

# The Sentinel

And The Coquille Herald  
A GOOD PAPER IN A GOOD TOWN  
BY H. W. YOUNG.

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### Opening O. & C. Grant Lands.

After a long period of waiting and many delays, the opening of 300,000 acres of the O. & C. grant lands for filing by entrymen will begin at the U. S. land office in Roseburg on Monday, April 29, 1918. The first of these lands to be opened lies in Jackson, Josephine and Curry counties and in a small strip in the southern part of Douglas county. Opening of other sections in the Roseburg land district will follow later. The first list of filings will be opened on Monday, April 29, and close on Saturday, May 25. In cases where more than one application is made for a parcel of land a drawing will be held at the U. S. land office in Roseburg on Tuesday, May 28. Dates for other drawings will be announced later, as the lands in the various counties in this district are opened for filings.

It is expected that this series of long expected land openings will bring to Roseburg many hundreds of people during the current year, from all over the western half of the United States and Canada.

Douglas county contains more of these grant lands than any other county in the state, and Lane county is second. There are also valuable tracts in Coos and Linn counties and some in Benton, all of which are in the Roseburg land district.

Regarding the first opening a Washington, D. C., press dispatch says:

Secretary Lane today signed an order opening 300,000 acres of the Oregon & California grant lands to settlement under the Chamberlain-Ferris act.

Fillings will be received at the Roseburg land office April 29 to May 25, inclusive, with the final drawing May 28.

Where only one application is filed, the application will be granted, if more than one, then a drawing will decide between them, all filings between the dates named being considered simultaneous.

The land opened is nearly all in Jackson and Josephine counties, with a narrow strip in the southern part of Douglas county. It lies south of a line extending east and west through Dothan and south to the California boundary.

Commissioner Tallman, of the General Land Office, expressed gratification over having reached the point of actual opening, and said additional tracts will be opened as soon as classifications are completed. He regretted that snags encountered from time to time have thrown the opening date so late in the season.

Applications must be sworn to at the Roseburg land office or before a United States commissioner or judge or clerk of a court of record in the county where the land lies. Applications must be accompanied by the land office fees and a sum equal to 50 cents per acre for the amount filed on. Two dollars an acre additional must be paid at the date of making final proof. Applicants must personally examine the land.

Those who served 90 days in the army or navy in the Civil war, the Spanish war or the Philippine insurrection have the privilege of filing through an attorney-in-fact on the ground and making application within six months after the payment of the installment at the beginning, the same as the other applicants. A pamphlet containing regulations and a description of the lands will be mailed after April 5 on application to the land office at Roseburg. Any lands not applied for up to May 25 will remain subject to entry thereafter.

The agricultural lands opened to entry at this time are by no means all of the agricultural lands in the

grant. Additional agricultural lands in the grant will be restored to entry from time to time as the classifications are completed.

The classification as agricultural does not necessarily imply that the lands are suitable for the plow. The law under which the classification was made directed that such lands be separated into three classes; first, those valuable for power sites; second, timber lands, including those containing 300,000 feet, board measure, of timber to a tract of forty acres; third, agricultural lands, those not falling within either of the other classes. Large areas so restored are covered with brush or varying quantities of timber less than 300,000 feet, board measure, to the forty acre subdivision, and some are valuable only for grazing.

It should be added that but a very small percentage of the railroad grant lands in Coos county have any agricultural value and a considerable percentage are so rocky as to be practically worthless even for grazing.

### Information For Voters.

County Clerk Oddy furnishes the following information in regard to the Registration of Electors and the filing of Candidates' petitions.

April 16th, 1918, is the latest date on which any elector will be allowed to register before the Primary Election.

The new law provides that it shall be the duty of every elector in the state to register for any election after the first Monday in January, 1916, and as long as the elector resides in the Precinct in which he registered and votes at least in one election held throughout the County within the biennial period ending on the 30th day of November following the regular biennial election, he shall not be required to register again. If the elector desires to change from one political party to another, or if the elector moves to another precinct, or if the name of the elector is changed by marriage, he or she may register again before the County Clerk or before the Official Registrar for his precinct as desired by furnishing said County Clerk or Official Registrar with the necessary information and cause his or her previous registration to be cancelled.

April 17, 1918, is the latest date on which declarations of candidacy and nominating petitions and notices pertaining to candidates for county offices and district or precinct officers within a county may be filed with the County Clerk.

There are about 150 people who have been appointed as members of the Election board in the various precincts of the county who did not sign and return their acceptance within the two week period as provided by law. Unless received at once appointments will be cancelled at this term of Court and other appointments made.

