

"IT'S THE CLIMATE :: WE'RE TELLING THE WORLD :: COME AND ENJOY IT"

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WILSON SENDS MESSAGE TO U. S. CONGRESS

LIVING COST AND LABOR UNREST ARE DISCUSSED AND LEGISLATION URGED

DISCUSS PEACE TREATY LATER

Advices the Establishment of a Budget System for National Finances, and Tariff Readjustment

Washington, Dec. 2.—General recommendations on legislation to combat the present high living cost, to quiet the labor unrest, to suppress radicalism, and for the readjustment of the nation upon a peace-time basis were the features of the annual message to congress by President Wilson, read today. The peace treaty, the president told congress, will be discussed in a separate message to be delivered later, as will the railroad question. For the second time only since the president established the practice of addressing congress in person, the message was today read by clerks.

The president's principal recommendations included the establishment of a budget system for national finances; reorganization of the taxation system with simplification of the income and excess profits tax, and readjustment of the tariff system if necessary, to meet changed world conditions. He urges recognition and relief for veterans of the world war, particularly in the way of government farms as proposed by Secretary Lane. The message calls for an enlarged program for rural development, and for measures which will "remove the causes for political restlessness in the body politic." The president also renews his recommendation for legislation to deal with "those persons who by violent methods would abrogate our time-tested institutions."

Apparently having in mind the coal strike injunction, the president in his message said: "The right of individuals to strike is inviolate and ought not to be interfered with by any government process, but there is a predominant right, and that is the right of the government to protect all its people and to assert its power and majesty against challenge of any class. The government, when it asserts that right, seeks not to antagonize a class, but simply to defend the right of the whole people as against irreparable harm and injury."

LAVISH FUNERAL NOT PERMITTED BY JUDGE

Norfolk, Eng., Dec. 2.—"It is no honor to a man who worked hard all his life to spend money lavishly on his funeral," said Judge Mulligan here when a widow asked for \$350 to pay the expenses of her husband's funeral. She was allowed \$150.

AMERICANS INVEST IN MEXICAN MINES

Mexico City, Dec. 2.—American capitalists are reported to have invested heavily in mining property in the northern part of the republic, the largest single deal having been made by an American smelting and refining company for controlling interest in the Rosita coal mines in Coahuila for which a million and one-half pesos were paid. The Rosita fields in the past have furnished the greater part of the coal supply of the country and the new owners are said to contemplate enlarging the field and placing Coahuila coal on the United States market.

ROBERTS SEEKING MANDAMUS WRIT

Jackson Prosecutor Would Force Ben Olcott, Secretary of State, to Provide Election Governor

Salem, Ore., Dec. 2.—G. W. Roberts, district attorney of Jackson county, today filed in the supreme court an application for writ of mandamus to compel Ben W. Olcott, as secretary of state, to certify the office of governor to the county clerks of the state as one of the offices to be filled by the election of 1920. The application is based on interpretations of constitutional provisions. Roberts, as district attorney, says he makes the application because in his opinion it is the duty of law officers to see that the state laws are complied with.

GREAT BRITAIN'S ARMY OF DRUNKARDS DISAPPEARS

London, Dec. 2.—England's army of drunkards is disappearing. About 15 years ago 70,000 persons were annually committed to prison for drunkenness and the average for a few years before the war was about 60,000. The commissioners of prisons in their annual report say that the numbers committed to prison last year were 671 males and 999 females.

Reports from all the prisons testify to the beneficial effects of restriction on the sale of intoxicating liquors.

ANIMALS IN NATIONAL PARKS BECOME TAMED

Denver, Colo., Dec. 2.—Deer which invade kitchens of houses in search of food, and beggar bears which lay automobile tourists and pedestrians along the roads are examples of the extent to which the protection furnished by the government to the wild game within the boundaries of the various national parks has tamed the animals, according to Horace M. Albright, superintendent of Yellowstone national park and assistant to Stephen M. Mather, director of national parks, who came to Denver recently to attend the meeting of park officials.

"One night shortly before I left, I went to a dance," said Mr. Albright, "I took home a pitcher of cider and a plate of doughnuts. When I reached the house I placed them on a back step while I unlocked the door. A noise behind me caused me to look around and there was a big mule deer with his nose buried in the pitcher of cider. He followed me into the house for one of the doughnuts, and when I gave it to him, he trotted off."

It is no unusual sight declared Albright, to see deer entering and leaving a house in Yellowstone. Small children feed them from their hands, and beggar bears, he declares have come to be one of the biggest attractions of the park.

"They wait beside the road until an auto or party of pedestrians approach, and then get up on their hind legs and extend their front paws for contributions," Albright said.

The tameness of the animals has its drawbacks as well, because it makes them easy for pot hunters if they happen to stray beyond the park boundaries.

"We had one of the worst storms in the history of the park during October," said the superintendent, "and it drove the animals down from the hills in herds. They strayed out of the park in search of food and were slaughtered by hundreds. The hunting season in Montana runs from October 15 to December 22, and unless public opinion forces the state to enact more adequate laws, I fear the elk and antelope, which are making their 'last stand' in Yellowstone park will be soon exterminated."

