

# The Sentinel

And The Coquille Herald  
A GOOD PAPER—IN A GOOD TOWN  
BY H. W. YOUNG.

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OFFICE, NORTH END OF B STREET  
Entered at the Coquille Postoffice as Second Class Mail Matter.

Shipments of citrus fruits (oranges, lemons, limes, grape fruit, etc.) from California this year are expected to reach 50,000 carloads.

Marshfield claims to have had the smallest fire losses of any city in the country last year. The total amount was \$425 and \$300 of that was covered by insurance.

An Allegany lady advertises in our Farmer Smith's Bulletin that she wants to buy or rent a spinning wheel or spinning jenny. We used to see plenty of them in the attics sixty or seventy years ago, but had no idea there was one in existence in Coos county today.

That the so-called "influenza" of today is really the same as the Black Plague of the middle ages there seems to be no longer any doubt. Coquille has been especially fortunate to escape so far with so few fatalities, but there is no telling how much longer it is going to linger among us.

In anticipation of a possible increase of the salaries of county officers in Coos county during the legislative session which begins next Monday, the county court made an appropriation of \$3,000 in the budget to cover in anything in that line. This doesn't mean, however, that a dollar of the money will be spent except in pursuance of new laws enacted by the legislature.

Only a small part of the state legislatures to hold sessions this year convened the first of this week; but quick action has been taken by some that are already in session. Ohio, Oklahoma, Colorado, Maine, Tennessee and Idaho have already ratified the national prohibition amendment making 22 in all. Within the next two months we hope to see the fourteen more states needed lined up for it.

According to the expert figures at Washington the big war will have cost the United States 41 billions of dollars by the time we get through paying the bills, or \$400 for every man, woman and child in the United States. This is about one-sixth of the estimated wealth of the United States. Our government went on the theory that it was a job that had to be done no matter what the cost, and that the quicker we got through the less it would cost us, which was certainly correct.

Among the new school laws the school superintendents of this state are going to ask the legislature to enact this winter is one that will make the attendance of all children from six years up to sixteen compulsory during the time the schools are in session. From sixteen to eighteen it is to be provided that children shall attend school a portion of the day at the expense of those by whom they are employed—that is, they are to receive payment for full time and spend a portion of each day in school.

We all thought that Oregon was going some in the good roads line when the legislature voted a six million bond issue for our state highways and the people ratified its actions at a special election. The movement is still spreading, however, and only two months ago the people of Illinois voted sixty million for the same purpose by an overwhelming majority. The bonds were not to be issued nor the work to begin until "after the war," but that condition was speedily fulfilled. It is especially interesting to learn that the Illinois law was modeled after the Oregon law.

The Supreme Court decision, handed down Tuesday, that a buyer of booze is not an accomplice of the seller in the commission of the crime is going to render it very much easier to secure evidence to convict bootleggers. And notwithstanding the popular objection to the evidence of stool pigeons, spies, informers and detectives, as they are variously termed, we have observed that prohibition laws are not very strenuously enforced without aid of this kind. The objection to this class of evidence usually comes from people who don't want to see the law enforced.

## MANY EXPENSES CUT DOWN

### Others Are Largely Increased in the Budget Just Adopted.—Comparison of All Items of County Expense.

A comparison of appropriations made in the budget adopted by the county court at the session which ended on Tuesday with those made a year ago ought to be interesting to the readers of the Sentinel, who will help foot the bills, at least. So here goes.

For justices courts, constables, jurors, witnesses, etc., the allowance of \$1,400 in 1918 has been reduced to \$1,300 in 1919.

The expenses of the County Court remain the same as last year at \$3,300, though if the legislature sees fit to increase the salary of the county judge, as it certainly ought to, the addition will be paid from the special allowance provided for that contingency.

The allowance for bailiffs, reporter, jurors and witnesses in the Circuit Court has been reduced from \$6,000 to \$5,500.

Last year there was appropriated for the office of the district attorney in addition to the legal salary of \$2,500 paid by the state, \$2,500 for stenographer and other expenses. This year that allowance has been cut to \$1,600 and \$2,000 has been appropriated for the employment of special counsel in tax cases etc.

For salaries, clerk hire, expenses, office supplies, etc. in the sheriff's office \$12,000 was appropriated last year, and the amount has been increased to \$12,500 this year owing to the necessity of paying higher wages to the clerks, \$3.50 per day where \$3.00 was formerly paid.

For the same reason the appropriation for the office of the county clerk has been increased from \$8,500 to \$9,500.