**Simpson Makes a Great Campaign.**  
A Portland dispatch of last Monday says:

That L. J. Simpson, the Coos Bay candidate for governor, is taking Eastern Oregon by storm and will carry that section of the state by a substantial vote is the report of prominent men from east of the mountains coming into Portland for the week end. Everywhere that Simpson goes he makes votes by the hundreds, for that country likes a man of Mr. Simpson's business ability, standing and aggressiveness. Eastern Oregon generally votes for the man who offers the best service and in Mr. Simpson they find a potential governor of their own type, and consequently they are going to get out and work for him and vote for him, notwithstanding the general impression that the Withycombe machine now in the saddle in the State House has been exerting every influence to get the Eastern Oregon vote. This vote is probably going to be the deciding factor in the governorship contest, for as there is no candidate from Eastern Oregon for governor, and that country generally goes as one man, the candidate who can annex it will be assured sufficient votes to give him the nomination. That Simpson is the most likely man to do this is the word which Eastern Oregon leaders bring to Portland.

**Save More Than an Hour.**  
Although we hadn't thought of it before when we noticed yesterday at just what time by the clock the sun was due south, we were reminded that people on this coast have been doing their bit at daylight saving for a good many years. Our clocks are now an hour and twenty minutes ahead of actual sun time. There are only four different kinds of local time used in the United States. Pacific coast time is the time of the 120th meridian. This runs near Hepper in Eastern Oregon and the sun rises and sets there about 20 minutes earlier than it does at Coquille. So instead of saving an hour of daylight now we are saving an hour and 20 minutes each day—whatever we may be doing with it.

### Mrs. Sofia Hammarlof.

Mrs. Sofia Hammarlof was born in Westergotland, Sweden, October 17, 1841, and died in Oregon City March 20, 1918, at the age of 76 years, 5 months and 3 days at the time of her death. Mrs. Hammarlof's maiden name was Lindstrom and she was of Swedish nationality. She came to America in the year 1869, where she was married to Conrad Hammarlof, then a resident of Omaha, Nebraska. There they lived for 8 years. They emigrated to Oregon in the year 1877, locating on a farm near Wilbur, Douglas county, where they lived one year, coming to Coos county in the autumn of 1878. They settled on a homestead near Gravel Ford, where they lived until the death of Mr. Hammarlof, which occurred on August 2, 1917, when on September 14th, Mrs. Hammarlof went out to Oregon City to spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Ida Rolund, where she died after a short illness. During her illness she was very patient and good and longed to be at rest in Jesus.

Mrs. Hammarlof was the mother of four children. Two died while infants; Mary died at the age of four months and Conrad died at the age of nine months. Two daughters survive, Mrs. Walter Colvin, of Gravel Ford, and Mrs. Karl Rolund, of Oregon City.

Mrs. Hammarlof was a member of the United Brethren church and had lived a Christian life since a young girl. Ever living a devoted Christian life, kind to all, of a lovable disposition, always ready to minister to the wants and needs of others, no one was ever turned away from her door hungry. Self was entirely forgotten, she lived a life for others. To know her was to love her. Grandma Hammarlof will be greatly missed by her daughters and by her grand children who number twelve. And she will be missed by her many friends and neighbors.

Funeral services were held at the United Brethren church, conducted by Brother Cromwell, pastor of the church. The floral offerings were beautiful and gave evidence of the high esteem in which Grandma Hammarlof was held. She was laid to rest in a grave by the side of her husband in the little hill cemetery at Gravel Ford, to await the Life Giver, and we feel assured that she will have a part in the first resurrection.

### My Mother's Hands.

Such beautiful, beautiful hands!  
They're neither white nor small;  
And you, I know, would scarcely think  
That they were fair at all.  
I've looked on hands whose form and hue  
A sculptor's dream might be;  
Yet are those wrinkled, aged hands  
More beautiful to me.

Such beautiful, beautiful hands!  
Though heart were weary and sad,  
These patient hands kept toiling on;  
That the children might be glad;  
I always weep when looking back  
To childhood's distant day,  
I think how those hands rested not,  
When mine were at their play.

Such beautiful, beautiful hands!  
They're growing feeble now,  
For time and pain have left their mark  
On hands, and heart, and brow.

Alas! alas! the nearing time,  
And sad, sad day to me,  
When 'neath the daisies, out of sight,  
These hands will folded be.  
But oh, beyond this shadow land,  
Where all is bright and fair,  
I know full well these dear old hands  
Will palms of victory bear;  
Where crystal streams through endless years,  
Flow over golden sands,  
And where the old grow young again  
I'll clasp my mother's hands.

### War Halves Birth Rate.

The following statistics dealing with the effect of the war on the birth rate in Hungary were read to the Hungarian Chamber of Deputies:

"Before the war 765,000 children a year were born in Hungary. In the first year of the war, 1914, the number of births was reduced by 18,000; in 1915 only 481,000 children were born—that is, 284,000 less than in time of peace. In 1916 the number of births was 333,000—a reduction of 432,000. In 1917 the births amounted to 327,000—that is, the reduction of 438,000. Therefore our losses (in Hungary alone) behind the front reach the number of 1,172,866 individuals.

