Woman tired of couple's constant, intrusive drama



DEAR ABBY: My husband has a "best friend" from childhood I'll call "Artie," but they have little in common anymore. Finding things to do with him and his wife is a struggle. We like to travel, so we always invite them along, but Artie says "no" to everything. His wife, "Ann," and I are pretty close.

The problem? We all spend a lot of time together (at our home) and they fight constantly! It doesn't matter where they are. the middle of the night needing a place to sleep. Their fighting has ruined more gatherings than I have fingers and toes to count. I feel like our life is consumed by their toxic relationship. My husband tells me I should just "ignore it." But he's not the one who has to tend to his friend's wife EVERY day. I don't know what to do. - EXHAUSTED **IN ALABAMA**

Ann shows up at our house in

DEAR EXHAUSTED: What you do is draw the line. Tell your husband the unrelenting warfare in his friend's marriage is more than you care to handle. Tell Ann the same thing, and that if she can't sleep under her own roof,

she'll have to find other accommodations than your house in the middle of the night. Urge her to get counseling and to contact the National Domestic Violence Hotline (1-800-799-7233) or a local domestic violence shelter if Artie is violent. As to socializing with them as a couple — on trips, yet (!) — explain to your husband that you have lost your appetite for it, and if he wants to see his childhood friend, he should do it without you.

DEAR ABBY: I've been married for six years. When I met my wife, we decided she'd move into my home with her teenaged boys. I told them upfront how important it is to me to keep a

clean home. When they come home from college, they leave a mess in the kitchen, and it drives me crazy. This has been going on since we married, and I'm ready to tell my wife they are not allowed back into my home.

I have reminded them many times about cleaning up after themselves, but their mess continues. I'm close to losing my temper over it. It angers me to see grown men in my home do this. It feels like they are blatantly disrespecting me. When I was away for a year, my wife constantly complained to me about their lack of cleanliness as well. Am I in the wrong? — TASKMASTER IN

CALIFORNIA

DEAR TASKMASTER: You are not wrong. Remind the "boys" — without exploding that you have asked them repeatedly not to leave the kitchen in a mess after they use it. Then tell them — without exploding that if it happens again, they will have to arrange for other accommodations when they visit.

It goes without saying that your wife should back you up on this. They should also ask their mother if there is anything else they can do to be helpful when they visit — like wash the towels they have used and make up the beds with fresh linens before they return to school.

US tracking of virus variants has improved after slow start

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON -After a slow start, the United States has improved its surveillance system for tracking new coronavirus variants such as omicron, boosting its capacity by tens of thousands of samples per week since early this year.

Viruses mutate constantly. To find and track new versions of the coronavirus, scientists analyze the genetic makeup of a portion of samples that test positive.

They're looking at the chemical letters of the virus's genetic code to find new worrisome mutants, such as omicron, and to follow the spread of known variants, such as delta.

It's a global effort, but until recently the U.S. was contributing very little. With uncoordinated and scattershot testing, the U.S. was sequencing fewer than 1% of positive specimens earlier this year. Now, it is running those tests on 5% to 10% of samples. That's more in line with what other nations have sequenced and shared with global disease trackers over the course of the pandemic.

'Genomic surveillance is strong," said Kelly Wroblewski, director of infectious diseases at the Association of Public Health Laboratories.

Contributing to the effort are nearly 70 state and local public health labs, which are sequencing 15,000 to 20,000 specimens each week. Other labs, including those run by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and its contractors. bring the total to 40,000 to 80,000 weekly.



James Robson, a biomedical engineering graduate student, holds a swab and specimen vial in the new COVID-19, on-campus testing lab,

Thursday, July 23, 2020, at Boston University in Boston. The United States has improved its surveillance system for tracking new coronavirus

probably already here and will be picked up by the surveillance system soon. But the question is, then what?

University of Wisconsin AIDS researcher David O'Connor noted: "We don't have the sorts of interstate travel restrictions that would make it possible to contain the virus in any one place."

Instead, genomic surveillance will tell officials if omicron is spreading unusually fast somewhere and whether more resources should be sent to those places, he said.

When omicron does surface, public health authorities will have to consider other variables in their triage efforts, such as the level of infection already present in that community and the vaccination rate. Serious outbreaks in highly vaccinated areas would be particularly concerning.

Still, the University of Minnesota's Beckman sees little upside in vastly ramping up sequencing.

"You don't need to sequence more than a few percent of positive cases to get a feel for how quickly it's growing," he said.

Unlike in some other countries, U.S. government officials haven't exercised the authority to force people to quarantine if they test positive for worrisome variants. Given that, sequencing is mainly a surveillance tool for tracking mutations

better track coronavirus mutations.

variants such as omicron, boosting its capacity by tens of thousands of samples since early 2021.

