed to such taxpayer.

Section 4. In case of the violation of any injunction granted under the provisions of this Act, the court, or in vacation, a judge thereof, may summarily try and punish the offender. The proceedings shall be commenced by filing with the Clerk of the Court an information under oath, setting out the alleged facts constituting such violation, upon which the court or judge shall cause a warrant to issue, under which the defendant shall be arrested. The trial may be had upon affidavits, or either party may demand the production and oral examination of witnesses. A party found guilty of contempt under the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not more than six months or by both fine and imprisonment.

Section 5. If the existence of the nuisance be established in a suit as provided in this Act, an order of abatement shall be entered as a part of the judgment in the case, which order shall direct the removal from the building or place of all fixtures, furniture, musical instruments or movable property used in conducting the nuisance, and shall direct the sale thereof in the manner provided for the sale of chattels under execution, and the effectual closing of the building or place against its use for any purpose, and so keeping it closed for a period of one year, unless sooner released. If any person shall break and enter or use a building, erection or place so directed to be closed, he shall be punished as for contempt as provided in the preceding section. For removing and selling the movable property, the officer shall be entitled to charge and receive the same fees as he would for levying upon and selling like property for execution, and for closing the premises and keeping them closed, a reasonable sum shall be allowed by the courts.

Section 6. The proceeds of the sale of the personal property, as provided in the preceding section, shall be applied in payment of the costs of the suit and abatement, and the balance, if any, shall be paid to the defendant.

Section 7. If the owner or lessee of the premises appears and pays all costs of the proceedings, and files a bond with sureties to be approved by the Clerk in such sum as the court may deem necessary, or in vacation, by the clerk of the court, conditioned that he will immediately abate said nuisance and prevent the same from being established or kept therein within a period of one year thereafter, the court, or in vacation, the judge, may, if satisfied of his good faith, order that the premises which had been closed under the order of abatement be delivered to the owner or lessee and that said order of abatement be cancelled so far as it may relate to said property. If said bond be given and costs therein paid before judgment and order of abatement, the suit shall be thereby abated as to said building and owner only.

Filed in the office of the Secretary of State February 27, 1913.

PREPARATION THOROUGH AGAINST FOREST FIRES

Many New Trails and Telephone Lines Constructed in Timber Section

Portland—With about 800 patrolmen already in the field, to be supplemented steadily from now on, and with trail and telephone building being pushed rapidly, the forest protective agencies of the Pacific Northwest are commencing the fire season of 1913 with more thorough preparation early in June than in any previous year, according to reports received simultaneously from all such agencies by the Western Forestry & Conservation Association. Although it has been a wet spring, without fires in standing timber so far, these same conditions have retarded the cleaning up of slashings and similar fire-traps and it is also feared that the law of averages will result in a dry summer. Fire officials particularly urge the greatest care with slashings and right of way clearings from now on to prevent fires from escaping or lingering to spring up later. Any burning hereafter until October 1 must be with permit from a fire warden.

Private patrol associations have greatly extended their acreage since last year, particularly in Oregon where the last legislature passed a compulsory patrol law. Now legislation in California is expected to have the same effect. For the first time, all of the northwestern states will profit fully by the Weeks law under which the federal government contributes to state patrol.

In Idaho and Washington the principal railroads are clearing their rights of way of inflammable debris and vegetation. Considerable complaint is made, however, of county road supervisors and contractors who allow road building debris to accumulate in defiance of law. Loggers are reported more interested in fire prevention than ever before and are generally following the suggestion of patrol associations to post rules around their camps instructing employees in precautions and in steps to be taken if fire breaks out. In many cases camp superintendents are being instructed to turn their forces over to fire wardens on demand, without awaiting instructions from proprietors, since fire prevention is set ahead of getting out logs.

