## Home Living



## Sampling regional styles for this favorite food

By DANIEL NEMAN

New York pizza isn't Chicago pizza, which isn't California pizza
Detroit pizza.
Detroit pizza.
Each region has its ow signature style, its own unique way of making believe they're all variations on the same theme. And none of the styles is precisely what you'd get in Italy, the ancestral home of pizza and a land full of its
own proud regional styles. own proud regional style York and Chicago and California and Detroit all swear that their method is the only true way to make real pizza. Pizza is crust, sauce and cheese, and in each style these essential elements are
as different as New York is from California, as Chicago is from Detroit - and all of them from St. Louis. As with most ethnic foods, pizza first made its way to this country through New York, so it is there that Idecided to begin a recent culinary journ
New York pizza is simple and unfussy; it is meant to be eaten on the go. It's often sold by the slice at take-out joints that sometimes don't even have chairs; you eat it while standing at a counter
after you've just stopped after you ve just stopped
in thing, oh, totally delicious. The crust of a New York pizza is thin and pliable. It is meant to be folded in half lengthwise before it is eaten, doubling your pizza pleasure with every bite. But
even though it is defiantly plain, the crust dough does benefit by rising at least one day in the refrigerator to allow its familiar flavor to fully develop.
The sauce,
The sauce, too, is simple and straightforward; it is merely crushed or pureed
tomatoes mixed with just a few other herbs (oregano) and spices (garlic) for a little extra flavor. The sauce is so easy to make that it doesn't even have to be cooked before it is used. The ingredients that require heat to release their flavor (oregano,
garlic) get enough from the brief cooking time in a very hot oven.
Chicago pizza is probably this country's next most famous variety, but only because it is so amazingly, spectacularly good.
There are actually two There are actually two
styles native to the Windy City, and the lesser known one is by far my favorite. Stuffed pizza begins with a buttery, thin, light crust on the bottom topped with gobs and gobs of melted cheese and your favorite topping (spinach is amazing), topped
by another thin crust - so it's like a pie - and then the whole thing is spread with a thin layer of oregano-heavy tomato sauce.
It is divine, and when I lived in Chicago, I ate it all the time. But I was young then, and these days I don't
need all those calories. No one needs all those calories. one needs all those calories.
So I made the more popular version of a Chicago pizza, deep dish pizza which isn't on anybody's diet plan, either.

The most significant par of a deep dish pizza is the crust, which bakes up thick as more bite und is chewi than the others. A layer of sliced mozzarella cheese goes on top of it to act as
buffer that keeps the sauce rom infiltrating that perfect
$\qquad$ Your choice of toppings goes next, and I tend to use a light hand with these. One popular Chicago pizzeria supposedly uses two pounds of sausage on their my way of thinking turns the dish into a sausage sand wich. I prefer the path of moderation, which allows the sauce, cheese and crust to blend with the toppings in harmony.
Like the New York pizza, is sample and deliciously is simple and deliciously
understated. You simply take a can of top-quality omatoes and crush them with your hands. Drain hem through a strainer so they lose their excess mois
ture (this step is crucial) fure (this step is crucial) arlic and oregano, along with salt and pepper. California pizza is harde o define. Invented or at east popularized by Wolfgang Puck and, yes, Caliornia Pizza Kitchen, it is characterized by a host of and airy crust, often without and airy
The most famous verions of California pizza re Puck's iconic pizza with creme fraiche, smoke almon and caviar, and the Kitchen on the map barKitchen on the map, I didn't want to mak those. I wanted to make my own, which at least highlights the flexibility of the alifornia pizza style. I kind of accidentally hose to go vegan, by car melizing onions with fennel and a hint of garlic nepper and added strips of it, adding lovely pops of flavor to the subtlety and the weetness of the onions and ennel. It was a delight: unexCalifornian. Meanwhile, Detroit izza is enjoying a cur rent moment in the pizza pantheon. The Motor City marvel is instantly recognizable by its rectangular hape, its crust that resem bles a thick slice of artisnal bread, its liberal use of The pizza's distinctive shape is directly related to is city of origin: the rectangular baking pans were originally created to serve s automotive drip pans o as tray
parts.
Detroit pizza is also notable for its cheese; it doesn't just use mozzarella, uses a mix of mozzarella and brick cheese. Brick cheese is a mild cheese, bu not as mild as mozzarella, thappily stumbled upon it an Italian grocery, but it can be hard to find; if you can't locate it, muenster or Monerey Jack will do.


Homemade pizza, New York style.
Hillary Levin/St. Louis Post-Dispatch-TNS


Hillary
style.
gular that it is the source of one of those raging, ongoing debates that can split a city Detroit pizza, Buddy's or Shield's?
I can categorically state that the answer is Shield's, based on precise scientific reasoning: It is the only one
I have been to.