JAPAN SEES MENACE IN BOLSHEVIKI

EASTWARD MARCH OF REDS IN SIBERIA HAS DEVELOPED SERIOUS PROBLEM IS REPORT

MAY SEEK AID OF UNITED STATES

Indications That a Military Campaign on a Large Scale May Be Necessitated

Tokio, Japan, Dec. 2.—The eastward march of the bolsheviki forces in Siberia has developed suddenly serious problems for Japan which probably will soon be discussed with the American government. The convention by which the allies have operated in eastern Siberia may be menaced by the bolsheviki, and the interests of law and order in China and Manchuria. The Russian Pacific littoral may necessitate a military campaign on a large scale. Japan apparently has no wish to attack the problem single handed.

GERMAN COLONISTS SEND FOODSTUFFS BACK HOME

Rio De Janeiro, Dec. 2.—Large quantities of foodstuffs are being shipped by the German colonists in the state of Bahia to their relatives in Germany. The shipments, which have been authorized by the state food commission, consist principally of flour, rice and sugar.

ENGLAND PUTS FORT ON BARGAIN COUNTER

Catherham, Eng., Dec. 2.—Fosterdown Fort, at White Hill, near here is to be offered for sale. It is one of a chain built many years ago along the Surrey hills for the defense of London, and has an extensive view over three counties and is 800 feet above sea level.

PEACE DELEGATION DELAYS START HOME

Paris, Dec. 2.—The American peace delegation, scheduled to sail from Brest for home on December 6th, has postponed its departure.

PARLIAMENT MEMBER RAILWAY UNION HEAD

London, Dec. 2.—J. H. Thomas, member of parliament, has been appointed supreme head of the national union of railwaymen at a salary of \$5,000 a year, exclusive of his parliamentary salary of \$2,000. He is allowed travelling expenses.

BERLIN GOVERNMENT GIVES STRIKERS AID

Berlin, Dec. 1.—Though Germans complain bitterly of the never-ending strikes and unwillingness to work, the Berlin city government is aiding striking metal workers in the Berlin suburbs who refuse to resume work although suffering from lack of money and food.

The majorities have forced through the common council a provision whereby the community will advance 50,000 marks to buy food for the people's kitchens.

The vote is a novelty in municipal history and the bourgeois are protesting that they will attempt to repeal the ruling. They maintain that the huge sums paid to the workers are sometimes more than they could earn at their trades so they prefer to remain idle.

CORVALLIS IS READY TO PLAY GRANTS PASS

CHALLENGE TO THE STATE CONTENDERS ISSUED LAST NIGHT IS ACCEPTED AT ONCE

STATE HONOR IS NOW AT STAKE

Game May Be Played on the Local Field on Saturday Next, December 6th

GRANTS PASS CHALLENGES AND CORVALLIS ACCEPTS

A telegram has been received by Coach Allen, of the local high school football team, this afternoon, from the Corvallis team, accepting the open challenge issued last night. The acceptance asks that the game be played in Grants Pass next Saturday, December 6th, and asks for a guarantee of expenses for 16 players. The claim of the Corvallis team will be investigated this afternoon, and if it has clear title to the Willamette valley championship, its acceptance will be at once approved and the game scheduled.

Backed by the local Chamber of Commerce, the Grants Pass high school football team is making claim to consideration in the deciding of the interscholastic football championship of the state. The team is undefeated, and the character of its work upon the gridiron stamps it as of championship class, and until the other teams have met and defeated it they can have no valid claim to the championship stronger than the claim of Grants Pass itself.

A statement for the Chamber of Commerce, over the signature of President Bramwell, went to the

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BANDIT WM. CARLISLE AGAIN MAKES ESCAPE

Casper, Wyo., Dec. 2.—William Carlisle, train robber, escaped from a ranch house last night, near Glendo, Wyo., by leaping through a window when a sheriff's posse was about to enter the house, according to a telegram from Glendo. Carlisle is suffering from a wound in the hand. The temperature is 10 below and capture of Carlisle is expected shortly.

London, Dec. 2.—A serious earthquake occurred in Western Asia Minor Thursday. Seven villages in Smyrna being destroyed, according to Constantinople advices.

SOLDIER OF FRANCE IS STUDYING AGRICULTURE

Adrian Dillinger arrived in Grants Pass Saturday direct from France where he served his native country for eight years in the regular army, the latter part of his service being in the rank of adjutant of the 2nd regiment of Paris horse guards. He received several citations for bravery in the war with Germany and is the proud possessor of the military cross and the croix de guerre.

Mr. Dillinger bore letters of introduction to Manager Clyde E. Niles of the River Banks Farms where he will be employed while learning the English language and up-to-date methods of American agriculture, preparatory to taking out his naturalization papers and becoming a citizen of Oregon.

MISSOURI MAN IN WILSON'S CABINET

Joshua Willis Alexander, House Member, to Succeed Redfield as Secretary of Commerce

Washington, Dec. 2.—Joshua Willis Alexander, of Gallatin, Missouri, a member of the house of representatives, has been selected by the president to succeed William C. Redfield as secretary of commerce. The nomination will go to the senate late today or tomorrow.

