

Grants Pass Daily Courier

ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE

UNITED PRESS SERVICE

VOL. XI, No. 72.

GRANTS PASS, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON, MONDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1920

WHOLE NUMBER 3149

U. S. SHIPPING REACHES HIGH TONNAGE MARK

COUNTRY WILL HAVE AS MUCH AS ALL NATIONS COMBINED EXCEPT ENGLAND

BENSON GIVES OUT REPORT

Chairman of Shipping Board Optimistic Over Outlook for Future 41 Lines are Established

Washington, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—With completion of the government shipbuilding program by 1922, the United States probably will have as much ocean going tonnage as all the other countries combined, with the exception of Great Britain. Chairman Benson of the shipping board declared in his annual report made public today.

At the end of the last fiscal year, the chairman said, American ships, government and private owned, numbered 3,404, of 16,918,212 dead weight tons, not including more than 2,000,000 tons of shipping on the Great Lakes. The net program of government owned ships, Admiral Benson said, contemplated 2,315 vessels of 13,675,711 dead weight tons and at the end of the last fiscal year, 2,070 ships aggregating 11,622,361 dead weight tons, had been completed.

During the year 1,180 finished ships of 6,379,823 deadweight tons were delivered, exceeding all records. They were built without overtime or other aids to rapid production, Admiral Benson said.

"The shipyard workers of the United States have developed an expertness which has raised the efficiency of the various crafts to a high plane and production has kept pace accordingly," Admiral Benson said. The industry has expanded 50,000 skilled mechanics to a force of 385,000 men available to the private ship yards, he added.

"The credit for the accomplishment of the aims of the Emergency Fleet Corporation is therefore due to these men who have surpassed all previous performances in the ship building of the world," he said.

American vessels are now sailing in 229 separate services. They carried 44.8 per cent of the nation's foreign commerce last year as compared with 9.7 per cent before the war, the report said.

The government fleet in operation June 30 consisted of 1,294 steel vessels plying to all quarters of the globe, including 508 to Northern Europe and 126 to Southern Europe. In the Trans-Pacific service there were 163 vessels and in the South American, 135.

Forty-one direct service lines have been established to South and Central America from nine ports on the Atlantic coast, four on the Gulf and one on the Pacific coast, the report said.

IMMIGRATION BILL IS PASSED IN HOUSE

Washington, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—The Johnson Immigration bill as amended to prohibit all immigration for one year was passed by the house and now goes to the Senate where its defeat is predicted by Senate leaders.

Washington, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—An embargo for one year against the importation of wheat, wheat flour, barley, rye, oats, wool, hogs, cattle, and sheep was proposed in a bill introduced by Representative Young, Republican. He also introduced a bill establishing a permanent schedule of import duties upon these items after the one year embargo.

Mrs. Nora Murphy is spending the day in Medford visiting with friends, leaving for that city this morning.

LORD WEDS STAGE STAR



Recent photograph of Lord Robert Innes-Ker, who has married Jose Collins, an English musical comedy star. Both of them are well known in the United States.

DANZIG CONTROL GIVEN APPROVAL

Military Commission Would Pass Control of Port to Ireland—Plan for Court is Adopted

Geneva, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—Military control of Danzig by Poland has been recommended to the council of the League of Nations in a report from the military commission. United States Senator Medill McCormick watched the proceedings of the assembly today from the press gallery.

Geneva, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—A plan for an international court, submitted to the assembly of the League of Nations by the committee considering the subject was unanimously adopted today. The Hague, Holland and Jugo-Slavia have broken off diplomatic relations.

PANAMA RESTAURANT ROBBED LAST NIGHT

Grants Pass came in for its share of the crime wave which appears to be sweeping the country, last night when an unknown robber entered the Panama restaurant about 8:30 o'clock. He secured about \$52.50 and made his get-away without being molested. The officers were notified but the thief had made a clean escape.

There was no one in the front part of the building where the cash register was located, the waitress at the time being in the kitchen. She saw the man enter but before she could give the alarm he had gone. He wore a blue handkerchief over his eyes and wore a dark suit. It was impossible to secure a more detailed description. He left the door open and the register is so located that he was able to take out the money without going behind the desk. After he had secured the money he inserted a stick which he carried, between the handles on the doors and made it impossible for anyone on the inside to get out. This gave him ample time to get around the corner into the darkness.

