

# The Sentinel

A GOOD PAPER IN A GOOD TOWN  
H. A. YOUNG and M. D. GRIMES  
Publishers  
H. A. YOUNG, Editor

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Uncle Sam is making a good record in capturing kidnapers and destroying gangsters. Can't some bright legislator evolve a plan which will permit the federal officers to clean up drunken and carless automobile drivers?



Election of General Chas. H. Martin as governor of Oregon was not surprising. No more so would have been the election of either Joe Dunne or Peter Zimmerman. Pre-election propaganda and the element of uncertainty in which the entire campaign was shrouded up to the very last minute, had prepared the people to expect anything.

There were some surprising features of the election results, however. Martin's plurality for instance. No one, except, perhaps his most rabid partisans who were claiming everything, had expected the general to roll up the huge plurality which he did. A 5000 vote lead, or at the most 10,000, had been predicted by his more conservative supporters, whereas Martin ran more than 21,000 votes ahead of his nearest rival, Peter Zimmerman, and nearly 29,000 votes ahead of his republican opponent, Joe E. Dunne.

Martin's strength, and by the same token, Dunne's weakness in the out-state counties was a real surprise to most neutral observers of the gubernatorial campaign. While it had generally been conceded, even by the republicans, that the democratic candidate would run well in Multnomah county where he was well known and popular, as witness his overwhelming election to congress two years ago, it was just as generally believed that the out-state vote would be very close. Especially was the General believed to be weak in eastern Oregon where it was pretty generally conceded that Dunne would receive a plurality of the votes cast. On the contrary Martin carried 14 of the 18 counties east of the Cascades with the other four going to Dunne and Zimmerman drawing a blank so far as any pluralities were concerned, although he was runner-up in several counties.

Dunne's strength in Klamath county was another surprise, it being generally believed that Zimmerman would run ahead in that county on the strength of Mahoney's support. While Zimmerman's strength was known to lie largely in the Willamette Valley and he had been conceded most of the counties in that section of the state, the progressive candidate displayed unexpected strength in Marion and Washington counties, both of which he carried by substantial pluralities.

West of the Cascades, also, Martin revealed surprising strength, carrying eight of the 17 counties in the first congressional district. In fact the strength of the democratic candidate was pretty evenly divided over the entire state. Completed election returns show that he received a plurality of approximately 21,400 votes. Of this total he came out of Multnomah county with 7,372 votes to the good, picking up 14,000 more in the out-state counties. Since slightly more than one-third of the total vote cast was in Multnomah county the plurality in and out of that county are almost in exactly direct proportions to the vote cast.

Martin carried a total of 23 counties, running second in ten and third in three. Zimmerman received pluralities in seven counties, all in western Oregon and was runner up in nine. Dunne carried only six counties but ran second in 18 others and trailed behind Zimmerman, runner-up, in eight counties.

The democratic landslide of November 6, in addition to electing a democratic governor for Oregon also swept the democrats into control of the house of representatives of the state legislature for the first time since 1878. Thirty-eight members of the party

of Jackson, Jefferson, Wilson, et al. will sit in the house next January and February, whereas only 22 republicans weathered the political storm that upset the C. O. P. applicant. Not only do the democrats dominate the situation in the house but they seem also to be in a very fair way to dictate the organization of the senate, what with some help from the progressive republicans of that body. With 13 votes in their own right, just three short of a constitutional majority, it is entirely probable that the democrats will be able to form a coalition with the left wing republicans to prevent at least the election of Harry Corbett to the senate presidency, as had been planned. If not actually elect one of their own number to that office.

Corbett, although unquestionably one of the most able members of the senate and a hands-down favorite for the senate presidency up until the recent upheaval, is admittedly of the ultra-conservative school.