THE QUESTION OF FIUME WILL BE SETTLED LATER

Paris, Dec. 2.—The supreme council decided today that the question of Fiume should not be settled in the Hungarian peace treaty, but be reserved for final decision by the allied and associated powers.

THINKS GOVERNMENT NOW MEANS BUSINESS

Washington, Dec. 2.—Believing the United States government "means business" in its negotiations with the Mexican government over the Jenkins case, officials, members of congress today endorsed the stand of Secretary Lansing as expressed in the latest note to Carranza.

Case Is Postponed—

The divorce action that was called for trial in the circuit court has been postponed till January 6th, because of the failure of the plaintiff to appear in court when the hearing was called.

AIRPLANE SERVICE FOR SOUTH AMERICA

Para, Brazil, Dec. 2.—Airplanes may be employed to map the valley of the great Amazon river. If the French are successful in their effort to use aircraft for surveying the routes of the rivers of French Guiana, it is understood the Brazilian government will apply the same method to the survey of the Amazon and its affluents. A French company is said to have been formed in Cayenne, with hangars on the Maroni river, and French aviators with flying experience gained in the war are being employed to run the 25 hydroplanes said to have been furnished by the government.

In addition to making maps, the machines will be employed for carrying valuable freight, mails and passengers. There are immense rivers in French Guiana which, because of the presence of many rapids, are now only navigable in canoes which take weeks to transport freight over distances which the hydroplanes can cover in as many hours, with always large stretches of smooth water offering a suitable surface for landings and "take-offs."

The freight charges are said to be high, and the traffic is expected to consist mainly of gold, balata and essence of rosewood, which are the principal exports of the colony. The passenger business is not expected to be heavy.

These hydro-airplanes will also be used for prospecting the forests for balata trees which grow in groups so that the foliage can, it is said, be readily distinguished by aviators flying low over the tops of the forest trees. In the past the securing of fresh sources of balata has been a work of much danger and difficulty, specially trained balata workers, armed, traveling in bands of 15 or 20, have been employed to explore the forests and they had to carry with them supplies to cover many months.

AMERICAN FREIGHTER HITS MINE IN THE NORTH SEA

London, Dec. 2.—The American freight steamship Kerwood, from New York to Hamburg, struck a mine off Terschelling, North Sea Island, and tugs have gone to her assistance.

FRICK, STEEL MAGNATE, HAS PASSED AWAY

DIED IN NEW YORK FROM EFFECTS OF PTOMAINE POISONING OF A MONTH AGO

BORN ON DECEMBER 19TH, 1849

Amassed a Fortune Too Large to Count Through the Coke and the Steel Mill Industry

New York, Dec. 2.—Henry Clay Frick died here today, death being caused by an attack of ptomaine poisoning from which he suffered about a month ago. He would have been 70 years of age on December 19th.

The career of Henry Clay Frick has formed one of the most fascinating chapters in the romance of industry in the United States. At ten, a boy on a farm in a family of only ordinary means, he was, at sixty, a man of so many millions that his fortune, like those of Carnegie and Rockefeller, was largely a matter of guess work even to himself. It has been said he was worth more than \$100,000,000, perhaps as much as \$200,000,000.

Mr. Frick built up the greatest coke business in the world, and acquired such vast interests in steel that he was also one of the principal magnets in that industry, and in rounding out his career he became known as one of the world's greatest collectors of master paintings.

Mr. Frick was born December 19, 1849, at West Overton, Pa. This village was named after the maternal grandfather of Mr. Frick, Abram Overholt, whose original family name was Oberholtzer, and who settled in western Pennsylvania when that region was regarded as the frontier of civilization.

Frick received a good basic schooling, but there was nothing in his boyhood to indicate the remarkable ability which characterized his later life, except his eagerness to get into business. For a time he was bookkeeper in his grandfather's distillery, and from this position he went to Morgan and Company, coke dealers, and at about 21 years of age he appeared in Pittsburgh as their agent. The coke industry was in its infancy. The iron masters of Pittsburgh were just beginning to appreciate the value of coke for their furnaces. Young Frick had an opportunity to acquire a limited interest in a plant near Bradford, and out of the profits of this he acquired other holdings. He later joined a company to build a railroad to penetrate the Conneville coke region, and in 1871, the year this road was opened, Mr. Frick organized the corporation of Frick and Company, which brought coal land and coke ovens in the Conneville region. That was the basis of the Frick fortune.

LAND PATENT SIGNED BY ABRAHAM LINCOLN

Salem, Ore., Dec. 2.—A patent to Oregon lands signed by Abraham Lincoln as president of the United States, was filed in the office of the county recorder here recently. The instrument is a patent from the United States government certifying to transfer of 160 acres of land to Captain John W. Bacon of Nesmith, Oregon militia.

The papers were executed January 25, 1862. They were filed here in connection with the process of clearing title to the donation land claim of Captain Bacon.