Features of this year's protective work will be great activity by the government and the timber owners' patrol associations in extending telephone and lookout systems and the perfection of much closer cooperation between private, state and federal systems under agreements for division of patrol territory and fire-fighting expense. It is estimated that not less than \$1,635,000 will be spent for forest protection by all three agencies in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon, distributed approximately as follows: State appropriations, \$1,000,000; timber owners' associations, \$250,000; forest service, \$1,250,000; federal Weeks law fund, \$35,000. Should it prove a bad year, the private expenditure, not being restricted like the others, may be much greater. It was about \$700,000 in 1910.

In their reports to the Western Forestry & Conservation Association all these agencies, in urging public co-operation with their efforts to protect community resources, lay special stress on care with camp fires and burning slashings. It is also asked that all accumulations of inflammable debris constituting dangerous fire-traps be reported to fire wardens at once, so that if possible they can be dealt with before it becomes too dry.

Pensions have been granted to Coos county widows, under the new law, as follows: Mrs. L. K. Ballinger, \$17.50; Mrs. Ida Patterson, \$10; Mrs. Bowman, \$10; Mrs. Annie Hansen, \$10; Mrs. Maggie Cooley, \$47.50; Mrs. Alice Sneddon, \$17.50; Mrs. Annie Barrows, \$32.50. All are residents of Marshfield except Mrs. Barrows, who lives in Bandon.

OREGON NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK

Transpiring in Oregon Boiled Down to Least Number of Lines and Yet Make the Subject Understood.

Advanced cheese prices are firm in the Portland market.

The clergy of Medford will start a crusade for a cleaner city.

Portland has been having one big time with her rose carnival.

Durkee is now a dry precinct, for the first time in the history of the town.

The public playgrounds established at Astoria, will be dedicated July 4.

Preparations are being made to hold a county fair at Forest Grove this fall.

A wagon road is being planned from Hood River to the Lost Lake Country.

A petition to restrain all dogs of their liberty has gone up to the city council of Eugene.

The fare on the street car line between Portland and Milwaukie has been cut to 5 cents.

An auto truck freight service is about to be inaugurated between Baker and Eagle valley.

A franchise for a gas plant has been granted by the city of Albany to G. L. Rauch, of Portland.

Klamath Falls Elks promise their forthcoming wild west show will be the best ever pulled off in Klamath Falls.

The Greater Medford club proposes a city beautiful campaign, with flowers, trees and lawns chief items.

Nearly 12,000 motor vehicles have been registered at Salem, against less than 9,000 at this time last year.

The building of large and up to date dairy barns is occupying many farmers in the region round about Independence.

Assistant Attorney General Van Winkle has tendered his resignation, to take effect July 1st, and will practice law at Salem.

The recall petitions filed against the mayor and street commissioner of Walla Walla fell by the wayside for lack of signatures.

Church federation will be practiced at Lebanon during the summer season. At least four churches will unite in services.

Four million roses were used in the decoration of the vehicles for the fourth day's program of the Portland rose carnival.

It is reported that the dredge Oregon will go to Yaquina bay on completion of her work at Gray's harbor, instead of coming to Coos Bay.

One carload of young rainbow trout, 177,000 in all, was received in Roseburg Wednesday and the fish planted in nine Douglas county streams.

Thirteen cars, 352 head, of horses were shipped from Condon to St. Louis, Mo., last week, all unbroken range horses, the price paid averaging \$30 per head.

Enthusiasm with the success of its first bargain day, Madras will hold a second, on June 23, which is to be made "a bargain day in every sense of the word."

After living on his home place, 18 miles above Tiller, for 28 years, H. L. Acker has just made his homestead filing thereon in the Roseburg land office.

Thirty-nine applicants for dentists' licenses have been demonstrating their fitness by work on the inmates of the penitentiary at Salem, with no expense to the prisoners.

Twenty pupils of the eighth grade at Fall City took the final examinations, and all passed in all the studies, the class average being 93.65 per cent. This is the banner class of the year.