The senate presidency, always a much coveted honor, is especially important at this time in the light of the New Deal sentiment of the voters of the state and the relation which this office holds to the gubernatorial succession. In view of the possibility that they may be able to dictate the senate organization the democrats herefore are already discussing possible candidates for the gavel-wielding job. Of the 13 democrats in the senate only six are veterans, and therefore, eligible to the job. These are W. H. Strayer, of Baker county; Ashby C. Dickson, of Multnomah; John Goss, of Coos; Walter S. Fisher, of Douglas; James H. Hazlett, of Hood River, and Henry L. Hess, of Union.

Of these Strayer, with 20 years of continuous service to his credit, is by far the most experienced and the logical choice for the democratic leadership but is said to be not overly eager for the responsibility. Dickson, on the other hand, is understood to be ambitious for the honor and the other four in a receptive mood.

In the house the democrats seem to have played a rather sorry trick on George Winslow of Tillamook, Lowell Paget of Multnomah and Earl Hill of Lane. Each of these republican veterans had the speakership "in the bag" and all sewed up ready for delivery to themselves in person on January 14, next. And then along came the democratic hordes to steal the bag, speakership and all. In fact Winslow and Paget were among the casualties in the recent battle of the ballots and will not even be in the legislature, much less serve as presiding officer, and the hopes of Hill, who was re-elected, were rudely shattered by the democratic victory.

Now that they have the speakership in their possession what will the democrats do with it? Already speculation is rife as to who will win the honor. While there are 38 democrats who would no doubt be willing to sit on the rostrum and run the show, custom decrees that the job shall go to a veteran of at least one previous session which narrows the choice down to seven on the democratic side of the house.

Only 26 of the 90 members of the 1935 legislature have had any previous law-making experience. The other 64, or more than two-thirds of the entire membership of the two branches, are novices at the business.

In the senate 18 former members will be back at their desks and of the 12 new senators three are former members of the house so that they will not be entirely new to the game. But in the house there will be 45 freshmen, entirely without any legislative experience. Only 15 of the 63 representatives, or one-fourth of the house membership, have had previous experience and of these 15 the experience of 11 is limited to a single session so that only four of the house members can be classed as veterans and these four are all republicans. But that little detail is not expected to deter the democrats in their determination to make the most of the opportunity that is offered them at last, after more than 50 years of waiting, to revamp the house organization according to their own ideas, from top to bottom.

### R. H. Lawhorn Thanks Voters for Their Support

I wish to thank the many friends and voters who so ably aided me in the recent election and I wish to extend my appreciation to John Carl, for the clean, fair and upright manner in which he opposed me. I want him and his supporters to feel that I am their representative the same as he has been ours for the past term. I am going into this office ignorant of a lot of the conditions and duties expected of me and I expect to make a lot of mistakes, but I hope to have a chance to make amends for them before I am censured too much. My greatest wish is that I shall be able to make good. Again I wish to thank all for their loyal support.

Yours for a fair and clean administration,  
R. H. Lawhorn,  
Commissioner-elect.  
Calling cards, 50 for \$1.00.

### J. P. Beyers Criticizes D. F. Thompson's Answer

TO THE PUBLIC:  
The election is over and everybody has had their say, and also has had the opportunity to cast a vote. We now have to abide by their decision.

There was some misstatements made in answer to my article that was published in part by the Coos Bay Times on Oct. 25 and by the Coquille Valley Sentinel in full on Oct. 26. I feel that it is my duty to inform the voters in Coos County at this time of the facts in regard to statements that have been made.

Two editors of weekly papers, namely the Western World, Bandon, and the Coos Bay Harbor, North Bend, refused to print my article. Both editors in an editorial took exception to my writing and publishing said article at that time. The Western World claimed it was published at the "11th" hour and the Harbor "at the last minute for anyone to make a reply properly."

The facts are this article was published 10 days, 240 hours, or 14,400 minutes before the day on which the election was held, and all newspapers in Coos County have been published since the above dates and before the election, so everyone had an opportunity to publicly answer or comment on said article.

Judge D. F. Thompson has taken it upon himself to answer said article in the Coos Bay Harbor and the Coos Bay Times.