Several persons report seeing the robbery but thought nothing of the matter at the time. No clues were left for the police to work on, although some believe the work was done by local talent. It is possible that one of the many transients who pass through the city was responsible. The opinion is freely expressed by many people of the city that this is only the beginning of a series of crimes. Precautions should be taken as many men are out of work and are drifting through the city and will take advantage of any opportunity they find. The cleaning out of San Francisco may also send many criminals into other parts of the country.

FIRE RAZES CORK AND FIGHTING BREAKS OUT

Rebellion Spreads to Many Parts of Ireland—Sinn Feiners and Police Engage in Heated Battles—Military Repulses all Attacks—Ambushes Reported

London, Dec. 13—(U. P.)—The fiercest fighting since the Easter rebellion of 1916 is raging in many parts of Ireland. Attacks on British soldiers begun while the heart of Cork still flamed in incendiary fire.

The soldiers and police, according to dispatches, were more than holding their own. A pitched battle between Sinn Feiners and Scottish Highlanders occurred near Cloyne after the Irish had ambushed troops, the Irish office announced. One Sinn Feiner was killed. Several more were seriously wounded.

Dublin, Dec. 13—(U. P.)—The military barracks at Ballinalee were attacked by the Sinn Feiners. One policeman was killed, and three were severely wounded in a five hour fight during which one wall of the building was blown in.

The police succeeded in holding the structure. The police barracks at Canlough were fiercely attacked last night and several were reported to have been killed.

London, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—British regular troops guarded today the twisted, blackened ruins left after fires, which Saturday night and Sunday swept virtually unchecked thru the city of Cork, Ireland. Estimates of the loss run as high \$15,000,000. St. Patrick's street, the shopping

center, the city hall and the Carnegie library, on the bank of the river Lee were burned. The corn exchange was partly destroyed. Dispatches say that Cork is quiet. Orders were given soldiers to shoot looters on sight.

More than 300 buildings are said to have been destroyed by fires yesterday. Most of the fires were extinguished.

A military patrol was ambushed at Cloyne, seven miles from Queens-town, yesterday. The attackers threw bombs from two houses, but were defeated. The attackers which the bombs were thrown were burned.

Dublin, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—The central portion of the city of Cork has been burned to the ground and other portions of the city are ablaze. The conflagration followed an ambush of a military lorry at Pillons Cross Saturday night, in which four persons were killed and many were wounded. Three civilians were taken from their homes and shot dead after the ambush. The fires were then started. There were bomb explosions and firing also was heard. The populace is panic stricken. Municipal buildings, the Carnegie library and the corn exchange covering a large area have been consumed.

HEIFER BREAKS RECORD FOR BUTTERFAT PRODUCTION

Fargo, N. D., Dec. 11—(U. P.)—The "Miracle Cow" has been discovered. She is Salome's Carnation, a purebred Jersey owned by William Page of Hamilton, N. D. She has shattered the high North Dakota record for butterfat production in the two-year-old heifer class. The previous record was 376.16 pounds of fat produced in one year. The new record hung up by Salome's Carnation is for 281 days, or less than nine months. In that time she has produced 401.05 pounds of fat. Salome's Carnation is not getting any more care or feed than any of the other cows in the herd.

Marion, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—President elect Harding conferred with Elihu Root regarding the association of nations, today.

OLD CHANNEL MINE IS AGAIN IN OPERATION

The Old Channel mine at Galice is again in full operation after a number of years of idleness, according to J. R. Harvey, who is in the city for a few days. A force of 17 men has been put to work and with all the water needed to keep the mine going this winter, a good cleanup is expected. Colin McIntosh, of San Francisco, who held a lease on the property has sold his interest to Edgar F. Wallace, a mining man of San Francisco, and S. A. Holman, general manager and president of the Balakalala mine at Coram. Col. V. B. Allen, who was manager of the largest gravel mine in the United States, the North Bloomfield, of California, is consulting engineer.

Work for next year is to be undertaken on a larger scale than this year, Mr. Harvey states. There is plenty of water in the ditches to insure a steady run for the winter. There is now four feet of snow on Pea Vine mountain from which the mine draws its supply of water for hydraulic work. Mr. Harvey will return to the property tomorrow.

James Smith spent Saturday transacting business in Medford and Jacksonville.

HE SUCCEEDS COOLIDGE



Lieut. Gov. Channing Cox of Massachusetts, who has been elected governor to succeed Vice President-elect Coolidge, is here shown sledding with his little daughter. He is a Republican.

