

Bulk and Package Seeds

A FRESH supply of GARDEN SEEDS and ONION SETS at

Knowlton's Drug Store

Kodak Finishing
a Specialty

Work Done in
any finish

DEAN'S STUDIO

Three doors North of Drane's Store

All Work Guaranteed

Coquille, Oregon



It takes more than good Flour

To make first class bread, biscuit and pastry all the time. The flour has to be the best, of course, but it has to be uniform in every sack too. That's why Snow Drift is so popular. You will find the flour in one sack identically the same in every sack. It is tested at the mill's bake shop to make sure. Every batch of wheat that goes through the mill is washed clean. It isn't touched by human hands from that time till it reaches you. Only the finest selected Northwestern grown, Blue Stem wheat goes into Snow Drift Flour. Try just one sack and learn how good your bread, biscuit and pastry can be.

H. W. PAINTER
MARSHFIELD, OREGON

Three Vital Reasons

"I want to give every person not using electric light three vital reasons why the General Electric Mazda Lamp should make them have their house, store, office or factory wired.

First—
The G-E Mazda Lamp gives nearly three times the light of the ordinary carbon incandescent.

Second—
It costs no more to burn.

Third—
The quality of light is vastly superior—a clear white light like sun rays.

"The General Electric Mazda Lamp represents the high-mark in the evolution of incandescent electric lighting. It blends inventive triumph and manufacturing skill—and you reap the benefit in the form of dollars and cents, and freedom from eye strain when using artificial light."

"I want the chance to prove to your entire satisfaction that this wonderful lamp is even better than represented. Come in today and see for yourself. Your call places you under no obligation, and is apt to be decidedly to your profit."

Be careful to see that every electric lamp you buy bears the G. E. monogram.

Coquille River Electric Co.

J. H. OERDING

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
LUMBER, LATHS, SHINGLES
MOULDING, CEMENT BRICKS
AND BLOCKS, SAND AND
GRAVEL
COQUILLE, OREGON

Coquille Herald.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Application made Jan. 12, 1911, for entry at Coquille postoffice as second class matter, under act of March 3, 1879.

J. E. UPDIKE - PUBLISHER

Devoted to the material and social up building of the Coquille Valley particularly and of Coos County generally. Subscription, per year, in advance, 1.00

Phone, Main 354.

\$100,000 FOR EXHIBIT?

The chamber of commerce of this city is in receipt of a letter from the chamber of commerce of Marshfield, asking this body to cooperate in raising \$100,000 for a Coos county building and exhibit at the Panama Canal Exposition in San Francisco in 1915. The other commercial bodies and towns of the county will also be asked to help.

This exposition will be of world-wide interest, and the advertising to be derived from a fine exhibit would be of great advantage to the county. There is no doubt but that Coos county can "deliver the goods" as far as variety and excellence of products is concerned.

Whether the amount is too much or too little will have to be decided, but by all means let us be represented there by a display that will be worthy of Coos.

MAIL ORDER HOUSES.

It is not so much the hard knocks the newspapers give the mail order houses that count as the constant, intelligent advertising that is done by the local merchants, and no single feature hits as hard as a list of prices. If the mail order merchant had to depend on the people seeing his goods before he makes a sale, the battle would not be such an uneven one, but as it is he depends on distance and cash before order is sent. If the mail order house tried to sell goods in a general way without advertising a long string of attractive figures he would soon be forced to go out of business. The home merchant cannot expect to successfully combat the mail order house unless he lets the people know what he has for sale and also invites them to come and buy it.—Exchange.

Edison is a Prophet.

New York, Feb. 20.—Thomas A. Edison, inventor, is today celebrating his 64th birthday. Since his recent denial of the doctrine of immortality, Edison's most important statement has been that it is now only a matter of time—possibly a very short time—when a way to manufacture gold will be found. Then, declares the wizard, the financial systems of the whole world will be upset. Edison also predicts that within the coming century poverty will be abolished, owing to the discovery of cheaper methods of manufacture. Moreover, he declares that the workingmen of America will participate in a great economic and industrial change within 10 years.

BANCROFT

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Crunk and their grandson felt earthquake shocks about noon Wednesday, Feb. 15, at least six distinct shocks.

Ole Lund, of Coquille, is visiting his brother-in-law, Ole Samuelson. The weather has been mild and springlike for the past few days.

Mrs. Musick, the Bridge central, and daughter Emily were visiting at Mr. Letts on Sunday.

Miss Susie Evernden, who has been visiting her sisters and friends down the river, returned Sunday.

Ole Samuelson, who has been quite sick with stomach trouble lately is improving.

Joe Evernden killed two panthers Friday morning. He and his good dogs are sure death to them.

Mrs. H. G. Cameron, who has been sick for several weeks, was so much worse that Dr. Stemmler was called to see her on Saturday.

Notice.