In his article in the above papers he states that the charges are "ambiguous." In the first place no charges were made in said article, what was said was taken from the records of Coos County. If ambiguous, the Judge himself is the author, as he writes the orders of the County Court.

He also states, "The writer of this tirade claims that he issued his statement to inform the Public!" In this he is absolutely correct.

The definition of the word "tirade," is a long violent speech, especially of blame or abuse. If this word is properly applied to my article, again the Judge is the author as they are public records.

Referring to his paragraph about the Board of Equalization. There was no disagreement over any matters before the board. The board accepted my recommendations on all applications except one; that was the incomplete \$300,000 hotel building in Marshfield, which I had assessed at \$5000. The Board's other two members reduced it to \$1000. I took no exception to their decision.

He states, "Two weeks ago he, (referring to myself), had a definite break in the board and the 'tirade' is the result." The board completed its work on Sept. 12th and adjourned. That was over six weeks ago. There has been no meeting since that and there will not be, unless called by the State Tax Commission.

He also states, "The court feels that it had full authority for creation of Cash Emergency Funds." That is no doubt a very fine feeling to have a little cash. But he did not cite the section of the statute where such authority is granted.

In reference to his paragraph in regard to the sale of timber land containing 24,420 M. ft. of timber, in Sec. 34-26-10 and Sec. 20-26-9. He states in part as follows: "The Court felt that it was in the first place assessed many times in excess of its true value and that its location to water and rail transportation was not taken into account." If 3 1/2 cents per M., the price for which it sold, is a fair market value, it is assessed 10 times too high. To my knowledge no complaint has been made in the past 18 years about the assessed value of timber in Twp. 26-9 & 10. The U. S. Government owns 20 sections in Twp. 26-10. This timber could not be bought from the government at \$1.00 per M.; it is assessed at 36 cents.

The rates for assessment purposes were set and zoned by a committee of timbermen back in 1913; at that time the rate in that zone was set at 40 cents. In 1928, the rate was reduced to 36 cents. If the county had held that timber in reserve until operations reach it, it would no doubt be worth from \$30,000 to \$40,000; (the only carrying charge would be the Fire Patrol.) This would be 80 times more than the price received. Why not plan a little for the future and not be so selfish for the present.

He states that "very often assessment of timber continues after the logging was done." This always happens where the owner or operator fails to report the timber being cut. They are all requested and know they should report timber that has been cut.

Yours for a square deal for everybody. Sincerely,  
J. P. Beyers.

P. S. The following is a piece of poetry I received through the mail:

Dr. G. C. Stem, chiropractic physician, foot correctionist, electro therapist, 292 Moulton St., phone 863. 2211  
Watch for date and details of American Legion Turkey Keno.

### Flower Club Protests More Buildings in City Park

The following resolution was adopted by the Coquille Flower Lovers' Club at its meeting last week:

Whereas, the city park grounds in and around the Community Hall and "Set-a-Spell" building have for some time been showing neglect, and

Whereas a number of organizations have already spent a considerable sum of money for purchasing and planting shrubs and lawns which will soon be destroyed if football and other games are permitted in the lawn areas of that park, and

Whereas there seems to be a growing tendency on the part of various organizations to seek to appropriate certain sections of that public park for the private use of those organizations, and

Whereas it seems to be the predominant idea that it is the duty of the Coquille Flower Lovers' Club especially to "do something about it," therefore

Be It Hereby Resolved that the Coquille Flower Lovers' Club request the city council to take action on the following suggestions:

1. That, unless the city desires to see its myrtle grove a maze of unpainted shacks, no more buildings be permitted for club purposes;
2. That, unless the city can provide free separate club houses for all civic organizations, no organization with the exception of the Boy Scouts be permitted the use of club houses so located;
3. That a caretaker be permitted to use the "Set-a-Spell" building as a residence and be granted a small garden spot in the rear of that building in the space which during the past few years has been a weed patch and trash heap, in exchange for care of the lawns and shrubbery and spading of the beds, such tenancy to cease the moment the grounds become neglected.
4. That the Boy Scouts be permitted the use of cabin space in the park only as long as they keep the rear grounds of the park clean and free from trash.
5. That the city instruct its police to see that football and other games be prohibited on the lawn areas and near the shrubbery.