WAGES IN COTTON MILLS REDUCED

President of Workers Announces That the Reductions Will be Fought by Employees

Lawrence, Mass., Dec. 13—(A. P.)—The Pacific mills and the Arlington mills, making cotton cloths, announced a wage cut of approximately 22 1/2 per cent, affecting 16,000 workers, effective December 20. No word on a wage reduction came from the American Woolen Company.

New York, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—Reports from mill centers indicate that wage reductions will be resisted, John Golden, president of the United Textile Workers of America, said.

New Bedford, Mass., Dec. 13—(A. P.)—A wage reduction affecting 40,000 in the cotton mills here is effective on Monday, it has been announced.

FARM BOYS MAKING SUCCESS TEACHING

Urbana, Ill., Dec. 11—(A. P.)—The newest set of agricultural teachers—those who have come to the farm boys at their work in the open country—are making a great success, according to A. W. Nolan, assistant professor of agricultural extension at the University of Illinois.

"Since the passage of the Smith-Hughes vocational education act in 1917, teachers of agriculture are now at work in all the states of the Union," professor Nolan said. "The teachers are employed for 12 months in the year. They are paid partly from local funds and partly from federal funds granted by the vocational act.

"Under the provisions of this law, all students enrolling in vocational agriculture, with teachers thus employed, must carry on for six months of the year, as a required part of their course, a farm project under the supervision of the teacher.

"A teacher of agriculture literally lives with his boys during the summer months, directing their work, study and business in connection with their farm projects. The boys in these classes are usually organized into vocational clubs under which auspices trips are taken to sales, fairs, universities, agricultural exhibits, and good farms. All of this reacts to the moral and social, as well as the vocational and agricultural education of the boys.

FIVE PERSONS KILLED IN ATLAS POWDER EXPLOSION

Dover, N. J., Dec. 13—(A. P.)—Five persons were reported killed, and several injured in an explosion in the Atlas Powder company's plant at Lake Monastcong.

MORE VESSELS ARE APPROVED IN NAVAL PLAN

CONSTRUCTION OF 88 WARSHIPS IS ADVOCATED BY SECRETARY OF NAVY

PACIFIC FACILITIES ARE NEEDED

Naval Head Recognizes Necessity for Adequate Shore Establishment: Wants Base in Hawaii

Washington, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—Approval of another three year naval building program, involving the construction of 88 vessels, if the United States does not enter the league of nations or a similar world organization, is given by Secretary Daniels in his annual report today to President Wilson.

"If the United States is not to enter into any agreement with the other powers of the earth, which are now bound together in the league of nations," says the naval secretary, "I feel compelled to approve the recommendation of the general board that congress authorize another three year program to be begun as soon as the capital ships now under construction are launched."

The three year program recommended by the general board to be under way by 1924 includes the construction of three battleships, one battle cruiser, 3 light cruisers, eight gunboats, 18 destroyer leaders, 12 mine laying submarines, 6 cruiser submarines, 4 airplane carriers, 3 destroyer tenders and 3 submarine tenders.

"If the United States takes its stand with other countries in an organization to prevent war and promote peace," Mr. Daniels says, "our present navy, with the addition of some special types, will be adequate for our defense and the prevention of aggression."

No specific recommendations for appropriations for new construction during the next fiscal year are included in the secretary's report, but his estimate of the cost of maintaining the naval establishment for the coming year is \$679,515,731 exclusive of any sums congress may add for new building. This is \$240,000,000 more than was appropriated for the present fiscal year, but Mr. Daniels says the sum "is not really an increase," but is "necessary to carry on the construction of ships already authorized and the completion of shore establishments already begun by direction of congress."

The most pressing problem confronting the nation with regard to the national defense, the naval secretary continues, is the immediate necessity for increasing the naval shore establishment facilities on the Pacific coast.

"The day will never come," Mr. Daniels says, "when a powerful fleet will not be based in the Pacific and it is essential that ample provision be made not only for the Pacific fleet, but for the whole American fleet in its stated periods of tactical exercises on the west coast.

Among the new Pacific coast projects now under consideration for which congress has been or will be asked to provide funds are a deep-water docking and repair base, a submarine base and other developments at San Francisco; an aviation base at Sand Point, King county, Washington; a submarine, destroyer and aviation base at Port Angeles, Washington; a submarine base at

(Continued on Page 2)

WILSON APPEALS FOR FUNDS TO AID EUROPE

Washington, Dec. 13—(A. P.)—President Wilson appealed to the American people to contribute funds for the relief of 3,500,000 children in central Europe who are described as facing starvation.