Still, about two dozen countries are sequencing a larger proportion of positive samples than the U.S., said Dr. William Moss of the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health. Omicron's emergence could "stimulate the United States to do this better." "I think we still have a

long way to go," Moss said. Some states are

consistent so we ensure there are no genomic surveillance deserts where we could miss the emergence of a variant," Febbo said.

Aiding the surveillance effort, standard PCR tests that use nasal swabs sent to laboratories can detect a sign that someone probably has the omicron variant. If a PCR test is positive for only two of the three target genes — a so-called S-dropout test result — it's a marker

always going to be lagged a bit and it's going to be more expensive. If you just rely on this S-dropout as identification then it's easier."

He said other variants also have sparked this quirk in PCR test results, but not the delta variant. With delta so dominant in the U.S. right now, an S-dropout result will get noticed, Bedford said. (Bedford receives funding from the Howard Hughes Medical Institute, which also supports The Associated Press Health and Science Department.) Dr. Anthony Fauci, the nation's top infectious disease expert, said it is "inevitable" that omicron will make its way into the United States. Many experts said it's

1,000 samples a week from states including Minnesota, Arkansas and South Dakota. A year ago, the lab did no sequencing.

Nine months ago, about

"We're in a much, much

12,000 samples each week

were being analyzed in this

better place than a year ago

or even six or nine months

ago," said Kenny Beckman

of the University of Min-

nesota, who credited fed-

eral dollars distributed to

public and private labs.

He directs the universi-

ty's genomics laboratory,

which now sequences about

way.

Relying on \$1.7 billion in President Joe Biden's coronavirus relief bill, the U.S. has been setting up a national network to

sequencing only about 1% of samples while others are in the range of 20%, noted Dr. Phil Febbo, chief medical officer for Illumina, a San Diego-based company that develops genomic sequencing technologies.

"We could be more systematic about it and more

for omicron even before the extra step of genetic sequencing to prove it.

"It's fortuitous," said Trevor Bedford, a biologist and genetics expert at Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center. "If you need to do sequencing to identify the variant you're

spread. "I think it's important to track variants, but I don't think it's practical to think that we're going to be able to sequence quickly and broadly enough to stop

a variant in its tracks,' Beckman said.

Forecasts and graphics provided

AccuWeather | Go to AccuWeather.com TONIGHT FRI SUN MON SAT Low clouds Times of clouds Brightening, Increasing Cloudy with rain and sun mild cloudiness possible Baker City 28 29 47 26 28 40 27 Comfort Index[™] 7 5 5 4 3 40 52 38 50 38 48 35 La Grande 35 Comfort Index[™] 7 5 3 Enterprise 32 37 37 36 52 38 Comfort Index™ 7 7 5 5 6

Comfort Index takes into account how the weather will feel based on a combination of factors. A rating of 10 feels very comfortable while a rating of 0 feels very uncomfortable

ALMANAC

TEMPERATURES	Baker City	La Grande	Elgin		
High Tuesday	42°	51°	49°		
Low Tuesday	21°	29°	33°		
PRECIPITATION (inches)					
Tuesday	0.00	Trace	0.12		
Month to date	0.66	1.58	3.53		
Normal month to dat	te 0.73	1.94	3.15		
Year to date	5.01	9.98	22.04		
Normal year to date	8.21	15.52	22.18		

AGRICULTURAL INFO. **HAY INFORMATION FRIDAY**

Lowest relative humidity	55%
Afternoon wind	S at 6 to 12 mph
Hours of sunshine	1.9
Evapotranspiration	0.04

RESERVOIR STORAGE (through midnight Wednesday)

Phillips Reservoir	N.A.
Unity Reservoir	15% of capacity
Owyhee Reservoir	14% of capacity
McKay Reservoir	11% of capacity
Wallowa Lake	10% of capacity
Thief Valley Reservoir	7% of capacity

STREAM FLOWS (through midnight Tuesday) Grande Ronde at Troy 1000 cfs

Thief Valley Reservoir near North Powder	0 cfs
Burnt River near Unity	16 cfs
Umatilla River near Gibbon	108 cfs
Minam River at Minam	141 cfs
Powder River near Richland	8 cfs