Be It Further Resolved that copies of these resolutions and requests be sent to the city council and to each of the Coquille papers with the request that all other civic-minded organizations take similar action.

Respectfully submitted,  
Coquille Flower Lovers' Club  
Geo. W. Taylor, Sr., Pres.  
Bonnie Dutton, Secy.

### Change in Hog Processing Tax Affects Farmers

An important change in the hog regulations under the Agricultural Adjustment Act, effective November 1, 1934, is announced by J. W. Maloney, Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of Oregon, which provides when hogs are slaughtered by hog producers and feeders, the processing tax will be paid by them only when they sell the products direct to consumers. In all other cases, the tax will be paid by the first person other than the hog producer or feeder who performs any operation in the receiving, handling or other distribution of the product. This means if any retailer, wholesaler, commission merchant, meat market, restaurant, hotel, club, hospital or other commercial establishment receives, buys or exchanges any dressed hogs or parts from a hog producer or feeder, the first domestic processing is held to be the initial act performed by such persons in handling or preparation for further distribution or use. Preparation for further distribution or use includes any operation connected with receiving, storing, cutting, rendering, etc.

This change affects only hogs slaughtered by farmers on and after November 1, 1934. Meat packing companies, slaughterhouses, custom killers and all other commercial establishments will continue to pay the processing tax as formerly on the live weight of hogs at the time of slaughter.

All commercial establishments will be required to maintain a record of all pork products handled by them to show whether they are subject to the tax or whether it has already been paid by some prior processor or distributor. Packers and others selling to jobbers, retailers, etc., are required to include in their invoices a statement certifying that the first domestic processing has been performed by them, or that they have received a certificate to this effect from some prior owner.

Residents of Oregon will spend approximately \$375,000 a month for hard liquor during the next two years, according to estimates of the liquor commission. The commission's budget calls for the expenditure of approximately \$275,000 a month for supplies, salaries, etc., and profits are expected to net \$100,000 a month.

Watch for date and details of American Legion Turkey Keno.

### Gov. Meier's Proclamation on Oregon Products Week

"Oregon Industries Week" sponsored by the Oregon Manufacturers Association, November 17 to 24, is strongly urged by Governor Meier as a tonic for poor industrial and employment conditions. A proclamation setting forth the week officially as Oregon Industries Week has been issued under date of November 13. The Governor urges general co-operation



Gov. Julius L. Meier

in the campaign to aid Oregon factories and to build payrolls in the state.

The proclamation reads: "Throughout my term as Governor and for many years before that as a private citizen, I have repeatedly stressed the importance of patronizing home industries and utilizing home products for the purpose of forwarding the prosperity of our state.

"We all know that every dollar spent for Oregon manufactured or Oregon grown commodities provides employment for our people, encourages agriculture, speeds industry, and means growth and progress for our commonwealth.

"Oregonians are urged by concerted action to make 'Oregon Industries Week' from November 17th to 24th an impressive object lesson to the whole state.

"Merchants can help by making attractive displays of Oregon products. The public can co-operate by resolving that, price and quality being equal, they will give preference to the products of our own fields, forests, and factories. Schools and civic organizations can well assist through educational programs and contests.

"Let us make 'Oregon Industries Week' a great success; then let us put our faith and enthusiasm for home industries into practice every day of the year."

Signed: Julius L. Meier, Governor.

### License Fees Now Accepted

Automobile owners in Oregon will receive reminders this week of the approach of another registration year, when more than 260,000 letters are released in the mails by P. J. Stadelman, Secretary of State.

