

"IT'S THE CLIMATE :: WE'RE TELLING THE WORLD :: COME AND ENJOY IT"

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IMMIGRATION REGULATIONS TO TIGHTEN UP

CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE PROBES METHODS AT ELLIS ISLAND

TO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS

Will Make It More Difficult for Reds and Radicals From Foreign Countries to Land in United States

New York, Dec. 16.—Some of the defects of Ellis Island and seven recommendations which the congressional committee will make to the house for a "tightening up" of immigration regulations throughout the United States, particularly as they apply to anarchists, bolsheviks and other ultra radicals, were indicated here today by officials of the United States Immigration Station and by Representative Isaac Siegel, a member of the committee which has been investigating this port of entry.

These recommendations, according to Mr. Siegel, will include (1) Naturalization courts in large cities; (2) a method of requiring all young Americans to take the oath of allegiance upon reaching 21 years; (3) abolition of the office of commissioner general of immigration; (4) appointment of an assistant secretary of the department of labor to supervise all immigration affairs; (5) mandatory legislation providing for more rigid inspection at Ellis Island where 80 per cent of incoming aliens arrive; (6) a military immigration patrol on the Canadian and Mexican borders; (7) more drastic penalty for ship owners who permit alien members of crews to desert.

"You can't tell a red by looking at him," declared one of the Ellis Island officials. "You can't catch a red by cross-examining him. They are far too wily and shrewd. It is only after they have been in the country for a sufficient length of time that you discover their pernicious beliefs and when you do no time should be lost in deporting them. No examination, prior to entry, can give the protection intended

(Continued on page 2.)

HIGH WAGES ATTRACT LABOR TO AMERICAS

Madrid, Dec. 16.—Large numbers of agricultural workers from all parts of Spain are awaiting at Ferrol and other ports for transportation to America, both North and South. This is one of the results of the new social conditions brought about in Spain by the war, and increased wages.

For years the Spanish farmer had paid his help about three pesetas (normally 60 cents) daily during the harvest. As this was about sufficient for the employe to subsist upon, the farmer also allowed his men and women sufficient to buy food during the winter. This amount was decided by the farmer himself and varied in proportion to the generosity of the giver.

Last year the farm hands, like almost every other class of labor in Spain, organized a union with the result that wages during the harvest increased from the century-old three pesetas daily to from 5 to 25 pesetas daily. Therefore when the winter came on and there was no work, the farmer, instead of following the old convention of handing out doles to his employes, told them as they were now earning good wages they should save sufficient to keep themselves during the winter.

Those who had saved or at least a proportion of them, decided to move to some country where money could be earned the year around.

HAYS SAYS NATION HOPE IS IN G.O.P.

Republican Head States That Country Is As Unprepared for Peace As It Was for War

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 16.—Maintaining that the nation is as unprepared for peace as it was for war, National Chairman Will H. Hays, addressing the republican state central committee here today, declared it has become apparent that the republican party is the country's only salvation. The strictest individual economy consistent with proper development of present day needs was urged by Hays.

MAYOR'S SECRETARY APPOINTED 45 TIMES

London, Dec. 16.—Lord mayors of London come and go at the rate of one a year, but the lord mayor's private secretary, Sir William Jameson Soulsby, remains a fixture. He was first appointed to that office in 1875 and he has just been reappointed for the 45th time.

He is the one indispensable man on the lord mayor's staff. He knows just how everything should be done "according to precedent." And to follow that precedent in all things without a hair breadth's deviation is the chief duty of the lord mayor. It is Soulsby who tells him how to do it so as to avoid introducing an innovation which would be regarded as a blunder worse than a crime. For, be it known, the code of etiquette by which the official conduct of the lord mayor is regulated is more rigid than that which obtains at Buckingham Palace. Each successive lord mayor after his inauguration puts himself unreservedly in Soulsby's hands and the secretary sees him through. He is the power behind the throne, the man who pulls the strings on ceremonial occasions.

Foreign potentates who have been entertained by Lord Mayors from time to time have recognized Soulsby's capacity for running things smoothly. In consequence, besides being an English knight, he is a knight of more foreign orders, it is said, than he can count on both hands.

The lord mayor that has to get along without him will have a trying time of it. But it is reported that somebody is carefully understudying the secretary so as to be able to passably fill the gap that must occur some time, for Soulsby is 68 years old.

DISCUSS PAYMENT FOR DESTROYED WARSHIPS

Paris, Dec. 6.—Allied and German experts met here today to discuss the mode of reparation to be followed by Germany in payment for the sinking of the German warships at Scapa Flow. The new German delegation arrived at Paris this morning for this purpose.