By order of the board of directors the stock books of the Coquille Valley Telephone company will be open for a short time for subscriptions on an installment basis, viz: \$5.00 down and \$5 per month until \$30 is paid in. After \$15 is paid one share of stock will be issued and the second when the contract is completed. All purchasers of stock on this plan will receive stockholders' rate of 50c per month switching fee after first payment of \$5. 2-1714

CHARPITTING WILL REMOVE THE STUMPS

Experiments with the use of saltpeter for the destruction of stumps have proved it of little value. The last and most successful method of destroying stumps is the charpitting method, which I will outline for you.

We have learned from the miners of Alaska that old logs in frozen gravel can be burned by building a little fire at one end in such a way that as the burning proceeds the frozen gravel will be thawed and fall down and cover the fire. In the same way engineers tell us that when logs are laid over a swampy piece of ground, such as the first foundation for a roadbed, and covered with soil that in dry seasons if the ends of these logs get on fire the fire will follow the full length of the log under the grade, thus burning old wet material that could not possibly have been burned in the open.

This principle, applied to the stump, we have called "charpitting."

On favorable soil we prepare the stump by removing the bark down to the ground, and if the stump is green or has some water-soaked sapwood, we believe that chopping through the sapwood in a few places to the live wood below will aid the fire in reaching good wood.

We next procure some dry wood, broken or cut, about the size of ordinary stove wood, and selecting some of the best for our start, we pile the wood around the base of the stump, commencing on the side of the stump from which the wind is blowing, so that when our fire is lighted the wind will assist in carrying the fire around the stump.

We so arrange our wood that it will be continuous all around the base of the stump, the top of each succeeding stick lapping onto or alongside of that preceding it and so arranged that it will burn and that the fire will follow. The amount needed will vary with the size and conditions of the stump. In extreme dry weather a small quantity of the old dry material will suffice, but as the wet season and general unfavorable conditions advance we must use more fuel and look carefully to the start. A good wheelbarrow load will usually be sufficient for the average stump, say 25 inches in diameter. This completed, we gather up some pieces of bark, rotten wood, chips or ferns, if they are convenient, filling in around the top of the wood to keep the dirt cover from falling in between the fuel and the stump on the start. With a shovel we cover over the wood from the ground to the stump at the top of the wood, with the exception of a small opening left on the side where we have put our kindling for the first start, arranging old chunks of wood in such a way as to prevent the dirt from falling into the fire on the start.

We find that many people who have heard of this method have a wrong impression of this cover, believing that the whole stump must be covered over, which is wrong. We cover but a small portion of the average stump, a layer of three or four inches of soil over our wood being ample. This soil should be spaded up and laid onto the wood with reasonable care. Do not stand off at a distance and throw the soil, as this would break the soil up into small particles, which would be mixed with the wood instead of being over the wood. Avoid tamping or packing the cover, leaving the soil loose and open, and purposely so placing the first shovelfuls around the base at the ground so that there will be small openings to admit air on the start, covering closer as we proceed up toward the top of the wood.

We think it advisable to use a few shovelfuls of fine soil around the stump at the upper part of our wood after the covering of soil has been put on, so as to close the small openings at the top of our pit as the heat generated by the first fire would have a tendency to rise and escape through any openings. We want to conserve the

heat and concentrate it on the stump.

The preparation of the stump and first firing is much the greater part of the work. We can afford to use some care in this first work. We soon learn to judge the right conditions by experience, a light covering being more favorable to rapid burning but not so good a protection against adverse conditions, such as rains and high winds. We learn that blue smoke issuing through some of the small holes in the covering indicates the burning of the carbon, and calls for more cover. A dense white smoke indicates escaping gasses and steam, and the right conditions.

Gradually the fire eats its way into the stump, and after the first day does not need attention often than each morning and each evening. Morning and evening all fire showing beyond or through the covering should be covered over, pushing the hot earth next to the fire and over onto the fire, and replenishing with fresh earth as often as necessary to keep cover of sufficient thickness; but when the top of the stump is burned off complete the cover. This practically finishes the work. If large the roots may continue to burn for several weeks. If there are any large roots near the surface they should be covered ahead of the fire. This method burns out the roots. All that we know of who have given it a fair trial agree that it is cleaner in its work than any other method tried.

W. H. SPARKS,
Supervisor of demonstration farms
Washington State college.

For Sale.

One horse, weight between 1200 and 1300; 10 years old; sound and true; works single, double or saddle. One 4-year-old mare, well broke single or double. Lady can ride or drive her. Two double sets back harness, one double set buggy harness, two single sets buggy harness, two single breast harness, one fine breaking cart with complete breaking harness, two carts, and one fine two seated family carriage.

Frank Burkholder,
Pacific Real Estate Co.