Twelve-months licenses may be purchased for \$5.00 for private passenger cars to be registered for the year 1935, this rate being the lowest in many years and enjoyed by car owners for the second consecutive time. A continuation of the plan of registering motor vehicles on a calendar-year basis retains Oregon on a registration schedule similar with other states in the union.

"Those desiring to make application for plates for the new season at an early date may send in their remittances and their registration cards properly signed at any time and plates will be mailed from Salem to each the applicants on December 15, the first date on which 1935 licenses may be used," suggests Mr. Stadelman.

A drawing for low license numbers will be held on November 27, and all applications received at that time will be included. Special numbers will not be assigned in order to continue the expeditious handling of plates.

Watch for date and details of American Legion Turkey Keno.

**DO YOU SUFFER?**  
Stomach Ulcers  
Don't give up hope. Many hundreds of sufferers have found relief with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Why not you?  
FOR SALE AT  
Fuhrman's Pharmacy, Inc.  
Coquille, Oregon

**SAVE \$2.00 to \$5.00 a Year**  
Coleman  
Automatic ELECTRIC IRON  
The Coleman Automatic Iron saves \$2 to \$5 a year on electric current.

**NO WASTED CURRENT NO SCORCHED CLOTHES**  
Coleman Automatic Electric Iron  
When it reaches the temperature at which the thermostat is set, the current is automatically cut off. It "coasts" or "free wheels" on stored heat. 40% of the time it is in use it consumes no electricity. This saving on your electric bill goes on year after year as long as you use your Coleman! This same automatic action of the thermostat eliminates fire danger and scorching of clothes. Saves work... does more than the ironing.  
The Coleman is beautifully designed and finished in super-chrome-plum. Has long tapering point, button bevel and glass-smooth ironing surface.  
Come in and see this beautiful iron. Let us prove our statement about the money it saves you.

**J. A. LAMB CO.**  
Front St. Phone 2-L

**When Your Head Feels "Stuffy"**  
Apply Va-tro-nol... just a few drops. Va-tro-nol penetrates deep into the nasal passages, reduces swollen membranes, clears away clogging mucus, brings welcome relief.  
Two generous sizes... 30¢ and 50¢... USED IN THE HELPS PREVENT MANY COLDS

**IF YOUR BREATH HAS A SMELL YOU CAN'T FEEL WELL**  
When we eat too much, our food decays in our bowels. Our friends smell this decay coming out of our mouth and call it bad breath. We feel like a whipped tomato, don't use a mouthwash or take a laxative. Get at the cause. Take Carter's Little Liver Pills which gently start the flow of your bile juice. But if "something better" is offered you, don't buy it, for it may be a calomel (mercury) pill, which loosens teeth, gripes and scalds the rectum in many people. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills by name and get what you ask for—25¢. ©1934, C.M.C.O.

**Mothers Have Found Way To Keep Family's Colds Under Better Control**  
Millions of mothers are helping their families to greater freedom from colds—fewer colds, shorter colds, milder colds—by following Vicks VapoRub for Better Control of Colds.  
The helpfulness of Vicks VapoRub in reducing the number, duration and dangers of colds has been proved in thousands of clinical tests supervised by practicing physicians—as well as in every day use in millions of homes. The Plan provides proper care—and proper medication—for different types and stages of colds.  
To Help Avoid Many Colds—At the first sneeze or nasal irritation, apply the unique aid in preventing colds—Vicks VapoRub. Just a few drops up each nostril. Throat use of VapoRub helps to prevent many colds—and to throw off colds in their early stages. VapoRub now comes in two generous sizes, 30¢ and 50¢.  
To End a Cold Sooner—If a cold has already developed, apply Vicks VapoRub on throat and chest. It fights a cold direct—also sweeps it once. The combined effect of VapoRub's double direct action—by stimulation and inhalation—loosens phlegm—softens irritated membranes—eases difficult breathing—helps break congestion. Sure relief and with safety. No "dosing."  
Full details and proof of the effectiveness of Vicks Plan come in each Vicks package.