PORTLAND THREATENED WITH A SILVER THAW

Portland, Ore., Dec. 16.—Light rain began falling at noon, later turning into sleet. Unless the weather should continue to get warmer, a silver thaw is feared.

1300 BRITISH TROOPS KILLED BY PERSIANS

London, Dec. 16.—Thirteen hundred British troops in Persia have been wiped out by a hostile population, it was claimed in a Moscow dispatch reaching here today.

CONGRESS FOR DEPORTATION OF RADICALS

BILL INTRODUCED BY HOUSE IMMIGRATION COMMITTEE HITS AT I. W. W. I. S. M.

WOULD SEND AGITATORS HOME

Membership in Radical Organization Will Be a Deportable Offense When Measure Passes

Washington, Dec. 16.—A bill defining radicalism and designed primarily, Chairman Johnson said, to force the department of labor to arrest and deport all alien members of the Industrial Workers of the World and kindred organizations, was reported to the house by the immigration committee today.

Under the bill any alien who is a member or who contributes to, loans money to, or is affiliated with any organization preaching or advocating or forwarding teaching of sabotage, overthrow of organized government, the killing of, or assault upon, any government official, or unlawful damage or destruction to property, would be liable to arrest and deportation. No overt act must be proved in order to bring about deportation. The bill provides that membership and affiliation with a radical organization is a deportable offense.

LIQUOR DEALERS STILL MAKE FIGHT FOR LIFE

Washington, Dec. 16.—Permission to institute original proceedings to have the national prohibition amendment declared unconstitutional and New Jersey and federal authorities enjoined from enforcing it, was asked of the supreme court today by the retail liquor dealers association of New Jersey.

AERIAL FOREST PATROL IS OPPOSED BY U. S. SECRETARY OF WAR BAKER

Washington, Dec. 16.—Secretary of War Baker and members of congress are being urged to adopt the recommendations of Colonel H. H. Arnold, director of the air service training and operations group of San Francisco, that five squadrons, consisting of 90 airplanes, be detailed for fire patrol work in the Northwestern states.

Resolutions to this effect have been received here from the Western Forestry and Conservation association, with headquarters at Portland. It is explained that more than half the standing merchantable timber in the United States is located in the five Northwestern states, and much of this is in the national forests.

Owing to the attitude of Secretary Baker on the policy of the army air service, it is believed that he will not consent to the Arnold recommendations being carried out by that officer, who wanted to make the forest patrol service a part of the regular training course. Secretary Baker holds that the military arm shall be used solely for the development of military flying and shall completely under the control of the war department.

There is another school of thought, both in the army and in congress, which insists that a separate governmental department should be created to have supervision and control over all aeronautics, similar to the unified air services that have been

SOVIET ARMY TAKES 5,000 PRISONERS

FIVE GENERAL OFFICERS AND MANY GUNS ARE INCLUDED IN THE CAPTURES MADE

NOVO NIKOLAEVSK HAS FALLEN

Bolsheviki Victory Is Reported by Wireless Communication Received at London Today

London, Eng., Dec. 16.—The bolsheviki captured Novo Nikolaevsk, on the Trans-Siberian railroad, December 15th, according to a soviet communique received by the wireless today. The statement said that over 5,000 prisoners, including several Kolchak generals, with many guns were captured by the soviet troops.

SEARCH AMERICAN SHIPS FOR MUNITIONS OF WAR

Dublin, Dec. 16.—The Dublin papers report that the American ships Fontana and Franconia, and other American ships have been searched by detectives. The quarters of the crew were visited, and seamen questioned with a view to ascertaining whether they had any arms or ammunition. In no case were any arms found.

CONTROL OF SUGAR TO CONTINUE DURING 1920

Washington, Dec. 16.—After approval of the amendment which would retain in force the provisions of the food control law giving the president authority to control prices and regulate the movement of sugar, the house agriculture committee today ordered a favorable report on the senate bill continuing the United States sugar equalization board through 1920.

established in England, France and Italy. Secretary Baker opposes this plan, although it is recommended by Assistant Secretary Crowell and by General Mitchell, chief of air service in the army.

If there were a unified air service having general supervision over military, naval and civil aeronautics, it would only be necessary for the chief of the bureau of forestry to ask the department of aeronautics for a sufficient number of airplanes, with pilots and observers to patrol the forests, and the director of air service could detail the machines to any branch of the government service.

Another difficulty that is being encountered by those who are asking for this additional protection against forest fires, is that it is necessary also to establish radio stations throughout the forest regions and also landing fields and relief stations for airplanes.