The county treasurer receives the entirely inadequate salary of \$1,200 a year. Last year this and the other expenses of the office made a total of \$1,800. This year the h. c. l. has led to an increase of \$100 in expenses, clerical help, etc., making the total \$1,900.

In the office of county superintendent of schools the salaries of the superintendent and supervisor with necessary incidental expenses has been cut from \$3,500 to \$3,200, with an added allowance of \$400 for the county teachers' institute.

The growth of the work in the assessor's office and the additional wages for the clerks result in the increase of the appropriation for that office from \$11,000 to \$12,000.

The allowance of \$200 for the coroner's office remains unchanged.

The Public Health Nurse makes a new item in the budget which carries \$600 for last year's expenses and \$1,800 for the present year.

The compensation of the county surveyor for establishing government corners, which was \$250 last year, has been cut to \$100 this year.

The fund for the county health office has been increased \$500 over last year, being raised to \$750 this year, the influenza probably being to some extent responsible for the change.

For the county agriculturist's office, one-half the salary and expenses, or \$1,500 is paid by the county, and to this department has been added \$300 for half the expense of \$600 for a county club leader of industrial work.

"Donations" have been cut from \$1,000 to \$500, but for "publishing and county fairs" \$800 has been added.

"Advertising" has been raised from \$500 to \$600 and "county audit" from \$300 to \$750.

Court house expenses, janitors, night watch, water, fuel, repairs and some items of furnishing the Hall of Records were last put at \$10,000. This year, with the night watch cut out and water-proofing the third floor of the new building provided for, the amount to be expended is put at \$8,100.

The amount for widows and mothers' pensions is reduced from \$7,000 to \$5,500.

The estimated expenses of the jail, board of prisoners, repairs, supplies, medical attendance, etc., has been reduced from \$2,000 to \$1,500.

lowed for examinations and expenses in such cases has been increased from \$200 to \$330.

Election expenses, with no election in prospect so far this year, have been cut to \$100 where they were \$8,000 last year. The small amount provided is for some incidental expenses in connection with the registration of voters.

The allowance for scalp bounties drops from \$600 to \$500.

The salary and expenses of the sealer of weights and measurers drop from \$260 to \$250.

Last year there was \$2,000 allowed for live stock indemnity, but in view of the thorough cleaning out last year only \$500 is allowed for 1919.

Tax rebates and tax refunds go at the same figure as last year \$300.

The amount allowed for publication for Summons in Foreclosure of tax liens last year was \$1,000. There was no publication last year and with possibly two summons to be published the amount has been increased to \$1,500. The court has, however, deferred for 6 months the publication of the 1913 Summons which was about ready for the printer.

Owing to the passage of the law abolishing the publication of the delinquent tax list, last year's item of \$1,000 for that purpose drops out of the new budget.

One-third of the expense of the Forestry department to be borne by the county was last year put at \$300, and is this year at \$250.

For state purposes the amount appropriated to Coos county this year is \$70,187.20, where last year it was \$62,236.70. This is an increase of \$7,950.50, which will be perceived is much more than the six per cent increase to which it was supposed the Salem officials would be limited. In fact it more than double that amount and very nearly 13 per cent. But it has been decided that the taxing bodies are not bound to keep all items within the six per cent limitation, so that the total amount is now raised more than that. The same rule applies in the county, so that when the court cuts out a \$10,000 war emergency fund in the budget it has the right to add that \$10,000, and \$600 more for the allowable increase, to any other item or items in the budget it may see fit.

That is the case, too, with the \$20,000 appropriated last year for the Marshfield armory; but for which there is no appropriation this year.

Last year there was a high school tuition fund of \$13,684.11 apportioned among the districts which do not maintain high schools, but this year owing to a balance remaining on hand it was necessary to put only \$6,429.59 in the budget.

For the school fund at a per capita rate of \$10 for each child of school age, the amount last year was \$70,420; this year with an increased enrollment it goes up to \$72,240.

The school library fund of ten cents per capita goes up in exactly the same proportion from \$704.20 to \$722.40.

The amount required for the payment of interest on general fund warrants was last year placed at \$15,000. This year \$10,000 is considered ample.

For the expenses of the county commissioners in viewing and inspecting roads, mileage etc., \$3,000 is appropriated from the road fund, the same as last year.

For the salary of the county surveyor and deputies at \$5 per day, a clerk at \$3.50 per day and office expenses there was last year appropriated \$4,750; this year the amount is reduced to \$3,000.

The salary and expenses of the county roadmaster remain the same at \$5,000.