"Whereas in time of peace infant mortality, for a period of seven years, was 34 per cent, in 1915 the proportion was increased to 48 per cent and in 1916 to 50 per cent."

### Hunting Up the Slackers.

It is said by those in position to know that there were at one time in the city of Marshfield 50 houses that were not on the assessment rolls and on which no taxes of any sort were being paid. The assessment board now at work is digging up all such cases and making a clean sweep where deputy assessors formerly did not know just where they were at.

## 22 Million Families in the United States

### 4 CUPS OF WHEAT FLOUR TO THE POUND

If each family used 4 cups of flour less per week, the saving would be 22 million pounds or 112,244 barrels every week.

The greatest help housekeepers can give to win the war is to make this saving and it can be done by using this recipe in place of white flour bread.

#### Corn Meal Biscuits

1/2 cup scalded milk  
1 cup corn meal  
2 tablespoons shortening  
2 teaspoons salt  
1 cup white flour  
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Save 1/2 cup of the measured flour for bread. Pour milk over corn meal, add shortening and salt. When cold, add sifted flour and baking powder. Roll out lightly on floured board. Cut with biscuit cutter and bake in greased pan fifteen to twenty minutes.

Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes" containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. H., 135 William Street, New York

### FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

### A New War Song.

By W. A. Pugh.  
Come on boys with old Glory!  
We are marching through the hills of France.

And when we meet the Huns of Germany,  
We will make them fight or dance.  
And when we meet the Kaiser,  
We will make him do or die.  
How we all do hate the miser,  
We will do our best to lick him, you and I.

Now the Yankee boys are fighting,  
And the Huns will get up and git  
And we will soon know who is in the righting,  
We all know that our boys have got the grit,  
And when the glorious fight is ended,  
And the Huns are put on the run,  
We will hang the bloody Kaiser  
Just to see the fun.

One thing we have settled and that is there is no doubt about being sleepy enough to go to bed at the usual hour by the clock even if it is only nine and not 10 by sun time. Getting up an hour earlier in the morning takes care of that.

There are now 180 firms employed in Germany in the manufacture of whole wood shoes for new footwear with an output of 400,000 pairs weekly. Beechwood has been chiefly used, but any hardwood, with the exception of oak, will serve equally well.

The Commercial Club meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Everyone invited.

### DON'T MISTAKE THE CAUSE.

Many Coquille People Have Kidney Trouble and Do Not Know It. Do you have backache? Are you tired and worn out? Feel dizzy, nervous and depressed? Are the kidney secretions irregular? Highly colored; contain sediment? Likely your kidneys are at fault. Weak kidneys give warning of distress.

Heed the warning; don't delay—Use a tested kidney remedy. Read this Roseburg testimony. S. J. Black, 425 Pitzer St., Roseburg, Ore., says: "I have been subject to kidney trouble for many years. At times my back gets so stiff I can hardly straighten after I stoop. Sharp pains often catch me across my kidneys. I also have attacks of dizziness and I don't dare bend over without taking hold of something to keep from falling. Doan's Kidney Pills always relieve me of the trouble in my back, put my kidneys in good working order and stop the dizzy spells." Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Black had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lent ended last week and Hoover has let down the bars and says there need to be no meatless days in April, so if you have the price go to it and eat all the meat you want. Still, if you have passed the threescore mark the less meat you eat the better for your health.

## Of All the Books

known to man, the savings bank book is the one that will come in handiest in days of trouble. Get one of these books by opening an account with this bank. It doesn't take much to start an account and it will grow amazingly if you give it attention.

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### E. E. JOHNSON

### Someone Sent Him a pouch of Real GRAVELY Chewing Plug

Tobacco is about the only comfort the soldier has—and no chance to smoke on duty! But a satisfying chew of Real Gravelly Plug—he can enjoy that even in a shell hole in No Man's Land.

Give any man a pouch of Real Gravelly Plug, and he will tell you that's the kind to send. Send the best! Ordinary plug is false economy. It costs less per week to chew Real Gravelly, because a small chew of it lasts a long while.

If you smoke a pipe, mix Gravelly with your knife and add a little to your smoking tobacco. It will give flavor—improve your smoke.

SEND YOUR FRIEND IN THE U. S. SERVICE A POUCH OF GRAVELLY

Dealers all around here carry it in 10c pouches. A 3c stamp will put it into his hands in any Training Camp or Support of the U. S. A. Even "over there" a 3c stamp will take it to him. Your dealer will supply envelope and give you official directions how to address it.

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