NEW YORK PIZZA
Yield: 8 servings (4 small pizzas)
For the crust
21/4 cups water, room
$21 / 4$ cups water,
temperature
temperature
6 cups ( 796 grams) al
purpose or bread flour
1 teaspoon instant dry yeast
$21 / 2$ teaspoons salt 2 teaspoons granulated suga 1 tablespoon olive oil For the sauce (28-ounce) can tomato
puree or tomato 1/4 cup olive oil Handful of fresh basil, if available 1 to 2 teaspoons granulated sugar, optional $11 / 2$ teaspoons salt 1 teaspoon dried oregano $11 / 2$ teaspoons garlic powde 1 teaspoon onion powd flakes, optional $1 / 2$ teaspoon ground black pepper, optional 8 ounces shredded or sliced mozzarella cheese Note: For best results, make the dough 1 to 3 days

1. For the dough: Place water in mixing bowl. In a separate bowl. mixflour, yeast, salt and sugar. Add flour mixture to water and stir until all the flour has been incorporated. Add oil and knea until smooth, 4 to 5 minutes. 2. Divide dough into 4 equal and place into 4 greased bowls and place bags. Seal or tightly cover and refrigerate overnight or up to 72 hours.
2. When ready to use, remove dough from refrigerator and bring to room temperature, 1 hour or less. Meanwhile, place a pizza
stone or upside-down baking sheet on the middle rack of your oven and preheat to 550 degrees if possible, at least 1 hour. 4. For the sauce: While the dough warms and the oven heat combine tomato puree or sauce, olive oil, basil, sugar if using, salt, oregano, garlic powder, onion powder, and red pepper flakes and black peepper thick, add water a a little at a time.
3. Line a pizza peel or the back of a baking sheet with parchment paper or dust with flour. When
dough has warmed for 1 hour, place 1 ball (or 2, if they'll fit)
onto the prepared pizza peel and gently stretch each one into as large a circle as you can make it without tearing. If dough tears, simply pinch it closed. Top with sauce, cheese and your favorite toppings, if using. 6. Transfer pizza from peel to oven or slide parchment pape
onto baking sheet and cook for 4 to 6 minutes until browned on top and cheese has melted but not burned.
Per serving: 570 calories; 17 g fat; 5 g saturated fat; no cholesterol; 20 g protein; 85 g carbohy
drate 7 g sugar: 5 g fber 1373 drate; 7 g sugar; 5 g fiber; 1,73 mg sodum, becipe by feedingfoodis com

CHICAGO DEEP-DISH PIZZA
lice) serving 1 (28-ounce) can top-quality whole tomatoes, such as from San Marzano, Italy 1 teaspoon granulated suga packet ( $21 / 4$ teasp
active dry yeast 18 ounces all-purpose flou (about $31 / 2$ cups) $21 / 2$ teaspoons salt, divided 1/8 teaspoon cream of tartar 1/2 cup plus 1 tablespoon corn oil, plus additiona for oiling the bowl 12 ounces deli-sliced partskim mozzarella Your choice of topping $3 / 4$ teaspoon dried oregan $1 / 2$ teaspoon garlic powder $1 / 4$ teaspoon pepper Grated Parmesan cheese, for topping and garnish Cruset a strainer above a bowl. Crush the tomatoes by hand and the juice in the can. Allow to drain at least 45 minutes Position an oven rakin the middle of the oven and preheat to 450 degrees. Meanwhile, make the dough for the crust.
2. Mix sugar, yeast and 11 ounces room temperature water
(about 80 degrees in labout 80 degrees) in a bowl and let bloom for 15 minutes. Comand cream of tartar in the bowl and cream of tartar in the bow of sloomed, add to dry ingredients along with corn oil. Gently combine with a rubber spatula until a rough ball is formed.
3. Knead on low speed with the dough hook for 90 seconds Transer to a lighty oiled bow coverwith plastic wrap and let
rise about 6 hours. Punch down and let dough settle for 15 mor minutes.
${ }^{12}$-inch cake pan, Chicago-style izza pan or cast-iron skillet with melted butter. Using your hands, of the dough across the bottom and up the sides of the pan (save the remainder for another use). The dough will probably slide down the sides, but keep trying. 5. Cover entire bottom in
mozzarella, all the way up to the oza. Add whatever toppings you edge. Add whatever
choose. 6. In ab crushed tomatoes with oregano garlic powder, the remaining $1 / 2$ teaspoon salt and pepper. Spread omatoes across top of pizza to he edge. Sprinkle evenly with grated Parmesan. 7. Bake, rotating halfway
 or about 5 minutes, then either ently lift pizza out of pan or just cut your slice out of the pan like apie.
Per serving: 1,021 calories; 50 fat; 16 g saturated fat; 64 mg holesterol; 35 g protein; $; 108 \mathrm{~g}$ $1,813 \mathrm{mg}$ sodium; 670 mg calcium - Adapted from a recipe by Jeff Mauro, via the Food Network

CALIFORNIA
PIZZA
vield: 6 servings (2 pizzas)
1 cup plus 1 tablespoon (150 grams) oo flour or all-purpose flour, see note cup plus 1 tablespoon and 2 teaspoons (150 gram all-purpose flou $1 / 4$ teaspoons fine salt, divided teaspoon plus 1 thy yeast olive oil, divided large red pepper, or roasted red pepper from a jar 1 tablespoon butter 1 large onion, sliced thin large fennel bulb, sliced thin clove garlic, minced sprigs fresh thyme or pinch dried Iote: Italian 00 flour is ground fine than all-purpose flour,