TUESDAY EXTREMES

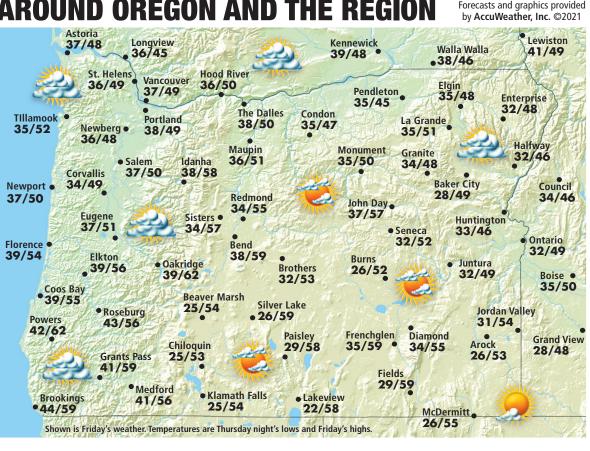
NATION (for the 48 contiguous states)			
High: 91°	Palm Springs, Calif.		
Low: 6°	Angel Fire, N.M.		
Wettest: 2.84"	Quillayute, Wash.		
OREGON			
High: 68°	Brookings		
Low: 18°	Lakeview		
Wettest: 0.12"	Astoria		

WEATHER HISTORY

The West was wintry, and the East was balmy on Dec. 2, 1982. Buffalo, N.Y. reached 66. Heavy snow fell in the West, from the central Rockies to the Upper Midwest

SUN & MOON

,			THU.	FRI.			
1	Sunrise	7	:13 a.m.	7:14 a.m.			
1	Sunset	4	:11 p.m.	4:10 p.m.			
1	Moonrise	5	:03 a.m.	6:27 a.m.			
1	Moonset	3	:08 p.m.	3:43 p.m.			
	MOON PHASES						
5	New	First	Full	Last			
			(SEL)				
;							
	Dec 3	Dec 10	Dec 18	Dec 26			



SAT.

Hi/Lo/W

51/40/c

50/40/

REGIONAL CITIES

	FRI.	SAT.		FRI.
City	Hi/Lo/W	Hi/Lo/W	City	Hi/Lo/W
Astoria	48/39/c	51/40/c	Lewiston	49/41/c
Bend	59/44/pc	55/37/c	Longview	45/38/c
Boise	50/35/pc	53/32/c	Meacham	47/38/c
Brookings	59/45/s	57/44/pc	Medford	56/39/pc
Burns	52/27/pc	55/23/pc	Newport	50/41/pc
Coos Bay	55/41/pc	57/42/c	Olympia	45/35/c
Corvallis	49/37/pc	52/36/c	Ontario	49/33/c
Council	46/32/pc	46/29/c	Pasco	48/37/c
Elgin	48/37/pc	51/40/pc	Pendleton	45/34/pc
Eugene	51/39/pc	53/37/c	Portland	49/38/pc
Hermiston	46/36/pc	49/39/c	Powers	62/42/pc
Hood River	50/33/pc	53/40/c	Redmond	55/40/c
Imnaha	54/45/c	54/41/c	Roseburg	56/40/c
John Day	57/43/pc	54/33/pc	Salem	50/39/pc
Joseph	49/38/c	50/34/pc	Spokane	42/35/c
Kennewick	48/39/c	53/39/c	The Dalles	50/37/pc
Klamath Falls	54/26/s	53/25/pc	Ukiah	51/35/pc
Lakeview	58/23/s	56/22/c	Walla Walla	46/38/c
Westhaw/W/) a supply na postly douby a douby at showing a thundowstown				

Weather(W): s-sunny, pc-partly cloudy, c-cloudy, sh-showers, t-thunderstorms, r-rain, sf-snow flurries, sn-snow, i-ice

RECREATION FORECAST FRIDAY ANTHONY LAKES PHILLIPS LAKE Clouds and sun Clouds and sun 37 40 31 31

50/40/C		1111		
50/38/c	MT. EMILY REC.		BROWNLEE RES.	
53/37/c	Clearing	MUL	Variable clouds	M
51/41/c	J 2	and the		24
46/35/c	42 40 🗳	1	51 35	2
50/30/c		.,,,	•••••	
55/36/c	EAGLE CAP WILD.	ALL	EMIGRANT ST. PAR	i K
47/40/pc	Inc. clouds	State -	Periods of sun	2 de
51/41/c	20 20 3		AA 20	700
62/41/c	38 28 🗳	711	44 32	
59/32/c	WALLOWA LAKE		MCKAY RESERVOIF	2
58/39/c	Decreasing clouds	MUL.	Some sun: cooler	44
53/39/c	J 🛛	- Car	Some sun, coolei	200
44/31/c	49 38 🗳		46 38	
53/38/c		2 3 33		
48/34/pc	THIEF VALLEY RES.	ALC:	RED BRIDGE ST. PA	
49/38/c	Inc. clouds	Str. We	Clouds and sun	22
r-rain		54		7