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company

of Newark, in the state of New Jersey, on the 31st day of December, 1910, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law:

CAPITAL	
Amount of capital paid up. Purely mutual account	
Premiums received during the year.....	19,694,893.25
Interest, dividends and rents received during the year.....	6,092,915.80
Income from other sources received during the year.....	436,653.13
Total income.....	26,224,462.18
Expenses.....	
Paid for losses, endowments, annuities and surrender values.....	11,021,097.19
Dividends paid to policy holders during the year.....	3,262,086.36
Dividends paid on capital stock during the year.....	
Commissions, agency expenses and salaries paid during the year.....	2,768,045.05
Taxes, licenses and fees paid during the year.....	521,809.25
Amount of all other expenditures.....	859,296.55
Total expenditures.....	18,432,379.45
Assets	
Market value of real estate owned.....	3,066,090.71
Market value of stocks and bonds owned.....	37,257,052.40
Loans on mortgages, and collateral, etc., etc.....	67,445,625.00
Premium notes and policy loans.....	24,258,283.12
Cash in banks and on hand.....	1,380,964.15
Net uncollected and deferred premiums.....	1,639,609.32
Other assets (net).....	2,909,494.89
Total assets.....	137,627,119.59
Less special deposits in any state (if any there be).....	10,000.00
Total assets admitted in Oregon.....	137,617,119.59
LIABILITIES	
Net reserve.....	123,421,003.03
Total policy claims.....	649,408.70
All other liabilities.....	4,983,708.18
Regular dividends payable during 1911.....	3,115,619.74
Total liabilities.....	132,169,739.65
Total insurance in force December 31, 1910.....	543,656,197.00
BUSINESS IN PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR	
Total risks written, transferred and revived during the year.....	638,217.00
Gross premiums received during the year.....	90,651.12
Premiums returned during the year.....	
Losses paid during the year.....	7,727.00
Losses incurred during the year.....	7,727.00
Total amount of risks outstanding in Oregon December 31, 1910.....	2,972,304.00

By J. WM JOHNSON, Secretary,
Statutory resident general agent and attorney for service:
ARNOLD S. ROTHWELL.

Is Yours a Home in the Truest Sense? We Mean



Have You a Piano?

If not, let us assist you to make it so.
1. We give you the newest and freshest stocks.
2. We protect you with the strongest and most positive guarantee.

3. We employ methods that save you \$50 to \$100 on the instrument you buy.

4. We give you privilege to practically suggest YOUR OWN TERMS if you don't care to pay cash.

What more can you ask? Why delay longer?

W. C. LAIRD

Exclusive Agents

PIANOS FROM FACTORY TO HOME

FOR SALE

10 acre tract all cleared, suitable for orchard and nice home located about one mile from Coquille. Price \$1000.00.

7 acres. About 4 acres of bottom land all in cultivation. House, etc. Located about 1/4 mile from business part of Coquille. Price \$1800.00. Terms.

160-acre ranch. About 25 acres bottom land, mostly in cultivation. House and barn and good orchard. Price \$2,500.00. Terms on part.

80 acre farm. Nice house and good barn. Located on county road. Price \$5750.00. Good terms.

10 acres with new house and about one hundred nice young fruit trees, two years old. Located near Coquille. Price \$1600.00

160 acres. 40 or more acres bottom land. 20 acres in cultivation. 80 acres in pasture. Good orchard. Good house and two barns. 15 or 20 tons gr. Price \$3500.00.

House and lot, a good buy for \$400.00.

320 acre dairy farm, mostly all

bottom land, with house, dairy barn and creamery for the farm. Located near the Coquille River on county road. Price per acre \$75.00 Terms.

We have all kinds of property, city, small acreage and large farms. Also timber lands. Correspondence solicited.

30-acre farm located on Coquille river; 20 acres in cultivation; house barn and other outbuildings; good orchard. Price \$3,400.00.

40 acres of bench and hill land, suitable for orchard, berries and pasture; 10 acres cleared, small orchard; house and small barn and chicken pens; located about 1 1/2 miles from Coquille river. Price \$1,000.

800-acre stock ranch; 600 acres open land in grass; two barns; good 7-room house; good orchard; plenty of water; located 1/2 mile from county road. Price per acre, \$8.00.

80-acre farm; 40 acres bottom land mostly all in cultivation; house, barn and other outbuildings; fine orchard; some stock with the place; located on county road. Price, \$3,500.00.

PACIFIC REAL ESTATE CO.,

J. W. LENEVE,

FRANK BURKHOLDER,

Secretary.

Manager.

STEAMER BREAKWATER

Sails from Ainsworth Dock, Portland, at 8 P. M., every Tuesday. Sails from Coos Bay every Saturday at service of tide. Reservations will not be held later than Friday noon, unless tickets are purchased.

PAUL L. STERLING, Agent

Phone Main 181

River Towing & Freighting

The gasoline boat Limit is now owned and operated by the undersigned, and will do a general towing and freighting business on the river. Can be chartered for passengers

Stevens & Root, Coquille, Ore.

The Washcalore

CAPT. PETERSON, Master

Will make regular trips between

Bandon and San Francisco

Carrying Freight, Etc