The sinking fund for road bonds requires \$13,000 this year which is \$1,000 more than last year. The annual interest at \$18,100 remains the same.

For ferries where there was \$23,500 appropriated last year there is only \$12,300 this year.

The apportionment for tool and machinery, houses and warehouses was \$10,000 last year and is \$5,000 this year.

Road maintenance, which was put at \$30,000 last year and for which \$50,000 was spent then, is set at \$40,000 this year.

For roads and bridges—including machinery, material and labor—where \$55,000 was set apart last year there is \$90,848.34 this year.

For contract bridges the amount is \$21,200 this year where it was \$30,000 last year.

ments for 1918 and 1919 the reader will no doubt be astonished, as the writer was, to find in so many instances a considerable reduction in this year's budget. And we are also convinced that next year's budget ought to show in a great many cases considerable reductions from this year's figures.

### Industrial Club Work

From Smith's County Bulletin  
By E. R. Peterson, County Club Leader  
Boys and Girls' industrial club work in Coos county this year is to be conducted on a well arranged program, according to plans that are being formulated. Arrangements have been made for a leader, who is to devote his entire time to this work in Coos county.

At a conference of the county school superintendent, the county agricultural agent and the county club leader, held in Coquille last Monday, it was deemed advisable to limit the projects to certain definite lines of work. It was the consensus of opinion of those present that best results are obtained by concentrating upon a limited field.

The projects chosen to be especially emphasized are the following:  
Potato growing  
Pig raising  
Poultry raising  
Calf raising  
Canning  
Food Preparation  
Sewing  
That each club organized shall devote its efforts to only one project is a feature of the plan. Where potato growing is adopted as a community project, each member of that particular club will be a potato club member; if pig raising is decided upon, then each member will be a pig raiser, and so on.

Greatest precautions will be taken to begin only such work as can be successfully completed.

### Report on Home Canning

From Smith's County Bulletin  
Here is the report of the preservation record blanks distributed by the College Extension Service in different communities of Coos county through the Home Economics Leaders. Of the 70 blanks distributed 26 have been returned, which is 37 per cent. The following is the average for the 26 families reporting. Are you above or below the average? The average is per family for Coos county:

	Total Average
Canned qts. Fruits	4664 179
Canned qts. Veg.	1315 50
Canned qts. Meat	568 21
Dried lb Fruits	130 5
Dried lb Veg.	1115 42
Binned or Pickles qts.	
Fruits	139 5
Veg.	542 20
Stored Eggs	128 5
Jams & Preserve qts.	277 10
Jelly qts.	173 6
Sugar used lb	77 3-5
Qts. Canned over last yr.	325 12½

Of the three counties in which the reports were placed Coos stands at the head of the list in the number turning in reports, amount preserved, and the amount preserved per family.

The housewife who preserved the most, canned 800 quarts of fruits, vegetables and meat combined, and dried 375 pounds of fruits and vegetables. She had made no jams and jellies.

It may be suggested here that each housewife keep an accurate account of the amount she must buy before the winter is over and then see how much could have been saved. This is thrift. Don't underestimate the value of your own product. How much is your preserved food worth at market price? How much more could you have saved?

### Civil Service Examination

The U. S. Civil Service Commission has announced an examination to be held at Marshfield on Saturday, January 25th, to fill a contemplated vacancy in the position of the fourth class postmaster at Wedderburn. The compensation of the postmaster at that office for the last fiscal year was \$387.

### AVOID MISTAKES

No Need for Coquille People to Experiment with Such Convincing Evidence at Hand.

There are many well-advertised kidney remedies on the market today, but none so well-recommended as Doan's Kidney Pills. Read the statement of a resident of Dorena.

H. N. Henriksen, Dorena, Ore., says: "I was flat on my back for about three weeks on account of the intense pains across my kidneys. I think following the blacksmith trade for twenty-six years had a lot to do with bringing on the trouble, in the first place. I knew my kidneys were out of whack and began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They fixed me up in good shape and I haven't been bothered for a year now. I gladly recommend Doan's for I know they are a fine kidney medicine."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Henriksen had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

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## Jeff Says

—that he used to think he was getting more for his money by buying a big plug of ordinary tobacco, until he ran across Real Gravelly. Now you couldn't make him switch back to the ordinary plug again. Gravelly has that good taste that every man wants. It lasts so much longer that you get the tobacco satisfaction you are looking for without extra cost.

It goes further—that's why you can get the good taste of this class of tobacco without extra cost.

PEYTON BRAND  
**Real Gravelly Chewing Plug**  
each piece packed in a pouch  
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## What Does Your Label Say?