PAN MOTOR HEAD 10 YEARS IN JAIL

Federal Judge Pronounces Heavy Sentence Against Man Convicted of Using Mails to Defraud

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 16.—Federal Judge Landis today sentenced Samuel C. Pandolfo, organizer and the head of the Pan Motor Co., convicted of using the mails to defraud, to ten years in the federal penitentiary, and fined him \$4,000. Pandolfo's attorneys gave notice of appeal.

Munich, Dec. 16.—Indication of an increasing inclination to work on the part of the Bavarian wage earners is seen in the resolve by the Christian Trade Unions yesterday to refuse to rest on Saturday and also on revolution day.

NO FAT JOBS IN FRANCE FOR AMERICAN SOLDIERS

Washington, Dec. 16.—For a month past, the office of the assistant to the secretary of war, in charge of soldier re-employment, has been receiving many letters from ex-service men all over the country, inquiring about reconstruction jobs in France at large wages. In some way or other the report has been spread widely that there are unlimited opportunities of this character, which is very far from the truth.

In a bulletin issued today, Lieutenant Colonel Mathew C. Smith, executive head of the Washington bureau says:

"Firms which have reconstruction contracts for France have been circularized by this office, and they state that they are not employing any labor there as yet. The supervising heads for such projected reconstruction are technical men already connected with their office personnel.

"There are very few jobs of any kind for American soldiers in France at this time, and the statement that contractors are now offering good pay to all ex-service men who will sign up is without foundation. The report that the French government wishes to hire former soldiers from the United States is also incorrect."

"The number of discharged enlisted men seeking information about jobs in France clearly shows that the ex-doughboy, now that he has been home for a little while, seems quite willing to take another trip overseas. However, his best opportunities are in America.

GERMAN POTASH TO FERTILIZE U. S. LANDS

Berlin, Dec. 6.—American buyers are reported to be negotiating with the German potash syndicate for a supply of German potash. The Kreuz Gazette says that the progress so far made indicates that Germany soon will deliver a large quantity of the fertilizer to the United States.

COMMITTEE IS AGAINST REPEAL OF BOOZE LAW

Washington, Dec. 16.—An unfavorable report on the bill to repeal the war-time prohibition law was ordered by the house agriculture committee by a vote of 16 to 3 today.

ONLY ONE MINE UNION MAN IS TO BE TRIED

CONTEMPT CHARGES AGAINST ALL OTHER OFFICIALS ARE POSTPONED INDEFINITELY

ONE TO APPEAR NEXT MONDAY

President of the Kansas District Must Answer, While Others Escape on Charges Filed Recently

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 16.—Hearings on the contempt of court charges against the international and district officials of the united mine workers association, except in the case of Alexander Howat, president, of the Kansas district, were postponed indefinitely when called in the United States court today. Howat was ordered to appear Monday.

"PROFITTEERING" IN MAKING ENGLISH TREASURY NOTES

Oxford, Eng., Dec. 16.—The first complaint to the profiteering committee of this town came from Dr. Edwin Cannan who asked for the prosecution of the chancellor of the exchequer on the ground that a treasury note which "costs less than one penny to produce is being sold in this town at one pound."

MINERS STRIKE BECAUSE R. R. CARS WERE COLD

Monmouthshire, Wales, Dec. 16.—Because the train in which they were to travel to work on a bitterly cold morning was not heated, 400 miners went on strike here and returned to their homes as a protest against the railway company.

PATRONS GET CREDIT ON TELEPHONE CHARGE

Having something of the influence of a Christmas present, patrons have been receiving bills for telephone service for the month with credits for overpayment for the months since August 1st. This rebate, or credit, follows the order of the public service commission which has instructed the telephone company to put into force the rates that were effective previous to the Burleson order which permitted the increase.

That the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph company does not intend to rest content with the order of the commission reestablishing the old rates is made evident in a statement which they sent to patrons with the current bill and credit notice. This statement reads as follows:

"Without criticism of the order of the commission and realizing the gravity of the problems presented in its consideration of the situation, the company states that it will in the near future ask for a rehearing as to the reasonableness of the rates established. A decision covering rate adjustments fair to the company and its patrons can then be reached free from present and unavoidable complications.

"As to the matter of refunds, while the commission has gone further than as voluntarily stipulated by the company during the hearing, the company in a desire to clear up the whole situation will carry out its stipulation modified to conform to the commission's order. Credits appear on December bills, in accordance with the commission's order for the period August 1st to November 30th, in all instances where rates have been reduced.

"As in every other industry, this company is meeting the problems of reconstruction which have followed those of the war. We realize that our success depends upon good service. The public should realize that good service and just revenues are interdependent."