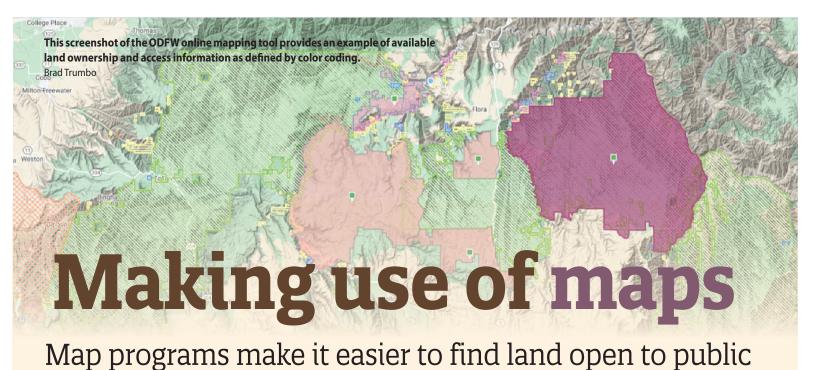
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The Observer & Baker City Herald



ith August upon us, the anticipation of chasing upland birds and big game burns like a white-hot fire in the hunter's soul. Bear season is open in Oregon. The Idaho

BRAD TRUMBO UPLAND PURSUITS

grouse season begins in late August, and archery deer season is open in

some states farther south. And while solitude is often a significant driver of the hunting populous, we find ourselves competing for space on public lands, seemingly more each year.

While an escape to the wilderness feels a little less wild with many of our neighbors on the landscape, there is a silver lining. The fact that we live in the western U.S. with more acreage and varying public agency ownership than the rest of the nation provides us ample opportunity to find room in the backcountry. Additionally, mapping tools, private lands access programs, and access to information about public lands continue to increase and improve each year.

The majority of land in Northeastern Oregon is either public land managed by the U.S. Forest Service or private with public access. Additional acreage managed by the state and Bureau of Land Management (BLM) makes up a smaller proportion, where BLM managed lands are more abundant through central and southeastern Oregon. The Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife's (ODFW) voluntary Public Access and Habitat Incentive Program uses grant funding from the Natural Resources Conservation Service and hunting license dollars to work with landowners willing to allow public access to their lands.

The combined public ownership and private access provides over 1 million acres for outdoor recreation in Northeastern Oregon, but understanding how to access private lands or the bounds of public lands can be unclear. Fortunately, it's simpler than ever to find access and know what you can do and where you stand in the outdoors.

An easy mapping tool provided by ODFW shows land

ownership and public access to private lands, and is available at www.oregonhuntingmap.com. This tool provides only boundaries for all public lands, but more detailed information is available for the "Travel Management Areas" that allow hunting. Historically, paper maps with boundary information were what folks relied upon as we ventured afield. Paper maps are still valid today; however, apps for smartphones now provide more detailed access and boundary data that can be viewed anywhere, anytime.

"On-X" was the first smartphone app to provide property ownership and boundary information and it pairs with the Global Positioning System (GPS) of the phone. Maps and data can be viewed anytime with mobile phone service, and maps can be downloaded for "offline" use with the GPS where no phone service is available.

I first tried On-X in 2016 and found it to be a game changer. I now have a subscription that provides land ownership information for the entire United States. This technology allows me to find public lands and access to private lands, and avoid trespassing on private or tribal lands closed to the public. I can scout new areas based on the property ownership and access data, satellite imagery, and topography that the app provides, coupled with other specific fish or wildlife related details like fishing reports on hunting units and seasons. Additionally, the app allows sportsmen and women to catalogue dozens of recre-



Brad Trumbo/Contributed Photo

Trumbo earned his 2020 public land mule deer buck by using mapping tools to find the right terrain and access.

ation features with waypoints and share them with friends, making it easy to scout and plan adventures, navigate new areas, find each other to help

On-X offers three different focal apps – Hunt, Offroad, and Backcountry. Each is

developed to cater to the enduser, such as wildlife management areas for the hunter, trails for offroad use, and routes and planning tools for backpacking.

On-X is not the only app that provides this level of mapping and land ownership capability. A summary of what Outdoor Life calls "the nine best hunting apps" is available at https://www.outdoorlife.com/tested-best-hunting-apps-for-hunters/. Most apps offer free use with a base map of satellite imagery or terrain, but only a few provide free parcel boundary data. Outdoor Life briefly explains what each app does and does not offer.

If you are an outdoor junkie looking for anything from backcountry solitude to urban fishing access, mapping resources can help you locate opportunities and respect neighboring closed private lands by knowing where you stand. Whether you seek blue grouse in the Eagle Caps or peacock bass in the Florida canal system, online and mobile phone mapping apps will enhance your outdoor experience and capability. Take advantage of them!

■ Brad Trumbo is a fish and wildlife biologist and outdoor writer in Waitsburg, Washington. For tips and tales of outdoor pursuits and conservation, visit www.bradtrumbo.



Jayson Jacoby/Baker City Herald The remains of a gold miner's cabin in Buck Gulch.



The Blues beckon, even when they're not beautiful

Relishing a shady hike beside the otherwise unremarkable Buck Gulch

Buck Gulch is not beautiful.
Not by the standards of
Northeastern Oregon, anyway.
This is a terribly unfair comparison, to be sure.

Competing against nearby natural marvels such as Wallowa Lake and the Elkhorn Mountains and Hells Canyon, Buck Gulch, a minor stream near Sumpter in far western Baker County, is destined to seem drab.

Buck Gulch was neither carved by

a great river nor sculpted by glaciers.
A narrow gulch, it yields no grand vistas.

And it's a placid little brook, particularly in summer.

No waterfalls.

Yet even though Buck Gulch almost certainly will never grace the cover of a calendar or the pages of a coffee table book, it is a pretty wonderful place.

Indeed, on one in the long spell of sullenly hot days that has marked the latter half of this summer, the gulch, with its long stretches of shade, seemed to me the ideal spot for a moderate hike.

And I was reminded, as so often happens while I'm rambling our corner of Oregon, that we're awfully fortunate to have so many wonderful places to explore.

I picked Buck Gulch for a couple reasons.

It's convenient, just 32 miles or so

from Baker City.

More importantly, with the temperature forecast to go above 90 on Sunday, Aug. 7, I knew, although I had never hiked the gulch, that it

would be at least partially shaded. The hardest part of the trip was finding the road.

Forest Road 7300-990 follows the gulch for most of its length, starting from near where the stream joins McCully Fork, a couple miles west of Sumpter.

I drove right past the road junction along the Sumpter-Granite highway, even though I had looked at a map before leaving and knew the road started just past McCully Fork campground.

When I knew I had gone too far up the grade toward Blue Springs Summit I turned around. My wife, Lisa, saw the turnoff.

It is, I must say, an inconspicuous intersection. The highway — it's also part of the Elkhorn Drive Scenic Byway, Forest Road 73 — is about 100 feet higher than the stream, and Road 990 plunges down a steep slope. Due to the terrain, the road sign isn't visible from the highway.

There's a pullout on the south side of the highway a couple hundred feet east of the junction, and I parked there.

Other than the first short section, the road has comparatively gentle grades as it follows Buck Gulch upstream. Just a tenth of a mile or so from the highway, a rivulet of frigid water flows across Road 990. It's fed by a spring beside the road.

